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September 1975



DEFENSE AGAINST THREAT
ANNUAL REPORT 1975
THREAT RECOGNITION & ANALYSIS PROJECT

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The report sets forth the case in behalf of more complex monitoring and analysis approaches to international threat phenomena, given the circumstance that the international system has become more complex in recent years. Traditional capabilities/intent analyses are discussed. A research design is outlined in preview of the multi-file procedure to be demonstrated later on as a new approach to threat recognition. Sample data files are shown to illustrate the substance of the new approach.		

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DEFENSE AGAINST THREAT: ANNUAL REPORT 1975 OF THE THREAT
RECOGNITION & ANALYSIS PROJECT

Charles A. McClelland
September 1975

Raising the question of whether there is a need to re-examine basic thinking about conditions of threat in the international environment stimulates two kinds of opposition. The first comes from the quarter where, for a generation, an intense effort has been mounted in data gathering and in threat evaluation. It is an understandable reaction that individuals who have devoted whole careers to the struggle with the complexities of international politics, viewed from the angle of defense against threat raised by military opponents, would wonder what conceivable improvement could be made in the analyses of the subject. Everything useful, both in thought and practice relating to international threat, already has been gone over, analyzed, and placed in a realistic working perspective.

The second kind of resistance appears as the result of a widespread viewpoint that a chief cause of international tension is the exclusive preoccupation of some governments of nation states with military defense as the only route to national security and to the maintenance of peace. Persons of this persuasion are certain that thinking constantly about possible threats and potential dangers is the cause of the threats and dangers. The stimulating of suspicion and the discounting of the possibilities of trust and cooperation between nations put a negative cast on international affairs and have led to the creation of a world armed to the teeth, with less security for individuals and societies than existed before the arming began, and with a crushing burden of costs that cripples innovation and creativity: actions that should be reforming the world order. The worst thing that one can do is re-examine a subject that ought to be abandoned altogether and banned from the realm of active ideas.

The audience that can be engaged in further inquiry into the nature of threats and the means of guarding against them obviously must be found in the middle between the two poles of opposition. An attitude is required, on the one hand, that will accept that not everything that needs to be known already has been determined and acted upon, and, on the other hand, that will doubt that a revolution in the world order can take place by the 1990's on the required moral plane necessary to make global decency, trust, and peaceful cooperation prevail. Those in the middle need not

cast disrespect or ridicule in either direction of the extremes, but they do need to maintain the position that there are some problems to be met in the here and now.

Public observers of current world affairs have not been remiss in calling attention to approaching dangers. Like the guards and sentinels of animal communities, they issue alarm signals that circulate in great numbers and large variety through the channels of public communication. Some alarms are directed to individuals and are manipulative in their demands that individuals act to increase their own personal safety. Others focus at community levels, both local and national, and still others have a world span, calling attention to possibilities of global catastrophe. To make a first exploration of the range of the threat recognition field developed by the alarm-raising practices of public communications, we asked a dozen individuals to use free association and to list as many threats in the environment as they could in an hour. Over five hundred different threat identifications resulted, running the gamut between individual and globe. Some recognized threats are immediate and are perceived to belong to next month or next year and others involve prospects remote in the time of their expected or possible devastation. There are two additional properties noticeable in the threat items reflecting an awareness of impending dangers in the environment. These have central importance in this report.

Many alarm messages call attention to conditions that, a decade back, would not have been thought about, or, if they had come to attention, would have been dismissed as fantastic, erroneous, or too remote to consider. There are, in other words, "new threats" in being whose related alarm signals convey clear and present danger. In the second place, there appears to exist a characteristic in the awareness of main threats, both old and new, that instructs individuals they are under "systemic" influences: (1) there is "no place to hide"--threat is inescapable--and (2) collective response rather than individual response (being too weak to help) is the option available for protecting against disaster.

Here, the theoretical consideration appears that the urge to mount collective action in defense against threats must be expected to be directed through political channels in the national states with mass societies. From this, follows the relevance of the idea of the "primacy of politics" and the consequence that much of international behavior will be governed according to collective reactions within nations against the presence of major threat. Foreign policy and foreign action (or, in other words, international

behavior) of national governments are traced to the most prominent readings of threat perceived within national societies. Why countries act as they do in international affairs is a question answered in considerable part by a knowledge of what is on the threat agendas of countries. The agendas will be expected to vary (1) from country to country and (2) from one time to the next.

More than in any past period in history, all the lines of international behavior intertwine and interact in the complex called the international system. International behavior, analyzed from the standpoint of threat-stimulated and threat-directed activity, may be structured in a number of forms but the two conditions that give coherence to action structures and that we understand most clearly are those of invulnerability and deterrence. The condition of invulnerability affects the flow of international behavior by allowing those members of the international system who perceive themselves to be separated from and immune to the threat-driven actions of other members, to stand aside and to enjoy the fruits of non-participation in the system. The operation of the international system is simpler and more controllable when many members can stay inactive when they feel they hold an invulnerable position.

Deterrence is also a simplifying mechanism in international system action and control because it establishes self-enforcing rules of interaction.

The fundamental diagnosis of the recent changes in international politics is that the condition of invulnerability has diminished sharply while the span of control through the deterrence mechanism has not expanded to bridge the gap. It is the weakness and the incoherence in this gap between invulnerability and deterrence that generate new complexities and uncertainties in the international system and that complicate and change the problems of national defense against threat. Threat analysis in the international setting that has been geared to the maintenance of deterrence ought not to be expected to function well in the "new politics" of the gap. The intellectual task in this problem is to reconsider threat phenomena with invulnerability and deterrence removed as assumed conditions.

The most elementary and also the most fundamental analysis of threat from abroad is the investigation of the factors of capability and intent. The involved logic is simple; given a recognition that a threat is real and important, the critical questions to be answered are: (1) is the threatener determined to carry through with the

sanctions imbedded in the act of threatening, and (2) does the threatener have the capacity to exact the deprivation or punishment involved in the execution of the sanctions?

A defense against threat is strongest when the defender is in the position or is able to take measures to assure that the execution of sanctions by the threatener will be to no avail--that damage cannot be effected. Threats may be ignored or rejected when the defender is certain his position is invulnerable. The condition may be identified, as Boulding has provided, by referring to it as the state of "unconditional viability."⁽¹⁾ The response to threat under that circumstance can be communicated in various messages whose meaning is "Go ahead however you like; do your worst." Here the capability consideration in the threat situation overrides completely the intent factor. In international politics, complete and unconditional viability as the defense against threat is realized rarely. Most cases that may be cited are hypothetical: an Albanian threat to impose an economic blockade on Brazil to drive down coffee prices would find Brazil invulnerable and, therefore, Brazil would be in a position to reject absolutely every aspect of Albania's sanction attempts, in view of Albania's incapability.

The incapability-invulnerability combination is not an interesting one except in the aspect of being an ideal type and one that national regimes try to escape. In numbers of cases, nations experience the sting of frustration and humiliation in being unable to do in international affairs what they would most like to do. The effort to reduce perceived vulnerability is an even stronger behavioral impulse when an awareness of being vulnerable dawns suddenly. It was easier for Belgium to adjust to the superpower structure of the international political system after World War II than it was for Great Britain. Not being a Great Power of the first water was a new situation for the British and coming to terms with that rude fact was difficult. The Belgians, on the other hand, already were accustomed to coping from a small power position. Similarly, the sudden American experience in realizing that, after a quarter of a century of enthusiastic advocacy of "modernization," world industrialization, energy-intensive practices, and international economic interdependence and cooperation, the substantial consequence was a circumstance of growing U.S. energy vulnerability. The immediate reaction was the establishment of a policy to try to gain "energy independence," although from the first, many saw that such a goal could not be reached within the century. Abrupt turns of history, of the type these two instances illustrate generally, lead into periods of confusion and to much

working at cross purposes for a time.

The more common case of capability and intent furnishing the key factors in the analysis of problems of national defense against threat is that of the prohibiting effect of capabilities in the balance of relations between two parties bound to each other by hostility. Reference here is, obviously, to the interactive process called deterrence. One hardly wishes to redescribe the fundamental deterrence mechanism, so familiar has the concept become, but it is, in essence, that the action that a party would want to take and also would be capable of undertaking will not occur because that party is held back by the realization that the price to be paid, exacted by another party in retaliation, would be too great. An unacceptable risk arises between the desire to act and the decision to act. A deterrence system emerges when this particular kind of constraint has become mutual and two parties, two coalitions, two camps, etc. are bound together in such a relationship. The argument has been set forth that "deterrence does not deter." If a long view of experience is taken, that contention is true. Sooner or later, and for any of a number of causes, the maintenance of a system of deterrence will break down. The loss of control may come about because of a re-evaluation of the nature or magnitude of the threat. It may occur because of a change in the relationship of capabilities. Belief about the future that deterrent conditions hold is the operating factor, however, whatever the underlying complex of causes. Deterrence is a psychological phenomenon. It is not less real for being psychological in nature. One of the few genuinely powerful processes of social control, known and used again and again, it can be maintained for long periods provided it is tended carefully with reinforcing actions that nurture and support the master belief behind the system.

Attention to intent is more important in the deterrence situation than in the first-named circumstance of capability neutralized by invulnerability. The two factors of capability and intent intermingle in the deterrence relationship. As we have noted above, deterrence is based on an age-old understanding of one of the basic means of regulating relations both within human communities and between them.(2) It becomes most prominent as a control mechanism when temporary accommodations are sought by pairs of hostile parties. The specific concept was long submerged in the lore of international politics and lacked a particular name (certain aspects of the "balance of power"--always a vague and extensive notion better utilized for rhetorical purposes than for keen analysis--was the closest reference). After World War II, the concurrent

development of nuclear weapons and long distance ballistic missiles that appeared in the setting of Soviet-American rivalry brought the concept to the fore, gave it a colorful name, and stimulated the development of myriads of theoretical and doctrinal sub-concepts. Familiarization with the idea of deterrence has proceeded so far now that reviews of its complex elaboration are not required when mention is made of the concept.

Deterrence hinges on the expectation that the capability factor will govern the intent factor but not determine it. The distinction between "govern" and "determine" may seem too fine but the relevant logic is that if capability determined intent, the latter could be ignored. Intent becomes an important consideration in the analysis of threat under deterrence for the simple and disturbing reason that both parties in the relationship must comprehend and respect the capability factor in a certain way. Deterrence is likely to go wrong as a control on behavior if the set of comprehension and respect elements--an intent consideration--is not maintained and continued. The intent factor is not held entirely to this one concern but it relates mainly to evaluations of the required conditions of deterrence viability. Requisite conditions for deterrence are (1) that the structure of the defense relationship be bilateral (multiple participation must reduce by alignment to two camps or groups), (2) the perception of a paramount threat must be clear and constant, although the perception may not be the same on both sides on all counts, (3) the parties must hold the conviction that the deterrence process is working or, in other words, the "credibility" of the system and of the conduct of the principals must be high, and (4) confidence must be maintained on both sides that the "logic of the situation" will direct all relevant policy and action decisions into the channel of calculation of relative capabilities. The fourth point means that coordination and simplification will take place for both parties through constant inspections of capabilities in terms of "what we could do compared against what they could do" and of "what we have compared against what they have."

Intent analysis has two significant functions when the turn of history has produced the four fundamental attributes of deterrence noted above and when a system of international relationships founded on the deterrence mechanism has come into play.

One of these functions is to provide the indications of whether or not the opposing party is keeping up the comprehension-respect condition. It is always a possibility

to be considered that the dominant viewpoint of policy-formulators in the other camp will move to another foreign policy orientation not compatible with a continuing deterrence relationship. The possibilities in this range have been well-explored; included are (1) the "madman" concept or that a power-holding group will cast "reason" to the winds and use the available capabilities to advance its purposes without regard to the retaliatory consequences, (2) the comprehension-respect factor will weaken and decay, especially after a long period of time when "nothing has happened" and when the sense of protection against the paramount threat is taken for granted, and (3) the opponent may decide to abandon deterrence, with its accommodation and equilibrium features, and begin to reshape policy goals and plans for a future confrontation whose outcome is expected to be the winning of supremacy in the system.

The second reason why intent analysis retains importance under a deterrence structure of international relations is that predatory enterprises undertaken by one or both parties are possible in secondary arenas. These activities may proceed without causing an upheaval in the main deterrence structure. "Nibbling tactics" have been described in the past to make reference to such secondary activities. Various kinds of international action may appear to be unrelated to the paramount threat and hence seem beyond deterrence. The suspicion will always be active, however, that the secondary developments could have a cumulative effect that eventually will impact on the deterrence structure or that the opponent may have discovered a means for gaining important advantages by circumventing the deterrence constraints.

As is well known, the development over the past quarter century of capabilities studies, directed essentially at the status of the military capabilities of all states, has been extensive and much more thoroughgoing than anything attempted previously along this line. The foregoing discussion, despite its being a mere sketch and awaiting a more fully argued presentation in later reporting, provides a general rationale for why this remarkable effort has been made. Under deterrence assumptions and practices, analyses of capabilities are taken, very properly, to be the dominant concern in assessing the needs of defense against paramount threat. The concern over gaining accurate and realistic readings of intent--of what others on the other side of the deterrence relationship are thinking about and are considering as undertakings in international politics--is relieved in large measure because, as we have noted, capabilities do govern intentions in the critical relationships under an operative deterrence system. We have

outlined also the main considerations that make intent analyses of substantial importance but in an ancillary role.

In identifying, by way of preview, the particular problem to which the Threat Recognition and Analysis inquiry is directed, we need to show the relationship of what is outlined above about threat, deterrence, capabilities and intent to the assumptions we are making about the current and emerging conditions in the international political system. Our prime assumptions are (1) that the structure and process of the international system have changed greatly in recent times, and (2) the sort of historical change that has been emerging is more of an adding phenomenon than a replacing phenomenon. The last point can be addressed directly: we would assume that the appearance of detente does not require the disappearance of deterrence; detente does not "knock out" deterrence. International conflict and violence would not be expected to give way progressively and in step with gains made toward international cooperation and international interdependence; indeed, conflict and violence could well become more severe with such advances. The international system does not stop being one thing abruptly and become something else just as abruptly. It would not even be correct, in our view, to say that old and new conditions or forces "coexist." The coexistence idea suggests too much compartmentalization and too little interaction and cross-effects. The correct concept is that the international system proceeds by a gradual emerging and disappearing of circumstances generated by inter-influencing activities. Sharp breaks occur at rare intervals but even these may have more appearance than reality with respect to the dynamics of system change. We argue that in the recent period the international system has been added to and not "revolutionized" by system replacement. The practical result has been a formidable expansion of the complexity of the system.

A rapid growth of system complexity, brought about by the addition of issues and the multiplication of relations in the international system since an approximate date of about 1960, appears to us to have become one of the system's leading characteristics. Backing for this observation is not hard to find. That the international relations of today present a much more intermeshed, much more complicated, and much more difficult prospect than in the late 1950's already has been documented in some detail. In Seyom Brown's *NEW FORCES IN WORLD POLITICS*, the extensive review and inventory of current world problems and situations not only make apparent how the intertwining of old and new factors has begun to create unfamiliar combinations of forces and relationships but also lends detailed support to the

interpretation that lately the international system has become much more complex.³ By comparison, the structure of the Cold War era of the late 1950's appears quite simple and manageable. What impact do these historical trends extend to the identification of the paramount threat, to the deterrence system, and to the capabilities-intent approach to the analysis of threat under deterrence?

It is the TR&A contention that multidimensionality needs to be accepted as the guiding concept. In the forementioned gap between invulnerability and deterrence in the international system, it is the hallmark. The threat that gives purpose to the guarding of the strategic balance still remains much as it was. It is paramount in its sphere. New threats emerge and enter the picture of defense, also, and each of these should be seen to be paramount in its own sphere. Deterrence as a system stands, but clustering around it (and affecting it) are other action structures of different character, now entering strongly on the world scene. Multidimensionality means also that when "new threats" arise to be taken into account, a widening of the scope of surveillance, of analysis, and of evaluation needs to occur. Redefinitions of defense to include situations that have little or nothing to do with military capabilities need to be studied. There are some kinds of threat with world-scope that will have to be planned for and defended against without there being any threatening party--no deliberate instigator or opponent. Instead of a few nations that bear special watching because of their roles as potential threatener and punisher, all nations will need to be monitored in order to arrive at an estimate of current conditions that constitute a global "threat load" or burden. The whole record of international behavior, contributed to by many parties, will need to enter the net analyses of current threat status. The preoccupation with the readings of intentions behind foreign policy will be insufficient. Capability-intent evaluations for paramount threats in new spheres will require conceptual revisions and, perhaps, entirely different orientations to analysis. The capability-intent mode of analysis does, in fact, appear to be too simple to meet the contemporary condition of international system complexity.

In brief, TR&A represents an exploration seeking to come to terms with "the something extra" of the new forces of world politics by way of a reconceptualization of the tasks of recognizing and appraising threat conditions. The stating above of the basic need to do this is only a foreshortened version. The TR&A task is not just the characterization of the requirements for an enhancement of the system of control and communication focused on the

defense against threat but also, it involves a demonstration of how one such enhanced system might perform in the sector of recognition and evaluation.

At the two-thirds point in the research effort, we are prepared now to describe the main elements that will be brought together in demonstration of how an analytic system, parallel to the capability-intent approach, might work. Without further identification of the rationale of the research or of the underlying conceptualization, we proceed next to a discussion of a design of the demonstration approach to threat recognition and analysis in the new international setting.

The TR&A analytic scheme provides for operations on four bodies of data: a national threat priority file for each country in the world, called for short the "country threat file," an international event flow indicator file (EFI's or event flow indicators), a current threat identification file, abbreviated to "current threats," and a current commitments file. The basic analytical problem is to integrate elements from the four data sources and to arrive at calculations and interpretations on (1) what the global threat burden is, net, expressed in comparative terms at a given date, (2) a sensitivity and load calculation for any selected country, with respect to "threat burden," (3) expected behavioral consequences from (1) and (2) above in combinations, (4) an estimate of the "spread factor" or what the sharing is of threat perception. Perception plus stimuli acting across country boundaries and through the commitment networks should result in consequences for subsequent international behavior. The task of bringing the four elements into association is, admittedly, ambitious, and the analysis of the vectors involved is challenging.

A key part of the analysis design is the "country threat file." To acquire a body of data to demonstrate the use of the country threat file, we have scanned across a list of "standard sources" to produce an intelligence surrogate of a periodic estimate. This scanning occurs every three months in order to determine in what ways the changing of "consensus on threat perception" takes place in countries. Thus, there are four updates made each year. The third update of the file has been reproduced for inclusion in this report in order to establish the general nature of the material included. We do not recommend that anyone read through the material. Purposeful selection consonant with computer analytic tasks is the method that will be demonstrated in the utilization of the country threat file.

An important consideration is the retention of earlier

updates in the computer data management system. The ordinary viewpoint would be that only the most current information should be inspected. We take the contrary view: in a changed world that is now changing again, analysis needs to focus on a time series of threat sensitivity information so that the tracing of the rate and direction of change may be calculated. Comparisons of old updates against the current version are considered a most valuable way to measure and chart threat burdens, both overall for the whole international system and country by country.

It is to be emphasized that the country threat file is not a general information file. It concentrates on the threat issues that have arisen to a prominent position on the "national agenda" of a country. In the spirit of demonstration, we entered other factual information about each country when the skeleton file was first created. Arrangements were made to use some of this extraneous material for selective scans and keyword searches for characteristics across the file and also to show that it is feasible to keep modules of special kinds (here, of national threat sensitivities) within more comprehensive computer data collections. The concept must be clear and consistent from the beginning, however.

A concept paper, "Crisis and Threat in the International Setting" has anchored the country threat file to a theoretical position⁽⁴⁾ By no means the only motivation of behavior, but one, nevertheless central enough to be assigned unusual weight, the recognition of a leading threat to security or survival is a driving force behind what a state will tend to do in the international system. This is the reason why the country threat file is selective in searching for the particular sensitivities to threat in each of the national societies.

If analysis attempts to identify what a member of the international system is likely to be doing externally--and one must always realize that the phenomena all around, including the operations of analysis are anticipatory--the context of what has been happening lately in the international environment will likely impact on the perception of threat. A specific event or a series of events may well act as a trigger to activate particular threat regions in a country and, thereafter produce a response to threat.

The second part of the threat analysis design makes provision for monitoring the international environment by means of international event flow indicators (EFI's). The event flow indicators derive from the ten year files which

have monitored the public reports of international events, as these have passed through the filters of elite newspapers. These filters are considered to be surrogates for equal or better filters of reports used for somewhat similar purposes in different settings. The many studies already completed of various aspects and details of international event flow phenomena have demonstrated that realistic findings on the status of affairs in international politics are possible. In employing the EFI's in the analytic scheme, we are resorting to old technology. EFI's should be taken to be flexible instruments for tracing changing configurations of international system activity. International event flows act as stimuli, some of which trigger reaction and response as they strike home in the threat-sensitive areas of individual nations. The first use of EFI's is to make the systematic connections between international developments and the activation of threats in nations.

One of the old problems, still unsolved for the most part, in international event studies has been the extreme variability of effects produced by events. Very similar series of occurrences will elicit very little response at one time and very vigorous countering reactions at other times. A possible solution exists in what can be extracted from the current threat file. It will be investigated. The logic is, if impulses in the changing configurations of international event flows strike home differentially at threat-sensitive areas of nations and if these impulses appear mysterious in the effects they produce, the reason may be that the symbolisms of threat carried along with the event stream may be variable. The perception of how dangerous the developments in the international system are at a given moment may depend not only on what has been happening recently but also on readings of what have been called "atmospherics." It is this factor that the current threat file seeks to capture. Atmospherics are shared gestalts of cognition and affect, different from country to country, that put the signature of the degree of danger or cruciality in the rational evaluations of event sequences. The hunch is that the interpretation of a situation remains stable with respect to the symbolisms of threat appraisal but may overturn abruptly and be attracted into a new "basin of meaning" by the rare occurrences of trigger events. The reference is to the possible applicability of "catastrophe theory" to the analysis of the interplay between event flow and threat appraisal.(5)

In any case, the current threat file will be used in tandem with the event flow indicators to analyze the hits and misses of external influences on the threat-sensitive

areas of nations. A simple dynamic input-output model is conceived. Most of the threat-event instances and sequences will not strike home and will merely "bounce" away from the national system. The output of the system should be unaffected, therefore. On the other hand, the hits that penetrate to the threat sensitive portion of national system awareness would be predicted to produce change in the output of behavior. With due consideration of the way the catastrophe (or overturn) effect is supposed to work, the strategy is to take the first steps toward developing and checking the expected relationships between the incoming and the outgoing characteristics of the event-threat streams of observed activity. Thus, the inquiry is devoted to an effort to unravel and identify strands of the "new politics" of the international system with special reference to conflict-crisis-confrontation aspects.

The "spread factor" is a name for a commonly recognized effect in international politics but it is an effect that has received no systematic study. It might also be called the spillover phenomenon. Large numbers of international events and situational developments remain within the confines of national interest and action close to a point of origin. The Sino-Soviet boundary conflict is an example of a situational development that so far has stayed within local confines. The events related to it have not spread many effects, so far, into the relations with many other countries. A low value of "spread" would be connected, therefore, to that dispute. An opposite kind of case is the Greek-Turkish communal conflict on Cyprus. Here, the threat dynamic that propelled events in the Cyprus crisis in the summer of 1974 did not remain local. The threat dynamic surged outward through a complex network of relationships and produced many actions by many countries. In other words, the Cyprus situation contained a large "spread factor."

There is a basic theory and research problem for international politics in the accounting for differences in conditions that affect the spread. In fact, whether or not an international episode is recognized intuitively as a "crisis" appears to be connected with how much of the spillover phenomenon is present.

Without making a comprehensive attack on the analysis of the spread factor, the TR&A design includes one of the more concrete and obvious linkages that would be expected to facilitate the rippling out of effects from a local situation. This is the network of commitments. It is logical to expect that the threat-motivated activity of one party would stimulate threat recognition and response in other parties who have commitments binding them with the first

party. One of the uses of the commitment file is to provide data for studying the relationships between an existing commitment network and the international behavior that follows from the activation of a threat response in one country. The expectation is that a spreading response pattern involving commitment partners would follow along the tracks of the commitment network. The question is whether or not the spread factor works that way.

To sum up the preceding description of the plan of analysis for the forthcoming TR&A demonstration exercise:

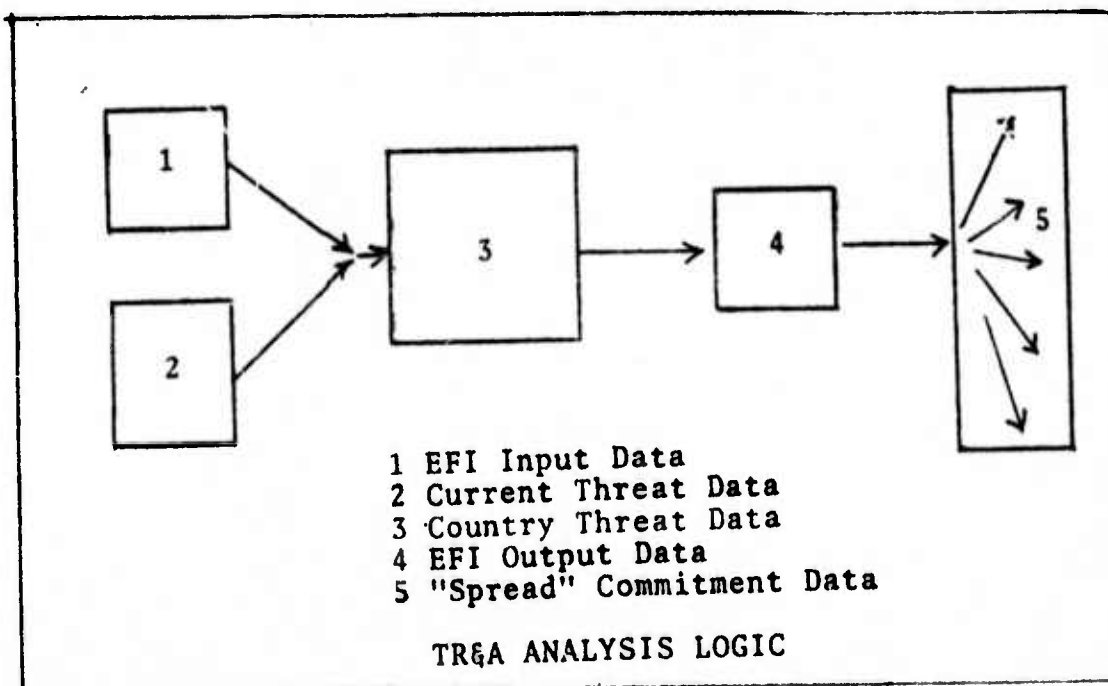
1. Monitoring data from the event flow indicator and the current threat file are to be brought together and reduced to a vector.

2. The vector of event-threat thus becomes the input to the threat-sensitivity and response-activation phenomena reflected in the country threat file.

3. Output from the country threat site is registered, theoretically, in the subsequent event flow indication. Input and output may then be compared as a reality test and as a progressive error correction operation.

4. Commitment channel activity is expected to reflect in the event output stream, thus capturing some knowledge about the spread factor.

A diagram of the analysis sequence is:



By way of recapitulation, a statement of purpose that would justify the effort to construct analytical procedures of such increased complexity as the foregoing includes these observations:

1. An operating system that has gone through a stage of growth toward greater complexity with a thickening of lines of contact and exchange, with added dimensions that complicate its previous structure of action, and with resulting processes that are not understood immediately, will require an enhanced system of surveillance with more complex analytical procedures than previously were employed.

2. This requirement holds if the purpose is to restore the level of efficiency prevailing with respect to the conditions of communication and control under the previous simpler operating system.

3. If the purpose were to reverse the growth toward system complexity and to move back purposefully toward less complex system structures and processes, the study of the conditions produced in the more complex system operation would be important in a rational and effective plan for system simplification.

4. The choices and conditions outlined in the preceding three points appear to fit and to be relevant to current problems of management in the contemporary international system.

The following pages contain displays and examples for the four data compilations discussed above. These will supply the empirical content for the forthcoming TR&A demonstration exercises. The bulk of the material militates against a presentation of the complete documentation. Data acquisition is continuing beyond the time of this writing, in any case. Electronic recording is the preferred mode of data storage and data control. Producing paper records is becoming increasingly counter-productive. It is to be emphasized again that the reading of the documentation is not advised; scanning to establish the general character of the data is all that one should undertake. Word processing is a specialty best left to computing.

Footnotes

1. Kenneth E. Boulding, *CONFLICT AND DEFENSE, A GENERAL THEORY*, New York: Harper and Brothers, 1962, pp. 58-79.
2. For example, see Vern L. Bullough, "The Roman Empire vs. Persia, 363-502: A Study of Successful Deterrence," *JOURNAL OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION*, 7 (March 1963), pp. 55-68.
3. Seyom Brown, *NEW FORCES IN WORLD POLITICS*, Washington D.C.: The Brookings Institution, 1974.
4. Charles McClelland, "Crisis and Threat in the International Setting: Some Relational Concepts." Technical Report No. 28 Threat Recognition and Analysis Project, School of International Relations, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California, 1975 (mimeo).
5. Rene Thom, *STRUCTURAL STABILITY AND MORPHOGENESIS*. Reading, Massachusetts: W.A. Benjamin, Inc., 1975.

ANNEX A: COUNTRY THREAT FILE AND CODEBOOK

The Country Threat File is a concise computerized data file designed to monitor each nation's domestic and international situation. The purpose of monitoring is to provide significant contextual information on a state's recent events and policy focus, major problems and active threats, and ongoing changes that may lead to major policy shifts and other such considerations for the international system. This type of data file is very informative and time-saving for analysts, for at their terminal fingertips are such nation-specific data as active and latent threats, national resources and strengths available to withstand or carry out threats and major policy changes, national dependencies that restrict policy actions and make nations economically and politically vulnerable, and the group of nations and organizations that might support and come to the aid of a specific nation.

There are numerous types of data variables in the Country Threat File since there is a wide variety of information necessary to adequately monitor a nation. For example, there is a collection of situational attribute data such as population, gross national product, memberships in international organizations and military alliances, raw material resources, military size and expenditures. Secondly, there is transactional data such as economic and military aid, trade, and raw material flows. Another data type, event-interactions, includes quarterly accounts of domestic and international agreements and treaties, visits, support statements and actions, proposals, protests, demonstrations, warnings, verbal threats, police and military actions. Finally, there is a generalized categorization of threats to and from each nation which allows easy cross-nation comparisons for analysis.

Annex A contains a description of data categories, sources, and the September update of the Country Threat File. The data are most efficiently "read" by computer. By scanning, however, their general character can be determined.

DATA CATEGORY DESCRIPTION

The current data categories are:

1. Nation background information which includes:
 - a) nation identification: country name, 3 letter WEIS alpha code + 3 digit WEIS numeric code for that nation, month and year of update.
 - b) leadership: the titles and names of the nation's leaders, head of state(HST), foreign(FOR) defense(DEF) interior (INT) and finance(FIN) ministers. Titles such as President (PRS), Premier(PRM), Prime Minister(PM), and military rankings such as general(GEN) are included. The main source is the periodical CURRENT LEADERS. Changes in leadership are noted and clipped from the newspapers. These clippings and the latest CURRENT LEADERS provide the information for the Quarterly updates.
France EXAMPLE=HST:PRS Valery Giscard D'Estaing
FOR: M. Jobert INT: J. Chirac DEF: A. Bord
 - c) area, population(POP) and borders(BOR): originally taken from INFORMATION PLEASE ALMANAC and the WORLD ALMANAC 1974, because of the Almanacs' concise, up-to-date, and easy to read organization. For update data, check the 1975 editions.
France EXAMPLE=AREA:0,212,918 POP:051,915,000
BOR:BEL BOR:LUX BOR:GMW BOR:SWZ BOR:ITA BOR:SPN
 - d) gross national product(GNP): the latest figures obtainable are taken from MILITARY BALANCE 1973-1974.
France EXAMPLE=GNP:202,000,000,000
 - e) gross national product per capita(GNPPC): this standardization figure is calculated by dividing our latest GNP/POP, no dollar sign is necessary. Calculations are personally done by way of computer terminals using a CPS calculation program.
France EXAMPLE=GNPPC:3890

Complete nation background information example:

France FKN 220 1274
HST:PRS Valery Giscard D'Estaing;
FOR:M. Jobert; INT:J. Chirac; DEF:A. Bord;
AREA:0,212,918; POP:051,915,000;
GNP:0,202,000,000,000; GNPPC:3890;
BOR:BEL; BOR:LUX; BOR:GMW; BOR:SWZ; BOR:ITA; BOR:SPN; BOR:AND;

2. Affiliations is a category that attempts to show the nation's recent ties in terms of their organizational and alliance memberships, military commitments, and recent political commitments and agreements. It includes:

a) organizations to which the nation currently belongs. Include all types of organizations especially security or military alliances. If the organization contains less than 7 members, include the 3 letter alpha code of the members in parentheses after the organization's name. A list of organizations and member states is in EUROPA YEARBOOK 1973 vol. 1, (VKC desk ref JN 1 E85). There will be a special computer file containing all organizations and member nations so that an analyst may see the specific nation links of organizational memberships. SOURCES: WORLD ALMANAC 1974 (inhouse), DUPUY'S ALMANAC OF WORLD MILITARY POWER 1972 (VKC desk ref Ua 15 D9 1972). Peru EXAMPLE=ORG:UNO; ORG:CAS; ORG:LAFTA; ORG:Andean Common Market(BOL CHL COL ECU VEN);

b) Agreements: formal treaties, formal and informal agreements of any nature--political, economic, military, scientific and cultural. Include the nation(s) and/or organizations in the agreement and a short description of its type. These are intended to show the nation's current attention focus, therefore this category will be updated quarterly. For the first pass, agreements will begin with January 1, 1974 to the obtainable present. SOURCES: KEESING'S CONTEMPORARY ARCHIVES 1974 (inhouse) use nation index summary listings of agreements, and TOL WEISCANS for each nation. France EXAMPLE=AGREEMENTS:USR petro development, CAO CON GAB SEN cooperation, MOR compensation, SPN delimitation of continental shelf and territorial waters;

3. Dependencies is a category that attempts to show the nation's dependency links and possible vulnerabilities with other nations in trade, aid, and military affairs. It includes

a) Trade: (1) list the import and export commodities that make up approximately 2/3's of that nation's total trade. And for each commodity, list its percentage of total trade type--import or export. For example, France's number one import is machinery and transport equipment which accounts for 25% of France's total imports. And France's number one export is machinery which accounts for 25% of France's total exports. Thus, France's EXAMPLE=+machinery transport equipment 26, -machinery 25; (2) list the major trading nations of each nation, major being 2/3's of the total trade amount. List the nation by its 3 letter alpha code and its associated percentage. For example, France's leading supplier is the EEC bloc which accounts for 50% of France's import origins. And France's leading customer is the EEC which accounts for 49% of France's export origins. Thus the French EXAMPLE=+EEC 50, -EEC 49;. It is not necessary to include the percentage signs in the computer file. And the convention

has been adopted of using + signs to stand for items that enter a nation such as imports, and - signs to stand for items that leave a nation such as exports. This convention is also used in aid and military dependency categories. France EXAMPLE=TRADE:+machinery transport equipment 26, manufactures 21, non-electric machinery 14, EEC 50, USA 8, UNK 5, -machinery 25, motor vehicles 16, textiles 11, EEC 49 USA 5, SWZ 5;

SOURCES:export commodities, export and import nations were taken from INFORMATION PLEASE ALMANAC 1974(Doheny ref rm AY 64 155) since they are listed with their percentages already calculated. Other sources such as DIRECTION OF TRADE and EUROPA YEARBOOK 1973 also give this information but not in percentages, they list the amounts in local currency and one would have to calculate the percentages personally. Therefore the Almanac was used but check calculations were made to ensure validity and reliability between the sources. Import commodities and percentages are taken from EUROPA YEARBOOKS vol. 1&2 1973(VKC desk ref JN 1 E85) and the percentages must be personally calculated. Therefore coders must look at EUROPA trade tables by nation, determine the top 2/3's import commodities, write down their name and currency amount along with the import currency total. These figures are then calculated into percentages on the computer terminals by way of the CPS calculation programs.

- b) Economic Aid: this category includes official bilateral, capital developmental and technical assistance aid, export credits, and investments. The current problem is the sparse information available. Therefore, until better sources can be found, this category will vary greatly in terms of detail in nation suppliers and receivers, and amounts. Include the 3 letter alpha code for nations involved, the type of aid and amount when given. Again the convention of + signs for that which comes into a nation, and - signs for that which leaves a nation is used. And we use a first-letter indicator to label a currency amount, such as m=million, t=thousand.

Peru EXAMPLE=ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW export credits 5m, +NTH capital aid 10m, +SWZ development project and investments; France EXAMPLE=ECONOMIC-AID:-85% France zone former colonies -ALG 13%, -CAO IVO MOR TUN NIR GAB 33%; SOURCES:OECD RESOURCES FOR A DEVELOPING WORLD (VKC ref rm HG4517 07 1962-1968) now inhouse on code sheets.

- c) Military dependencies includes various types of information such as defense pacts, troop training, troops and bases, military aid and arm sales.
- (1) For defense pacts, list the name of the pact such as NATO or the 3 letter alpha code of the nations involved.
 - (2) For troops and bases, we are interested in whether that nation has its own troops and bases on foreign soil, and whether there are foreign troops and bases on that

nation's territory. Therefore use the + and - conventions to signify whether the nation receives(+) or sends(-) troops and /or bases, and the 3 letter alpha code for the nations involved.

(3) For troop training, again use the convention of + for a nation receiving training by another nation, and - for a nation sending training to another nation, and of course the 3 letter alpha code for the nations involved.

(4) For military aid, continue the convention of + signs for those receiving aid and - signs for those sending aid, and the 3 letter alpha codes. Include the amount when given. Thus if it is France's Country Threat File and France sends military aid to Ivory Coast worth 2 million dollars, the entry would be MILITARY-AID:-IVO2m; If it is Ivory Coast's Country Threat File, the entry would be MILITARY-AID:+FRN2m;

SOURCES: the above categories of data are found in the narrative portions of DUPUY'S WORLD ALMANAC OF MILITARY POWER 1972 (VKC desk ref Ua 15 D9 1972). DUPUY'S is organized by nations. Thus those military dependency items present are scattered throughout the narrative. The coders must copy the relevant information out of the narrative onto code sheets. And the detail of the information will vary for the different nations.

(5) Arm sales information is currently available for the USA on an inhouse zerox sheet, and for other nations if listed in KEESING'S CONTEMPORARY ARCHIVES 1974.

Again the important information is whether the arms are coming into the nation(+ for bought) or out of a nation (- for sales), the 3 letter nation alpha codes, and currency amounts or specific armament sold if available.

France EXAMPLE=DEFENSE-PACT:NATO, former colonies;
TROOPS+BASES:-GMW WBE GHA MAG SEN; MILITARY-AID:+USA;
ARM-SALES:+USA15m, -KUW SAU GRC;
Peru EXAMPLE=MILITARY-AID:+USA1.9m; ARM-SALES:+USA5m,
+USR tanks, +3 FRN supersonic jets;

4. Strengths and Resources is a category that attempts to indicate the strategic capabilities of a nation particularly when it is necessary to withstand or to carry out a threat. It includes:

- a) Resources: raw material and food production if the nation is one of the top 10 world producers of a specific resource. List the nation's rank in world production, the name of the resource, and that nation's percentage of world total production. For example, if Peru is the world's 7th ranked producer of copper and Peru's 1972 yearly production of copper amounts to 3% of world's total yearly production of copper, the entry would be RESOURCES:7 copper 3%, the percentage sign is included here to clarify it from the ranking number. The above information is based on a chart ranking the top 10 nations in numerous raw materials and foods,

which was zeroxed from the INFORMATION PLEASE ALMANAC 1974 and is now inhouse. To get the percentage calculations, the UN STATISTICAL YEARBOOK 1973 was used to get the nation and world totals. Percentages were then personally calculated on computer terminals using the CPS programs. Thus the 10 nations, their ranks and percentages for various raw materials and foodstuffs are now on an inhouse chart. Therefore coders need only consult this chart.

The second step of resources involves finding out to which nations the raw materials are exported and in what amount. For example, to whom does Peru export its copper and in what amount? This information is located in Seaver Science Library First Floor ref section 1971 MINERALS YEARBOOK vol. III, AREA REPORTS:INTERNATIONAL, TN 23 U612 vol:3. The book is organized by nations and contains tables on export minerals, amounts exported, and customer nations. The coder must find the specific nation tables, then the mineral entry and copy the total amount exported, the customer nations listed and their amounts. The percentages are then personally calculated on computer terminals using the CPS programs.

Peru EXAMPLE=RESOURCES:1 fishmeal, 7 copper 3%(JAP 82%, SPN 7%), 4 silver 13%;

Thus Peru produces 3% of the world's total copper product and of this 3%, 82% is exported to Japan and 7% is exported to Spain.

- b) Military strength includes indicators of the national resources devoted to the military sector. This includes:
- (1) Total armed forces(TAF) which is the total numeric listed in MILITARY BALANCE 1973-1974(VKC desk ref UA 15 L65 1973-1974). This information has already been put onto inhouse code sheets.

- (2) Total armed forces as a percentage of pop(TAF%POP) which is the personally calculated division of TAF/POP. This is used as a standardization measure.

- (3) Military expenditures(ME) is the total USA currency equivalents listed in MILITARY BALANCE 1973-1974, and is on inhouse code sheets.

- (4) Military expenditures as a percentage of gnp(ME%GNP) is personally calculated by dividing ME/GNP. Again this is a standarization measure.

- (5) The keyword nuclear will be listed only if that nation has nuclear capabilities.

France EXAMPLE=TAF:0,503,600; TAF%POP:00.97;

ME:08,448,000,000; ME%GNP:04.20; NUCLEAR

5. Vital Concerns are brief keyword categories of a nation's salient threat situation, international and domestic. Vital concerns may contain strategic considerations, latent and active, and actual military conflict. If you ask the question, what kinds of things are the leaders and people of country X

concerned about, what do they worry about, why have they been taking their recent actions and policies, some of the answers will fall under the vital concerns listing. Of course we are interested in the concerns that have significance for other nations. For example, internal hostility between rulers and the populace may eventually bring down the rulers and institute another form of government to which foreign governments would then have to adjust and respond. Other examples include border disputes, 200 mile offshore fishing limits, agricultural failures, food and energy crises, nationalizations of foreign enterprises, deteriorating bilateral relations, guerrilla terrorism, civil disruptions or hostility due to minorities or foreign workers, raw material dependencies, economic competition, trade deficits, disputed territories, control of waterways, coup d'etats, breaking of diplomatic relations, withdrawal from organizations or alliances, war, famines, inflation, droughts, and so forth. We are not interested in specific sequences of events, but what these events are about--the why of the actions.

The priority ratings indicate the range of vital concerns from attention-absorbing and the most threatening, to ones that are latent and of no immediate concern. For this initial pass, the assignment of priority ratings is very subjective and secondary to developing the categories of vital concerns. After initial data entry, a real effort will be made to systematize priority ratings.

Peru EXAMPLE=prio1:internal security problems, authoritarian military junta + workers students
 prio2:200 mile offshore territorial claim;
 prio3:agricultural failure, anchovies--economy base;
 prio4:nationalization USA oil company, refused compensation, USA loan credit cutoff;
 prio5:nationalization USA mining corporation;
 prio6:nationalization international fishmeal company;
 prio7:EQU border dispute, latent;

SOURCES:These concerns are not available in any one source. Coders should list the types of vital concerns mentioned as they go through all the information sources such as KEESING'S, DUPUY'S, TOL WEISCANS, EUROPA YEARBOOK, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE BACKGROUND NOTES, and any personal knowledge. The coder responsible for gathering the nation's data should develop a first list as comprehensive as possible. This list will be given to other coders, research analysts, and study team managers to add and refine the vital concern entries. For this is a group effort in developing initial and amendable categories of vital concerns, and eventually priority ratings.

6. The events category includes the extraordinary, nonregularized events per nation for the last quarter. However, the first data gathering will begin with January 1, 1974 to the obtainable present. The events are in the form who did what to whom about

what. The types of events may be internal or external, tension producing or tension reducing. For example, the types include coups, major strikes and protests, border conflicts, denunciations, protests, walkouts, visits, conferences, and so forth. Include the nations and/or organizations involved in the event in terms of their 3 letter alpha codes, the event type and what the event is about.

France EXAMPLE=EVENTS:AUL + NEW protest FRN Pacific
nuclear test,
FRN minister symbolic walkout EEC
agricultural meeting,
franc floating,
3 month suspension foreign workers entry
visas;

SOURCES:KEESING'S CONTEMPORARY ARCHIVES 1974 (inhouse),
refer to nation index, TOL WEISCANS for each nation.

EXAMPLE

Country Threat File: France

France FRN 220 1174
 HST:PRS Valery Giscard D'Estaing;
 FOR:M. Jobert; INT:J. Chirac; DEF:A. Bord;
 AREA:0,212,918; POP:051,915,000; GNP:0,202,000,000,000; GNPPC:3890;
 BOR:BEL; BOR:LUX; BOR:GMW; BOR:SWZ; BOR:ITA; BOR:SPN; BOR:AND;

AFF=ORG:NATO; ORG:WEU; ORG:EEC; ORG:UNO; ORG:OECD; ORG:SEATO;
 AGREEMENTS:USR petro development, LBY development, ALG petro
 development, CAO COM GAB SEN cooperation, MOR compensation,
 SPN delimitation of continental shelf+territorial waters;
 DEP=TRADE:+machinery transport 26, manufactures 21, non-electric
 machinery 14, EEC 50, USA 8, UNK 5, -machinery 25, motor
 vehicles 16, textiles 11, EEC 49, USA 5, SWZ 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-85% France zone former colonies, -ALG 13% -CAO
 IVO MOR TUN NIR GAB 33%;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO, not in military command structure, former
 colonies; TROOPS+BASES:-GMW WBE CHA MAG FRN Somaliland
 Afars+Issas SEN; MILITARY-AID:+USA; ARM-SALES:+USA15m, -KUW
 SAU GRC Abu Dhabi;

S&R=RESOURCES:3 uranium 8%, 6 bauxite 5%(GMW 57%, UNK 28%, ITA 11%)
 7 iron ore (BEL-LUX 73%, GMW 27%);
 MILITARY:TAF:0,503,600; TAF%POP:00.97; ME:08,488,000,000;
 ME%GNP:04.20; NUCLEAR

VITAL CONCERNS=priority1:internal political fragmentation +
 coalition maintenance;
 priority2:independent nuclear defense capability;
 priority3:nuclear tests Pacific Ocean;
 priority4:superpower dominance global politics;
 priority5:USA dominance European politics + military
 policies;
 priority6:West Europe economic+political leadership
 competition GMW;
 priority7:dependence on Arab oil;
 priority8:EEC cooperation + futher integration;
 priority9:UNK role in EEC;
 priority10:relationship with former colonies,
 exploitation charges;
 priority11:foreign workers;
 priority12:Basque separatist guerrillas;
 priority13:FRN-GMW border;

EVENTS:AUL+NEW protest FRN Pacific nuclear tests,
 FRN EEC minister symbolic walkout EEC agricultural meeting,
 FRN rejects ICJ rulings as binding,
 franc floating,
 3 month suspension foreign workers entry visas;

COUNTRY THREAT FILE
(Countries A-Z)
March - June 1975

AFGHANISTAN AFG 700 675

HST:PRS+PM MOHAMMED DAUD;
FOR:PRS M. DAUD; DEF:PRS M. DAUD;
INT:F.M. MASOUD; FIN:S.A. ELAH;
AREA:0,253,861; POP:017,880,000; GNP:0,001,500,000,000; GNPPC:0083;
BOR:USR; BOR:CHN; BOR:PAK; BOR:IRN;
CRG:UNO;
TRADE:+FOOD 17, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT 8, PETROL PRODUCTS 7.4,
USR 27, JAP 18, IND 14, -FRUITS+NUTS 34, NATURAL GAS 17,
LAMBSKINS 12, USR 30, PAK 19, GMW 13;
TROOP-TRAINING:+USR,-PAK REBELS IN BALUCHISTAN;
MILITARY-AID:+USA .2M, +USR;
TROOPS+BASES:-PAK REBELS IN BALUCHISTAN;
TAF:0,084,000; TAF%POP:00.40; ME:00,035,500,000; ME%GNP:00.10;
VCPRI01:TERRITORIAL+BORDER DISPUTE WITH PAK OVER BALUCHISTAN AND
NORTHWEST PROVINCE;
VCPRI02:AFG MINORITIES IN PAK,CHARGES OF ILL TREATMENT;
VCPRI03:ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON USR;
VCPRI04:TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS-LAND LOCKED NO RAILROADS
MOST CONVENIENT SEA ACCESS THROUGH PAK;
VCPRI05:5 MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP TENSION -LATENT INTERNAL INSTABILITY;
VCPRI06:NECESSITY OF IMPORTING FOOD ESPECIALLY WHEAT FROM USR;
EVENTS:DETERIORATING AFG-PAK RELATIONS OVER AFG CLAIM OF PAK
REFUGEES IN AFG AND PAK CLAIM OF AFG ATTEMPTS TO ANNEX PAK
TERRITORIES, AFG PRS MEETS IND PRS + BOTH REGRET USA LIFTING
ARMS EMBARGO ON ASIAN SUBCONTINENT;

ALBANIA ALB 339 675

HST:CP SEC ENVER HOXHA; HST:PRS MAJ H. LLESHI; HST:PRM MEHMET SHEHU;
FOR:NESTI-NASE; DEF:B. BALLUKU; FIN:A. VERLI; INT:K. HAZBIU;
AREA:0,011,100; POP:002,230,000; GNP:0,001,040,000,000; GNPPC:0466;
BOR:YUG; BOR:GRC;
ORG:UNO;
TRADE:+MACHINERY 49, FUELS+MINERALS+METALS 15, RAW FOOD
INDUSTRY MATERIALS 12, CHN 63, CZE 10, POL 8, -FUELS+MINERALS+
METALS 54, FOODSTUFFS 21, RAW VEGETABLE+ANIMAL MATERIALS 19, CHN 40,
CZE 19,GME 10;
DEFENSE-PACTS:DEFACTO WITH CHN, WITHDREW FROM WARSAW;
MILITARY-AID:+CHN MIGS + SUBS;
RESOURCES:4 CHROMIUM ORE 8%;
TAF:0,038,000; TAF%POP:01.70; ME:00,148,000,000; ME%GNP:14.23;
VCPRI01:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH USR(BROKE RELATIONS 1961) +
EAST EUROPEAN BLOC;

VCPRI02:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH YUG, ALB SUPPORTS YUG CROATIAN
 SEPARATISTS;
 VCPRI03:BORDER + TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH YUG;
 VCPRI04:MINORITIES, 920,000 ALB LIVING IN SOUTH YUG-POTENTIAL SOURCE
 FRICTION BETWEEN YUG +ALB;
 VCPRI05:MAINTENANCE POLICE STATE - INTERNAL DISSENSION FROM
 ETHNIC GROUP HOSTILITIES POSSIBLE WITH DEVELOPMENT;
 VCPRI06:POLITICAL + ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE ON CHN;
 VCPRI07:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI08:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP TENSION = GHEGS + TOSKS;
 VCPRI09:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION;

ALGERIA ALG 515 675
 HST:PRS HOUARI BOUMEDIENE;
 FOR:A. BOUTEFLIKA; DEF:PRS. BOUMEDIENE; FIN:S. MAHROUG;
 INT:A. MEDEGHRI;
 AREA:0,919,591; POP:015,270,000; GNP:0,005,000,000,000; GNPPC:0360;
 BOR:LBY; BOR:MOR; BOR:TUN; BOR:NIR; BOR:MLI; BOR:MAU;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAU; ORG:MAGHREB(MOR ALG TUN LBY);
 AGREEMTS:POR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;
 TRADE:+BOILER MACHINERY 7, IRON+STEEL 5, TRANSPORT EQUIPT 3,
 FRN 42, GMW 10, USA 3, -CRUDE OIL 66, WINE 14, FRN 54, GMW 13, USR 5;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+CUB CUERRILLA, +FRN GENDARME, +USR;
 TROOPS+BASES:+FRN AIR BASE 300 AIRMEN;
 TAF:0,063,000; TAF%POP:00.40; ME:00,099,700,000; ME%GNP:01.99;
 VCPRI01:ADVOCATE OF RADICAL OPEC POLICIES,OPPOSES MODERATE OIL-PRODUCER
 AND OIL-CONSUMER NATION'S PLANS FOR JOINT ACTION LED BY THE USA;
 VCPRI02:REFUGEES FROM DROUGHT+FAMINE HAVE FLED TO ALGERIA, NATIVE
 GOVERNMENTS REQUEST THEIR RETURN, E.G. MALI;
 VCPRI03:MILITARY IDEOLOGICAL ETHNIC DIVISIONS HAMPER CREATION
 OF NATIONAL UNITY AND PURPOSE;
 VCPRI04:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH FRN - FORMER COLONY, WAR OF
 INDEPENDENCE, NATIONALIZATION FRN ENTERPRISES, EMIGRATION ALG
 WORKERS TO FRN HOSTILE RECEPTION, RECENT VISIT OF FRN PRS SUPPOSEDLY
 SOLVED ALL OUTSTANDING ISSUES;
 VCPRI05:ALG WORKERS EMIGRATION THROUGHOUT WEST EUROPE - HOSTILE
 RECEPTION ESPECIALLY IN FRN;
 VCPRI06:SUPPORT OF + INTERNATIONAL HEADQUARTERS FOR MOST LIBERATION
 MOVEMENTS-TARGET OF TERRORISM REPRISALS;
 EVENTS:FRN PRS D'ESTAING VISITS ALG FOR FIRST VISIT BY A FRN HST
 SINCE ALG INDEPENDENCE IN 1962 OPENING WARMER RELATIONS BETWEEN ALG +
 FRN, FRN-ALG VISIT SUCCESSFUL RESULTING IN ENERGY+RAW MATERIALS
 CONFERENCE +COOPERATION IN ENGINEERING+ STEEL+TELEVISION + GAS PIPE
 LINE LINKING ALG+FRN + FRN TO IMPROVE CONDITIONS FOR ALGERIANS IN FRN
 + ALG TO EASE RESTRICTIONS ON REPATRIATION OF BLOCK FUNDS OF FORMER
 FRN SETTLERS, ALG DEMANDS POSTPONEMENT OF ARAB-EUROPEAN TALKS TO
 PROTEST ISR-EEC TRADE AGREEMENT, ALG URGES OIL EXPORTERS TO REFUSE
 DOLLARS BECAUSE OF WESTERN MANIPULATIONS TO REDUCE BUYING POWER OF
 DEVELOPING NATIONS, ALG PRS BOUMEDIENNE SUGGESTS \$10-15B FUND TO
 HELP THIRD WORLD + DEVELOPED NATIONS MEET OIL PRICES AT OPEC MEETING;

ANDORRA AND 232 675

HST:CO-PRINCES SPN BISHOP JOAN ALANIS,FRN PRS GISCARD D'ESTAING;

AREA:0,000,179; POP:000,023,000;

BOR:FRN; BOR:SPN;

VCPRI01:MAINTAIN DEGREE OF AUTONOMY FROM FRN AND SPN ESPECIALLY WHEN POLICIES DIFFER FROM SPN;

ANGOLA ANG 561 675

HST:COALITION TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT OF UNITA(JONAS SAVIMBI),

FNLA(HOLDEN ROBERTO), MPLA(AGOSTINHO NETO);

AREA:0,481,351; POP:005,810,000;

VCPRI01:CIVIL WAR EMERGING BETWEEN 3 RIVAL NATIONALIST GROUPS FOR CONTROL OF INDEPENDENT ANGOLA, MPLA(POPULAR MOVEMENT FOR THE LIBERATION OF ANG), FNLA(NATIONAL FRONT FOR THE LIBERATION OF ANG), UNITA(NATIONAL UNION FOR THE TOTAL INDEPENDENCE OF ANG);

VCPRI02:MAINTAIN CONTROL OVER CABINDA, OIL-RICH ENCLAVE NORTH OF ANG, REPORTS THAT CABINDA DOES NOT WANT TO BE PART OF ANG-RATHER INDEPENDENT;

VCPRI03:PROPER ROLE OF POR IN ANG IF CIVIL WAR BREAKS OUT,PRESENCE OF POR TROOPS+POSSIBLE DELAYING OF ANG INDEPENDENCE;

EVENTS:POR AIR FORCE FLIES FOOD SUPPLIES TO ANG,MARTIAL LAW DECLARED BY POR IN ANG IN AN ATTEMPT TO END VIOLENCE+AVERT A CIVIL WAR,POR REPRESENTATIVE IN ANG ACCUSES MARXISTS OF INDISCRIMINATELY DISTRIBUTING ARMS TO CIVILIANS;

ARGENTINA ARG 160 675

HST:PRS ISABEL MARTINEZ DE PERON;

FOR:ALBERTO VIGNES; DEF:ADOLFO SAVINO; FIN:JOSE BER GELBARD;

INT:ALBERTO LUIS ROCAMORA;

AREA:1,079,520; POP:023,920,000; GNP:0,046,800,000,000; GNPPC:1950;

BOR:CHL; BOR:URU; BOR:PAR; BOR:BOL; BOR:BRA;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:LAFTA; ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS;

AGREEMENTS:CHL ECONOMIC+ NATURAL GAS + PETROCHEMICALS + ROADS + TELECOMMUNICATIONS;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 25, METALS+MANUFACTURES 19, CHEMICALS 13, USA 22,

GMW 12, BRA 11, -MEAT 24, CORN 19, ITA 15, USA 9, NTH 9;

ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 1B HYDRO-ELECTRIC DAM PROJECT, +SWZ AUS ITA;

DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS;

MILITARY-AID:+USA 2.4M;

RESOURCES:5 CATTLE, 9 TIN CONCENTRATES 1%;

TAF:0,165,000; TAF%POP:00.56; ME:01,300,000,000; ME%GNP:02.77;

VCPRI01:SEVERE INTERNAL TERRORISM + KIDNAPPING + ASSASSINATION CAMPAIGN BY LEFTISTS;

VCPRI02:GOVERNMENT ELITE INSTABILITY,PERONISTS EXPECTED TO BREAK UP+ FALL FROM POWER DUE TO PRS ISABEL PERON'S DECREASING ABILITY TO HOLD TOGETHER FACTIONS;

VCPRI03:INFLATION;

VCPRI04:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE OVER UNK FALKLAND ISLANDS,ARG OPPOSES UNK PLAN TO DRILL FOR OIL ON FALKLAND ISLANDS+CLAIMS ANY OIL BELONGS TO ARG;

VCPRI05:EXISTING OIL RESERVES WILL RUN OUT IN 11 YEARS;
 VCPRI06:200-MILE OFFSHORE TERRITORIAL CLAIM;
 EVENTS:POWERFUL ARG TRADE UNIONS CHALLENGE GOVT ECONOMIC POLICY AND
 DEMAND LABOR PARTICIPATION IN GOVT DECISIONS, ARG TRADE UNIONS
 DEMAND RESIGNATION OF LOPEZ-REGA-MINISTER OF SOCIAL WELFARE-CLOSELY
 IDENTIFIED WITH PRS PERON, ARG INTERIOR MINISTER ROCAMORA STATES THE
 ARMED FORCES HAVE NO INTENTION OF PREPARING A COUP AGAINST PRS PERON,
 ARG GUERRILLAS ATTACK THE CHIEF OF SECURITY, LEFTIST ARG GUERRILLAS
 ASSASSINATE LABOR LEADERS FOLLOWING EXPULSION OF 13 LEFTIST CABINET
 MINISTERS, THOUSANDS OF STEEL WORKERS STRIKE TO PROTEST ARREST OF
 LEFT-WING LEADERSHIP, ARG PRS PERON BLAMES FOREIGN INFLUENCES FOR
 TERRORISM THAT HAS KILLED 175 IN THE NINE MONTHS OF HER PRESIDENCY,
 4 ARG SENATORS REQUEST NATIONALIZATION OF ROYAL DUTCH SHELL+EXXON
 SUBSIDIARIES IN ARG, ARG WILL NOT RECOGNIZE UNK RIGHT TO EXPORT OIL
 FROM FALKLAND ISLANDS;

AUSTRALIA AUL 900 675
 HST:PM EDWARD WHITLAM;
 FOR:D.R. WILLESE; DEF:L.H. BARNARD; FIN:F. CREAM;
 AREA:2,967,741; POP:013,026,300; GNP:0,046,400,000,000; GNPPC:3336;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OECD; ORG:ANZUS(NEW USA); ORG:GATT;
 ORG:SEATO; ORG:ASPAC(JAP KOS NEW PHI CHT TAI VTS LAO); ORG:INTERNATIONAL
 BAUXITE ASSOC(GUI GUY JAM SIE SURINAM YUG);
 AGREEMENTS:CHN \$AUL 120M WHEAT;
 TRADE:+PETROLEUM 25, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 20, TEXTILES 12, USA 22,
 JAP 16, GMW 7, -WOOL 12, MACHINERY 11, MEAT 10, WHEAT 10, JAP 28,
 USA 12, UNK 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-IND INS TAI VTS MAL PAK CEY LAO, -PAPUA + NEW
 GUINEA 147.1M, -COLOMBO PLAN FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF SOUTH +
 SOUTHEAST ASIA;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:USA, NEW, ANZUS, SEATO; MILITARY-AID:-INS PATROL BOATS;
 TROOP-TRAINING:-MAL SIN; TROOPS+BASES:+USA DEFENSE+SPACE
 INSTALLATIONS, -MAL RAAF BASES;
 RESOURCES:1 WOOD 32%, 2 BAUXITE 17%(JAP 45%, GMW 33%), 3 IRON ORE
 8%(JAP 80%), 2 LEAD ORE 12%(USA 41%, JAP 22%);
 TAF:0,073,330; TAF%POP:00.56; ME:01,575,000,000; ME%GNP:02.47;
 VCPRI01:RISING UNEMPLOYMENT+IMMIGRATION CURBS;
 VCPRI02:KEEP INDIAN OCEAN FREE OF EXTERNAL MILITARY INTERFERENCES;
 VCPRI03:MILITARY AND SECURITY RESPONSIBILITIES REGIONALLY;
 VCPRI04:UNK + COMMONWEALTH PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT BEING TERMINATED;
 VCPRI05:INFLATION;
 VCPRI06:GROWING DEPENDENCE OF ECONOMY ON JAP TRADE;
 VCPRI07:ENCOURAGE FOREIGN CAPITAL INVESTMENT WHILE INSURING AUL
 GETS MAXIMUM BENEFITS;
 VCPRI08:FUTURE STRENGTH OF ECONOMY LIES IN MINERAL POTENTIAL +
 DEVELOPMENT;
 VCPRI09:DEVELOPMENT OF INTERIOR AUL;
 VCPRI10:ETHNIC INTEGRATION + CONTROL OF ABORIGINEES;
 VCPRI11:POLLUTION+OIL SPILLS;

EVENTS:AUL EVACUATES CAM EMBASSY, AUL SENDS RESCUE SHIPS + RAISES \$AUL 50000 + TAKES 100 VTS ORPHANS AS SOUTH VIETNAM FALLS TO THE COMMUNISTS, AUL COOPERATES WITH UNK IN CASE OF UNK RUNAWAY MP STONEHOUSE, AUL PM WHITLAM TALKS WITH INS PRS SUHARTO ABOUT VTS + OTHER ISSUES, AUL IS READY TO OFFER SUBSTANTIAL HELP IN RECONSTRUCTING VTS, AUL OPPOSES NEW ZEALANDS'S LAW SUIT FOR A NUCLEAR FREE ZONE IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC;

AUSTRIA AUS 305 675

HST:CHANCELLOR BRUNO KRIESKY;

FOR:R. KIRCHSCHLAEGER; DEF:GEN K. LUETGENDORF; FIN:H. ANDROSCH;

INT:O. ROESCH;

AREA:0,032,374; POP:007,490,000; GNP:0,020,400,000,000; GNPPC:2723;

BOR:SWZ; BOR:LIC; BOR:GMW; BOR:HUN; BOR:YUG; BOR:CZE; BOR:ITA;

ORG:UNO; ORG:EFTA; ORG:OECD; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE;

AGREEMTS:GME CONSULAR;

TRADE:+MANUFACTURED FABRICS+TEXTILES, IRON+STEEL GOODS 10, MACHINES 13, VEHICLES 11.4, CHEMICALS 8, ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS 7, FOODS 6.5,

ORES+SCRAPES 6, MINERAL FUELS 6.2, GMW 14.6, SWZ 7.5, ITA 6.2, UNK 5, -MACHINERY 20, IRON+STEEL 14, TEXTILE YARNS+FABRICS 13, EEC 39, SWZ 11;

ECONOMIC-AID:-TUR 10.5%, AFRICA 4.6%(MOZ MOR TUN), LATIN AMERICA 15%(COL GUA ARG BOL), ASIA 59%(IND IRN TAI LEB QAT);

DEFENSE-PACTS:ALLIANCES NOT PERMITTED BY AUS STATE TREATY;

RESOURCES:9 COAL 2%(GMW 75%, YUG 25%);

TAF:0,150,000; TAF%POP:02.00; ME:00,291,000,000; ME%GNP:00.83;

VCPRIO1:DEPENDENCY ON ARAB OIL;

VCPRIO2:DETERIORATION OF RELATIONS BETWEEN AUS+YUG DUE TO YUG ACCUSATIONS THAT AUS HAS NOT FULFILLED ITS INTERNATIONAL LAW

OBLIGATIONS TO YUG MINORITIES IN AUS;

VCPRIO3:PLO TERRORIST THREAT OF REPRISALS IF ISR JEWS ALLOWED TO DISEMBARK IN AUS FOR PROCESSING BEFORE TRAVELING ON TO ISR;

VCPRIO4:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE, IRREDENTIST CLAIMS TO SOUTHERN TYROL NOW CONTROLLED BY ITA;

EVENTS:AUS CHANCELLOR HAS BEEN TRYING TO ARRANGE MEETING BETWEEN ISR LABOUR PARTY + UAR SOCIALISTS, AUS SIGNING OF GME CONSULAR AGREEMENT

IS THE FIRST WESTERN COUNTRY TO RECOGNIZE THE EAST GERMAN NATIONALITY, AUS CHANCELLOR PROTESTS GMW CRITICISM OF AUS DECISION TO RECOGNIZE AN

EAST GERMAN NATIONALITY;

BAHRAIN BAH 695 675

HST:PRS ISA BIN SULMAN AL-KHALIFA;

FOR:MOHAMED BIN MUBARAK AL-KHALIFA; DEF:HAMAD BIN ESA AL-KHALIFA;

FIN:SAYYED MAHMOOD AHMED AL-ALAWI;

AREA:0,000,231; POP:000,220,000;

BOR:ISLAND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARAB LEAGUE;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 33, MANUFACTURES 30,

UNK 50, -CRUDE OIL, REFINED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, ALUMINUM, SHRIMP,

UNK 30, USA, JAP;

TROOPS+BASES:+USA MIDDLE EAST FORCE BASE;

MILITARY-AID:+USA TO MODERNIZE 3 SHIP FLEET AS POTENTIAL FOR
CONFLICT IN PERSIAN GULF INCREASES;
TAF:0,001,100; TAF%POP:00.50;
VCPRI01:CONTINUATION OF 1958 SAU AGREEMENT WHEREIN 25% OIL PROFITS
FROM SEA BETWEEN SAU + BAH GOES TO BAH;
VCPRI02:PROTECT BAH ISLANDS 20 MILES OFF ARABIAN PENINSULA'S NE
COAST;
VCPRI03:ATTEMPT TO DIVERSIFY THE ECONOMY THROUGH DEVELOPMENT
PROJECTS;
VCPRI04:OIL RESERVES SHOW SIGNS OF DEPLETION;
VCPRI05:ENCOURAGE FOREIGN + PRIVATE INVESTMENTS WHILE MAINTAINING
CONTROL;

BANGLADESH BGD 765 675
HST:PRS MOHAMMED ULLAH; HST:PM RAHMAN;
FOR:K. HOSSAIN; DEF:PM RAHMAN; FIN:T. AHMED;
AREA:0,055,126; POP:075,000,000; GNP:0,000,300,500,000; GNPPC:0046;
BOR:IND; BOR:BUR;
ORG:UNO;
AGREEMENTS:IND FARRAKKA PROJECT TO SAVE CALCUTTA PORT, FOR DIPLOMATIC
RECOGNITION OF BGD;
TRADE:+USA 31, JAP 11, UNK 9, -JUTE, JUTE PRODUCTS, TEA, LEATHER;
ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 2B(MOSTLY IN FOOD AID),+UAE 70M,+IND 18M,+CAN 8M,
+USR 7M;
RESOURCES:UNEXPLOITED OIL RESERVES IN BAY OF BENGAL, 1 JUTE;
TAF:0,017,900; TAF%POP:00.02; ME:00,065,000,000; ME%GNP:01.80;
VCPRI01:GOVERNMENT CHANGE FROM DEMOCRATIC PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM TO
INCREASING DICTATORSHIP;
VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, VIOLENCE + BANDITRY INCREASING;
VCPRI03:FAMINE;
VCPRI04:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION+HOSTILITIES,PRO-PAK BIHARIS;
VCPRI05:BGD FEARS IND FARRAKKA BARRAGE DAM PROJECT TO DIVERT GANGES
WILL DRY UP BGD GANGES;
VCPRI06:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
VCPRI07:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH PAK;
VCPRI08:DEPENDENCY ON IND;
VCPRI09:BLACK MARKET PROBLEMS WITH IND, SMUGGLING OF RICE + JUTE ;
VCPRI10:BORDER CONTROL PROBLEMS WITH IND;
VCPRI11:HOSTILE WEATHER CONDITIONS;
VCPRI12:BGD-CHN RELATIONS IMPROVING AGAINST IND WISHES;
EVENTS:BGD SAYS IND FARRAKKA PROJECT TO DIVERT GANGES RIVER WATER TO
UNCLOG SILT OF CALCUTTA PORT WOULD RUIN ITS ECONOMY, 31 DIE OF
SMALLPOX IN NORTHERN DISTRICT OF BGD IN 1 WEEK;

BARBADOS BAR 053 675
HST:PM ERROLL W. BARROW; HST:H.M. QUEEN ELIZABETH II;
FOR:G.C.R. MOE; FIN:PM BARROW; INT:G.C. FERGUSSON;
AREA:0,000,166; POP:000,240,000; GNP:0,000,139,400,000; GNPPC:0578;
BOR:ISLAND;
ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:CARIBBEAN COMMON MARKET;

TRADE:+FOOD+LIVE ANIMALS 27, ELECTRICAL MACHINERY+APPLIANCES 15,
 UNK 30, USA 21, CAN 10, -SUGAR 48, SHELLFISH 7, MOLASSES 6,
 UNK 39, USA 19;
 VCPRI01:PROBABLE DECLINE IN UNK COMMONWEALTH TIES + PREFERENTIAL
 TREATMENT;
 VCPRI02:POPULATION BOOM + HIGH POPULATION DENSITY ON SMALL LAND
 AREA WHICH LACKS NATURAL RESOURCES;
 VCPRI03:ONE-CROP BASED ECONOMY -- SUGAR;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI05:UNEMPLOYMENT 15-20%;

BELGIUM BEL 211 675

HST:PM LEO TINDEMANS; HST:KING BAUDOUIN;
 FOR:R. VAN ELSLANDE; DEF:P. VANDEN BOEYNANTS; FIN:WILLY DE CLERCQ;
 INT:E. CLOSE;
 AREA:0,011,781; POP:009,691,000; GNP:0,035,500,000,000; GNPPC:3663;
 BOR:GMW; BOR:NTH; BOR:LUX; BOR:FRN;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:EEC; ORG:BENELUX(BEL LUX NTH); ORG:NATO; ORG:OECD;
 ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:WEU;
 AGREENTS:NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 15, ORES+MINERALS 14, VEHICLES 13,
 GMW 25, FRN 18, NTH 16, -IRON+STEEL 15, MACHINERY 11, MOTOR VEHICLES
 10, EEC 69, (GMW 25, FRN 20, NTH 19);
 ECONOMIC-AID:-CON RWA BUI TUR MOR 30%(59M), -IND PAK 6%(4.4M);
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA, -CON GUI RWA;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USA 2000, -CON BUI RWA;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA, -CON BUI RWA;
 TAF:0,089,600; TAF%POP:00.92; ME:00,990,000,000; ME%GNP:02.78;
 VCPRI01:DEPENDENCY ON ARAB OIL;
 VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC DISSENSIONS, FLEMINGS + WALLOONS;
 VCPRI03:FUTURE OF EEC, BEL CONTINUED PARTICIPATION+FURTHER INTEGRATION;
 VCPRI04:USA CONTINUED PRESENCE IN AND STRONG COMMITMENT TO EUROPEAN
 SECURITY VIA NATO;
 VCPRI05:INFLATION;
 VCPRI06:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH COP;
 EVENTS:BEL VETOES UNO CONVENTION THAT GIVES SWEEPING NEW PRIVILEGES
 + IMMUNITIES TO SOME CATEGORIES OF DIPLOMATS, BEL PROPOSES CHN DISCUSS
 SENDING AN AMB TO EEC WHEN EEC LEADER SOAMES VISITS CHN, BEL FM
 SUGGESTS WEU MEMBERS SHOULD STUDY WAYS OF STANDARDIZING ARMAMENTS
 SUPPLIES TO CUT EEC COSTS;

BHUTAN BHU 760 675

HST:KING J.S. WANGCHUCK;
 FOR:CAWA TSERING; FIN:C. DORJI; INT:T. JAGER;
 AREA:0,018,147; POP:001,150,000; GNP:0,000,064,000,000; GNPPC:0055;
 BOR:CHN; BOR:IND;
 TRADE:ALMOST ALL TRADE IS WITH IND;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+IND;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+IND;
 TAF:0,005,000; TAF%POP:00.43;

VCPRI01: BORDER SECURITY, POSSIBLE CHN THREAT;
 VCPRI02: IND DOMINANCE BHU FOREIGN AFFAIRS;
 VCPRI03: IND DOMINANCE INTERNAL DECISION MAKING PROCESS;
 VCPRI04: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

BOLIVIA BOL 145 675
 HST: GEN BANZER SUAREZ;
 FOR: GEN A.G. SUAREZ; DEF: GEN R.B. ESCALANTE; FIN: LT-COL V.C. SUAREZ;
 INT: COL J.P. ASBUN;
 AREA: 0,424,163; POP: 005,190,000; GNP: 0,001,320,000,000; GNPPC: 0254;
 BOR: PER; BOR: BRA; BOR: PAR; BOR: ARG; BOR: CHL;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: OAS; ORG: ANDEAN COMMON MARKET (CHL COL ECU PER VEN);
 ORG: ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS; ORG: LAFTA;
 AGREEMENTS: PER DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS TREATY;
 TRADE: +CAPITAL GOODS 48, RAW MATERIALS 29, CONSUMER GOODS 21, USA 31,
 JAP 16, ARG 10, -TIN 39, ANTIMONY 12, TUNGSTEN 7, UNK 46, USA 28, JAP 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +AUS USA;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: OAS;
 MILITARY-AID: +USA 1.2M;
 RESOURCES: 3 ANTIMONY ORE 17.6% (USA 95%), 8 SILVER 2% (USA 63% UNK 18%),
 2 TIN CONCENTRATES 16% (UNK 95%);
 TAF: 0,021,800; TAF%POP: 00.40; ME: 00,035,000,000; ME%GNP: 02.71;
 VCPRI01: SEEKS ACCESS TO PACIFIC OCEAN-LANDLOCKED, MOST ACCESSIBLE
 ROUTES THROUGH PER + CHL;
 VCPRI02: LEFTIST INFILTRATION + SUBVERSION FROM NEIGHBORING STATES;
 VCPRI03: INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, MILITARY GOVERNMENT;
 VCPRI04: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH CHL, PREVIOUS WARS AND BOL LAND LOSSES;
 VCPRI05: AGRICULTURAL FAILURES AND FOOD SHORTAGES;
 VCPRI06: INFLATION;
 VCPRI07: FOREIGN INVESTMENT, DESIRED WITH CONTROLS;
 EVENTS: BOL WILL NATIONALIZE CONTROLLING INTEREST IN GULF OIL, BOL
 RENEWS DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH PERU AFTER 12 YEARS, POPULAR RESENT-
 MENT AGAINST GULF OIL CO. IN BOL AFTER DISCOVERY OF BRIBERY SCANDAL;

BOTSWANA BOT 571 675
 HST: PRS SERESTE KHAMA;
 FOR: B.K. KGARI; FIN: QKJ MASIRE; INT: MPK NWAKO;
 AREA: 0,219,815; POP: 000,690,000;
 BOR: SAF; BOR: RHO; BOR: ZAM;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: OAU; ORG: COMMONWEALTH; ORG: SOUTH-AFRICAN CUSTOMS UNION
 (LES SAF SWA);
 TRADE: +MINING MACHINERY 26, MANUFACTURES 12, SAF 65, -MEAT 42,
 HIDES+SKINS 18, MEAT EXTRACT 14, SAF, UNK;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +SWD UNK;
 RESOURCES: 2 DIAMONDS;
 VCPRI01: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON UNK WHICH SUBSIDIZES 1/3 BOT BUDGET;
 VCPRI02: ECONOMIC + SECURITY DEPENDENCIES ON SAF;
 VCPRI03: FORCED NON-SUPPORT OF BLACK AFRICAN LIBERATION MOVEMENT BECAUSE
 OF ECONOMIC + SECURITY DEPENDENCIES ON SAF;
 VCPRI04: NEEDS FOREIGN CAPITAL AND INVESTMENT;

VCPRI05:DROUGHTS AND INADEQUATE SUPPLIES OF WATER;
 VCPRI06:FOREIGN WORKERS, BOT WORKERS GO TO SAF;
 EVENTS:BOT PRS VISITS GUY;

BRAZIL BRA 140 675
 HST:PRS GEN ERNESTO GEISEL;
 FOR:A.F. AZEREDO DA SILVEIRA; FIN:M.R. SIMONSEN; INT:M.R. REIS;
 DEF:GEN D.G. MONTEIRO;
 AREA:3,286,473; POP:100,100,000; GNP:0,050,400,000,000; GNPPC:0503;
 BOR:URU; BOR:ARG; BOR:PAR; BOR:BOL; BOR:PER; BOR:COL; BOR:VEN; BOR:GUY;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS;
 AGREEMTS:GMW NUCLEAR COOPERATION, BRA PURCHASE OF 50000 TONS OF WHEAT
 FROM URU, FRN AUTHORIZATION OF CONCORDE SUPERSONIC AIRLINER TO LAND AT
 RIO DE JANEIRO;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 28, MINERALS 15, CHEMICALS 13, BASE METALS 13,
 USR 27, JAP 18, IND 14, -FRUITS+NUTS 34, NATURAL GAS 17, PERSIAN
 LAMBSKINS 12, USR 30, PAK 19, GMW 13;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW INVESTMENT, +SWZ INVESTMENT, +ITA, +USA AID +
 LOANS, +USA 2M DAM PROJECT;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 4.3M;
 RESOURCES:3 MANGANESE ORE 13%(USA 44%, NTH 15%, CAN 8%), 2 TIN CONCEN-
 TRATES 1%(ARG 52%, USA 30%), 1 COFFEE 36%, 1 RUBBER SYNTHETICS 2%;
 TAF:0,358,000; TAF%POP:00.35; ME:01,200,000,000; ME%GNP:02.38;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, RIGHTIST MILITARY GOVERNMENT;
 VCPRI02:GUERRILLA TERRORISM + KIDNAPPING CAMPAIGN;
 VCPRI03:INFLATION;
 VCPRI04:LOW WORLD PRICES BRA AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS;
 VCPRI05:POPULATION BOOM;
 VCPRI06:POPULATION MIGRATING TO URBAN CENTERS, OVERCROWDING;
 VCPRI07:INTERIOR INDIAN TRIBES HOSTILE + VIOLENT;
 EVENTS:BRA SEARCHES FOR OFFSHORE OIL PREDICTING THEY WILL BE SELF
 SUFFICIENT, BRA EMBASSY DENIES THAT ANY REQUEST FOR ASYLUM HAS BEEN
 RECEIVED FROM POR GEN SPINOLA, BRA GRANTS POR GEN SPINOLA PERMISSION
 TO STAY IN BRA, BRA+IRN+VEN+ALG PROTEST USA IDEA OF "CONTACT" GROUP
 FOR WORLD ENERGY CONFERENCE, BRA APPROVES A DRAFT AGREEMENT WITH GMW
 ON PEACEFUL APPLICATION OF ATOMIC ENERGY WHICH PROVIDES FOR
 INDUSTRIAL NUCLEAR COOPERATION;

BULGARIA BUL 355 675
 HST:PRS TUDOR ZHIVKOV;
 FOR:P. MLADENOV; DEF:D. DJUROV; FIN:D. POPOV; INT:D. STOYANOV;
 AREA:0,042,720; POP:808,500,000; GNP:0,011,100,000,000; GNPPC:1243;
 BOR:RUM; BOR:TUR; BOR:GRC; BOR:YUG;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:WARSAW PACT; ORG:COMECON;
 AGREEMTS:GRC POWER-COOPERATION COMMISSION;
 TRADE:+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 15, FERROUS METALS 11, POWER+ELECTRICAL
 EQUIPMT 5, TEXTILE RAW MATERIALS 3, USR 52, GME 9, CZE 5,
 -MACHINERY 29, TOBACCO CIGARETTES 13, METALS 7, USR 54, GME 9;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USR NUCLEAR POWER DEVELOPMENT;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USR, WARSAW PACT;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR; TROOPS+BASES:+USR;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR;
 RESOURCES:6 LEAD ORE 2.6%(ITA 30%, USR 26%, AUS 18%, SWZ 11%);
 TAF:0,152,000; TAF%POP:01.77; ME:00,364,000,000; ME%GNP:03.27;
 VCPRI01:SUBORDINATION TO + PENETRATION BY USR;
 VCPRI02:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY, BUL AGRICULTURALLY BASED
 + DESIRES RAPID INDUSTRIALIZATION WHICH IS IN OPPOSITION TO USR
 + COMECON PLANS FOR ECONOMIC SPECIALIZATION;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL CONTROL OF POPULACE, MAINTENANCE OF POLICE STATE
 + ONE-PARTY TOTALITARIANISM;
 VCPRI04:INADEQUATE NATURAL RESOURCES FOR FUTURE NEEDS + DEVELOPMENT;
 VCPRI05:YUG BORDER DISPUTE;
 EVENTS:BUL HST SAYS EAST-WEST DETENTE MUST BE MADE IRREVERSIBLE;

BURMA BUR 775 675
 HST:FM U SEIN WIN;
 FOR:U HLA PHQUE; FIN:U LWIN; DEF:BRIGADIER GEN TIN U; INT:U KO KO;
 AREA:0,261,789; POP:028,900,000; GNP:0,003,200,000,000; GNPPC:0110;
 BOR:CHN; BOR:LAO; BOR:TAI; BOR:IND; BOR:BGD;
 ORG:UNO;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 42, COTTON YARN 15, COTTON
 FABRICS 13, JAP 26, IND 13, UNK 9, -RICE 49, TEAK 2.3, OIL CAKES 7,
 CEY 14, SIN 9, IND 8;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK;
 RESOURCES:7 RICE 2.6%;
 TAF:0,149,000; TAF%POP:00.51; ME:00,910,000,000; ME%GNP:00.28;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, ACTIVE NLF TERRORIST GUERRILLAS
 WORKING FOR GOVT OVERTHROW, SANCTUARIES IN TAI;
 VCPRI02:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH TAI OVER ANTI-BUR GOVT GUERRILLAS
 BASED ON TAI-BUR BORDER;
 VCPRI03:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, BUR SEPARATES SE ASIA + INDIAN
 SUBCONTINENT;
 VCPRI04:POLITICAL NEUTRALITY POLICY;
 EVENTS:390 DIE IN HEAT WAVE, UNIVERSITIES REOPEN IN RANGOON AND
 MANDALAY, MOST OF THE STUDENTS AND RIOTERS JAILED AFTER AGITATION OVER
 U THANT FUNERAL ARE RELEASED, BUR COMMUNIST PARTY RECEIVES MESSAGE
 FROM CHN TO CARRY OUT AN ARMED STRUGGLE IN PURSUIT OF ITS AIMS,
 VIOLENT STORM IN BUR LEAVES 130 DEAD;

BURUNDI BUI 510 675
 HST:PRS COL M. MICOMBERO;
 FOR:A. SIMBANANIYE; FIN:J. HICUBURUNDI; INT:A. SHIBURA;
 AREA:0,010,747; POP:003,400,000; GNP:0,000,198,000,000; GNPPC:0058;
 BOR:RWA; BOR:TAZ; BOR:COP;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU;
 AGREEMTS:POR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS TREATY;
 TRADE:+TEXTILE+LEATHER GOODS 25, MECHANICAL+ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 17,
 FOOD 14, RAW MATERIALS+SEMI-FINISHED GOODS 14, BEL 22, GMW 9.8, FRN 6.9,
 JAP 6.7, USA 5.2, UNK 4.6, -COFFEE 84, COTTON 5, SKINS 3.5,USA 67.4,

BEL-LUX 7.3, GMW 6.2, NTH 3.7;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+BEL;
 TAF:0,001,950; TAF%POP:00.05; ME:00,000,970,000; ME%GNP:00.48;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS;
 VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-TRIBAL GROUP DISSENSION AND HOSTILITIES;

CAMBODIA (KHMER REPUBLIC) CAM 811 675
 HST:KHIEU SAMPHAN; HST:PRINCE NORODUM SIHANOUK;
 AREA:0,069,898; POP:007,250,000; GNP:0,001,500,000,000; GNPPC:0206;
 BOR:VTS; BOR:TAI; BOR:LAO;
 ORG:UNO;
 AGREEMTS:SIN MAL IND TAI PHI USR LAO JAP JOR UNK DIPLOMATIC
 RECOGNITION TREATIES;
 TRADE:+MINERALS 9, PHARMACEUTICALS 5.2, METALS 4,
 CHEMICALS 3.7, JAP 27, FRN 24, USA 11, -RICE 70,
 RUBBER 22, FRN 23, VTS 17, HOK 11;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR, +CHN, +VTN; MILITARY-AID:+USR, +CHN;
 VCPRI01:ESTABLISH GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE + STABILITY -- COMMUNIST
 KHMER ROUGE WINS WAR AGAINST USA-SUPPORTED GOVERNMENT, IMMEDIATE
 PROBLEMS OF SETTING UP NEW SOCIAL SYSTEM, INFRASTRUCTURE, ECONOMIC +
 AGRICULTURAL STABILITY;
 VCPRI02:ESTABLISH POPULACE SUPPORT + LOYALTY -- CONVERT POPULATION TO
 NEW COMMUNIST IDEOLOGY+NEW GOVT SYSTEM;
 VCPRI03:INCREASINGLY HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH TAI,REPORTS OF BORDER
 CLASHES,PROBLEM OF CAM REFUGEES IN TAI;
 VCPRI04:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH USA, MAYAGUEZ AFFAIR, TRADE EMBARGO;
 VCPRI05:INTERNAL POWER STRUGGLE POSSIBLE BETWEEN NATIVE CAMBODIAN
 KHMER ROUGE+VTN;
 VCPRI06:MAINTAIN INDEPENDENCE FROM BUT SUPPORT OF COMMUNIST NATIONS;
 VCPRI07:GAIN INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION AS LEGITIMATE GOVERNMENT OF
 CAMBODIA;
 EVENTS:KHMER ROUGE CONTINUE SEIGE ON PHNOM PENH, CAM PRS LON NOL
 RESIGNS + LEAVES CAM, SAUKAM KHOY APPOINTED INTERIM PRS, USA+FRN+
 UNK+AUL EVACUATE THEIR NATIONALS FROM PHNOM PENH, CAM PRS KHOY CALLS
 FOR NEGOTIATIONS WITH KHMER ROUGE, USA AIRLIFTS MILITARY+HUMANITARIAN
 SUPPLIES INTO PHNOM PENH UNTIL COMMUNISTS ATTACK AIRPORT, CHIEF OF
 CAM ARMED FORCES SAK SUTHSAKHAN TAKES OVER GOVT LEADERSHIP, PRINCE
 SIHANOUK REFUSES TO RETURN TO CAM TO FORM A NEW GOVT, CAM PM BORET
 SAYS MILITARY WILL LEAD THE GOVT FOR 3 MONTHS, CAM SURRENDERS TO THE
 KHMER ROUGE, KHMER ROUGE EVACUATE POPULATION OF PHNOM PENH INTO THE
 COUNTRYSIDE TO FLEE USA REPRISALS AND TO PURIFY THE POPULACE, NEWS-
 BLACK-OUT AFTER FALL OF PHNOM PENH, CAM KHMER ROUGE FORCES GO PEACE-
 FULLY INTO TAI TO TALK WITH TAI OFFICIALS ABOUT CAM REFUGEES IN TAI,
 600 FOREIGNERS TRAPPED IN FRN EMBASSY IN PHNOM PENH FOR SEVERAL DAYS
 AFTER KHMER ROUGE TAKEOVER ARE ESCORTED TO TAI BORDER, PRINCE
 SIHANOUK BECOMES TITULAR HST, NEW CAM GOVT DECLARES NON-ALIGNMENT
 POLICY + NO MILITARY ALLIANCES + BUDDHIST RELIGION + NO FOREIGN BASES
 IN CAM + AN INDEPENDENT ECONOMY + PEACE+INDEPENDENCE IN INDOCHINA,
 KHMER ROUGE EXCHANGE FIRE WITH TAI ON 200 MILE COMMON BORDER, CAM
 CLOSES BORDER WITH TAI, CAM SAYS ECONOMY WILL FOCUS ON AGRICULTURE,

CAN SEIZES USA MERCHANT VESSEL MAYAGUEZ + CREW OF 39, USA RESCUES MAYAGUEZ BY LANDING MARINES ON CAM ISLAND + SINKING 3 CAM PATROL BOATS, CAM ACCUSES USA OF SYSTEMATIC SPYING, USA DECLARES TRADE EMBARGO AGAINST CAM;

CAMEROUN CAO 471 075

HST:PRS A. AHIDGO;

FOR:V. EFON; DEF:S. DAUDOU; FIN:O. AWANA; INT:V.A. MVODO;

AREA:0,183,581; POP:000,000,000; GNP:0,001,357,000,000; GNPPC:0226;

BOR:NIG; BOR:CHA; BOR:CEN; BOR:CON; BOR:GAB; BOR:GUE;

ORG:UNC; ORG:OCAM; ORG:CAU; ORG:UDEAC(CEN,CON,GAB);

AGREENTS:IRN+KUN+QUA+UAE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;

TRADE:+INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMT 7, CONSUMER GOODS 6, TOBACCO 5,

SEMI-MANUFACTURES 5, FRN 50, GMY 8, USA 8, -COCOA 24,

COFFEE 23, ALUMINUM 9, FRN 31, NTH 23, GMY 12;

TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN; MILITARY-AID:+USA.2M, +FRN 7M;

TAF:0,004,450; TAF%POP:00.07; ME:00,024,000,000; ME%GNP:18.12;

VCPRIO1:MULTIPLE RELIGIOUS + ETHNIC GROUP TENSION;

VCPRIO2:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS WITH COMMUNIST INSURGENTS

SPONSORED TRAINED AND SUPPLIED BY CHN + RADICAL AFRICAN STATES;

CANADA CAN 020 075

HST:PM PIERRE ELLIOT TRUDEAU;

FOR:A. MACEACHEN; FIN:J. TURNER; DEF:J.A. RICHARDSON; INT:R. BARFORD;

AREA:3,851,000; POP:022,047,000; GNP:0,102,000,000,000; GNPPC:4626;

BOR:USA;

ORG:UNC; ORG:NATO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAS; ORG:OECD; ORG:NORAD(USA);

AGREENTS:CAN+USA RENEW THEIR DEFENSE AGREEMENT;

TRADE:+USA 69, EEC 6, JAP 5, VEN 5, AUTO PARTS 27.4, NON-FARM MACHINERY 9.4, CRUDE PETROLEUM 3.7, -USA 69, UNK 8, EEC 6, JAP 5, AUTO PARTS 23.6, MACHINERY 11, METAL ORES 8, TIMBER 6;

ECONOMIC-AID:-IND PAK CEY 191.6M, -EUROPE 5.7M, -AFRICA 27.5M,

-ASIA 138M, -LATIN AMERICA 7.8M, -CARIBBEAN 8.8M;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USA(NORAD), NATO, OAS;

TROOPS+BASES:+USA 2000, -UNC PEACE KEEPING FORCES;

RESOURCES:5 COPPER 10%(USA 30%, UNK 20%, GMY 13.5%), 1 NICKEL ORE 38%

(NOR 48%, UNK 41%), 4 IRON ORE 6%(USA 62%, UNK 12%, NTH 8%, JAP 5.6%),

10 PETROLEUM CRUDE 2%(USA 100%), 3 LEAD ORE 11.5%(JAP 40%, USA 25%),

1 SILVER 15%(USA 95%, BELLUX 4%, UNK .4%), 2 URANIUM 24%(USA 65%,

UNK 34%), 1 ZINC 23%(USA 35%, UNK 20%, IND 7.8%, NTH .37%);

TAF:0,082,000; TAF%POP:00.37; ME:02,022,000,000; ME%GNP:01.98;

VCPRIO1:INFLATION + WORKER'S STRIKES;

VCPRIO2:ECONOMIC+POLITICAL DEPENDENCY ON USA;

VCPRIO3:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USA;

VCPRIO4:ROLE OF USA INVESTMENT IN CAN;

VCPRIO5:CAN EFFORT TO CHANGE BASIC ECONOMIC STRUCTURE FROM RAW MATERIAL TO MANUFACTURING, WILL MEAN ECONOMIC COMPETITION WITH USA;

VCPRIO6:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION, FRENCH QUEBEC LATENT DESIRES FOR AUTONOMY;

VCPRIO7:CONTINUE USA-CAN MILITARY + SECURITY COOPERATION FOR MUTUAL

DEFENSE, DEFERS LARGE CAN EXPENSES FOR SECURITY;
 VCPRI08:CAN IN PATH OF USR ATTACK ON USA, POPULATION + INDUSTRIES
 CONCENTRATED ON USA BORDER;
 EVENTS:MASSIVE FEDERAL BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS STRIKE IS LARGEST OF
 CAN NUMEROUS LABOR STRIKES CAUSING CONCERN OVER WAGES INCREASING
 RAPIDLY BEYOND ECONOMIC GROWTH, CHN PRESS ATTACHE EXPELLED FROM
 CAN FOR ACTIVITIES INCOMPATIBLE WITH HIS DIPLOMATIC STATUS,
 CAN WILL ACCEPT 3000 VTS REFUGEES, CAN PM TRUDEAU VISITS IND+
 UNK+IRE, CAN CANCELS PERMIT FOR EXPORT OF NUCLEAR EQUIPMENT
 TO IND, CAN+USA RENEW THEIR DEFENSE AGREEMENT GUARDING NORTHERN
 HALF OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE FOR FIVE YEARS;

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC CEN 402 675
 HST:PRS GEN JEAN-BEDEL BOKASSA; HST:PM MME DOMITIEN;
 FOR:J.POTOLOT; FIN:A.KOYAMBO; DEF:PRS BOKASSA; INT:ALAZOULA;
 AREA:0,236,293; POP:003,000,000;
 BOR:CHA; BOR:SUD; BOR:CON; BOR:COF; BOR:CAO;
 ORG:EEC ASSOCIATE; ORG:UNO;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 19, MOTOR VEHICLES 16, COTTON TEXTILES 10,
 FRN 58, GHW 8, USA 6, -DIAMONDS 41, COTTON 22, COFFEE 22,
 FRN 50, ISR 14, BEL 13;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN; TROOPS+BASES:+FRN; MILITARY-AID:+FRN;
 ME:00,004,000,000;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, ATTEMPTED COUP;
 VCPRI02:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;
 VCPRI03:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI04:NATIONALIZATION FRN ENTERPRISES - NO COMPENSATION;
 EVENTS:CEN HOSTS FRN PRS D'ESTAING+THEY REVEAL 'CONCORDANCE
 OF VIEWS ON DEVELOPMENT AND RELATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ISSUES.';

CEYLON(SRI LANKA) CEY 780 675
 HST:PM SIRIMAVO BANDARANAIKE; HST:PRS WILLIAM GOPALLAWA;
 DEF:PM S. BANDARANAIKE; FOR:PM S. BANDARANAIKE; FIN:N.M. PERERA;
 INT:FELIX R.D. BANDARANAIKE;
 AREA:0,025,332; POP:013,030,000; GNP:0,002,070,000,000; GNPPC:0158;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH;
 TRADE:+UNK 14, CHN 12, IND 10, -TEA 59, RUBBER 10, COCONUT
 PRODUCTS 14, UNK 23, CHN 13, USA 7;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA30.2M, +UNK;
 RESOURCES:2 TEA, 4 NATURAL RUBBER;
 TAF:0,012,500; TAF%POP:00.10; ME:00,029,000,000; ME%GNP:01.40;
 VCPRI01:INFLATION;
 VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP TENSION-NATIVE TAMILS + SINHALESE;
 VCPRI03:UNDEVELOPED + STAGNANT ECONOMY;
 VCPRI04:RAPID POPULATION GROWTH;
 VCPRI05:INTERNAL ULTRA-LEFTIST UNREST;
 VCPRI06:FRICTION WITH IND OVER DISPUTED KACHCHATIVU ISLAND,RECENT
 AGREEMENT WITH IND GAVE CEY CONTROL OF KACHCHATIVU;
 VCPRI07:FRICTION WITH IND OVER TREATMENT OF 1M DISENFRANCHISED

INDIAN TANILS RESIDING IN CEY;
EVENTS:9 DEAD AND 4000 HOMELESS DUE TO FLOODS AND EARTHSLIDES;

CHAD CHA 483 675

HIST: PRS GENERAL FELIX HALLOUN;
FOR:D. DORALTA; DEF:D.I. N'GARGAYE; FIN:N.M. NDANA;
AREA:0,495,753; POP:003,790,000; GNP:0,000,195,000,000; GNPPC:0051;
BOR:LBV; BOR:SUD; BOR:CEN; BOR:CAO; BOR:NIG; BOR:NIR;
ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:OCAN;
TRADE:+PETROL PRODUCTS 11, TEXTILE YARN 5.5, SUGAR+HONEY 5.5,
ROAD MOTOR VEHICLES 5, FRN 39, NIG 9, CON 9, -COTTON 71,
FRN 73, COP 10, CON 5;
ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE + INTERNAL SECURITY, +LBV
DEVELOPMT CREDITS, +CHN TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE;
TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN; TROOPS+BASES:+FRN; MILITARY-AID:+FRN 1.2M;
TAF:0,003,700; TAF%POP:00.09; ME:00,010,400,000; ME%GNP:05.33;
VCPRI01:ESTABLISH NEW GOVERNMENT STABILITY + POPULAR SUPPORT,
RECENT MILITARY COUP;
VCPRI02:LBV SEIZES 6000 SQ MILES OF MINERAL RICH NORTHERN CHAD DESERT
UNDER PRETEXT OF OLD WWII AGREEMENT;
VCPRI03:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;
VCPRI04:BROAD ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON FRN;
VCPRI05:MULTIPLE ETHNIC + RELIGIOUS GROUP TENSION - NORTH-SOUTH ETHNIC
-RELIGIOUS SPLIT;
VCPRI06:CHAD NATIONALIST LIBERATION FRONT SPONSORED BY
COMMUNIST STATES;
EVENTS:CHA PRS TOMBALBAYE IS KILLED BY MILITARY COUP LED BY NOW
PRS GENERAL HALLOUN, NEW CHA COUP SUSPENDS CONSTITUTION+ BANS
ALL POLITICAL PARTIES+DISSOLVES ALL INSTITUTIONS FORMED BY
CONSTITUTION-BUT RETAINS ALL INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS, NEW CHA
GOVT ARRESTS 7 OFFICIALS OF FORMER GOVERNMENT, CHA MILITARY
COUNCIL RELEASES ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS OF FORMER GOVERNMENT,
CHA REBELS EXECUTE FRN MAJOR SENT TO NEGOTIATE RELEASE OF 2
FRN CIVILIAN HOSTAGES, LBV SEIZES 6000 SQ MI. OF MINERAL-RICH
NORTHERN CHAD DESERT UNDER PRETEXT OF AN OLD WWII AGREEMENT;

CHILE CHL 155 675

HST:PRS GEN PINOCHET UGARTE;
INT:C.B.ESCOBAR; DEF:GEN H. BRADY; FIN:JORGE CAUAS;
FOR:VICE-ADM PATRICIO PRADO;
AREA:0,292,257; POP:010,000,000; GNP:0,007,070,000,000; GNPPC:0707;
BOR:PER; BOR:BOL; BOR:ARG;
ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:LAFTA; ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS; ORG:ANDEAN
COMMON MARKET(BOL COL ECU PER VEN);
AGREEMTS:ARG ECONOMIC+NATURAL GAS+PETROCHEMICALS+ROADS+
TELECOMMUNICATIONS, GNM DEVELOPMENTAL AID LOAN, PER DIPLOMATIC
RELATIONS;
TRADE:+TECHNICAL+ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 26, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 11, MINERAL
PRODUCTS 10, CHEMICALS 10, VEGETABLE PRODUCTS 7, USA 33, GNM 10, ARG 10,
UNK 5, -COPPER 73, GNM 20, JAP 17, USA 13, UNK 12, ITA 8;

ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 150M(91M EXPORT CREDITS, 55M CAPITAL ASSISTANCE, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, 3.1 EXPORT AND FINANCIAL CREDITS),+GMW AID LOAN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; MILITARY-AID:+USA 2M;
 RESOURCES:3 COPPER 11% (NTH 22%,UNK 17%,ITA 14%,GMW 12%),
 10 IRON ORE 1.5%(JAP 78%,USA 13%,GMW 5.3%);
 TAF:0,090,000; TAF%POP:00.90; ME:00,213,000,000; ME%GNP:03.01;
 VCPRI01:ECONOMIC CRISIS, 400% INFLATION, DEVALUATION;
 VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, POST-COUP STABILITY,DEEPENING
 RIFT BETWEEN JUNTA+CATHOLIC CHURCH;
 VCPRI03:INTERNATIONAL CRITICISM OF COUP IMPRISONMENT+EXECUTION
 OF MARXISTS AND FOREIGNERS;
 VCPRI04:ATTRACT FOREIGN INVESTMENT;
 VCPRI05:UNEMPLOYMENT;
 EVENTS:RELATIONS BETWEEN MILITARY JUNTA+CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS
 DETERIORATES, NEW CABINET INSTALLED FOLLOWING RESIGNATION OF
 CABINET IN FACE OF ECONOMIC CRISIS OF 380% INFLATION IN 1974
 AND 60% IN FIRST QUARTER OF 1975 AND DEVALUATION, NEW PLAN TO
 CUT GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES 15-25%+ 10%INCREASE IN INCOME TAX,
 EXTERNAL DEBT NEGOTIATIONS POSTPONED, CHL PRIEST'S ARREST
 DEEPENS RIFT WITH CATHOLIC CHURCH AND MILITARY JUNTA,CATHOLIC
 YOUTHS AND PRIESTS ARRESTED, CHL RENews DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS
 WITH PER AFTER A 12 YR. SPLIT,CHL ANNOUNCES WILLINGNESS TO
 RELEASE ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS EXCEPT FOR CASES OF MAJOR
 GRAVITY;

CHINA,PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHN 710 675
 HST:PRM CHOU EN-LAI; HST:CP CHRMN MAO TSE-TUNG;
 DEF:CHIEN-YING; FOR:CHIAO KUAN-HUA; FIN:YIN CHENG-CHEN;
 AREA:3,691,501; POP:850,000,000; GNP:0,128,000,000,000; GNPPC:0150;
 BOR:USR; BOR:KON; BOR:MON; BOR:AFG; BOR:IND; BOR:PAK; BOR:BUR;
 BOR:NEP; BOR:BHU; BOR:LAO; BOR:VTN; BOR:HOK; BOR:MAC;
 ORG:UNO;
 AGREEMENTS:NEP ECONOMIC AID, PHI+TAI NORMALIZE RELATIONS, FRN
 REGULAR POLITICAL CONSULTATIONS, AUL \$A120M WHEAT;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES+SEMIMANUFACTURES 55, RAW MATERIALS+CHEMICALS 35,
 JAP 25, GMW 7, CAN 6, -MANUFACTURES+SEMI-MANUFACTURES 50, RAW
 MATERIALS+CHEMICALS 20, FOOD+DRINK+TOBACCO 30, HOK 23, JAP 13, SIN 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-SOM TOG SEN, -TAZ ZAM TRADE CREDITS+RAILROAD CONSTRUCTION,
 -PAK 200M CREDITS, -SYE 43M CREDITS, -SUD 42M CREDITS, -CEY 12M CREDITS,
 -GUI 10M CREDITS, -VTN 180M ECONOMIC+MILITARY ASSISTANCE,-NEP;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:ALB;
 TROOP-TRAINING:-TAZ; MILITARY-AID:-PAK VTN YEM CUB TAZ KON ALB;
 RESOURCES:1 RICE 40%, 6 SUGAR, 3 WHEAT 9%, 2 ANTIMONY ORE 18%,
 7 MANGANESE ORE 3.6%(JAP 85%, AUL 9%, DEN 5%), 3 COAL 18%(JAP 100%),
 4 MERCURY (FRN 33%, GMW 33%, UNK 33%);
 TAF:2,900,000; TAF%POP:00.34; ME:10,000,000,000; ME%GNP:07.81;
 VCPRI01:POWER STRUGGLE BETWEEN CHOU'S MODERATE NON-IDEOLOGICAL
 ECONOMICALLY ORIENTED SUPPORTERS+MAOISTS WHO ADVOCATE POLITICAL
 EDUCATION OF THE MASSES+REVOLUTIONARY RATIONALE FOR ECONOMIC+
 INTERNATIONAL DECISIONS;

VCPRI02:CONSOLIDATION OF DOMESTIC PROGRAMS AFTER INTERNAL TURMOIL OF CULTURAL REVOLUTION;
 VCPRI03:FOOD SELF-SUFFICIENCY,RECENT POPULACE TRENDS TO GROW CASH CROPS TO EXCLUSION OF FOOD PRODUCTION;
 VCPRI04:INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT;
 VCPRI05:DEVELOPMENT OF NUCLEAR+CONVENTIONAL MILITARY CAPABILITIES;
 VCPRI06:USR-CHN BORDER CONFLICTS;
 VCPRI07:VTS-CHN-PHI TERRITORIAL DISPUTE OVER SPRATLY+PARACEL ISLANDS;
 VCPRI08:ELIMINATION OF CHT AS LEGITIMATE REPRESENTATIVE OF CHINESE PEOPLE;
 VCPRI09:DEVELOP NEW STYLE OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS TO GAIN RESPECT ESPECIALLY AMONG THIRD WORLD NATIONS;
 VCPRI10:IDEOLOGICAL OBJECTIVE OF PROMOTING COMMUNISM THROUGHOUT WORLD;
 VCPRI11:USR-CHN IDEOLOGICAL DISPUTE+COMMUNIST LEADERSHIP CONTEST;
 VCPRI12:IMPROVEMENT OF RELATIONS WITH USA;
 VCPRI13:CHN-IND BORDER TENSION;
 VCPRI14:DETERIORATED RELATIONS WITH MON,MON-CHN BORDER CLASHES+CHARGED ILL TREATMENT OF MON MINORITIES IN CHN;
 EVENTS:CHN GIVES ELABORATE AND WARM WELCOME TO KOM PRS KIM IL SUNG IN PEKING TO DISCUSS USA POLICY IN INDOCHINA+KOS,
 CHN REFUSES MACAO TERRITORY FROM POR GIVEN TO PLACATE CHN ANGER AT WARMING RELATIONS BETWEEN POR+USR,CHN SPONSORS MOVE FOR WHO TO EXPEL CHT EMPLOYEES, IN WAKE OF CHT PRS CHIANG KAI-SHEK DEATH
 CHN PREDICTS REVOLT IN CHT TO REJOIN CHN, CHN CONGRATULATES IRN+IRQ ON RECENT SETTLEMENT+PROPOSES NEUTRALIZING PERSIAN GULF, CHN EXPRESSES FULL SUPPORT OF KOM EFFORTS FOR "PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION" WITH KOS, CHN CALLS ON PEOPLE OF SIKKIM TO FIGHT FOR INDEPENDENCE FROM IND-AND ACCUSES USR OF BEHIND-THE-SCENES BOSS OF IND EXPANSIONISM, CHN PRESS ATTACHE EXPELLED FROM CAN FOR ACTIVITIES INCOMPATIBLE WITH HIS DIPLOMATIC STATUS,CHN MOUNTS DIPLOMATIC ATTACKS ON USA IN INDOCHINA+OBSERVERS BELIEVE CHN WILL NOW PUSH FOR PATHET-LAO CONTROL IN LAO AFTER FALL OF CAM+VTS,CHN PROTESTS ILLEGAL ANNEXATION OF SIKKIM BY IND+REFUSES TO RECOGNIZE IT. CHN WILL ESTABLISH RELATIONS WITH EEC+CONSIDER A TRADE AGREEMENT,CHN ORDERS 600000 TONS OF WHEAT FROM USA + THEN CANCELS WITHOUT EXPLANATION, CHN DELEGATION ARRIVES IN NEP TO DISCUSS ECONOMIC+TECHNICAL CO-OPERATION, CHN CALLS ON USA TO END AID IN CAM, CHN HOSTS SEPARATELY COM PM+FRE MOZ LEADER+SIN FM+GUY PM+TUN PM, CHN CONGRATULATES VCG ON SUCCESS IN VTS,CHN FIRST DEPUTY PM TALKS WITH FRN PRS D'ESTAING, CHN SAYS IT WILL NOT BE ABLE TO DO ANYTHING ABOUT CAM SEIZURE OF USA SHIP,CHN RECEIVES BEL PM, CHN RECEIVES USA SEC OF COMMERCE TO PREPARE FOR USA PRS FORD'S VISIT, CHN ACCUSES USA OF PIRACY IN BOMBING CAM IN MAYAGUEZ INCIDENT,CHN CALLS ON BANNED INS COMMUNIST PARTY TO CARRY OUT AN ARMED STRUGGLE IN PURSUIT OF ITS AIMS, CHN OPENLY SUPPORTS ARMED GUERRILLA MOVEMENTS IN BUR;

CHINA,TAIWAN CHT 713 675

HST:PRS YEN CHIA-KAN; HST:PM GEN CHIANG CHING-KUO;
 FOR:SHEN CHANG-HUAN; FIN:LI KWON-TING; INT:LIN CHIN-SHENG;
 DEF:KAO KULI-YUAN;
 AREA:0,013,880; POP:015,000,000; GNP:0,009,700,000,000; GNPPC:0646;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:ASPAC (JAP AUL KOS NEW PHI TAI VTS LAO);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY TOOLS 13, ORES+METALS 12, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 11,
 JAP 43, USA 24, -CLOTHING 15, TEXTILES 14, FRUITS+VEGETABLES 12,
 TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMT 9, USA 40, JAP 15,HOK 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 37.9M;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:USA; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA 9000 AIR FORCE MEN +
 BASES, USA 7TH NAVAL FLEET OFFSHORE; MILITARY-AID:+USA 37.9M;
 TAF:0,530,000; TAF%POP:03.50; ME:00,700,000,000; ME%GNP:07.20;
 VCPRI01:MAINTAIN NATIONALIST CHINESE GOVT AFTER DEATH OF
 CHIANG KAI-SHEK;
 VCPRI02:MAINTAIN UNITY OF RULING KUOMINTANG PARTY AFTER DEATH
 OF CHANG KAI-SHEK;
 VCPRI03:THREAT OF CHN INVADING CHT+OR POSSESSIONS;
 VCPRI04:MAINTAIN SECURITY + LEGITIMACY OF CHT AS LEGAL GOVERNMENT IN
 INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM;
 VCPRI05:MAINTAIN ECONOMIC TRADING MARKETS IN FACE OF MOUNTING
 DIPLOMATIC ISOLATION;
 VCPRI06:MAINTAIN SECURITY OF TAIWAN STRAITS;
 VCPRI07:CONTINUED USA ECONOMIC + POLITICAL SUPPORT OF CHT;
 VCPRI08:NATIVE TAIWANESE POPULATION INCREASING TENSION AND OPEN
 DISSATISFACTION WITH DOMINANCE OF CHINESE FROM MAINLAND;
 VCPRI09:RETURN OF NON-COMMUNIST KUOMINTANG TO MAINLAND GOVERNMENT
 AS SOLE REPRESENTATIVE OF CHINA;
 EVENTS:CHT PRS CHIANG KAI-SHEK DIES OF HEART ATTACK,CHT IS EXPECTED TO
 REFUSE TO NEGOTIATE WITH CHN ABOUT REUNION, CHT HESITATES
 ON ALLOWING FORMER KUOMINTANG MILITARY OFFICERS IMPRISONED BY
 CHN FOR OVER 20 YEARS TO COME TO CHT NOW THAT CHN HAS RELEASED
 THEM, CHT OFFERS TO SEND SHIPS TO HELP EVACUATE VTS REFUGEES
 FROM DANANG, CHT PRS YEN URGES CHINESE ON MAINLAND TO JOIN
 HANDS WITH FREE CHINESE TO OVERTHROW CHN;

COLOMBIA COL 100 675
 HST:PRS LOPEZ MICHELSON;
 FOR:VASQUEZ-CARISOZA; DEF:GEN H. CURREA-CUBIDES; INT:R. ARENAS;
 FIN:L. ECHAVARRIA;
 AREA:0,455,335; POP:023,000,000; GNP:0,007,590,000,000; GNPPC:0330;
 BOR:PAN; BOR:BRA; BOR:VEN; BOR:PER; BOR:ECU;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:LAFTA; ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS; ORG:ANDEAN
 COMMON MARKET(BOL CHL ECU PER VEN);
 AGREENTS:CUB DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;
 TRADE:+MECHANICAL EQUIPMT 32, CHEMICALS 20, MOTOR VEHICLES 14,
 USA 48, GMW 8, JAP 6, SPN 5, -COFFEE 61, CRUDE OIL 5, USA 36,
 GMW 14, NTH 5, SPN 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 100M(CAPITAL ASST 102M, TECHNICAL ASST 7M),
 +AUS 1.2M LOANS;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USA OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA OFFICER TRAINING;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 3.9M;
 RESOURCES:2 COFFEE 13%;
 TAF:0,098,000; TAF%POP:00.42; ME:00,117,000,000; ME%GNP:01.54;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS FROM LEFTIST TERRORISTS;
 VCPRI02:DOMESTIC POLITICAL UNREST FROM LEFT AND RIGHT WING
 POLITICAL PARTY DISSENSION;
 VCPRI03:BOUNDARY DISPUTES WITH NEIGHBORS PER ECU PAN BRA VEN;
 VCPRI04:SUSPECTED EXTERNAL SUBVERSION FROM CUB GUERRILLA
 INFILTRATION;

CONGO BRAZZAVILLE CON 484 675
 HST:PRS MAJ MARIEN NGOUABI;
 FOR:A. ICKONGA; DEF:PRS MAJ NGOUABI; FIN:B. MATINGOU;
 INT:D. OTOUA;
 AREA:0,132,000; POP:000,920,000; GNP:0,000,194,000,000; GNPPC:0072;
 BOR:COP; BOR:GAB; BOR:CAO; BOR:CEN;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:UDEAC(CAO GEN GAB); ORG:FRANC ZONE;
 ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
 TRADE:+MOTOR VEHICLES 10, MACHINERY 7, IRON+STEEL 4, COTTON
 FABRICS 4, FRN 58, GMW 10, -TIMBER 53, DIAMONDS 9, GMW 25,
 NTH 19, BEL-LUX 14, FRN 12;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:FRN, FRN CEN CHA, FRN DAH NIR UPP IVO;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+CUB FRN USR ALG CHN UAR ADVISORS;
 TAF:0,002,300; TAF%POP:00.20;
 VCPRI01:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION AND RIVALRIES;
 VCPRI02:GOVERNMENT ELITE INSTABILITY, FREQUENT POWER
 STRUGGLES FROM PROBLEMS WITH CIVILIAN-MILITARY RELATIONSHIP;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS FROM IDEOLOGICAL DIVISIONS,
 GOVERNMENT RETREATING FROM STRONG LEFTIST POSTION;
 EVENTS: CON PM LOPEZ VISITS CHN;

ZAIRE (CONGO-KINSHASA) COP 490 675
 HST:PRS MOBUTU SESE SEKO;
 FOR:NGUZA K. BOND; DEF:PRS MOBUTU SEKO; FIN:BARUTI WANDWALI;
 AREA:0,905,328; POP:024,400,000; GNP:0,002,300,000,000; GNPPC:0094;
 BOR:CEN; BOR:CON; BOR:ANG; BOR:ZAM; BOR:TAZ; BOR:RWA;
 BOR:BUI; BOR:UGA; BOR:SUD;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
 TRADE:+NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 13, ROAD VEHICLES 12, ELECTRICAL
 MACHINERY 6, PETOL PRODUCTS 5, BEL-LUX 24, USA 11, GMW 10,
 -COPPER 67, BEL-LUX 43, ITA 11, UNK 7;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+BEL 44.5M(TECHNICAL ASST 22.8M, FINANCIAL ASST 21.7M);
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 3.1M;
 RESOURCES:6 COPPER 6%, 7 TIN CONCENTRATES(BEL-LUX 62%, NTH 22%,
 SPN 15%), 8 ZINC ORE 2.4%(BEL-LUX 86%, FRN 13%), 9 MANGANESE ORE 1.8%
 (USA 36%, BEL-LUX 29%, MOR 20%), 9 RUBBER;
 TAF:0,050,000; TAF%POP:00.20; ME:00,084,000,000; ME%GNP:03.60;
 VCPRI01:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH BEL;
 VCPRI02:MAINTAIN SECURE BORDERS AGAINST SUSPECTED INFILTRATION

+ SUBVERSION;

VCPRIO3: MAINTAIN GOVT ELITE IN POWER AND EXTEND CONTROL THROUGHOUT NATION;

VCPRIO4: BUILD COMPETENT AND LOYAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT;

VCPRIO5: MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION;

VCPRIO6: SECESSION MOVEMENTS;

VCPRIO7: ATTRACT FOREIGN INVESTMENTS TO AID DEVELOPMENT;

EVENTS: JOINT EFFORTS OF USA+TAZ TO NEGOTIATE RELEASE OF 3 USA NATIONALS HELD BY UGA MARXIST TERRORISTS IN COP COULD BE SPLINTERED AS USA THINKS NEGOTIATIONS ARE TAZ RESPONSIBILITY AND TAZ THINKS ITS THE USA'S;

COSTA RICA COS 094 C75

HST: PRS D. QUIROS ODUBER;

FOR: LIC FACIO SEGREDÁ; FIN: C. VARGAS; INT: LIC MONTERO CASTRO;

DEF: PUBLIC SECURITY T.V. VEGA;

AREA: 0,019,575; POP: 001,842,831; GNP: 0,000,734,000,000; GNPPC: 0436;

BOR: PAN; BOR: NIC;

ORG: UNO; ORG: OAS; ORG: ODECA (GUA HON NIC ELS);

TRADE: +PRIMARY GOODS 34, MACHINERY+EQUIPMENT 23, CONSUMER GOODS 22, USA 33, JAP 11, GUA 8, -BANANAS 32, COFFEE 26, USA 41, GMW 9, GUA 7;

ECONOMIC-AID: +VEN LOANS TO AID COFFEE BOYCOTT;

DEFENSE-PACTS: OAS;

TAF: 0,005,000 PARAMILITARY ONLY; TAF%POP: 00.27;

VCPRIO1: UNDEVELOPED AGRICULTURAL-BASED ECONOMY;

VCPRIO2: MAINTAIN FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH USA IN SPITE OF COFFEE BOYCOTT (80% OF COFFEE GOES TO USA);

CUBA CUB 040 G75

HST: PM MAJ FIDEL CASTRO;

FOR: ROA Y GARCIA; INT: MAJ S.D.V. JIMENEZ; DEF: MAJ RAUL CASTRO;

FIN: O. DORTICOS TORRADO;

AREA: 0,044,218; POP: 008,750,000; GNP: 0,004,500,000,000; GNPPC: 0514;

BOR: ISLAND;

ORG: UNO; ORG: COMECON;

AGREEMENTS: COL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;

TRADE: +USR C1, CHN 7, FRN 6, -SUGAR 85, USR 44, CHN 9, SPN 6;

ECONOMIC-AID: +USR 1M DAILY, +ARG 200M CREDITS;

DEFENSE-PACTS: USR; TROOP-TRAINING: +USR 3000 INSTRUCTOR ADVISERS;

TROOPS+BASES: +USR TROOPS, +USA NAVAL BASE GUANTANAMO;

MILITARY-AID: +USR;

RESOURCES: 2 SUGAR 8%, 4 NICKEL ORE 5%;

TAF: 0,329,000; TAF%POP: 03.76; ME: 00,290,000,000; ME%GNP: 06.44;

VCPRIO1: EXTREME DEPENDENCE ON + PENETRATION BY USR;

VCPRIO2: HOSTILE RELATIONS + TERRITORIAL WATERS WITH USA;

VCPRIO3: UNDEVELOPED + 1 CROP BASED ECONOMY;

VCPRIO4: POTENTIAL THREAT OF INVASION + SUBVERSION BY CUB REFUGEES;

VCPRIO5: OAS BOYCOTT + ECONOMIC SANCTIONS;

EVENTS: USA RESPONDS TO CUB OVERTURES FOR REOPENING RELATIONS+ VOTES

TO -IN ESSENCE- WITHDRAW OAS SANCTIONS AGAINST CUB FOLLOWING
A VISIT BY USA SENATOR MCGOVERN, OAS DECIDES TO HOLD SPECIAL
SESSION AIMED AT LIFTING CUB EMBARGO, CUB DEPUTY PM HOLDS
TALKS WITH UNK TRADE DELEGATION, CUB PM URGES USA TO PARTIALLY
LIFT ITS EMBARGO BY SENDING FOOD + MEDICAL SUPPLIES;

CYPRUS CYP 352 675

HST:PRS MAKARIOS;

FOR:J.CHRISTOFIDES; FIN:A.PATSALIDES; INT:C.VENIAMIN; DEF:C.VENIAMIN;

AREA:0,003,572; POP:000,651,000; GNP:0,000,693,000,000; GNPPC:1064;

BOR:ISLAND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE;

AGREEMENTS:FOR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 23, MANUFACTURES 21, FOOD 10, UNK 29,
ITA 10, GMW 7, -CITRUS FRUITS 26, COPPER 13, POTATOES 10, UNK 41, USR 5,
GMW 12;

TROOP-TRAINING:+GRC TUR;

TROOPS+BASES:UNO PEACEKEEPING FORCE 3500-6000, 2 UNK AF BASES, 950 GRC
TRAINING FORCE, 650 TUR TRAINING FORCE;

RESOURCES:9 CHROMIUM ORE .6%;

TAF:0,004,000; TAF%POP:00.62;

VCPRIO1:SUCCESS OF CYPRIOT PEACE TALKS TO RESOLVE OUTSTANDING
ISSUES BETWEEN GREEK-CYPRIOTS+TURKISH-CYPRIOTS;

VCPRIO2:FUTURE GOVERNMENT OF CYPRUS, TUR UNILATERALLY DECLARES A
SEPARATE STATE IN CYPRIOT FEDERAL SYSTEM, GREEK CYPRIOTS REJECT TUR
PARTITION;

VCPRIO3;THREAT OF RENEWED WAR, ACTIVE CONFLICT SITUATION BETWEEN GRC+TUR
FOR CONTROL OF CYP + SAFEGUARDING OF GRC+TUR CYPRIOTS;

VCPRIO4:RE-EMERGENCE OF EOKA-B UNDERGROUND MOVEMENT FOR ENOSIS OR
REUNION OF CYPRUS WITH GRC;

VCPRIO5:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, CONTROLS EAST MEDITERRANEAN;

EVENTS:SHOOTING BREAKS OUT ALONG 3 MILE 'GREEN LINE' DIVIDING GRC +
TUR CYP-UN FORCES FAIL TO ENFORCE CEASEFIRE, TALKS BETWEEN GRC-
CYP + TUR-CYP RESUME APRIL 25 WITH UN SEC GEN WALDHEIM PLAYING
AN ACTIVE ROLE, AT CYP PEACE TALKS IN AUS CYP LEADERS AGREE TO
FORM A COMMISSION TO STUDY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS, "WOMEN
WALK HOME" KEPT A SILENT VIGIL NEAR TUR MINEFIELDS TO PROTEST
FOR GRC-CYP RIGHT TO RETURN HOME, GRC-CYP+TUR-CYP ALMOST AGREE
BUT HELD UP BY TUR GOVT WHO WANTS PACKAGE DEAL OF WITHDRAWAL
FROM CYP FOR OIL FIELDS FROM GRC, TUR-CYP WANT 50-50

REPRESENTATION IN FEDERAL ESTABLISHMENTS-GRC WANTS STRONG
CENTRAL GOVT WITH SEPARATE CANTONS-TUR WANTS SEPARATE ZONES
WITH WEAK CENTRAL GOVT, CYP PRS MAKARIOS CALLS FOR MULTIREGIONAL
FEDERATION ON CYP, CYP GOVT AGREES WITH GRC TO CALL FOR EMERGENCY
MEETING OF UNO SECURITY COUNCIL, GRC-CYP PREPARED TO SACRIFICE
SELVES TO PREVENT PERMANENT SEPARATION OF CYP, GRC-CYP DEMAND+
TUR-CYP REFUSE RETURN OF 200000 GRC-CYP TO THE GRC HALF OF CYP,
GRC-CYP POSTPONE COMPLAINT TO HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION ON
ALLEGED TUR ATROCITIES IF TUR-CYP WILL POSTPONE REFERENDUM ON
THEIR CONSTITUTION, GRC-CYP WARNS UNK NATIONALS +OTHER FOREIGNERS

THAT REGISTRATION OF THEIR PROPERTY WITH TUR WOULD HARM THEIR
LEGAL RIGHTS;

CZECHOSLOVAKIA CZE 315 075

HST:PRS GUSTAV HUSAK;

FOR:B. CHROUPEK; DEF:GEN M. DZUR; FIN:R. ROHLICEK;

INT:DR. J. OBZINA;

AREA:0,049,370; POP:014,480,000; GNP:0,032,900,000.000; GNPPC:2270;

BOR:GMW; BOR:GME; BOR:POL; BOR:USR; BOR:AUS; BOR:HUN;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COMECON; ORG:WARSAW PACT;

AGREEMENTS:POL BORDER ADJUSTMENT;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 34, BASIC MANUFACTURES 15,

CRUDE MATERIALS EXCEPT FUEL 13, FOOD + LIVE ANIMALS 11,

USR 34, GME 12, POL 7, -MACHINERY 30, MOTOR VEHICLES 10,

IRON+STEEL 9, USR 32, GMW 11, POL 8;

DEFENSE-PACTS:WARSAW PACT, USR;

TROOPS+BASES:+USR 20000 TROOPS; MILITARY-AID:+USR;

RESOURCES:10 CRUDE STEEL, 10 ANTIMONY ORE 12, 10 PIG IRON

(YUG 23% JAP 10% SWD 6%), 10 FERROUS ALLOYS (GMW 13%, AUS 5%, ITA 4%);

TAF:0,190,000; TAF%POP:01.30; ME:01,965,000,000; ME%GNP:05.97;

VCPRIO1:THREAT OF RESURGENCE OF LIBERALISM+PRO-WEST POPULACE

ATTITUDES, RENEWED"ANTI-DUBCEK"CAMPAIGN;

VCPRIO2:SUBORDINATION TO USR POLITICAL + MILITARY POLICIES;

VCPRIO3:ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION-HISTORIC CZECH SLOVAK DISCRIMINATION;

VCPRIO4:HOSTILITY WITHIN EAST EUROPEAN BLOC DUE TO CZE HIGH
INDUSTRIALIZATION VERSUS OTHERS NON-INDUSTRIALIZED ECONOMIES;

VCPRIO5:THREAT OF DISRUPTION + SUBVERSION INTO EASTERN EUROPE

SOCIALIST NATIONS IF YUG IS THROWN INTO REBELLION + CRISIS AFTER

TITO'S DEATH, THEREFORE, WARSAW PACT PLAN TO INVAD YUG IF SUCH CRISIS

OCCURS, BUT CZE POPULACE + ARMY ELEMENTS AGAINST AN INVASION;

VCPRIO6:LATENT THREAT OF USR MILITARY INVASION IF CZE POLICIES

DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM USR GUIDELINES;

VCPRIO7:GEOGRAPHIC SHAPE+POSITION PUTS VITAL REGIONS OF CZE

WITHIN EASY STRIKING DISTANCE OF FRONTIERS+LITTLE OPPORTUNITY FOR
EFFECTIVE AIR DEFENSE;

EVENTS:CZE PM STROUGAL STATES CZE+ OTHER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES ARE AIMED

AT DIMINISHING THE POSSIBILITY OF CONFRONTATION AND DECREASING

TENSION IN THE MILITARY FIELD,CZE CP CHIEF HUSAK DENOUNCES

LIBERAL LEADER DUBCEK+ SUGGESTS HE LEAVE CZE,RENEWED CAMPAIGN AGAINST

LIBERALISM INCLUDES HOUSE SEARCHES+ARRESTS;

DAHOMEY DAH 434 075

HST:PRS GEN MATHIEU KEREKOU;

FOR:GEN M. ALLADYE; DEF:M.AIKPE; FIN:I. AMOUSSOU;

INT:CAPT. M. AIKPE;

AREA:0,043,483; POP:002,830,000; GNP:0,000,218,000,000; GNPPC:0077;

BOR:NIR; BOR:UPP; BOR:NIG; BOR:TOG;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:OCAM; ORG:COUNCIL OF ENTENTE(IVO NIR UPP TOG);

ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG
NIR SIE TOG UPP NLI GUI SEN GHA);

AGREEMENTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+WOVEN COTTON FABRICS 11, FOOD+LIVE ANIMALS 8, CHEMICALS 6,
 NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 5, ROAD VEHICLES 4, FRN 39, NTH 7, USA 6,
 -PALM PRODUCTS 34, COCOA 24, COTTON 19, FRN 36, NIR, 13, NTH 13;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN 10M;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:FRN INTERNAL SECURITY; TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN;
 TROOPS+BASES:+FRN BASE-RIGHTS; MILITARY-AID:+FRN ARMS;
 VCPRI01:DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIALIST STATE WITH VIABLE+BENEFICIAL ECONOMIC
 SYSTEM;
 VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS FROM TRIBAL-REGIONAL DIVISIONS
 AMONG POLITICIANS AS EVIDENCED BY FREQUENT COUP D'ETATS;
 VCPRI03:DEPENDENCY ON FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI05:DENSE POPULATION;

DENMARK DEN 390 675
 HST:PM POUL HARTLING; HST:QUEEN MARGRETHE II;
 FOR:O. GULDBERG; FIN:A. ANDERSEN; DEF:E. BROENDUM;
 INT:J. SOERSESEN;
 AREA:0,016,619; POP:005,100,000; GNP:0,020,300,000,000; GNPPC:3980;
 BOR:GMW;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:EEC; ORG:NATO;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 19, FUELS 10, VEHICLES 9, CHEMICALS 9,
 YARN+TEXTILES 8, IRON+STEEL 7, EEC 32, SWD 17, UNK 19,
 -MACHINERY 21, MEATS+PRODUCE 18, CHEMICALS 6, EEC 12, UNK 19, SWD 16;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN 150M 5-YR LOAN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO;
 RESOURCES:7 BARLEY 3.6%;
 TAF:0,039,800; TAF%POP:00.80; ME:00,378,000,000; ME%GNP:00.73;
 VCPRI01:CONTROVERSY OVER CONTINUED MEMBERSHIP IN EEC + FURTHER
 INTEGRATION POLICIES;
 VCPRI02:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH UNK OVER EEC MEMBERSHIP+UNK
 VIOLATION OF DEN TERRITORIAL WATERS FOR FISHING;
 VCPRI03:FISHING+SEA RESOURCE RIGHTS CONTROVERSY OVER 12 OR
 200 MILE OFFSHORE LIMITS,WILL EXTEND TO 200 MILE IF ICE DOES;
 VCPRI04:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION ON BALTIC SEA;
 VCPRI05:DEFENSE OF GREENLAND LEFT TO USA + NATO;
 EVENTS:DEN FM VISITS CZE;

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC DOM 042 675
 HST:PRS DR. JOAQUIN BALAGUER;
 FOR:DR. GOMEZ BERGES; DEF:R.ADM. JIMENEZ; FIN:C.J. SELIMAN;
 INT:BRIG GEN DE JESUS CHECO;
 AREA:0,018,816; POP:004,300,000; GNP:0,001,850,000,000; GNPPC:0430;
 BOR:HAI;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 16, CHEMICALS 13, FOODSTUFFS 12, CARS 11, FUELS 8,
 USA 56, JAP 13, CAN 8, -SUGAR 57, COFFEE 10, TOBACCO 8, USA 84;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; TROOPS+BASES:+USA 50 ADVISORS;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 2.1M;

TAF:0,025,000; TAF%POP:00.58; ME:00,036,000,000; ME%GNP:01.97;
 VCPRI01:GOVERNMENTAL ELITE STABILITY, RECENT SPLIT BETWEEN
 CIVILIAN PRS BALAGUER + MILITARY SUPPORTERS;
 VCPRI02:TERRORISM;
 VCPRI03:MAINTAIN 193 MILE BORDER SECURITY WITH HAI;
 VCPRI04:ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON USA;
 VCPRI05:BLACK MARKET FROM HAI CITIZENS CROSSING ILLEGALLY INTO MORE
 PROSPEROUS DOM;
 EVENTS:4 TOP DOM MILITARY CHIEFS RESIGN FACING PRS BALAGUER
 WITH WORST POLITICAL CRISIS IN 9 YEARS, DOM GOVT SAYS IT IS IN
 FULL CONTROL OF SITUATION;

ECUADOR ECU 130 675
 HST:PRS GEN RODRIGUEZ LARD;
 FOR:DR. LUCIO PARNDAS; DEF:GEN M. ALMEIDA JATIVA;
 FIN:J. MONCAYO GARCIA; INT:R. ADM. A. POVEDA;
 AREA:0,116,270; POP:006,598,300; GNP:0,001,830,000,000; GNPPC:0277;
 BOR:COL; BOR:PER;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ANDEAN COMMON MARKET(BOL COL PER CHL ECU VEN);
 TRADE:+RAW MATERIALS+PRODUCTS 45, CARS 26, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 16,
 USA 42, JAP 10, GMW 9, -BANANAS 51, COFFEE 15, COCOA 11, USA 36,
 JAP 25, GMW 10;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+ISR CIVIC ACTION PROGRAM;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 2M;
 RESOURCES:4 COFFEE 4%;
 TAF:0,028,100; TAF%POP:00.45; ME:00,052,000,000; ME%GNP:02.84;
 VCPRI01:CLAIMS 200-MILE OFFSHORE TERRITORIAL LIMIT;
 VCPRI02:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH USA,ECU SEIZURE + FINING
 OF USA FISHING BOATS RESULTED IN USA TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF
 MILITARY AID;
 VCPRI03:SEEKS REVISION OF ITS AMAZON VALLEY BOUNDARY WITH PER;
 VCPRI04:DESIRES ACCESS TO MARANON RIVER,TRIBUTARY OF AMAZON;

EL SALVADOR ELS 092 675
 HST:PRS COL. ARMANDO MOLINA;
 FOR:M. BORGONOVO; DEF:COL. C. HUMBERTO ROMERO; FIN:G. HIDALGO QUEHL;
 INT:COL. MARTINEZ VARELA;
 AREA:0,008,260; POP:003,760,000;
 BOR:GUA; BOR:HON;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS;
 TRADE:+BASIC MANUFACTURES 36, CHEMICALS 22, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT
 EQUIPMT 21, USA 30, GUA 19, JAP 10, -COFFEE 41, COTTON 13, GMW 25,
 GUA 17, USA 12;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+VEN LOANS TO AID COFFEE BOYCOTT, +VEN AID;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA ORGANIZED AIR FORCE;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA .2M;
 RESOURCES:8 COFFEE 4%;
 TAF:0,004,800; TAF%POP:00.12; ME:00,012,200,000;
 VCPRI01:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH HON-SOCCER WAR;
 VCPRI02:BORDER DISPUTE WITH HON;

VCPRI03:FOREIGN WORKERS-ELS WORKERS IN HON ADDS TO DISPUTE;
 VCPRI04:1 PRODUCT ECONOMY SUFFERING FROM LOW WORLD COFFEE PRICES;
 VCPRI05:MAINTAIN FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH USA IN SPITE OF
 COFFEE BOYCOTT(80-90% COFFEE GOES TO USA);
 VCPRI06:RAPID POPULATION GROWTH;

EQUATORIAL GUINEA GUE 440 675

HST:PRS MACIAS NGUENA;
 FOR:PRS NGUENA; DEF:PRS NGUENA;
 AREA:0,010,852; POP:000,300,000; GNP:0,000,038,500,000; GNPPC:0128;
 BOR:CAO; BOR:GAB;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU;
 TRADE:+SPN 58, -COCOA 44, COFFEE 21, TIMBER 19, SPN 97;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+SPN;
 TAF:0,006,000; TAF%POP:02.00;
 VCPRI01:DEPENDENCY ON FORMER COLONIAL POWER SPN;
 VCPRI02:LOW WORLD MARKET PRICES FOR GUE EXPORTS;
 VCPRI03:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

ETHIOPIA ETH 530 675

HST:KING MERID AZMATCH ASFA WOSSEN; HST:PRS TEFERI BENTI;
 FOR:K. WODAJU; DEF:A. MANDEFRO; INT:B. JEMANEH;
 AREA:0,471,766; POP:025,800,000; GNP:0,002,070,000,000; GNPPC:0079;
 BOR:SOM; BOR:KEN; BOR:SUD;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:EAST AFRICAN UNION (SOM KEN SUD);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 14, CHEMICALS 11, CARS 10, ELECTRIC EQUIPMT 6,
 ITA 16, JAP 15, GNM 11, -COFFEE 56, OILSEEDS 10, HIDES+SKINS 8,
 USA 44, GNM 8, SAU 6;
 DEFENSE-FACTS:KEN; TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK NAVAL, +SWD AIR FORCE,
 +ISR INFANTRY; TROOPS+BASES:+USA 1500 AT KAGNEW;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 22.3M, +USA 30M;
 TAF:0,044,570; TAF%POP:00.17; ME:00,044,400,000; ME%GNP:02.14;
 VCPRI01:SECESSIONIST ERITREAN CIVIL WAR, LOSS OF ERITREA WOULD MEAN THE
 LOSS OF ETH'S TWO RED SEA PORTS-ASSAB+MASSAWA;
 VCPRI02:DEVELOPMENT OF ETH SOCIALIST STATE WITH NATIONALIZATION
 ESPECIALLY IN AGRICULTURE,WIDESPREAD POPULACE RESISTANCE;
 VCPRI03:WIDESPREAD DROUGHT + FAMINE CENTERED IN OGADEN REGION, FORMER
 ETH GOVERNMENT REFUSED TO ADMIT FAMINE + THUS REFUSED INTERNATIONAL AID;
 VCPRI04:ENCIRCLEMENT BY HOSTILE ARAB AND MOSLEM NEIGHBORS WITH
 IRREDENTIST CLAIMS,ARABS SUPPORT THE ELF;
 VCPRI05:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION,RED SEA ENTRANCE;
 VCPRI06:MULTIPLE ETHNIC + TRIBAL GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES;
 VCPRI07:SOM BORDER DISPUTE;
 VCPRI08:ETH RAILROAD WHICH RUNS FROM ABYSSIAN PLATEAU TO SEAPORT OF
 DJIBOUTI IN FRN TERRITORY OF AFARS+ISSAS FREQUENTLY HIT BY ELF;
 EVENTS:NEW FAMINE STRIKES ETH WITH MORE THAN 100000 DYING,ETH
 SECURITY FORCE KILLS 5 CIVILIANS ACCUSED OF PLOTTING AGAINST THE
 LEFT-WING RULING MILITARY COUNCIL, 30000 ETH REFUGEES CROSS
 INTO SUD,ETH MILITARY COUNCIL ARRESTS SOME OF ITS OWN OFFICERS
 ALLEGEDLY ATTEMPTING TO FREE HAILE SELASSIE + OVERTHROW THE

COUP, UNK REUTERS CORRESPONDENT EXPELLED FROM ETH, ETH MILITARY ABANDONS POLICY OF RESTRAINT AGAINST ERITREAN REBELS, ASMARA-ERITREAN CAPITAL-IS UNDER SEIGE, FURTHER FIGHTING BETWEEN ETH FORCES AND ERITREAN REBELS, SUD APPEALS FOR CEASEFIRE -ELF REFUSES, STATE OF EMERGENCY DECLARED IN ERITREA, MASS DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST ERITREAN SECESSION BEGIN, EEC COUNTRIES PROTEST ALLEGED RESTRICTIONS OF CITIZENS' MOVEMENTS TO ETH, WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES PROTESTS THAT THOUSANDS IN ERITREA WILL STARVE IN DROUGHT BECAUSE ETH GOVT HAS CUT RELIEF SUPPLIES TO THE AREA, ETH CIVIL WAR CONTINUES DESPITE MUTUAL ACCEPTANCE OF SUD PEACE PROPOSAL CALLING FOR CEASEFIRE+AMNESTY+PEACE TALKS, UNDER WESTERN PRESSURE ETH RELAXES BAN ON RELIEF SUPPLIES TO ERITREA;

FINLAND FIN 375 675

HST:PM KALEVI SORSA;

FOR:AHTI KARJALAINEN; FIN:J. VIROLAINEN; DEF:K. GESTRIN;

INT:H. TUOMINEN;

AREA:0,130,119; POP:004,630,000; GNP:0,012,600,000,000; GNPPC:2721;

BOR:SWD; BOR:USR; BOR:NOR;

ORG:UNO; ORG:EFTA; ORG:OECD; ORG:NORDIC COUNCIL(DEN ICE SWD NOR);

AGREEMENTS:VTS PRG DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 32, MANUFACTURES 20, MINERALS+ FUELS 12, SWD 17, GNM 16, USR 14, -PAPER 29, TIMBER 16, WOOD+PULP 10,

UNK 19, SWD 16, USR 11;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USR;

RESOURCES:7 CHROMIUM ORE 2.8%;

TAF:0,039,500; TAF%POP:00.85; ME:00,175,000,000; ME%GNP:01.38;

VCPRI01:USR FORCED NEUTRALITY;

VCPRI02:INTERNAL DEBATE+BICKERING OVER DOMESTIC ECONOMIC PROGRAMS;

VCPRI03:WORSENING TRADE BALANCE;

EVENTS:FIN POLICE ARREST USA SPY ACCUSED OF COLLECTING DOCUMENTS VITAL TO FIN NEUTRALITY;

FRANCE FRN 220 675

HST:PRS VALERY GISCARD D'ESTAING;

FOR:J.SAUVAGNARGUES; INT:M.PONIAOWSKI; DEF:Y.BOURGES;

AREA:0,212,918; POP:051,915,000; GNP:0,202,000,000,000; GNPPC:3890;

BOR:BEL; BOR:LUX; BOR:GNM; BOR:SWZ; BOR:ITA; BOR:SPN; BOR:AND;

ORG:NATO; ORG:EEC; ORG:WEU; ORG:UNO; ORG:OECD; ORG:SEATO;

AGREEMENTS:CHN POLITICAL CONSULTATIONS, LBY AGRICULTURE+FOOD

EXPORTS+PROFESSIONAL TRAINING, USR CO-OPERATION,

CAN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS, BRA CONCORDE JET LANDING IN RIO;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 26, MANUFACTURES 21, NON-ELECTRIC

MACHINERY 14, EEC 50, USA 8, UNK 5, -MACHINERY 25, MOTOR

VEHICLES 16, TEXTILES 11, EEC 49, USA 5, SWZ 5;

ECONOMIC-AID:-85% FRN FORMER COLONIES, -ALG 13%, -CAO IVO

MOR TUN NIR GAB 33%, -SAU 750M, -GRC 280M FRANCS, -UAR 500M FRANCS,

+IRQ 1B;

DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO NOT IN MILITARY COMMAND STRUCTURE, FORMER

COLONIES; TROOPS+BASES:-GMW WBE CHA MAG FRN SOMALILAND
 AFARS+ISSAS SEN; MILITARY-AID:-GRC 135 AMX-30 TANKS+ANTI-TANK
 MISSILES;
 RESOURCES:3 URANIUM 8%,6 BAUXITE 5%(GMW 57%, UNK 28%, ITA 11%),
 7 IRON ORE (BEL-LUX 73%, GMW 27%);
 TAF:0,503,600; TAF%POP:00.97; ME:06,202,000,000; ME%GNP:03.07;
 VCPRI01:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH UNK,EEC RENEGOTIATIONS+
 CHANNEL TUNNEL CUTOFF+ CONTINENTAL SHELF DISPUTE;
 VCPRI02:DEPENDENCE ON ARAB OIL,HIGH IMPORT COSTS CREATING
 ECONOMIC CRISIS;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL POLITICAL FRAGMENTATION + COALITION MAINTENANCE;
 VCPRI04:INDEPENDENT NUCLEAR DEFENSE CAPABILITY,FRN CLAIMS NUCLEAR
 CAPABILITIES EQUAL TO USR+USA;
 VCPRI05:SUPERPOWER DOMINANCE GLOBAL POLITICS;
 VCPRI06:USA DOMINANCE EUROPEAN POLITICS + MILITARY POLICIES,FRN
 CHAMPION OF INDEPENDENT EUROPEAN POLICIES,ESPECIALLY AFTER FALL OF
 VTS + CAM TO COMMUNISTS + USA SECURITY COMMITMENTS QUESTIONED;
 VCPRI07:NUCLEAR TESTS PACIFIC OCEAN;
 VCPRI08:WEST EUROPE ECONOMIC + POLITICAL LEADERSHIP COMPETITION GMW;
 VCPRI09:EEC COOPERATION + FUTURE INTEGRATION;
 VCPRI10:RELATIONSHIP FORMER COLONIES, EXPLOITATION CHARGES;
 VCPRI11:FOREIGN WORKERS;
 VCPRI12:BASQUE SEPARATIST GUERRILLAS + TERRORISM;
 VCPRI13:FRN-GMW BORDER;
 EVENTS:FORMER FM JOBERT LAUNCHES NEW MOVEMENT CALLING FOR FRN TO STAY
 OUT OF USA+USR ORBITS,FRN PRS D'ESTAING EXPRESSES FRN INTEREST
 IN A POLITICAL SETTLEMENT IN SE ASIA DUE TO DECLINING USA
 INFLUENCE + LACK OF USA PRS FORD'S LEADERSHIP THERE,FRN PRS
 D'ESTAING VISITS ALG AS FIRST EUROPEAN HST TO VISIT ALG SINCE
 INDEPENDENCE IN 1962 SIGNALING WARMER RELATIONS BETWEEN FRN +
 ALG, EEC CONSIDERS LEGAL ACTION AGAINST FRN FOR BREACH OF EEC
 RULES BY BANNING ITA WINES IN FRN-BUT FRN AGREES TO LIFT BAN
 WHEN EEC FINDS WAYS OF DISPOSING OF FRN WINE SURPLUS, FRN+
 ALG VISIT SUCCESSFUL RESULTING IN ENERGY+RAW MATERIALS CONFERENCE
 CO-OPERATION IN ENGINEERING+STEEL+TELEVISION-GAS PIPELINE LINKING
 ALG + FRN, FRN TO IMPROVE CONDITIONS FOR ALGERIANS IN FRN +
 ALG TO EASE RESTRICTIONS ON REPATRIATION OF BLOCK FUNDS OF
 FORMER FRN SETTLERS-FRN HAS DESIGNS TO PLAY KEY ROLE BETWEEN
 EUROPE+AFRICA+ARAB WORLD - ALL OUTSTANDING ISSUES RESOLVED,
 FRN GOVT DECLARES READINESS TO SEE THAT VIETNAMESE "COUNCIL OF
 RECONCILIATION" IS SET UP, FRN EMBASSY IN CAM REMAINS SURROUNDED
 + WITHOUT SUFFICIENT FOOD+WATER AFTER KHMER ROUGE TAKE OVER,600
 IN FRN EMBASSY IN CAM ARE FINALLY ESCORTED TO TAI BORDER,
 FRN SEEKS NAVAL BASE IN MAU AFTER UNK DEPARTS, FRN MAJOR SENT
 TO NEGOTIATE RELEASE OF 2 FRN PRISONERS IN CHA IS EXECUTED BY
 CHA REBELS, FRN TERRORISTS(MEINHOF-PUIG ANTICH)EXPLODE BOMB
 NEAR NUCLEAR REACTOR+ IN FRN IBM OFFICE,FRN PRS D'ESTAING
 SAYS HE PLANS TO ORGANIZE ANOTHER MULTINATIONAL MEETING FOR AN
 INTERNATIONAL ENERGY CONFERENCE,FRN PRS D'ESTAING TALKS WITH
 UAR PRS SADAT, FRN WILL REDUCE DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN SOURCES

OF ENERGY TO 55-60% BY 1985 - BEING DEPENDENT ON NO SINGLE PRODUCER MORE THAN 15%, FRN RECEIVES GMW CHANCELLOR FOR FRN-GMW SUMMIT - AGREEMENT ON ENERGY CONFERENCE - DISAGREEMENT ON FOOD PRICES+ AID TO MEAT PRODUCERS, FRN+ITA FM'S MEET TO DISCUSS DUBLIN MEETING, FRN PRS D'ESTAING MEETS WITH SHAH OF IRN TO DISCUSS OIL PRODUCERS-CONSUMERS CONFERENCE, FRN PRS D'ESTAING DISCUSSES OIL CONFERENCE WITH USA KISSINGER, FRN+UNK SET UP TRIBUNAL TO DECIDE CONTINENTAL SHELF DISPUTE, FRN GOVT OFFERS AID TO WBE TO HUNT FOR GMW LORENZ KIDNAPPERS, FRN OFFERS PREPARATORY CONFERENCE ON WORLD ENERGY CONFERENCE, FRN+FORMER FRN AFRICAN COLONIES OPEN SUMMIT+AGREE TO MEET ANNUALLY, 150 FRN NATIONALS EVACUATE CAM, FRN FM CHIRAC VISITS USR TO DISCUSS EUROPEAN SECURITY CONFERENCE+TRADE, FRN ACCEPTS DEMANDS OF SOM TERRORISTS WHO KIDNAP AMB FOR RELEASE OF 2 FRN PRISONERS, FRN HAS TALKS WITH SAF AND CLAIMS 'BREAKTHROUGH' IN FRN-SAF RELATIONS, ICJ DECIDES TO DISCONTINUE CASE BROUGHT BY AUL AGAINST FRN FOR ATMOSPHERIC NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS, FRN CONFIRMS THAT IT WILL BE INCREASING ATOMIC TESTS IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC THIS YEAR, TRIBAL FIGHTING BREAKS OUT IN FRN TERRITORY OF DIJIBOUTI, FRN SOCIALIST LEADER MITTERRAND MEETS WITH USR BREZHNEV IN USR+FRN VIEWS IDENTICAL ON NUMEROUS INTERNATIONAL ISSUES, FRN HOSTS ISR DEPUTY PM+FM ALLON TO PRODUCE AN IMPROVEMENT IN THEIR RELATIONS, FRN DENIES VTN ALLEGATIONS THAT ANY CAM "WAR CRIMINALS" ARE HIDING AMONG REFUGEES AT FRN EMBASSY, FRN PRS ANNOUNCES THAT FRN WILL REENTER EEC EUROPEAN MONETARY "SNAKE", FRN HOSTS CHN DEPUTY PM HSIAO-PING;

GABON GAB 481 675

HST:PRS ALBERT BERNARD BONGO;

FOR:G. RAWIRI; DEF:PRS BONGO; FIN:P. MOURAMBI;

INT:LT COL R. NAMIKA;

AREA:0,102,089; POP:000,500,000; GNP:0,000,180,000,000; GNPPC:0360;

BOR:CAO; BOR:GUE; BOR:CON;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:OCAM;

AGREEMENTS:FOR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;

TRADE:+CARS 18, MACHINERY 12, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 7, FRN 59, GMW 10, USA 10, -CRUDE OIL 41, TIMBER 27, MANGANESE 10, FRN 41, NTH ANTILLES 11, GMW 8;

ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENTAL AID;

DEFENSE-PACTS:EQUATORIAL DEFENSE COUNCIL, AFRICAN + MALAGASY UNION;

TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN ADVISORS; TROOPS+BASES:+FRN 400 TROOPS;

MILITARY-AID:+FRN 800,000;

RESOURCES:4 MANGANESE ORE 11.5%(FRN 46%, USA 29%, GMW 14%), 5 URANIUM 3%(FRN 100%);

TAF:0,001,350; TAF%POP:00.27; ME:00,003,000,000; ME%GNP:01.66;

VCPRIO1:DEPENDENCY ON FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;

GAMBIA GAM 420 675

HST:PRS SIR DAWDA KAIRABA JAWARA;

FOR:A. CAMARA; FIN:SHERIFF DIBBA;

AREA:0,004,005; POP:000,380,000;
 BOR:SEN;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAU; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST
 AFRICAN STATES(DAH GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP MLI GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:GAM SIGNS TREATY SETTING UP ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN
 STATES;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 36, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 15, FOOD 15,
 UNK 42, JAP 23, SEN 6, -PEANUTS+PRODUCTS 93, UNK 43, POR 24, SWZ 11;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:SEN; TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK LEADERSHIP;
 MILITARY-AID:+UNK EQUIPMENT;
 VCPRI01:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, ELONGATED + SURROUNDED BY SEN;
 VCPRI02:MAINTENANCE FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH SEN;
 VCPRI03:PROPOSED POLITICAL UNION OF GAM + SEN;

EAST GERMANY GME 265 675
 HST:CHMN STATE COUNCIL ERICH HONECKER;
 FOR:O.FISCHER; DEF:GEN H. HOFFMANN; FIN:S. BOEHM; INT:F. DICKEL;
 AREA:0,041,659; POP:017,050,000; GNP:0,035,300,000,000; GNPPC:2070;
 BOR:GMW; BOR:POL; BOR:CZE;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:WARSAW PACT; ORG:COMECON;
 AGREEMENTS:NIR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS,AUS CONSULAR;
 TRADE:+CRUDE OIL 45, HARD COAL 23, GRAIN 11, USR 38, CZE 10, GMW 9,
 -MACHINERY 38, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 11, CHEMICALS, USR 38, CZE 9, POL 9;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:USR, WARSAW PACT; TROOP-TRAINING:+USR;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USR 20 DIVISIONS ALONG GMW BORDER;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR;
 TAF:0,132,000; TAF%POP:00.77; ME:00,002,625,000; ME%GNP:07.44;
 VCPRI01:SUBORDINATION TO + PENETRATION BY USR;
 VCPRI02:MAINTAIN SECURE TRANSIT ROUTES SO GME CITIZENS DO NOT
 LEAVE GME ILLEGALLY;
 VCPRI03:WESTERN POWER PRESENCE INSIDE GME IN BERLIN PRESENTS
 ALTERNATIVE LEADERSHIP +LIFE STYLE IN MIDST OF TOTALITARIAN STATE;
 VCPRI04:LACK OF POPULAR SUPPORT FOR GOVERNMENT;
 VCPRI05:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH GMW;
 VCPRI06:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLANS, TENSION BETWEEN INDUSTRIALIZATION
 AND CONSUMER GOOD PRIORITIES;
 VCPRI07:THREAT OF DISRUPTION+SUBVERSION INTO EASTERN EUROPE IF YUG IS
 THROWN INTO REBELLION+CRISIS AFTER TITO'S DEATH,THEREFORE WARSAW PACT
 PLAN TO INVADE YUG IF SUCH A CRISIS OCCURS;
 VCPRI08:DIVISION OF GERMAN NATION CREATES TENSION WITHIN GME AND
 POTENTIAL REVIVAL OF GERMAN REUNIFICATION MOVEMENT;
 VCPRI09:BORDER DEMARCATION WITH GMW;
 EVENTS:GME+AUS SIGN AGREEMENT WHERE AUS IS FIRST WESTERN NATION TO
 RECOGNIZE A SEPARATE EAST GERMAN NATIONALITY,GME AGREES TO
 CO-OPERATE WITH WBE IN MANHUNT FOR KIDNAPPED WBE LORENZ BUT
 CRITICIZES WBE METHODS LIKE POLICE SEARCHES OF STATIONS+TRAINS
 WHICH ARE RUN BY GME,GMW PROTESTS TO GME OVER RECENT
 DROWNING IN BERLIN WHERE GME GUARDS REFUSED TO ALLOW GMW FIREMEN
 TO RESCUE VICTIM;

WEST GERMANY GMW 255 675

HST:CHANCELLOR HELMUT SCHMIDT;

INT:W. MAIHOFFER; FIN:H. SCHMIDT; FOR:H.D. GENSCHER; DEF:G. LEBER;
 AREA:0,095,633; POP:061,670,000; GNP:0,259,000,000,000; GNPPC:4199;
 BOR:BEL; BOR:LUX; BOR:FRN; BOR:SWZ; BOR:AUS; BOR:CZE; BOR:NTH;
 ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:OECD; ORG:NATO; ORG:EEC; ORG:UNO; ORG:WEU;
 ORG:EUROTOM/EUROPEAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY;

AGREEMENTS:HUN CO-OPERATION,GMW RATIFIES NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION
 TREATY,FRN WAR CRIMINALS,BRA NUCLEAR CO-OPERATION,CHL DEVELOPMENTAL
 AID;

TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 22, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 19, FOOD+LIVE
 ANIMALS 15, EEC 47, USA 10, -MACHINERY 31, MOTOR VEHICLES 15,
 CHEMICALS 12, EEC 40, USA 10, SWZ 6;

ECONOMIC-AID:-50%IND PAK TUR ISR INS SPN, -21%MOR GHA NIG,
 -11%BRA CHL PER MEX, -EXPORT CREDITS SPN MEX PAK GHA NIG MOR, -DIRECT
 INVESTMENT 192M BRA+SPN(44%) MEX ARG NTH-ANTILLES LBY(35%),
 -UAR, -ITA 2M, +USA,-CHL DEVELOPMENTAL AID;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USA NATO; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA;

TROOPS+BASES:+USA 20700; MILITARY-AID:+USA,-TUR 30M;

RESOURCES:6 COAL 5%(FRN 39% BELLUX 22%,ITA 20%), 7 ZINC 2.4%(ITA 29%,
 USA 14%, SWZ 12%, FRN 4.4%, NTH 4.2%), 8 GOLD(NTH 35%, ITA 22%, FRN 15%,
 SWZ 1.1%), 9 SILVER 1.7%(ITA 31%, SWD 8.8%, SWZ 8.7%, FRN 7.7%);
 TAF:0,475,000; TAF%POP:90.77; ME:06,833,000,000; ME%GNP:02.64;

VCPRIO1:DEPENDENCE ON ARAB OIL;

VCPRIO2:CONTINUED EEC PARTICIPATION + FURTHER INTEGRATION;

VCPRIO3:UNEMPLOYMENT-5.1%-HIGHEST IN 16 YRS;

VCPRIO4:INFLATION;

VCPRIO5:FOREIGN WORKERS;

VCPRIO6:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH GME,LATEST ATTEMPTS TO IMPROVE RELATIONS
 STYMIED BY GME;

VCPRIO7:GROWING POTENTIAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GMW+USA IN FUTURE
 RELATIONS WITH SOVIET BLOC+GROWING FRICTIONS ON ECONOMIC ISSUES
 INCLUDING COMPETITION FOR SCARCE ENERGY RESOURCES;

VCPRIO8:PRESENCE OF MASSIVE USA TROOPS IN GMW;

VCPRIO9:BALANCE-OF-PAYMENTS PROBLEMS WITH USA,USA PRESSURES FOR GMW
 ADJUSTMENT;

VCPRIO10:ACCESS TO BERLIN;

VCPRIO11:SECURITY DEPENDENCE ON NATO + USA NUCLEAR CAPABILITIES;

VCPRIO12:GMW-FRN WEST EUROPE LEADERSHIP COMPETITION;

VCPRIO13:BORDER CONTROL WITH GME;

VCPRIO14:OVERCOME REVANCHIST IMAGE OF GMW IN EASTERN EUROPE;

VCPRIO15:VULNERABLE FRONTIERS;

VCPRIO16:REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY;

EVENTS:GMW RECEIVES USA OFFICIAL ASSURANCE THAT SUPPLY OF
 ENRICHED URANIUM WILL NOT BE IN JEOPARDY,GMW CHAUFFER FOR USA
 MILITARY AUTHORITIES ARRESTED FOR ESPIONAGE FOR EAST EUROPEAN
 SECRET SERVICE,GMW PRS SCHEEL CALLS FOR ACTION TO BRING ABOUT
 A FEDERAL EUROPE,GMW PROTESTS TO THE CONSULAR AGREEMENT SIGNED BY
 GME+AUS RECOGNIZING AN EAST GERMAN NATIONALITY,GMW+FRN MINISTERS
 MEET FOR FRANCO-GERMAN SUMMIT -AGREEMENT ON ENERGY CONFERENCE

- DISAGREEMENT ON FOOD PRICES + AID TO MEAT PRODUCERS, USA
 KISSINGER MEETS WITH GMW LEADERS TO REPORT RESULTS OF HIS SAU
 VISIT, GMW LEADER OF CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS TALKS WITH TUR ABOUT
 TUR NEED OF ARMS, GMW HOSTS ISR PM MEIR+FM ALLON, GMW URGES AD
 HOC EEC MEETING TO PREPARE STAND IN OIL CONSUMERS-PRODUCERS
 CONFERENCE, GMW+UNK REPRESENTATIVES MEET FOR 25TH ANGLO-GERMAN
 CONFERENCE, GMW ANNOUNCES IT IS TAKING STEPS TO DESTROY LARGE
 STOCKS OF POISON GAS IN ITS ARMY, GMW PROTESTS TO GME OVER
 RECENT DROWNING IN BERLIN WHERE GME GUARDS REFUSED TO ALLOW
 GMW FIREMEN TO RESCUE VICTIM, GMW APPROVES DRAFT AGREEMENT WITH
 BRA ON THE PEACEFUL USE OF INDUSTRIAL ATOMIC ENERGY;

GHANA GHA 452 675

HST:CHMN COL T. ACHEAMPONG;

FOR:MAJ K. BAAH; FIN:COL ACHEAMPONG; DEF:COL ACHEAMPONG;

INT:COBBINA;

AREA:0,091,843; POP:009,090,000; GNP:0,002,970,000,000; GNPPC:0326;

BOR:UPP; BOR:TOG; BOR:IVO;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAU; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST
 AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP MLI GUI SEN);

AGREEMENTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 25, FOOD 18, MANUFACTURES 17, CHEMICALS 16, UNK 24,
 USA 18, GMW 11, -COCOA 64, TIMBER 8, GOLD 7, UNK 23, USA 18, GMW 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW NTH, +YUG TECHNICAL AID, +DEN WATER SUPPLY PROJECT,

+USA 19M LOAN;

TROOP-TRAINING:+IND !SR CAN ITA PAK USA;

MILITARY-AID:+USA .1M;

RESOURCES:8 MANGANESE ORE 2.6%(NOR 29%, USA 23%, SPN 11%), 5 GOLD
 1.7%(UNK 100%);

TAF:0,018,900; TAF%POP:00.20; ME:00,037,100,000; ME%GNP:01.25;

VCPRIO1:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH GUI,POTENTIAL MILITARY THREAT;

VCPRIO2:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-TRIBAL DISSENSION + HOSTILITY PROVIDES
 INSURGENCY POTENTIAL;

VCPRIO3:INCREASE WORLD PRICE FOR RAW MATERIAL PRODUCTS,SUCH
 AS GHA COCOA;

VCPRIO4:FIND CHEAPER+MORE SUPPLIES OF ENERGY,ESPECIALLY OIL;

VCPRIO5:FOREIGN INVESTMENT ATTRACTION + CONTROL;

VCPRIO6:COUPS,MAINTAIN MILITARY GOVT IN POWER;

VCPRIO7:EWE IRREDENTISM;

EVENTS:NATIONAL REDEMPTION COUNCIL (NRC)CREATES A NEW MINISTRY
 FOR COCOA AFFAIRS IN LINE WITH ITS POLICY TO BOOST THE COCOA
 INDUSTRY,COL ACHEAMPONG FINDS THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF A TIMETABLE
 FOR THE RETURN TO CIVILIAN RULE PREMATURE,GHA SETTLES THE FOREIGN
 DEBTS DISPUTE WITH THE WORLD BANK,GHA INTENSIFIES OFFSHORE +
 ONSHORE OIL EXPLORATION;

GREECE GRC 350 675

HST:PM CONSTANTINE KARAMANLIS;

FOR:DEMETRIOS BITSIOS; DEF:EVANGHELOS AVEROFF-TOSSIZZA;

FIN:E.DEVLETOGLOU; INT:K.STEFANOPOULOS;

AREA:0,050,944; POP:009,030,000; GNP:0,012,200,000,000; GNPPC:1356;
 BOR:ALB; BOR:YUG; BOR:BUL; BOR:TUR;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:EEC ASSOCIATE; ORG:NATO POLITICAL ONLY;
 ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE;
 AGREEMENTS:BUL POWER CO-OPERATION;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 41, MANUFACTURES 17, FOOD+LIVE
 ANIMALS 10, EEC 43, JAP 10, UNK 7, -TOBACCO 13, COTTON 8, CHEMICALS 7,
 EEC 48, USA 9, YUG 5;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO (POLITICAL ONLY); TROOPS+BASES:+USA NAVAL;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 30.2M;
 RESOURCES:7 BAUXITE 4.5%(USR 50%, GMW 15%, FRN 7%);
 TAF:0,160,000; TAF%POP:01.70; ME:00,580,000,000; ME%GNP:04.70;
 VCPRI01:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH TUR,ACTIVE THREAT OF RENEWED WAR;
 VCPRI02:STRONG COMMITMENT TO CYP;
 VCPRI03:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH USA+NATO,THREAT OF OUSTING USA+NATO
 MILITARY FROM GRC;
 VCPRI04:DESIRE TO REORIENT STRONG AFFILIATIONS FROM USA TO WEST
 EUROPE ESPECIALLY EEC TRADE;
 VCPRI05:PRESENCE OF USA MILITARY BASE IN GRC;
 VCPRI06:THREAT OF INTERNAL MILITARY COUP;
 VCPRI07:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION,CONTROL OF EAST MEDITERRANEAN;
 VCPRI08:NORTHERN BORDER FRONTIERS VULNERABLE TO INVASION;
 EVENTS:GRC WARNS TUR OF GRC ARMIES' PREPAREDNESS,GRC-USA TALKS IN ATHENS
 ON MILITARY BASES + GRC RETURNING TO NATO,GRC DENIES TUR CHARGES
 OF GRC MILITARIZATION OF DODECANES ISLANDS OFF TUR COAST,
 10000 GREEKS BATTLE WITH ATHENS POLICE AT USA EMBASSY OVER
 ACCUSATIONS OF USA SUPPORTING MILITARY REGIME + SUPPORTING TUR
 IN CYP,5000 GRC WOMEN DEMONSTRATE SUPPORT OF PETITION TO ALLOW
 GRC-CYP TO RETURN HOME,GRC+USA AGREE TO LIMIT USA MILITARY
 PRESENCE IN GRC,GRC PM KARAMANLIS SAYS TUR PROVOCATION ON CYP+
 IN THE AEGEAN COULD LEAD TO A WAR GRC WOULD BE READY FOR,
 GRC PROPOSES TO TUR TO TAKE THEIR AEGEAN DISPUTE TO THE ICJ,
 GRC ASKS USA TO RESUME MILITARY AID TO GRC,GRC PLACES ORDERS
 FOR SPARE PARTS+AMMUNITION +EQUIPMENT WITH ITA+FRN,GRC FLEET
 SHOWS FLAG ON AEGEAN ISLANDS CLOSE TO TUR COAST,GRC LEADERS
 RECEIVE EEC PRS FOR TALKS ON GRC'S ASSOCIATION WITH EEC+
 MEMBERSHIP,GRC ANNOUNCES FOREIGN RELATIONS PLANS FOR 1975 AS
 CLOSER RELATIONS WITH THE BALKANS INCLUDING CO-OPERATION WITH
 YUG+BUL+RUM IN TRADE+COOPERATION+UTILIZATION OF RIVERS+POWER GENERATION
 -DISCUSSIONS WITH EEC ABOUT ASSOCIATION - GEARING DOWN USA
 DEPENDENCE ECONOMICALLY+MILITARILY+POLITICALLY - MIDEAST CONTACT
 TO SET UP BILATERAL RELATIONS WITH KUW+UAR+IRQ,GRC+TUR AGREE
 TO MEET TO DISCUSS BILATERAL CONFLICTS,GRC BOYCOTTS A MEETING
 OF NATO IN UNK, GRC RECEIVES UNK FM TO DISCUSS STRENGTHENING
 OF TIES;

GUATEMALA GUA 090 675

HST:PRS GEN CARLOS OSORIO;

FOR:JORGE CATALAN; DEF:GEN FAUSTO RUBIO-CORONADO; FIN:JORGE RODIL;

INT:ROBERTO IBARGUEN;

AREA:0,042,042; POP:005,600,000; GNP:0,001,600,000,000; GNPPC:0290;
 BOR:MEX; BOR:HON; BOR:ELS; BOR:BRITISH HONDURAS;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:ODECA(COS NIC HON ELS); ORG:ALLIANCE FOR
 PROGRESS; ORG:CACH(COS ELS HON NIC); ORG:CENTRAL AMERICAN COMMON
 MARKET;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 27, BASIC MANUFACTURES 26, CHEMICAL
 PRODUCTS 20, USA 35, ELS 14, JAP 10, -COFFEE 34, COTTON 9, BANANAS 6,
 USA 28, ELS 13, GMW 11;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+VEN LOANS TO AID COFFEE BOYCOTT, VEN AID+OIL+INVESTMENT;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA FRN ITA SPN GMW;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 2M;
 RESOURCES:9 COFFEE 2.7%(USA 80%);
 TAF:0,017,000; TAF%POP:00.30; ME:00,018,300,000; ME%GNP:01.14;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, RIGHT + LEFT-WING TERRORIST
 CAUSE VIRTUAL CONSTANT STATE OF EMERGENCY;
 VCPRI02:BELIZE, FORMER UNK COLONY BRITISH HONDURAS DECLARING
 INDEPENDENCE HOWEVER GUATAMALA CLAIMS SOVEREIGNTY OVER BELIZE +
 THREATENS MILITARY INVASION + TAKEOVER IF ITS TERRITORIAL DEMANDS
 ARE NOT MET;
 VCPRI03:AGRICULTURAL-BASED ECONOMY SUFFERING FROM LOW WORLD MARKET
 PRICES;
 VCPRI04:MAINTAIN FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH USA IN SPITE OF COFFEE
 BOYCOTT(80-90% COFFEE GOES TO USA);
 EVENTS:GUA+UNK RESUME TALKS ON BELIZE AFTER 3 YEAR BREAK;

GUINEA GUI 438 675

HST:PRS AHMED TOURE; HST:PRM LANSANA BEA VOQUI;
 FOR:HADJ DIALLO; FIN:ISMAEL TOURE; DEF:M. SAGNO;
 AREA:0,094,925; POP:004,110,000; GNP:0,000,717,000,000; GNPPC:0175;
 BOR:SIE; BOR:SEN; BOR:MLI; BOR:IVO; BOR:LBR; BOR:GUINEA-BISSAU;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:IBA(AUL GUY JAM SIE SURINAM YUG); ORG:ECONOMIC
 COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG
 UPP MLI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+PETROLEUM PRODUCTS+MACHINERY, TEXTILES, RICE, USA 22, USR 12,
 CHN 10, -ALUMINUM 60, BANANAS 10, PALM PRODUCTS 7, FRN 16, USA 11,
 CAO 10;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR CHN CUB; MILITARY-AID:+USR CHN CUB;
 TAF:0,006,000; TAF%POP:00.10; ME:00,009,470,000; ME%GNP:01.30;
 VCPRI01:DEVELOP ECONOMIC FUTURE POTENTIAL IN MINERAL WEALTH;
 VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS;
 VCPRI03:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH GHA, POTENTIAL MILITARY THREAT;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 EVENTS:GUI CLOSES BORDER WITH LBR FOR UNKNOWN REASONS BUT IT IS
 RUMORED BECAUSE SAF PM VORSTER HELD TALKS WITH LBR PRS;

GUYANA GUY 110 675

HST:PM LINDEN BURNHAM;
 FOR:SHRIDATH RAMPHAL; FIN:FRANKLIN HOPE; DEF:PM BURNHAM;
 AREA:0,083,000; POP:000,750,000; GNP:0,000,235,000,000; GNPPC:0313;

BOR:VEN; BOR:BRA; BOR:SURINAM;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:CARIBBEAN COMMON MARKET; ORG:IBA(AUL
 GUI JAM SIE SURINAM YUG);
 TRADE:+PRODUCTION GOODS 66,RAW MATERIALS+FUEL 30, NON-DURABLE
 CONSUMER GOODS(FOOD,BEVERAGES,TOBACCO)27,INDUSTRIAL+MINING CAPITAL
 GOODS 18,DURABLE CONSUMER GOODS(CARS,ELECTRICAL
 APPLIANCES,ETC.)15,UNK 30, USA 24, CARIBBEAN COUNTRIES 17.2,
 CAN 5, -BAUXITE 43, SUGAR 33, RICE 8, SHRIMP 3,UNK 30, USA 23,CARIBBEAN
 COUNTRIES 13;
 RESOURCES:5 BAUXITE 6.7%;
 TAF:0,001,300; TAF%POP:00.20; ME:00,002,000,000; ME%GNP:00.90;
 VCPRI01:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, RELATIVE TO SOUTH ATLANTIC
 FOR AIR ROUTES BETWEEN USA AND AFRICA;
 VCPRI02:DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL POTENTIALS IN BAUXITE + MANGANESE;
 VCPRI03:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 EVENTS:GUY PM FORBES VISITS CHN BUT DOES NOT SEE MAO TSE-TUNG,
 GUY HOSTS BOT PRS;

HAITI HAI 041 675
 HST:PRS JEAN-CLAUDE DUVALIER;
 INT:BRETON NAZAIRE; DEF:BRETON NAZAIRE; FOR:DR. ADRIEN RAYMOND;
 FIN:E. BROS;
 AREA:0,010,714; POP:005,070,000; GNP:0,000,350,000,000; GNPPC:0069;
 BOR:DOM;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS;
 TRADE:+CONSUMER GOODS 23, FOODSTUFFS 20, CAPITAL GOODS 12,
 CHEMICALS 7, USA 52, JAP 9, CAN 7, -COFFEE 43, BAUXITE 14, SUGAR 8,
 USA 65, FRN 9, ITA 7;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS;
 TAF:0,016,000; TAF%POP:00.30; ME:00,007,000,000; ME%GNP:02.00;
 VCPRI01:WIDESPREAD CROP FAILURE CAUSING FOOD SHORTAGES+POSSIBLE FAMINE;
 VCPRI02:MAINTAIN BORDER SECURITY WITH DOM, POORER HAI CITIZENS
 CROSS ILLEGALLY INTO MORE PROSPEROUS DOM TO SELL GOODS;
 VCPRI03:SUSPECTED INTERNAL SUBVERSION BY CUB EXPORTING GUERRILLAS
 TO ATTEMPT OVERTHROW OF HAI GOVT;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY,WIDESPREAD POVERTY;
 VCPRI05:BLACK MARKET PROBLEMS WITH DOM;
 EVENTS:HAI DECLARES FOOD DISASTER EMERGENCY + ASKS USA FOR
 FOOD TO FEED 350000 - USA HAS ALREADY GIVEN PART OF REQUEST;

HONDURAS HON 091 675
 HST:PRS JUAN MELGAR CASTRO;
 INT:COL.A.FLORES GUERRA; DEF:COL.M.CARAMO CHINCHILLA;
 FOR:V.GALVEZ; FIN:P.ZABALA;
 AREA:0,043,277; POP:002,690,000; GNP:0,000,660,000,000; GNPPC:0245;
 BOR:NIC; BOR:ELS; BOR:GUA;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:ODECA(COS NIC ELS GUA); ORG:CENTRAL
 AMERICAN COMMON MARKET(COS NIC ELS GUA);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 26, CHEMICALS 16, MINERALS+
 FUELS 10, FOOD 9, USA 47, JAP 11, VEN 6, GNM 5, -BANANAS 45,

COFFEE 14, WOOD 14, FROZEN MEAT 8, USA 57, GMW 11, ITA 2.6;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+VEN AID+OIL+INVESTMENT;
 TAF:0,007,275; TAF%POP:00.27; ME:00,006,300,000; ME%GNP:00.95;
 VCPRI01:ESTABLISHING NEW GOVT STABILITY+POPULAR SUPPORT,RECENT MILITARY
 COUP;
 VCPRI02:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH ELS;
 VCPRI03:BORDER DISPUTE WITH ELS;
 VCPRI04:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,COVERT COMMUNIST + PRO-CUBA CASTRO
 GROUPS;
 VCPRI05:MAINTAIN FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH USA IN SPITE OF COFFEE BOYCOTT
 (80-90% COFFEE GOES TO USA);
 VCPRI06:FOREIGN WORKERS, ELS WORKERS IN HON;
 EVENTS:HON BLOODLESS MILITARY COUP,NEW HON GOVT COMPOSED
 OF CIVILIAN TECHNOCRATS - CABINET IS A MODERATE CHOICE
 BALANCING RIGHTISTS + RADICALS;

HUNGARY HUN 310 675

HST:PRS PAL LOSONCZI; HST:CP SEC JANOS KADAR;
 FOR:JANOS PETER; DEF:LAJOS CZINEGE; INT:A. BENKEI;
 FIN:L. FALUVEGI;
 AREA:0,035,918; POP:010,400,000; GNP:0,015,300,000,000; GNPPC:1471;
 BOR:CZE; BOR:USR; BOR:RUM; BOR:YUG; BOR:AUS;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMECON; ORG:WARSAW PACT;
 AGREEMENTS:USR CREDIT;
 TRADE:+CAPITAL GOODS 24, RAW+BASIC MATERIALS 17, INDUSTRIAL
 CONSUMER GOODS 13, FOOD PRODUCTS 6, USR 34, GME 11, CZE 8,
 -MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 25, INDUSTRIAL CONSUMER GOODS 23,
 FOOD PRODUCTS 14, SEMI-FINISHED METAL+CHEMICAL PRODUCTS 14, USR 35,
 GME 10, CZE 8;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-SIE;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:WARSAW PACT; TROOP-TRAINING:+USR;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USR; MILITARY-AID:+USR;
 RESOURCES:10 BAUXITE 3%(CZE 41%, GMW 27%, POL 15%, GME 15%);
 TAF:0,103,000; TAF%POP:00.19; ME:00,928,000,000; ME%GNP:06.07;
 VCPRI01:SUBORDINATION TO AND PENETRATION BY USR;
 VCPRI02:ECONOMIC AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT HAS NECESSITATED INTERNAL
 MARKET REFORMS AND LIBERALIZATION AWAY FROM STRICT USR GUIDELINES;
 VCPRI03:THREAT OF MILITARY INVASION IF POLICIES DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY
 FROM USR GUIDELINES;
 VCPRI04:THREAT OF DISRUPTION+SUBVERSION INTO EASTERN EUROPE IF YUG IS
 THROWN INTO REBELLION+CRISIS AFTER TITO'S DEATH,THEREFORE WARSAW
 PACT PLAN TO INVADE YUG IF SUCH A CRISIS OCCURS;
 VCPRI05:POPULACE HOSTILE ATTITUDES TOWARD USR;
 VCPRI06:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION AS CORRIDOR OF GERMAN INVASION
 INTO USR THEREFORE ESSENTIAL USR ALLY AS BUFFER ZONE;
 VCPRI07:MAINTAIN BORDER SECURITY TO KEEP POPULACE FROM ESCAPING;
 VCPRI08:BORDER AND TERRITORY DISPUTE WITH RUM OVER TRANSYLVANIA;
 EVENTS:HUN CP LEADER KADAR HAS BALANCED LIBERALS + CONSERVATIVES
 IN THE CP POLITBURO TO CONTINUE MODERATE POLICIES DESPITE
 PRESSURE FROM USR & OTHER BLOC STATES,HUN PM FOCK STEPS DOWN

DUE TO HEALTH + DEPUTY PM LAZAR TAKES OVER AS PM, HUN CP
LEADER SAYS SOVIET BLOC WILL SHOW FLEXIBILITY AT EUROPEAN
SECURITY CONFERENCE + THAT MAOISM IS UNDERMINING UNITY OF
BLOC;

ICELAND ICE 395 675
HST:PRS KRISTJAN ELDJARN;
FOR:E. AGUSTSSON; FIN:M. MATTHIESEN;
AREA:0,039,768; POP:000,210,000;
BOR:ISLAND;
ORG:NATO; ORG:UNO; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:NORDIC COUNCIL(DEN
FIN SWD NOR);
TRADE:+SHIPS 30, NON-PETRO FUEL OILS 29, CARS 25, WOOD 16,UNK 14,
USA 10, GMW 6, -FISH PRODUCTS 84, ALUMINIUM 8, JUTE MANUFACTURES 7,
USA 37, UNK 13, USR 8;
DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO;
TROOP-TRAINING: +USA;
TROOPS+BASES:+USA 3000;
VCPRI01:OFFSHORE TERRITORIAL LIMITS DISPUTE, NOW 50 MILES BUT MAY
EXTEND IT TO 200 MILES;
VCPRI02:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH UNK OVER OFFSHORE TERRITORIAL
LIMITS FOR FISHING;
VCPRI03:INFLATION;
EVENTS:ICE ACCUSES GMW OF REJECTING BILATERAL RELATIONS + VIOLATING
GATT BY IMPOSING BAN ON ICE FISH IMPORTS;

INDIA IND 750 675
HST:PM INDIRA GANDHI;
FOR:Y.B. CHARCEN; FIN:C. SUBRAMANIAM; DEF:S. SINGH;
INT:K. BRAHMANANDA REDDI;
AREA:1,261,597; POP:563,490,000; GNP:0,061,530,000,000; GNPPC:0109;
BOR:BHU; BOR:PAK; BOR:CHN; BOR:BGD; BOR:NEP; BOR:BUR;
ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH;
AGREEMENTS: BGD FARRAKKA PROJECT TO SAVE CALCUTTA PORT, CAM DIPLOMATIC
RELATIONS, VTS PRG DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;
TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 27, BASIC MANUFACTURES 24,
NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 16, CHEMICALS 13, USA 25, UNK 13, JAP 10,
-TEA 10, IRON ORE 7, USA 17, USR 13, JAP 12;
ECONOMIC-AID:+USR OIL EXPLORATION AND REFINING, +BEL DEN GMW AUL
AUS NOR SWD NTH USA, +SWZ DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS AND EXPORT CREDITS;
DEFENSE-PACTS:USR;
TROOP-TRAINING:+USR, -ASIAN MIDEAST AFRICAN STATES;
MILITARY-AID:+USA.7M, +UNK USR;
RESOURCES:6 CHROMIUM ORE 4.7%, 6 IRON ORE 5%(JAP 82%, RUM 7%),7 COAL 3%,
10 COFFEE 2%, 5 NATURAL RUBBER, 4 WHEAT 6.5%;
TAF:0,948,000; TAF%POP:00.16; ME:01,929,000,000; ME%GNP:03.14;
VCPRI01:CHARGES OF GOVERNMENT CORRUPTION + MALADMINISTRATION, PM GANDHI
FOUND GUILTY OF CORRUPT ELECTION PRACTICES, BUT SHE REFUSES TO RESIGN,
AND IS IMPRISONING POLITICAL OPPONENTS + CRUSHING DISSENT, WORST
CONSTITUTIONAL CRISIS SINCE INDEPENDENCE;

VCPRI02: LARGE INFLUX OF BGD REFUGEES, BRING DISEASE + ECONOMIC BURDEN;
 VCPRI03: INCREASING VIOLENCE + PROBLEMS FROM ETHNIC MINORITIES + "ANTI-NATIONAL" ELEMENTS;
 VCPRI04: AGRICULTURAL FAILURES, FOOD CRISIS, FAMINE;
 VCPRI05: OIL CRISIS, HIGH COST OF OIL IMPORTS LESSENS MONEY FOR LONG RANGE AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT + FERTILIZERS;
 VCPRI06: POPULATION BOOM;
 VCPRI07: MULTIPLE ETHNIC-RELIGIOUS GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES;
 VCPRI08: AVOID DEPENDENCY ON USR, USR PRESSURES FOR MILITARY BASES IN RETURN FOR AID;
 VCPRI09: DETERIORATED USA RELATIONS, USA PRO-PAK IN BGD WAR+PL480 FOOD AID STRINGS BUILD UP IND DEBT;
 VCPRI10: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH PAK;
 VCPRI11: BLACK MARKET PROBLEMS FROM BGD;
 VCPRI12: TERRITORIAL DISPUTE OVER KASHMIR;
 VCPRI13: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH NEP OVER SIKKIM ASSOCIATE STATE STATUS;
 VCPRI14: KEEP INDIAN OCEAN FREE OF SUPERPOWER INFLUENCE, ZONE OF PEACE;
 VCPRI15: NUCLEAR POWER DEVELOPMENT FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES;
 VCPRI16: CHN COMMUNIST INSURGENCY IN NORTHERN PROVINCES+SOUTHERN POVERTY AREAS;
 VCPRI17: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH CHN;
 VCPRI18: BORDER CONTROL PROBLEMS WITH CHN+PAK;
 VCPRI19: INSURE POLITICAL NEUTRALITY OF BGD;
 VCPRI20: INDIAN MINORITIES IN CEY;
 VCPRI21: TERRITORIAL DISPUTE OVER POR GOA, POR RECENTLY RECOGNIZED IND AUTHORITY OVER GOA+OTHER DISPUTED TERRITORIES;
 VCPRI22: MAINTAIN NEUTRAL FOREIGN POLICY POSITIONS;
 EVENTS: IND STATES BORDERING BGD HAVE A SIGNIFICANT INFLUX OF BGD REFUGEES SWELLING THE BEGGAR POPULATION + BRINGING A SMALLPOX EPIDEMIC, IND STATE OF NAGALAND PLACED UNDER DIRECT PRESIDENTIAL RULE AFTER RESIGNATION OF NAGALAND CHIEF MINISTER VERJOL, SIKKIM GIVES OVERWHELMING MANDATE TO GOVERNMENT TO MERGE WITH IND, IND TAKEOVER OF SIKKIM COULD STRAIN IND RELATIONS WITH NEP + CHN, IND GOVERNMENT SEEKS POWERS TO RETAIN PEOPLE WITHOUT TRIAL FOR TWO YEARS DUE TO "ANTI-NATIONALIST ELEMENTS" IN NAGALAND + MIZORANT + OTHER AREAS, WORST OUTBREAK OF MALARIA IN TWENTY YEARS, IND HOSTS USR DM TO DISCUSS IND-USR DEFENSE COOPERATION, IND PRESSES FOR FIRM ASSURANCES IN DUBLIN FOR NO EEC DISCRIMINATION AGAINST JUTE+COIR+CARPETS, IND+UNK TALK ON AID + TRADE + ECONOMIC + SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION, IND PRS SIGNS BILL MAKING SIKKIM A STATE OF THE IND UNION, MIZO HOSTILE ACTIVITIES INCREASE IN NORTH-EAST IND + IND GOVERNMENT FEARS REPERCUSSIONS OF EVENTS IN VTS+CAM+LAO, IND ANNOUNCES FIRST IND-BUILT SPACE SATELLITE TO BE LAUNCHED FROM USR;

INDONESIA INS 850 675

HST: PRS GEN SUHARTO;

FOR: H.A. MALIK; FIN: PROF A. WARDHANA; INT: LT GEN A. MACHUMUD;

DEF: GEN M. PANGGABEAN;

AREA: 0,735,865; POP: 120,400,000; GNP: 0,010,730,000,000; GNPPC: 0089;

BOR: ISLAND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OPEC; ORG:ASEAN(MAL PHI SIN TAI);
 AGREEMENTS:PHI BORDER COOPERATION+PATROL, DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION OF CAM;
 TRADE:+CAPITAL GOODS 45, RAW MATERIALS 39, CONSUMER GOODS 16,
 JAP 30, USA 25, GMW 9, -PETROL PRODUCTS 45, RUBBER 16, JAP 50,
 USA 16, GMW 8;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA AUL NOR NTH GMW,+USA(24.7M FOR MALARIA CONTROL
 PROGRAM);
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USA; MILITARY-AID:+USA 4M,+USR,+EAST EUROPE,+AUL
 GAF NOMAD+PATROL BOATS;
 RESOURCES:6 NICKEL ORE 3%(JAP 100%), 4 TIN CONCENTRATES 10%(SPN 65%,
 JAP 34%), 2 NATURAL RUBBER, 5 COFFEE 4%;
 TAF:0,322,000; TAF%POP:00.20; ME:00,286,700,000; ME%POP:02.60;
 VCPRI01:RE-EMERGENCE OF COMMUNIST INSURGENCY IN INS ESPECIALLY
 AFTER FALL OF VTS+CAM+LAO;
 VCPRI02:LIMIT SUPERPOWER INFLUENCE IN INDIAN OCEAN,ZONE OF PEACE,
 INCLUDING UNK + USA EXPANSION OF DIEGO GARCIA;
 VCPRI03:THREAT OF USR NAVAL DOMINANCE AROUND INS;
 VCPRI04:INS GOAL TO BUILD UP NAVAL FORCES FOR ASIAN
 NATIONS + AUL TO DETER USR NAVAL EXPANSION IN THE AREA;
 VCPRI05:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, LEFTIST COMMUNIST AGITATION
 DIRECTED AT MANY DISSIDENT ETHNIC AND RELIGIOUS GROUPS;
 VCPRI06:MASSIVE ECONOMIC INSTABILITY AND INFLATION;
 VCPRI07:MULTIPLE ETHNIC AND RELIGIOUS GROUP DISSENSION;
 VCPRI08:LEFTIST STUDENT UNREST;
 VCPRI09:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH VTS OVER SPRATLY ISLANDS;
 EVENTS:INS AGREES TO HOLD TALKS WITH PHI ABOUT PEACE IN SOUTHERN PHI,
 INS RECEIVES CAM PRS LON NOL FOR TEN DAY UNOFFICIAL STAY DURING
 "TROUBLED PERIOD", INS PRS SUHARTO CONFERS WITH AUL PM WHITLAM ON VTS+
 CAM+OTHER ISSUES, INS+PHI+SIN+MAL+TAI AGREE TO RECOGNIZE CAM+VTS BUT
 CANNOT AGREE ON ZONE OF 'NEUTRALITY' OR TREATY TO SOLVE INTER-COUNTRY
 DISPUTES, INS+JAP INITIATE A JOINT SURVEY OF THE MALACCA STRAIT TO
 STUDY THE GROWING HAZARDS FOR OIL TANKERS, INS+SIN DRAFT A JOINT
 STRATEGIC PLAN FOR REINFORCED+UNITED NAVAL PATROLS TO PREVENT AN
 EXPECTED INCREASE IN ARMS SMUGGLING FOR COMMUNIST INSURGENTS IN
 SOUTHEAST ASIA, INS MEETS WITH THE FOUR OTHER MEMBERS OF THE ASEAN ABOUT
 COPING WITH A REGION AT PEACE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THIRTY YEARS;

IRAN IRN 630 675

HST:SHAH MOHAMMED R. PAHLAVI; HST:PM AMIR ABBAS HAVEYDA;
 FOR:ABBAS ALI KHALATBARI; FIN:H. ANSARY; DEF:GEN AZIMI;
 INT:J. AMOREZEGAR;
 AREA:0,636,293; POP:030,550,000; GNP:0,013,900,000,000; GNPPC:0454;
 BOR:USR; BOR:AFG; BOR:PAK; BOR:IRQ; BOR:TUR;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:CENTO; ORG:REGIONAL COOPERATION FOR DEVELOPMENT(PAK TUR);
 ORG:OPEC;
 AGREEMENTS:MAJOR IRN-IRQ BORDER AGREEMENT WHEREIN IRN CEASES
 SUPPORT FOR KURDS FOR TERRITORIAL CONCESSIONS ON SHATT-AL-ARAB ESTUARY,
 USA \$15B TRADE,UNK 15 SHIPS+\$1.055B TRADE,USR \$3B ECONOMIC
 COOPERATION, CAO DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+BOILERS+MACHINERY, IRON+STEEL, ELECTRIC MACHINES, GMW 19, USA 14,

JAP 13, -CRUDE OIL 96, JAP 38, GMW 9, UNK 7;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 43M, +USA 30M INVESTMENTS, +JAP EXPORT CREDITS, +NOR,
 +SWZ EXPORT CREDITS, +AUS 2.2M, -UAR 650,000 TONS OF OIL,
 -DEN 150M, -UNK 1.2B;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:CENTO,USA; MILITARY-AID:+USA 15.2M, +UNK, -JOR
 SQUADRON OF F-5 JET FIGHTERS, -MOM;
 TROOPS+BASES:-MOM; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA;
 ARM-SALES:+1200 UNK CHIEFTAIN TANKS WORTH 480M,+USA 1.9B;
 RESOURCES:4 PETRO CRUDE 1%,(ASIA 59%, EUROPE 29%, AFRICA 7.3%);
 TAF:0,211,500; TAF%POP:00.60; ME:01,725,000,000; ME%GNP:12.41;
 VCPRI01:RAISE POSITION OF IRN TO TOP WORLD POWER;
 VCPRI02:MAINTAIN OIL CARTEL HIGH PRICES+UNIFIED ACTION;
 VCPRI03:KEEP INDIAN OCEAN FREE OF SUPERPOWER INFLUENCE;
 VCPRI04:KURDISH REFUGEES ENTERING IRN TO ESCAPE IRQ ARMY;
 VCPRI05:UNDERGROUND DISSIDENT MOVEMENT AGAINST SHAH'S DICTATORSHIP+
 IMPRISONMENT+TORTURE OF DISSIDENTS;
 VCPRI06:LARGE ARAB KURD MINORITY IN KHUZESTAN;
 VCPRI07:MAINTAIN FREE PASSAGE IN SHATT-AL-ARAB WATERWAY WITH IRQ;
 VCPRI08:ARAB THREAT TO OIL-RICH SW KHUZESTAN PROVINCE;
 VCPRI09:BORDER DISPUTE WITH IRQ;
 VCPRI010:UNK CONTESTS IRN OCCUPATION 3 PERSIAN GULF ISLANDS IN STRAIT
 OF HORMUJ;
 VCPRI011:ACTIVE MILITARY CONFLICT WITH IRQ CONCERNING KURDS,RECENT
 AGREEMENT TO SOLVE BORDER DISPUTES+END MILITARY CLASHES;
 VCPRI012:1100 MILE COMMON BORDER WITH USR;
 EVENTS:IRN+SAU CALL FOR ISR WITHDRAWAL FROM ARAB LANDS+JERUSALEM+
 RESTORATION OF PALESTINIANS RIGHTS+CO-OP BETWEEN IRN+SAU TO REALIZE
 PROSPERITY OF REGION,IRN+FRN DISCUSS OIL PRODUCERS+CONSUMERS CONFERENCE,
 SHAH OF IRN DISCLAIMS ANY INTENTION OF USING OIL AS AN INSTRUMENT OF
 CONFRONTATION, SHAH OF IRN SUGGESTS LOWER OIL PRICE IF INDUSTRIALIZED
 NATIONS LOWER PRICE OF THEIR EXPORTS-BUT HIGHER PRICES IF INFLATION IS
 NOT CHECKED, IRN "RESENTS" UNK PEOPLE RAISING FUNDS FOR CHRISTIAN
 HOSPITAL IN IRN, IRN PM HOVEYDA ARRIVES IN IRQ FOR FIRST VISIT BY
 IRANIAN SINCE 1958, IRN TERRORISTS KILL TWO AMERICANS IN REPLY TO
 FAILING OF NINE IRANIAN REVOLUTIONARIES+USA INFLUENCE WITH SHAH OF IRN,
 IRN+BRA+VEN+ALG PROTEST THE IDEA OF A "CONTACT" GROUP PROPOSED BY USA
 FOR WORLD ENERGY CONFERENCE, SHAH OF IRN CALLS FOR A RISE IN PRICES OF
 CRUDE OIL+FOR A JOINT CUT BY MEMBERS OF OPEC TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS
 OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, SHAH OF IRN VISITS USA, IRN+IRQ ANNOUNCE
 COMPLETION OF COMMON FRONTIER DEFINITION + FINAL TREATY TO SETTLE THEIR
 DISPUTES;

IRAQ IRQ 645 675

HST:PM FD. MAR AHMED HASSAN AL-BAKR;
 FOR:SA'ADUM HAMMADI; FIN:AMIN ABDUL KARIM; INT:LT GEN GHAI DAN;
 DEF:LT GEN SHIHAB;
 AREA:0,173,259; POP:010,070,000; GNP:0,005,800,000,000; GNPPC:0570;
 BOR:TUR; BOR:IRN; BOR:KUW; BOR:SAU; BOR:JOR; BOR:SYR;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OPEC; ORG:OAPEC;
 AGREEMENTS:IRN-IRQ BORDER AGREEMENT IN WHICH IRN CEASES SUPPORT FOR KURDS

FOR IRQ TERRITORIAL CONCESSIONS ON SHATT-AL-ARAB WATERWAY, USR
 NUCLEAR POWER;
 TRADE:+BOILERS+ENGINES 14, SUGAR 5, CARS+PARTS 4, UNK 12, USR 11, FRN 6,
 -CRUDE OIL 96, ITA 29, FRN 15, NTH 7;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USR,-FRN 1B;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR, +USA \$100000, -RHO REBELS \$60000, +USR SURFACE TO
 SURFACE MISSILES; TROOPS+BASES:+USR;
 RESOURCES:8 PETROLEUM CRUDE 3%;
 TAF:0,101,800; TAF%POP:01.01; ME:00,392,000,000; ME%GNP:06.76;
 VCPRI01: INTERNAL CIVIL WAR WITH KURDISH MINORITY OVER AUTONOMY, RECENT
 CEASE-FIRE+AMNESTY FOR KURDS, NOW PROBLEM OF ESTABLISHING CONTROL+
 PEACEFUL INTEGRATION WITH KURDS;
 VCPRI02:KURDS+GOVT DISPUTE REGIONAL OWNERSHIP OF OIL-RICH AREAS;
 VCPRI03:MAINTAIN OIL CARTEL HIGH PRICES+UNIFIED POLICIES;
 VCPRI04:ARAB-ISRAELI WAR;
 VCPRI05:BORDER CONTROL PROBLEMS+MILITARY CLASHES WITH IRN,RECENT
 AGREEMENT WILL TRY TO SOLVE DISPUTES;
 VCPRI06:SYR-IRQ DISPUTE OVER EUPHRATES RIVER,SYR CONSTRICTING WATER
 FLOW INTO IRQ, IRQ PROTESTS SYR IS DESTROYING IRQ AGRICULTURE;
 VCPRI07:USR IN AMBIGUOUS POSITION IN IRQ-SYR CONFLICT OVER USR
 DAM BUILT ON SYR LENGTH OF EUPHRATES RIVER--DAM HAS BECOME SIDE
 ISSUE IN INTER-BAATHIST IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT WHICH MANIFESTS
 IN PLOTS AGAINST EACH OTHER+PURGING OF "ENEMY" SYMPATHIZERS
 FROM EACH GOVT--USR AIDS BOTH NATIONS + BOTH ARE FOCAL POINTS
 OF USR INFLUENCE IN MIDEAST--IRQ CALLS ON USR TO "TAKE RESPONSIBILITY"
 FOR DAMAGE DONE BY DAM--SYR CALLS ON USR TO SUPPRESS IRQ;
 VCPRI08:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH IRN;
 VCPRI09:MAINTAIN OWNERSHIP+CONTROL OF STRATEGIC SHATT-AL-ARAB
 WATERWAY WITH IRN,RECENT AGREEMENT GIVES IRN CONTROL;
 VCPRI10:IRQ+KUW BORDER DISPUTE,IRQ DEMANDS CHANGES;
 VCPRI11:IRQ+SYR BORDER DISPUTE;
 EVENTS:IRQ+SYR DISPUTE OVER THE SYR DAM ON THE EUPHRATES RIVER
 CRITICALLY ENDANGERING IRQ AGRICULTURE+LIVESTOCK, IRQ HAS EXTENDED
 AMNESTY FOR KURDISH REBELS, IRQ EXTENDS AMNESTY FOR TWENTY MORE DAYS
 ALSO PUTTING MANY RESTRICTIONS ON RETURNING KURDS, IRQ+SYR SETTLE
 DISPUTE OVER SHARING OF EUPHRATES WATERS AT ARL MEETING ON MATTER
 BUT SYR PULLED OUT,TALKS WITH GRC ON
 BILATERAL OIL SUPPLY AGREEMENTS, IRQ EXECUTES 38 KURDS RETURNING FOR
 AMNESTY, IRQ EXTENDS AMNESTY A THIRD TIME, IRQ+SUD DISCUSS JOINT
 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM+OIL;

IRELAND IRE 205 675
 HST:PRS CEARBHALL O'DALAIGH; HST:PM LIAM COSGRAVE;
 FOR:G. FITZGERALD; FIN:R. RYAN; DEF:P.S. DONEGAN;
 AREA:0,027,136; POP:003,010,000; GNP:0,005,620,000,000; GNPPC:1867;
 BOR:UNK(NORTHERN IRELAND);
 ORG:UNO; ORG:EEC; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:OECD;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 12, CHEMICALS+PLASTICS 10, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 7, UNK 49,
 USA 9, GRW 7, -MEAT 16, LIVESTOCK 16, TEXTILES+CLOTH 10, UNK 66, USA 11;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO; TROOP-TRAINING:-ZAM;

TROOPS+BASES:-UNO FORCES IN CYP LEB CON ISR NEW GUINEA;
 TAF:0,013,000; TAF%POP:00.43; ME:00,088,000,000; ME%GNP:01.56;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,CAUSED BY NORTHERN IRELAND CONFLICT;
 VCPRI02:CONTROL OF IRA TERRORIST ACTIVITIES+SANCTUARIES IN IRE;
 VCPRI03:POLITICAL SOLUTION TO NORTHERN IRELAND CONFLICT FAVORABLE TO
 IRISH;
 VCPRI04:INFLATION 12.6%;
 VCPRI05:UNEMPLOYMENT;

ISRAEL ISR 666 675

HST:PM YITZHAK RABIN;

FOR:YIGAL ALLON; FIN:Y. RABINOWITZ; DEF:SHIMON PERES;

INT:S. HILLEL;

AREA:0,007,003; POP:003,300,000; GNP:0,008,700,000,000; GNPPC:2638;

BOR:LEB; BOR:SYR; BOR:JOR; BOR:UAR;

ORG:UNO; ORG:GATT; ORG:INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY;

AGREEMTS:EEC TRADE;

TRADE:+USA 24, UNK 15, GMW 13,-DIAMONDS 32, CITRUS FRUIT 16, TEXTILES

+CLOTHING 12, -USA 19, UNK 10, GMW 9, EEC TRADE;

ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW,USA(AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY LOANS,GRANT AID,
 EXPORT-IMPORT BANK CREDITS,DEVELOPMENT LOANS), IBRD DEVELOPMENT
 LOANS 215M;

MILITARY-AID:+USA 2.5B,+USA 600 TANK+56 F-4 JETS;

TAF:0,300,000; TAF%POP:00.90; ME:02,335,000,000; ME%GNP:26.83;

VCPRI01:ACTIVE THREAT OF RENEWED WAR WITH ARABS;

VCPRI02:MAINTAIN ECONOMIC+POLITICAL+MILITARY SUPPORT OF USA, RECENT
 STRAINED RELATIONS AS USA TRIES TO FORCE MIDEAST PEACE AGREEMENT;

VCPRI03:INTERNAL GOVERNMENT ELITE INSTABILITY-HAWKS VS DOVES;

VCPRI04:ACTIVE TERRORIST WAR WITH PLO BASED IN LEB;

VCPRI05:ISR OCCUPATION+SOVEREIGNTY OF WEST BANK, PLO CLAIMS WEST BANK
 AS PALESTINIAN STATE, INTERNAL ISR DISPUTE OVER NEGOTIABILITY OF WEST
 BANK--LEFT-WINGERS ADVOCATE GIVING WEST BANK AS CONCESSION TO
 ARABS BUT RIGHT-WINGERS OPPOSE THIS;

VCPRI06:ARAB-PLO TERRORISM;

VCPRI07:OCCUPATION OF SYR+UAR TERRITORIES FOR STRATEGIC PROTECTION;

VCPRI08:TERRORIST SANCTUARIES IN NEIGHBORING STATES-LEB JOR SYR;

VCPRI09:PLO STATE-PLO DESIRES ISR BECOME PLO STATE;

VCPRI10:BORDER DISPUTES WITH SYR,JOR+UAR;

VCPRI11:MAINTAIN LEGITIMACY OF ISR-STOP ORGANIZATIONAL OUSTING OF ISR;

VCPRI12:INFLATION, 27% RISE;

VCPRI13:HIGH TAXES;

EVENTS:ISR-LEB BORDER CONFLICT CONTINUES, 20000 ISR MARCH TO SAMARIA
 OF WEST BANK TO CALL FOR MORE ISR SETTLEMENT IN OCCUPIED REGIONS, ISR PM
 RABIN PREFERS FACE-TO-FACE DIPLOMACY WITH UAR SINCE HE FEELS USA
 KISSINGER'S "SHUTTLE DIPLOMACY" RESULTED IN "MISUNDERSTANDING" AS TO
 THE ISR OCCUPIED AREAS OF THE SINAI FOR POLITICAL+PEACE CONCESSIONS FROM
 UAR, INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS TRIES TO GET ISR+SYR+UAR TO DECLARE HIGH-
 DENSITY AREAS BOMB+MISSILE-FREE ZONES-ISR AGREES-UAR WARNS IT WILL
 STRIKE INTO "THE DEPTHS OF ISR" IF SUEZ IS ATTACKED, ISR ACCUSES USA
 OF "LOW-KEY" PRESSURE TACTICS+SAYS RELATIONS BETWEEN ISR+USA ARE

"MORE SERIOUS THAN REALIZED", ISR DM PERES CITES USA RENEGGING TO VTS AS JUSTIFICATION FOR ISR NOT CONCEDED ANY MORE TO UAR DURING USA FM KISSINGERS MIDEAST PEACE MISSION, ISR+UAR AGREE TO EXTEND MANDATE OF UNO FORCES IN SINAI-BUT ISR WANTS SIX MONTHS-UAR WANTS THREE, ISR FM ALLON TELLS UNK HE FEARS USA PRS+CONGRESS CONFLICT WEAKENS USA RELIABILITY ON FOREIGN COMMITMENTS, ISR UNVEILS OWN FIGHTER-JET THAT IS BETTER THAN USR JETS IN MIDDLE EAST, ISR DM PERES SAYS HE IS DUBIOUS ABOUT AGREEMENT WITH UAR BECAUSE UAR PRS SADAT HAS NOT RECONCILED HIMSELF WITH THE EXISTENCE OF ISR, ISR CAB MINISTER GALILI SAYS ISR WILL TALK WITH PLO TO REDUCE ENMITY BUT WILL TALK ABOUT EASTERN BORDERS ONLY WITH JOR, UNSC VOTES TO EXTEND UNO FORCES MANDATE IN SINAI THREE MONTHS, ISR FM ALLON SAYS ARAB NATIONS ARE PREPARING FOR WAR SO ISR MUST DO LIKEWISE, ISR CLAIMS AN ARMS HOLD-UP FROM USA, ISR IS CONCERNED OVER SIGNIFICANT DROP IN IMMIGRATION, ISR REPORT PUBLISHED OF "TREMENDOUS WASTE+INEFFICIENCY" IN ISR ARMY ACTIVITIES, THREE DAY VISIT TO FRN OF ISR DEPUTY PM+FM ALLON THAWS ISR FRN RELATIONS, ISR PM SAYS THERE WILL BE NO PEACE UNLESS ISR FACES REALITY+GIVES BACK ABU RODEIS OILFIELDS, ISR EXPRESSES CONCERN OVER USA SELLING MISSILES TO JOR AT A TIME WHEN IT IS SUSPENDING FURTHER AID TO ISR DURING USA "RECONSIDERATION" OF MIDDLE EAST POLICY, ISR DM PERES SAYS LBY IS AMASSING USR ARMS+WITH ITS "REACTIONARY+MURDEROUS SPIRIT" IS A THREAT TO STABILITY IN MIDDLE EAST, ISR GOVERNMENT REVEALS AUS CHANCELLOR KREISKY HAS BEEN TRYING TO ARRANGE AN HISTORIC MEETING BETWEEN ISR LABOUR PARTY+UAR SOCIALISTS, ISR PM RABIN SAYS ISR EXPECTS USA SUPPORT AGAINST USR-BUT WILL COPE WITH ARABS THEMSELVES, ISR PM MEIR VISITS GMW, ISR CRITICIZES UNK CONSERVATIVE LEADER THATCHER FOR BACKSLIDING ON FRIENDSHIP WITH ISR, ISR GOVERNMENT MOVES MORE JEWISH SETTLERS TO EAST BANK AREA, AFTER "SHUTTLE DIPLOMACY" FAILURE ISR MEETS WITH USA KISSINGER TO DISCUSS "PROXIMITY TALKS" BETWEEN UAR+ISR TO GET NEW SINAI AGREEMENT, ISR PM RABIN SAYS ISR HAS NOT CLOSED DOOR TO RENEWAL OF USA KISSINGER'S MISSION IN MIDDLE EAST, ISR ARMY TAKES "NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS" IN RESPONSE TO JOR ACTION IN MOVING TANKS+TROOPS TOWARDS THE RIVER, ISR+LEB REGULAR ARMY TROOPS CLASH IN FIRST CONFRONTATION IN THREE YEARS, ISR PM RABIN SAYS ISR WILL MAKE NO FURTHER CONCESSIONS TO MIDDLE EAST SETTLEMENT DUE TO SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS, ISR DEFENSE ALERT CALLED ON JOR BORDER, ISR FM ALLON SAYS USA ARMS AID TO JOR+SAU IS A THREAT TO BALANCE OF POWER IN MIDDLE EAST+DISCLOSES THAT USA HAS CANCELLED AN ARMS-BUYING VISIT TO USA BY ISR DM PERES, WHO 'RESSES FOR THIRD YEAR IN ITS CHARGE AGAINST ISR FOR NOT ENSURING ADEQUATE HEALTH CONDITIONS IN OCCUPIED TERRITORY-BUT ISR STILL CLAIMS THE CHARGE IS POLITICAL;

ITALY ITA 325 675

HST:PM ALDO MORO; HST:PRS LEONE;

FOR:M. RUMOR; FIN:E. COLOMBO; DEF:A. FORLANI; INT:L. QUI;
AREA:0,116,303; POP:054,350,000; GNP:0,118,100,000,000; GNPPC:2172;

BOR:FRN; BOR:SWZ; BOR:AUS; BOR:YUG;

ORG:UNO; ORG:NATO; ORG:EEC; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:OECD;

ORG:GATT; ORG:OAS OBSERVER; ORG:WEU;

AGREEMENTS:GRC \$161M MILITARY EQUIPMENT, RATIFIES NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY,
SAU ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPNT 21, FOOD 20, MANUFACTURES 15, MINERAL
 FUELS+LUBRICANTS 15, EEC 42, USA 9, -MACHINERY 23, TEXTILES 11,
 CLOTHING 8, EEC 45, USA 10, SWZ 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-AFRICA 47%, -ASIA 22%, -LATIN AMERICA 7%, -EUROPE 22%,
 +GMW 26;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USA NAVAL AIRFORCE ARMY BASES 12000 MEN;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA,-GRC EQUIPMENT;
 RESOURCES:9 ZINC ORE 1.9%(YUG 51%, AUS 42%), 8 SYNTHETIC RUBBER 3%,
 8 WHEAT 2.8%, 10 NATURAL GAS 1%,2 MERCURY 17%(GME 19%, UNK 13%, JAP 9%);
 TAF:0,490,000; TAF%POP:00.90; ME:02,850,000,000; ME%GNP:02.41;
 VCPRI01:INCREASING CIVIL UNREST+VIOLENCE, LEFT-WING TERRORISM+VIOLENCE,
 STRIKES, PROTEST DEMONSTRATIONS;
 VCPRI02:ECONOMIC CRISIS,INFLATION+ MASSIVE BALANCE-OF-PAYMENT DEFICITS+
 UNEMPLOYMENT;
 VCPRI03:GOVERNMENT ELITE INSTABILITY,COALITION MAINTENANCE PROBLEMS
 BETWEEN 3 PARTIES, ATTEMPTS TO KEEP COMMUNIST PARTY OUT OF COALITION
 ALTHOUGH IT IS MAJOR CONTENDER;
 VCPRI04:ITA COMMUNIST PARTY FOSTERS LABOR UNREST WITHOUT CONTRIBUTING TO
 PARLIAMENTARY STABILITY+IS GAINING POPULAR SUPPORT;
 VCPRI05:DEPENDENCE ON ARAB OIL;
 VCPRI06:ETH CIVIL WAR IN ERITREA, LARGE ITA POPULATION IN ERITREA,
 REPORTS OF HARASSMENT OF ITA THERE;
 VCPRI07:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,SERIOUS ECONOMIC DIFFICULTIES
 THREATEN POLITICAL STABILITY;
 VCPRI08:BORDER DISPUTES WITH AUS + YUG;
 VCPRI09:RISE OF NEO-FASCISM;
 VCPRI010:SECURITY DEPENDENCE ON NATO + USA NUCLEAR UMBRELLA;
 EVENTS:INTERNAL VIOLENCE+DEMONSTRATIONS OF LEFT-WING+COMMUNISTS
 EXPRESSING UNITY WITH POR LEFT, LEFT-WING TERRORISM IN CITIES ALL OVER
 ITA TO PROTEST SHOOTING OF COMRADE+GOVERNMENT CRITICIZED FOR NOT
 CONTROLLING FASCISTS, ITA PM MORO CONFERS WITH COMMUNIST LEADERS ON
 WAYS TO RESTORE ORDER, ITA WORKERS STAGE NATION-WIDE STRIKE IN AN
 ANTI-FASCIST PROTEST, ROME POLICE SEARCH HOMES OF LEFT-WING LEADERS FOR
 BOMBS+EXPLOSIVES BUT FIND NONE, MORE THAN ONE MILLION GOVERNMENT
 WORKERS STRIKE IN WEEK-LONG STRIKE IMMOBILIZING TRAINS+PLANES+SCHOOLS
 +HOSPITALS, ITA CONSUL IN ASMARA ETH NAPOLEONE REQUESTS PROTECTION
 FOR HIS 3000 FELLOW COUNTRYMEN IN ERITREA AFTER THE LOOTING OF ITA
 SHOPS IN THE CITY, ITA FM RUMOR+FRN FM SAUVAGNARGUES FIND "IDENTICAL
 STANDPOINTS" ON THE MAIN INTERNATIONAL+EUROPEAN COMMUNITY PROBLEMS,
 ITA PRS LEONE GOES TO MOM+SAU FOR A STATE VISIT, ITA PM MORO
 PROMISES CAN PM TRUDEAU THAT ITA WOULD DO ALL IT COULD TO HELP HIM
 REACH A CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENT WITH THE EEC;

IVORY COAST IVO 437 675

HST:PRS FELIX HOUPHOUET-BOIGNY;

FOR:A. A. USHER; FIN:H.K. BEDIE; INT:M. EKRA; DEF:M'BAHIA BLE;
 AREA:0,127,520; POP:004,530,000; GNP:0,002,000,000,000; GNPPC:0441;
 BOR:LBR; BOR:GUI; BOR:MLI; BOR:UPP; BOR:GHA;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:FRANC ZONE; ORG:OCAN; ORG:CEAU; ORG:WEST

AFRICAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY(DAH MLI MAU NIR SEN UPP
 GAM GBI LBR NIG SIE TOG GUI GHA);
 ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK; ORG:COUNCIL D' ENTENTE(NIR UPP DAH TOG);
 ORG:EEC ASSOCIATE;
 AGREEMENTS:IVO SIGNS TREATY SETTING UP ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN
 STATES;
 TRADE:+CONSUMER GOODS 28, AGRICULTURAL+INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMT 28, SEMI
 MANUFACTURES 18, FRN 47, ITA 7, USA 7, -COFFEE 33, TIMBER 20, COCOA 17,
 FRN 33, USA 17, NTH 9;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN FINANCIAL+TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS,
 +USA JAP, +ISR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:FRN NIR GHA; TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN ISR;
 TROOPS+BASES:+FRN; MILITARY-AID:+FRN USA;
 RESOURCES:3 COFFEE 5%;
 TAF:0,003,500; TAF%POP:00.07; ME:00,025,300,000; ME%GNP:01.27;
 VCPRI01:POST-COLONIAL RELATIONSHIP WITH + DEPENDENCY ON FRN;
 VCPRI02:FOREIGN WORKERS INCREASING, 1/4 POPULATION, MOSTLY FROM UPP;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL POWER TRANSITION CONTEST LIKELY;
 EVENTS:IVO SIGNS TREATY SETTING UP ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN
 STATES;

JAMAICA JAM 051 675
 HST:PM MICHAEL MANLEY;
 FOR:PM MANLEY; DEF:PM MANLEY; FIN:D. COORE;
 AREA:0,004,471; POP:001,920,000; GNP:0,001,500,000,000; GNPPC:0781;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAS; ORG:IBRD; ORG:GATT; ORG:IDB;
 ORG:CARIBBEAN COMMON MARKET; ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS;
 ORG:INTERNATIONAL BAUXITE ASSOCIATION(AUL GUY GUI SIE SURINAM YUG);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 25, MANUFACTURES 22, USA 43, UNK 19,
 CAN 9, -ALUMINA 39, BAUXITE 27, SUGAR 11, USA 53, UNK 15, CAN 8;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; MILITARY-AID:+USA 1.2M, +UNK;
 RESOURCES:2 BAUXITE 20%;
 TAF:0,004,150; TAF%POP:00.21; ME:00,005,000,000; ME%GNP:00.33;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, GOVT EFFORTS TO CURB INTERNAL
 DISSENT FROM SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROBLEMS;
 VCPRI02:LOW WORLD MARKET PRICES FOR JAM RAW MATERIAL EXPORTS;
 VCPRI03:USA INTERFERENCE IN JAM INTERNAL AFFAIRS, USA AMB ACTIVE
 CAMPAIGNING FOR ONE PRS CANDIDATE WHO SUBSEQUENTLY LOST;
 VCPRI04:DEVELOP JAM SOCIALISM;
 VCPRI05:ENDORSE EFFORTS TO MAINTAIN STABILITY+SECURITY OF WESTERN
 HEMISPHERE;
 VCPRI06:DEVELOP ECONOMY BEYOND RAW MATERIAL + TOURISM BASE;
 VCPRI07:INFLATION;
 VCPRI08:UNEMPLOYMENT RATE 25%;
 VCPRI09:POPULATION BOOM;
 VCPRI10:URBAN OVERCROWDING RESULTING IN HIGH CRIME RATES;
 EVENTS:JAM HOSTS UNK QUEEN+DUKE OF EDINBURGH, JAM PM MANLEY INVITES
 ZIM AFRICAN NATIONAL COUNCIL LEADER BISHOP MUZOREWA TO THE CMW PM'S
 CONFERENCE;

JAPAN JAP 740 675

HST:PM TAKEO MIKI;

FUR:MAYAZAWA; FIN:M. OHIRA; INT:H. FUKADA;

AREA:0,144,698; POP:107,332,000; GNP:0,316,800,000,000; GNPPC:2951;

BOR:ISLAND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:IMF; ORG:OECD;

AGREEMENTS:SAU ECONOMIC + TECHNICAL COOPERATION, JAP RATIFIES NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY AFTER FIVE YEARS OF HESITATION;

TRADE:+OIL 15, LUMBER 7, IRON ORE 6, USA 25, AUL 9, IRN 7, -MACHINERY 22, IRON+STEEL 15, MOTOR VEHICLES 13, USA 32, SAU 13, LBR 4;

ECONOMIC-AID:-ASIA 60%, -FAR EAST 37%, -INS 9%, -PHI 8%, -KOS 12%, -IND 10%, -PAK 5%, -LATIN AMERICA 6%, -EXPORT CREDITS GRC MEX IRN

ZAM BRA;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USA; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA;

TROOPS+BASES:+USA 58000; MILITARY-AID:+USA .6M;

RESOURCES:4 GOLD 2%, 4 ZINC 5%, 7 SILVER 4%, 10 COAL 2%, 10 LEAD 2%;

TAF:0,270,000; TAF%POP:00.26; ME:02,041,800,000; ME%GNP:00.64;

VCPRIO1:HIGH CONCERN OVER USA DEFENSE COMMITMENTS TO JAP+KOS AFTER FALL OF CAM+VTS;

VCPRIO2:LACK OF RAW MATERIALS CAUSES SEVERE DEPENDENCIES(CHART EXPLAINS)

RAW MATERIAL	%IMPORTED	FOREIGN SOURCES
COPPER	82%	PHI 43%, CAN 33%
LEAD	46%	PER 31%, CAN 26%, AUL 24%
ZINC	57%	PER 42%, AUL 17%, CAN 14%
ALUMINUM	100%	AUL 50%, INS 25%
NICKEL	100%	NEW CALEDONIA 91%
IRON ORE	91%	AUL 28%, IND 16%, PER 10%
COKING COAL	92%	USA 48%, AUL 40%
PETROLEUM	100%	PERSIAN GULF
NATURAL GAS	75%	
URANIUM	100%;	

VCPRIO3:HIGH VULNERABILITY TO POLITICAL BLACKMAIL, ESPECIALLY ARAB OIL REDUCTION THREATS;

VCPRIO4:USA NUCLEAR PRESENCE ON JAP;

VCPRIO5:SOUTHEAST ASIAN GROWING HOSTILITY TO JAP ECONOMIC

DOMINANCE + EXPLOITATION;

VCPRIO6:GROWING INTERDEPENDENCY OF JAP+AUL ECONOMIES, AUL SUPPLIES RAW MATERIALS+JAP SUPPLIES FINAL PROCESSING, JAP IS URGING AUL TO DEVELOP

PRIMARY PROCESSING INDUSTRIES;

VCPRIO7:KEEP MALACCA STRAITS OPEN AS VITAL TRADE ROUTE;

VCPRIO8:USA-JAP TRADE DEFICIT;

VCPRIO9:EXPORT COMPETITION WITH INDUSTRIAL NATIONS;

VCPRIO10:POPULACE FEARS NUCLEAR ENERGY DEVELOPMENT, MAY BE JAP ONLY ALTERNATIVE TO PETROLEUM DEPENDENCY;

VCPRIO11:CHN LEADERSHIP COMPETITION ASIA;

VCPRIO12:INTERNAL COMPETITION + PRICING STRUCTURES GIANT TRADING COMPANIES;

VCPRIO13:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH KOS, KOREAN REVOLUTIONARIES LIVE IN JAP + PLOT KOS REVOLUTION UNHAMPERED BY JAP AUTHORITIES;

EVENTS: JAP-DISTURBED BY USA FAILURE TO AID VTS+CAM-SEEKS REAFFIRMATION OF USA-JAP DEFENSE AGREEMENT+NUCLEAR UMBRELLA, JAP SAYS FALL OF VTS WILL NOT EFFECT JAP SECURITY SIGNIFICANTLY-BUT THERE IS UNEASINESS ABOUT THE USA COMMITMENT TO KOS-WHICH IS VITAL TO JAP, JAP WILL ALLOW SA TO USE JAP TO BASE NUCLEAR SUBMARINES IN EMERGENCIES FOR JAP OR KOS, USR RECONAISSANCE PLANES INCREASE FLIGHTS OVER SEA OF JAP, JAP HAS NO INTENTION OF RECOGNIZING KON, JAP REFUSES TO SUPPLY SHIPS TO RESCUE VTS REFUGEES, JAP+IND INITIATE A JOINT SURVEY OF MALACCA STRAIT TO STUDY THE GROWING HAZARDS FOR OIL TANKERS, JAP EVACUATES ITS NATIONALS FROM VTS;

JORDAN JOR 663 675

HST: KING HUSSEIN;

FOR: PM ZEID RIFAI; DEF: PM RIFAI; FIN: SALEM AL HASAADEH;

INT: THARWAT AL TALHOUNI;

AREA: 0,036,500; POP: 002,470,000; GNP: 0,000,686,000,000; GNPPC: 0277;

BOR: ISR; BOR: SYR; BOR: IRQ; BOR: SAU;

ORG: UNO; ORG: ARL;

AGREEMENTS: USA 200 ANTI-AIRCRAFT MISSILES+TANK-REBUILDING PLANT, CAM DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS ESTABLISHED;

TRADE: +FOOD MANUFACTURES 14, TEXTILES 8, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 6, USA 20, UNK 9, LEB 7, -PHOSPHATES 19, TOMATOES 10, ORANGES 7, SYR 13, KUW 12;

ECONOMIC-AID: +USA, +SAU 51.6M;

DEFENSE-PACTS: UAR IRQ; TROOP-TRAINING: -MON;

TROOPS+BASES: +SAU 1000 TROOPS; MILITARY-AID: +USA 12M, +KUW 45M,

+IRN SQUADRON OF F-5 JET FIGHTERS;

TAF: 0,072,850; TAF%POP: 02.94; ME: 00,130,000,000; ME%GNP: 18.95;

VCPRIO1: ARAB-ISRAELI WAR, JOR MORE PRO-WESTERN + LESS MILITANT THAN

OTHER ARAB NATIONS, RECENT JORDANIAN MOVES TO INDICATE MORE AGGRESSIVE

+MILITANT STANCE SO THAT IF WAR BREAKS OUT AGAIN-JOR WILL PARTICIPATE,

ANALYSTS SEE THIS AS POLITICAL MOVE TO REGAIN STATUS+LEGITIMACY IN EYES OF ARABS+AWAY FROM PLO;

VCPRIO2: PLO PRESENCE+BASES IN JOR, REFUSE JOR GOVT CONTROL;

VCPRIO3: REFUGEES IN JOR, STRAIN ON ECONOMIC POLITICAL+SOCIAL STRUCTURES;

VCPRIO4: BORDER DISPUTE + CONTROL PROBLEMS WITH ISR;

VCPRIO5: ISR OCCUPATION OF JOR LANDS;

VCPRIO6: HOSTILITY OF OTHER MILITANT ARAB STATES TOWARDS JOR KING HUSSEIN GOVT, FOMENT REVOLUTION+SUBVERSION AGAINST THE KING + PLANS TO TURN JOR INTO PLO STATE;

VCPRIO7: ISR MILITARY RETALIATION AGAINST JOR BECAUSE OF PLO + ARAB TERRORIST RAIDS FROM JOR;

VCPRIO8: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

EVENTS: JOR KING HUSSEIN WARNS THAT ISR IS PREPARING FOR ANOTHER WAR,

JOR KING HUSSEIN SAYS HE SPEAKS FOR UAR+SYR IN OFFERING ISR PEACE+

RECOGNITION FOR RETURN OF ARAB LANDS+THE RIGHTS OF THE PALESTINIANS,

JOR CLAIMS ISR IS BUILDING UP FORCES ON JOR+SYR FRONTS, JOR MOVES

TANKS+TROOPS NEAR TO CONFRONTATION LINE, JOR KING HUSSEIN ARRIVES IN

DAMASCUS SYR FOR A SEVEN-HOUR VISIT+HAS TWO HOURS OF PRIVATE TALKS WITH

PRS ASSAD, JOR KING HUSSAIN WARNS THAT ISR IS PREPARING FOR FIGHTING

AGAIN;

KENYA KEN 501 675

HST:PRS JOMO KENYATTA;

FOR:NJOROGE MUNGAI; FIN:MWAI KIBAKI; DEF:J.S. GICHURU;

INT:VP ARAP MOI;

AREA:0,224,960; POP:012,070,000; GNP:0,001,880,000,000; GNPPC:0155;

BOR:SOM; BOR:ETH; BOR:UGA; BOR:TAZ; BOR:SUD;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAU; ORG:EASTERN AFRICAN COMMUNITY(UGA TAZ); ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;

TRADE:+INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY 16, CRUDE PETROLEUM 7, MOTOR VEHICLES 6.6,

IRON + STEEL 5, PAPER + PRODUCTS 3.7, UNK 31, JAP 11, USA 9,

-COFFEE 25, TEA 15, PETROL PROD 11, UNK 20, GNP 9, USA 7;

ECONOMIC-AID:+DEN NOR SWD UNK NTH ITA;

DEFENSE-PACTS:ETH; TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK;

MILITARY-AID:+UNK 140M;

RESOURCES:6 TEA 3%;

TAF:0,008,930; TAF%POP:00.08; ME:00,025,400,000; ME%GNP:01.35;

VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, GROWING VIOLENCE+ANTI-GOVERNMENT DISSENSION;

VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-TRIBAL DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES;

VCPRI03:AFRICANIZATION TO BUILD + CONTROL ECONOMY;

VCPRI04:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH TAZ,TAZ CLOSED TRAFFIC BETWEEN KEN TRUCKS LOADED WITH ZAM COPPER DESTROYING TAZ ROADS;

VCPRI05:AGRICULTURAL EXPANSION;

VCPRI06:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

VCPRI07:UNEMPLOYMENT;

EVENTS:DISSENSION AGAINST KENYATTA GOVERNMENT HEIGHTENS, KENYATTA ANNOUNCES RISE IN MINIMUM WAGE, KENYATTA CLAIMS MILD UNREST INFLAMED BY OUTSIDERS, CENTRAL ORGANIZATION OF TRADE UNIONS DENIES FIGHTING GOVERNMENT-SAYS IT HAS CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT, FIVE MORE PERSONS IMPRISONED AS PRS KENYATTA STEPS UP COUNTERATTACK ON CRITICS, COTU DECLARES A GENERAL STRIKE IN KEN TO PROTEST RISING COST OF LIVING, COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO STUDY+ERADICATE CORRUPTION IN GOVERNMENT, "KENYANIZATION" OF BUSINESS COMPELS FOREIGN BUSINESSMEN TO TRANSFER OWNERSHIP OF BUSINESS TO NATIVE KENYANS;

KOREA NORTH KON 731 675

HST:CHRMN COL YONG-KON; HST:CP SEC PRM KIM IL-SONG;

FOR:HO TAN; DEF:CHOE HYOU;

AREA:0,046,540; POP:014,680,000; GNP:0,003,500,000,000; GNPPC:0238;

BOR:KOS; BOR:CHN;

AGREEMENTS:TAI DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS ESTABLISHED;

TRADE:+FOOD 30, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 27, MANUFACTURES 23,

USR 68, FRN 6, -METALS 50, MINERALS 12, FARM PRODUCE 11, USR 62,

JAP 15, CZE 7;

ECONOMIC-AID:+USR;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USR,CHN;

MILITARY-AID:+USR,+CHN;

TAF:0,470,000; TAF%POP:03.20; ME:00,620,000,000; ME%GNP:17.70;

VCPRI01:KOS-KON MILITARY INCIDENTS + BORDER CLASHES, SIMMERING CONFLICT,

THREAT OF RENEWED WAR;

VCPRI02:KOS HOSTILE RELATIONS;

VCPRI03:INDUSTRIAL AREAS AND TRANSPORTATION ROUTES MASSED IN SOUTH +
THUS VERY VULNERABLE TO KOS AIR ATTACKS;

VCPRI04:DIVISION OF KOREA CAUSES HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH KOS + POPULACE
DESIRE FOR REUNIFICATION;

VCPRI05:KON SPONSORS LEFTIST DISSENSION + INSURGENCY IN KOS;

VCPRI06:MAINTAIN INDEPENDENCE + OWN ROAD TO SOCIALISM IN SPITE OF USR+
CHN PENETRATION ATTEMPTS;

VCPRI07:STRIVE TO GAIN INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL RECOGNITION AS
LEGITIMATE STATE;

EVENTS:CHN MAO GIVES WARM+ELABORATE WELCOME TO KON PRM SONG IN PEKING
TO DISCUSS USA POLICY IN INDOCHINA+KOS, KON PRM SONG THREATENS USA
WITH A DISASTER WORSE THAN INDOCHINA IF IT DOES NOT REMOVE ITS FORCES
FROM KOS, KON REINFORCES+MOVES ITS TACTICAL AIR BASES+ARTILLERY
POSITIONS CLOSER TO DEMILITARIZED ZONE, KON RECEIVES PRINCE SIHANOUK OF
CAM;

KOREA SOUTH KOS 732 675

HST:PRS PARK CHENG HEE;

FOR:KIM DONG-JO; DEF:SUH JUNG CHUL; FIN:KIM YANG HWAN;

INT:PARK KYUNG WON;

AREA:0,038,004; POP:032,530,000; GNP:0,009,300,000,000; GNPPC:0285;

BUR:KON;

ORG:ASPAC(JAP MAL PHI CHT AUL NEW VTS LAO);

TRADE:+MACHINERY 15, CHEMICALS 8, PETRO PRODUCTS 7, ELECTRIC
MACHINERY 7, JAP 39, USA 28, -CLOTHING 26, PLYWOOD 13, TEXTILE YARNS+
FABRICS 11, USA 50, JAP 25, UNK 21;

ECONOMIC-AID:+USA NOR;

DEFENSE-PACTS:USA; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA LEADERSHIP TRAINING;

TROOPS+BASES:+USA 43000 TROOPS; MILITARY-AID:+USA 216.3M;

TAF:0,633,500; TAF%POP:01.90; ME:00,510,300,000; ME%GNP:05.49;

VCPRI01:MAINTAIN SECURITY AGAINST KON INVASION THREAT;

VCPRI02:USA SECURITY COMMITMENT TO KOS,KOS DESIRES REAFFIRMATION
AFTER FALL OF VTS+CAM+LAO TO COMMUNISTS;

VCPRI03:KON-KOS BORDER CLASHES + MILITARY INCIDENTS, SIMMERING CONFLICT;

VCPRI04:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, MAINTENANCE OF GOVERNMENT IN POWER
BY POLICE STATE TACTICS, NO OPPOSITION ALLOWED;

VCPRI05:GOVERNMENT LACKS POPULAR SUPPORT;

VCPRI06:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH JAP OVER KOREAN REVOLUTIONARIES
RESIDING IN JAP;

VCPRI07:INFLATION 37%;

VCPRI08:DEPENDENCY ON USA FOR MILITARY+INTERNATIONAL+POLITICAL+DOMESTIC
SUPPORT;

VCPRI09:KON SPONSORS LEFTIST DISSENSION + INSURGENCY IN KOS;

VCPRI10:DIVISION OF KOREA CAUSES HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH KON + POPULACE
DESIRE FOR REUNIFICATION;

VCPRI11:SHORTAGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES TO BUILD INDUSTRIAL BASE;

EVENTS:KOS POLICE USE TEAR GAS TO QUELL 500 STUDENTS DEMONSTRATING
AGAINST PRS PARK, KOS INTELLIGENCE CLAIMS TO HAVE BROKEN UP KON SPY

RING HEADED BY A KORFAN IN JAP, KOS PRS PARK CLOSES KOS UNIVERSITIES WITH ANTI-GOVT PROTESTORS, HIGH KOS SOURCES SAY PRM SONG OF KON MAY BE BRIEFING CHN ON KON ATTACK ON KOS, 1M KOS CITIZENS RALLY BEHIND PRS PARK'S NATIONAL DEFENSE POLICY TO ENDORSE HIS WARNING TO KON AGAINST INVASION, PRS PARK OUTLAWS ALL FORMS OF DISSENT, PRS PARK'S STRONGEST OPPONENT KIM DAE JUNG WARPS GOVERNMENT THAT USA MAY WITHDRAW MILITARY SUPPORT FROM KOS UNLESS DEMOCRACY IS RESTORED, PARK JOON KYU-CHRMN OF RULING PARTY-SAYS PRS PARK PLANS NO RETURN TO DEMOCRACY AS LONG AS COMMUNIST DICTATOR KIM IL SUNG REMAINS IN POWER IN KON, KOS CIA MOVES INTO ALL FORMS OF MEDIA SYMBOLIZING DEATH OF FREEDOM OF PRESS IN KOS, KOS DEPORTS FATHER JAMES SINNOT-CIVIL RIGHTS LEADER, USA MISSIONARIES SILENTLY PROTEST FOR USA CONDEMNATION OF KOS BRUTALITY;

KUWAIT KUV 690 675
 HST:AMIR SHAIKH SABAH AL-SALEM AL-SABAH;
 FOR:SABAH AL-AHMAD AL-JABIR; FIN:A. SALEM AL-ATEEQI;
 DEF:SA'AD ABDULLA AL-SALEM; INT:SA'AD ABDULLA AL-SALEM;
 OIL-MINISTER:ABDUL H. AL KAZIMI;
 AREA:0,006,178; POP:000,910,000; GNP:0,003,650,000,000; GNPPC:4010;
 BOR:IRQ; BOR:SAU;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OPEC; ORG:OAPEC;
 AGREEMENTS:CAU DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 32, MANUFACTURES 21, FOOD 17, JAP 15, USA 13, UNK 12,
 -PETROL + PRODUCTS 95, JAP 17, ITA 13;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:UNK; ARM-SALES:+USA LAUNCHING PADS+SUPPORT FACILITIES
 20M;
 RESOURCES:6 PETROLEUM 6%(UNK 20%, JAP 14%, USA 1%);
 TAF:0,010,000; TAF%POP:01.00; ME:00,313,600,000; ME%GNP:08.59;
 VCPRI01:CONTINUE OIL CARTEL UNIFIED POLICIES ON PRICING + SUPPLY;
 VCPRI02:OIL BOOM HAS ATTRACTED FOREIGN WORKERS+ILLEGAL
 IMMIGRANTS FROM PAK+IND+IRN;
 VCPRI03:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF ARAB NATIONS,KUW FINANCIER OF
 LARGE PROJECTS,ESPECIALLY OF UAR;
 VCPRI03:ARAB-ISRAELI WAR;
 VCPRI04:SUPPORT OF PLO;
 VCPRI05:PROPER SUPPORT OF AND REACTION TO ARAB TERRORISTS;
 VCPRI06:IRQ BORDER DISPUTE + OWNERSHIP OF BUBUYAN + WARBA ISLANDS,
 KUW STATUS QUO - IRQ DEMANDS CHANGE;
 VCPRI07:POSSIBLE USA MILITARY INVASION OF OIL FIELDS TO GUARANTEE
 OIL SUPPLIES;
 EVENTS:TALKS ON OIL SUPPLIES WITH GRC, FRN+KUW ISSUE JOINT STATEMENT
 CONFIRMING OVERALL AGREEMENT ON ALL INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS+PERSIAN GULF
 REGION SHOULD BE KEPT OUT OF ALL INTERNATIONAL CONFLICTS, KUW EMIR SALIM
 HAS TALKS WITH UNK MINISTER OF STATE ENNALS ON ECONOMIC COOPERATION,
 KUW PROPOSES TO OPEC OIL MINISTERS LINKAGE OF THE OIL PRICE TO
 CURRENCIES OTHER THAN THE USA DOLLAR TO COUNTERACT REVENUE LOSSES
 CAUSED BY A SHARP FALL IN ITS VALUE AGAINST OTHER CURRENCIES, KUW
 GOVERNMENT TAKES OVER UNK BRITISH PETROLEUM+GULF OIL'S REMAINING 40
 PER CENT STAKE IN THE KUW OIL COMPANY, KUW IMPOSES A TEMPORARY BAN ON
 ALL DOLLAR TRANSACTIONS TO EASE PRESSURE ON THE USA CURRENCY;

LAOS LAO 812 675

HST:PM PRINCE SOUVANNA PHOUMA; HST:H.M. KING SRI SAVANG VATTANA;
FOR:T. CHANTHARASY; FIN:B. SOUVANNAVONG; DEF:SISOUK NA

CHAMPASSAK; INT:P. PHONGSAVAN;

AREA:0,091,429; POP:003,110,000;

BOR:CHN; BOR:VTS; BOR:CAM; BOR:TAI; BOR:BUR; BOR:VTN;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ASPAC OBSERVER;

TRADE:+MINERALS 29, VEGETABLES 16, INDUSTRIAL FOOD PRODUCTS 8,

TAI 26, JAP 21, USA 17, -TIN 49, TIMBER 48, SIN+MAL 54;

ECONOMIC-AID:+AUL USA;

ME:00,031,200,000;

VCPRI01:REORIENTATION OF LAO FOREIGN+DOMESTIC POLICIES TO FOLLOW
SUCCESS OF COMMUNIST PATHET-LAO IN WINNING GOVT CONTROL, INCLUDES

NEW RELATIONS WITH COMMUNISTS GOVTS + ANTI-AMERICAN ATTITUDES;

VCPRI02:GOVT DECISION TO LEGITIMIZE POPPY-GROWING--ANALYSTS SEE
PROOF OF ANTI-AMERICAN ATTITUDE+DIMINISHING INFLUENCE OF USA IN

SE ASIA;

VCPRI03:COALITION GOVERNMENT SUCCESS AND SURVIVAL IN SPITE OF
INHERENT STRUGGLE FOR POWER BETWEEN COMMUNISTS AND ROYALISTS;

VCPRI04:CONTINUED SPORADIC FIGHTING BETWEEN PATHET LAO + GOVERNMENT
FORCES;

EVENTS:LAO KING VATTANA AGREES TO DISSOLVE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY+MAKE WAY
FOR A LEGISLATURE THAT EQUALLY REPRESENTS RIGHT-WING MEMBERS+PRO-
COMMUNISTS, PATHET-LAO VIOLENT CONFLICT WITH RIGHT-WING VIENTIANE
FORCES, 2000 STUDENTS+WORKERS SEIZE TOWN OF PAKSE IN PROTEST OF RISING
PRICES+RICE SPECULATOR, PATHET LAO ADVANCE TOWARD CAPITAL, 5-7 RIGHT
WING CABINET MEMBER+GENERALS RESIGN, DEMONSTRATORS STONE USA EMBASSY+
DEMAND USA A.I.D. WITHDRAW FROM LAO, 2000 PERSONS REPORTED TO HAVE FLED
LAO TO TAI FOR FEAR OF COMMUNIST TAKE OVER, LAO PRM PHOUMA SAYS PATHET
LAO HAS WON CONTROL OF LAO-BUT APPEALS TO POPULACE NOT TO FEAR A
BLOODBATH+PREVENTS LAOTIANS+FOREIGN RESIDENTS FROM LEAVING LAO, LAO
DEMONSTRATORS TAKE 3 USA A.I.D. OFFICIALS HOSTAGE+SACK USA AID OFFICES,
ANTI-RIGHTIST REVOLT BY 1000 AIRMEN AT VIENTIANE'S MAIN AIRBASE PUSHES
OUT COMMANDER PHOTHIVONGSA ACCUSING HIM OF BOMBING PATHET LAO AREAS
IN DEFIANCE OF 1973 CEASEFIRE, PATHET LAO INSISTS IT INTENDS TO ABIDE BY
1973 PEACE AGREEMENT, PATHET LAO GREETED BY THOUSANDS OF VILLAGERS AS
THEY ENTER SAVANNAKET AS VILLAGERS INTERPRET IT AS END OF WAR;

LEBANON LEB 660 675

HST:PRS SULEIMAN FRANGIEH; HST:PM(CARETAKER) RASHID KARANI;

FOR:F. NAFFAH; FIN:T. EL-SULH; DEF:N. AL-MAALOUF;

INT:B. TAKIETDINE;

AREA:0,004,015; POP:002,960,000; GNP:0,001,880,000,000; GNPPC:0635;

BOR:ISR; BOR:SYR;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARI;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 13, TEXTILES 12, NON-PRECIOUS METALS 8.6, SWZ 12,

UNK 11, USA 10, -FRUITS+VEGETABLES 13, PRECIOUS STONES+METALS 10,

MACHINERY 10, SAU 16, KUW 10, SYR 6;

ECONOMIC-AID:+AUS;

MILITARY-AID:+USA .1M, +ARAB LEAGUE 62M;
 TAF:0,015,520; TAF%POP:00.50; ME:00,073,000,000; ME%GNP:03.88;
 VCPRI01:GOVERNMENTAL CRISIS, PLO+RIGHT-WING PHALANGIST CIVIL WAR HAS
 SPLIT PREVIOUS CHRISTIAN-MOSLEM COALITION AGREEMENTS;
 VCPRI02:PLO+RIGHT-WING PHALANGIST CIVIL WAR;
 VCPRI03:LEB GOVERNMENT UNABLE TO CONTROL PLO ACTIVITIES IN LEB, RECENT
 MILITARY CLASHES BETWEEN LEB GOVERNMENT TROOPS+PLO;
 VCPRI04:RELIGIOUS DIVISION OF POPULATION--CHRISTIAN VS MOSLEMS, MOSLEMS
 IN MAJORITY BUT GOVERNMENT HEADED BY CHRISTIANS, GOVERNMENT REFUSES
 CENSUS THAT WOULD GIVE CONTROL TO MOSLEMS WHO ARE PRO-PLO VS
 RIGHT-WING CHRISTIANS;
 VCPRI05:MILITARY HOSTILITIES WITH ISR BECAUSE OF PLO SANCTUARIES
 IN SOUTHERN LEB;
 VCPRI06:THREAT OF ISR MILITARY REPRISALS AGAINST LEB IF PLO BASED
 IN SOUTHERN LEB ATTACK ISR TERRITORY;
 VCPRI07:FISHERMEN'S DISPUTE, GOVERNMENT GRANTED EXCLUSIVE FISHING
 RIGHTS TO PRIVATE COMPANY, MASSIVE PUBLIC PROTEST WITH DEMONSTRATIONS,
 STRIKES, VIOLENCE+DEATH;
 VCPRI08:LEB MODERATE POSITION IN ARAB-ISRAELI WAR VERSUS FELLOW
 ARAB NATION'S MILITANCY;
 VCPRI09:LEB-ISR BORDER SECURITY WITH POSSIBILITY OF ISR INVASION
 AND TAKING OF LEB LANDS TO INSTITUTE BUFFER ZONES;
 VCPRI10:PLO REFUGEE CAMPS IN SOUTHERN LEB-NO INTEGRATION INTO LEB
 ECONOMIC OR POLITICAL SYSTEM, TERRORIST SANCTUARY, REFUSE LEB
 CONTROL--CREATES STRESS ON LEB ECONOMIC + POLITICAL STRUCTURE;
 EVENTS:GUN BATTLE BETWEEN PLO+LEB PHALANGISTS IN BEIRUT, PLO ARAFAT
 ASKED ARAB NATIONS TO PUT PRESSURE ON LEB GOVERNMENT TO PUNISH
 PHALANGISTS FOR ATTACK ON PLO, ISR-LEB BORDER CLASHES CONTINUE, LEB
 PHALANGISTS HAND OVER TWO MEN WHO ALLEGEDLY FIRED ON PLO BUS,
 PHALANGIST-PLO CIVIL DISORDER CAUSES GOVERNMENT CRISIS WHEN CABINET
 VOTES TO USE LEB MILITARY POWER TO QUELL CIVIL DISORDER+PRM SOHL
 HESITATES SO AS NOT TO UPSET CHRISTIAN-MOSLEM BALANCE, CEASEFIRE BETWEEN
 PLO-PHALANGISTS-SNIPING CONTINUES BEIRUT,PRM AL-SOHL THREATENS HARSH
 REPRISALS FOR VIOLATORS OF CEASEFIRE, POLITICAL CRISIS AFTER SIX CABINET
 MINISTERS RESIGN, LEB PM AL-SOHL RESIGNS AFTER BLAMING PHALANGISTS FOR
 CLASHES IN CAPITAL+BEIRUT PARLIAMENT PROTESTS THE RESIGNATION, LEB PM
 KARAMI PLEDGES TO END CIVIL STRIFE DIVIDING LEB, ISR FORCES ENTER LEB
 VILLAGE+SEARCH SOME HOUSES, LEB SAYS IT WILL COMPLAIN TO UNO SECURITY
 COUNCIL ABOUT ISR ATTACKS, TIGHT SECURITY ENFORCED AFTER KIDNAPPING OF
 THREE INFLUENTIAL PHALANGIST PARTY MEMBERS, AS PHALANGIST-PLO CLASHES
 CONTINUE-PLO WARNS IT WILL NOT BE DRIVEN FROM LEB, FIRST MILITARY
 GOVERNMENT IN LEB 36 YEARS OF INDEPENDENCE IS FORMED UNDER GEN RAFAI
 BUT SHOOTING CONTINUES, LEB TROOPS+ISR TROOPS CLASH FOR FIRST CONFRONTA-
 TIONS BETWEEN REGULAR ARMED FORCES IN THREE YEARS, MILITARY GOVERNMENT
 RESIGNS AFTER THREE DAYS UNDER TREMENDOUS PRESSURE TO ACT ON ISR ARMED
 ATTACK+DOMESTIC FIGHTING-GEN RAFAI ASKED TO STAY ON AS CARETAKER
 GOVERNMENT, FORMER LEB PM KARAMI ASKED TO FORM NEW GOVERNMENT-HAVING
 GOOD RAPPORT WITH PALESTINIANS-BUT STRONG OPPOSITION FROM RIGHT-WING
 FACTIONS, AFTER EIGHT DAYS OF STANDSTILL DURING FIGHTING BEIRUT BEGINS
 TO OPEN SHOPS AGAIN-BUT CLOSE AGAIN DUE TO NEW OUTBREAK REACHING A

TOLL OF 98 DEAD+265 WOUNDED, FIGHTING SPREADS TO SIDON-LEB THIRD LARGEST CITY, SYR MAY INTERVENE IN LEB DOMESTIC CONFLICT POSSIBLY CAUSING A SITUATION THAT EXISTED IN THE 1970 JOR WAR;

LESOTHO LES 570 675
 HST:KING MOSHOESHOE II; HST:PM CHIEF LEABUA JONATHAN;
 FOR:J.R.L. KOTSOKOANE; FIN:R. SEKHONVANA; INT:J. MONALELI;
 AREA:0,011,716; POP:001,200,000; GNP:0,000,060,000,000; GNPPC:0050;
 BOR:SAF;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
 ORG:SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMS UNION(SAF SWA BOT);
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 21, FOODS+LIVESTOCK 20, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 14, SAF, -WHEAT 25, DIAMONDS 18, WOOL 15, SAF;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+UNK USA UNO TECHNICAL AID;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK;
 TAF:0,000,900; TAF%POP:00.07; ME:00,001,200,000; ME%GNP:00.20;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, ATTEMPTED COUPS, +DISSIDENT BASOTHO PARTY;
 VCPRI02:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, COMPLETELY SURROUNDED BY SAF;
 VCPRI03:ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON SAF, TRADE + 40% LES WORKERS GO TO SAF;
 VCPRI04:POLITICAL DEPENDENCY ON SAF, ECONOMIC + GEOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS NECESSITATE LES NON-SUPPORT OF BLACK LIBERATION MOVEMENT;
 VCPRI05:FOREIGN WORKERS, 40% LES WORKERS WORK IN SAF;
 VCPRI06:AGRICULTURAL LAND SCARCE;
 VCPRI07:WATER SCARCE;
 VCPRI08:DEVELOPMENT OF TOURISM;
 VCPRI09:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 EVENTS:TREASON SENTENCES PASSED ON BASOTHO PARTY SUPPORTERS;

LIBERIA LBR 620 675
 HST:PRS WILLIAM R. TOLBERT JR.;
 FOR:CECIL C. DENNIS; DEF:A. WILLIAMS; FIN:S.A. TOLBERT;
 AREA:0,043,000; POP:001,650,000; GNP:0,000,436,000,000; GNPPC:0264;
 BOR:SIE; BOR:GUI; BOR:IVO;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
 ORG: ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP MLI GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:LBR SIGNS TREATY FOR ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 35, BASIC MANUFACTURES 23, FOOD 14, USA 34, GMW 14, UNK 8, -IRON ORE 70, RUBBER 16, DIAMONDS 5, USA 28, GMW 23, NTH 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+UNK USA TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENTAL AID;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA .4M;
 RESOURCES:8 IRON ORE 3.8%(GMW 22%, NTH 19%, ITA 22%), 6 NATURAL RUBBER;
 TAF:0,005,150; TAF%POP:00.31; ME:00,084,000,000; ME%GNP:19.26;
 VCPRI01:HOSTILE RELATIONS+BORDER CLOSURE WITH GUINEA;
 VCPRI02:SAF-BLACK AFRICAN CONFLICT, LBR MORE PRO-WESTERN THAN BLACK AFRICAN NEIGHBORS;
 VCPRI03:AFRO-AMERICAN COLONIZERS DOMINATE POLITICAL + ECONOMIC

AFFAIRS, SUBORDINATE NATIVE TRIBES;
 VCPRI04:DEPENDENCY ON USA, ECONOMIC ADVISERS, LOANS+CREDITS,
 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS WIDESPREAD;
 VCPRI05:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI06:UNTAPPED ECONOMIC FUTURES IN IRON + RUBBER;
 VCPRI07:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION ON AFRICAN COASTLINE,
 NEEDED AS USA REFUELING BASES IN FLIGHTS TO MIDDLE EAST;
 EVENTS:GUI CLOSES BORDER TO LBR FOR UNKNOWN REASONS-PROBABLY BECAUSE OF
 SAF PM VORSTER'S VISIT TO LBR;

LIBYA LBY 620 675

HST:COL MUHAMMER EL-QUADDAFI; HST:PRM MAJ A.S. JALLOUD;

FOR:ABDUL EL-HOUNI; INT:MAJ AL KHWAIDI AS HMAIDI;

FIN:MOHAMED Z. RAJAB;

AREA:0,679,358; POP:002,080,000; GNP:0,004,590,000,000; GNPPC:2206;

BOR:UAR; BOR:SUD; BOR:CHA; BOR:NIR; BOR:ALG; BOR:TUN;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAU; ORG:OPEC; ORG:OAPEC; ORG:AFRICAN

DEVELOPMENT BANK;

AGREEMENTS:USR AIR+SEA BASES +4.4B ARMS DEAL, FRN TRADE+AGRICULTURE+FOOD
 EXPORTS+PROFESSIONAL TRAINING;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 34, MANUFACTURES 23, FOOD+LIVESTOCK 15, ITA 23,
 UNK 10, GMW 9, -CRUDE OIL 99.9, ITA 24, GMW 18, UNK 16;

ECONOMIC-AID:-CHA DEVELOPMENT CREDITS;

DEFENSE-PACTS:NIG;

TROOP-TRAINING:-NIG UGA;

MILITARY-AID:-UGA 8 FIGHTER BOMBERS, +USR; ARM-SALES:+USR 4.4B;

RESOURCES:7 PETROLEUM CRUDE 5%(BEL-LUX 3%, FRN 12%, GMW 20%, ITA 24%,
 NTH 9%, SPN 4%, UNK 14%);

TAF:0,025,000; TAF%POP:01.20; ME:00,145,000,000; ME%GNP:03.15;

VCPRI01:ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT, MAINTAIN MILITANT POLICY + CONVINCE
 OTHER ARAB NATIONS TO ASSUME MORE MILITANT POLICIES;

VCPRI02:MAINTAIN OIL CARTEL UNIFIED PRICING + SUPPLY POLICIES;

VCPRI03:KEEP MIDDLE EAST AREA FREE OF SUPERPOWER INFLUENCE;

VCPRI04:DETERIORATED RELATIONS WITH UAR, LBY URGES MORE MILITANT
 POLICIES, PROPOSED UAR-LBY MERGER COLLAPSED;

VCPRI05:DETERIORATED RELATIONS WITH USR, LBY STRONG ANTI-COMMUNIST;

VCPRI06:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH TUN, PROPOSED MERGER COLLAPSED
 DUE TO POPULACE OPPOSITION;

VCPRI07:CHARGES THAT LBY SUPPORTS SUBVERSIVE ELEMENTS IN OTHER

ARAB NATIONS ADVOCATING MILITANT ANTI-ISR POLICIES, EG. UAR;

VCPRI08:TERRITORIAL EXPANSIONISM, LBY RECENTLY SEIZED 6000 SQ MILES OF
 MINERAL-RICH NORTHERN CHAD;

EVENTS:LBY-UAR RELATIONS STRAINED NEAR BREAKING POINT WHEN UAR RECEIVED
 ABUSIVE NOTE FROM LBY GOVERNMENT, UNK REFUSES TO SELL LBY 1.4B OF
 ARMS SO AS NOT TO UPSET ARMS BALANCE IN MIDDLE EAST, LBY TAKES
 POSSESSION OF 6000 SQ MILES OF MINERAL-RICH DESERT IN NORTHERN CHAD ON
 PRETEXT OF WWII(INVALIDATED) AGREEMENT, LBY AGREES TO HALT PROPAGANDA
 CAMPAIGN AGAINST UAR, USR PM KOSYGIN VISITS LBY, LBY PM JALLOUD OPPOSES
 GENEVA CONFERENCE BECAUSE IT WOULD MEAN RECOGNITION OF ISR, USR+LBY
 DEMAND CLOSING OF ALL FOREIGN MILITARY BASES IN MEDITERRANEAN, LBY

HOSTS USR PM KOSYGIN;

LIECHTENSTEIN LIC 223 675
HST:PRINCE FRANZ JOSEPH II; HST:DR. WALTER KIEBER;
AREA:0,000,063; POP:000,022,300;
BOR:AUS; BOR:SWZ;

LUXEMBURG LUX 212 675
HST:GRAND DUKE JEAN; HST:PM PIERRE WERNER;
FOR:PRS BASTON THORN; FIN:PM PIERRE WERNER; DEF:EMILE KRIEPS;
INT:JOSEPH WOHLFART;
AREA:0,000,999; POP:000,350,000;
BOR:GMW; BOR:BEL; BOR:FRN;
ORG:UNO; ORG:NATO; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:EEC; ORG:OECD;

MALAGASY MAG 580 675
HST:MAJ GEN RAMANANTSOA;
FOR:COL R.D. RATSIRAKA; DEF:MAJ GEN RAMANANTSOA; FIN:ALBERT-MARIE
RAMAROSUN; INT:LT COL R. RATSIMANDRAVA;
AREA:0,228,000; POP:007,655,134; GNP:0,001,134,000,000; GNPPC:0148;
BOR:ISLAND;
ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:OCAM;
TRADE:+MACHINERY 17, MOTOR VEHICLES+PARTS 16, METAL PRODUCTS 14,
FRN 56, GMW 9, USA 5, -COFFEE 26, VANILLA 9, RICE 5, FRN 34, USA 22,
FRENCH AFRICAN COMMON MARKET 8;
ECONOMIC-AID:+USA FRN;
TROP-TRAINING:+FRN 400 NAVAL TRAINERS, +GMW;
TROOPS+BASES:+FRN; MILITARY-AID:+FRN 12.5M;
TAF:0,004,250; TAF%POP:00.05; ME:00,013,450,000; ME%GNP:01.18;
VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, ATTEMPTED COUP+ASSASSINATION OF
HST BY SOCIALIST REBELS;
VCPRI02:DEPENDENCY ON FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;
VCPRI03:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION AND HOSTILITIES;
VCPRI04:CLAIMS 100 MILE OFFSHORE TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION;
VCPRI05:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY, SLOW GROWTH;
VCPRI06:POPULATION BOOM;

MALAWI MAW 553 675
HST:PRS KAMUZU BANDA;
FOR:PRS BANDA; DEF:PRS BANDA; FIN:D.T. MATENJE;
AREA:0,045,747; POP:004,670,000; GNP:0,000,212,000,000; GNPPC:0045;
BOR:TAZ; BOR:ZAM; BOR:MOZ;
ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAU; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
TRADE:+CONSUMER GOODS 27, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 15, UNK 30, RHO 17,
SAF 14, -TOBACCO 34, TEA 22, PEANUTS 15, UNK 14, ZAM 11, RHO 7;
ECONOMIC-AID:+UNK SAF;
TROP-TRAINING:+UNK; TROOPS+BASES:+UNK;
RESOURCES:8 TEA 1.7%;
TAF:0,001,200; TAF%POP:00.02; ME:00,001,500,000; ME%GNP:00.70;
VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS;

VCPRI02: MAINTAIN NEUTRAL TO PRO-WHITE AFRICAN GOVERNMENT POLICIES
 AND TRADE;
 VCPRI03: PREVENT MAW FROM BECOMING BLACK AFRICAN LIBERATION GUERRILLA
 BASE AGAINST WHITE AFRICAN GOVTS;
 VCPRI04: AFRICAN + UNO PRESSURE TO OBSERVE ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AGAINST
 RHO;
 VCPRI05: LACK SIGNIFICANT RESOURCES FOR DEVELOPMENT;
 VCPRI06: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

MALAYSIA MAL 820 675
 HST: H.M. SULTAN BADLISHA;
 FOR: PM BIN HUSSEIN; DEF: T. HURUN; FIN: D.L. ONN;
 INT: TAN GHAZALI BIN SHAFIE;
 AREA: 0,128,430; POP: 010,920,000; GNP: 0,004,640,000,000; GNPPC: 0424;
 BOR: TAI; BOR: INS;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: COMMONWEALTH; ORG: ASEAN(IND PHI SIN TAI);
 AGREENTS: TAI JOINT MILITARY EFFORT TO COMBAT COMMUNIST INSURGENCY,
 VTS+CAM DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION;
 TRADE: +MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPNT 32, FOOD 18, MANUFACTURES 18,
 JAP 19, UNK 15, SIN 8, -RUBBER 29, TIN 18, TIMBER 17, SIN 22,
 JAP 18, USA 13;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +AUL,+UNK;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: UNK AUL NEW SIN MAL;
 TROOPS+BASES: +UNK AUL NEW; MILITARY-AID: +USA.2M;
 ARM-SALES: +USA 35M;
 RESOURCES: 1 TIN CONCENTRATES 40%;
 TAF: 0,056,000; TAF%POP: 00.51; ME: 00,275,000,000; ME%GNP: 05.93;
 VCPRI01: THREAT OF RENEWED COMMUNIST INSURGENCY IN MAL AS RESULT OF NEW
 VTS+CAM COMMUNIST REGIMES;
 VCPRI02: LOW WORLD PRICE FOR RUBBER;
 VCPRI03: KEEP STRAIT OF MALACCA OPEN;
 VCPRI04: MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION, CHINESE + INDIAN MINORITIES;
 VCPRI05: POSSIBLE REVIVAL OF COMMUNIST INSURGENCY EXACERBATED BY
 ETHNIC SPLIT;
 EVENTS: ANTI-GUERRILLA ALERT IN MAL NEAR TAI BORDER, MAL ARMY+POLICE
 UNCOVER MUNITIONS+COMMUNIST BANNERS AFTER FOUR EXPLOSIONS IN WESTERN
 MAL, MAL HOSTS FIVE SOUTH-EAST ASIAN COUNTRIES(ASEAN) DISCUSSION OF HOW
 TO UNIFY POLICY TOWARDS COMMUNIST REGIMES IN VTS+CAM, MAL-INS-TAI-SIN-
 PHI AGREE TO RECOGNIZE CAM+VTS-BUT CANNOT AGREE ON ZONE OF NEUTRALITY
 OR TREATY OF AMITY TO SOLVE INTER-COUNTRY DISPUTES, MAL RECOGNIZES
 PRINCE SIHANOUK'S ROYAL GOVERNMENT OF KHMER NATIONAL UNION CAM, MAL
 AUTHORITIES TELL 625 CAM OFFICERS+SOLDIERS+FAMILIES TO LEAVE MAL AS
 SOON AS POSSIBLE, MAL RECOGNIZES VTS PROVISIONAL REVOLUTIONARY GOVT,
 MAL MEETS WITH FOUR OTHER MEMBERS OF ASEAN ABOUT COPING WITH A REGION
 AT PEACE FOR FIRST TIME IN THIRTY YEARS;

MALI MLI 432 675
 HST: PRS COL MAUSSA TRAORE;
 FOR: LT. C.S. CISSOKO; INT: CAPT K. DONKARA; DEF: CAPT K. DONKARA;
 FIN: T. KONATE;

AREA:0,464,000; POP:005,260,000; GNP:0,000,278,000,000; GNPPC:0052;
 BOR:MAU; BOR:ALG; BOR:NIR; BOR:UPP; BOR:IVO; BOR:GUI; BOR:SEN;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES
 (DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+CHEMICALS 10, CARS 9, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 9, FOOD 8,
 PETROL PRODUCTS 8, FRN 39, USR 10, IVO 9, -COTTON 25, PEANUTS 18,
 FISH 6, IVO 40, GHA 21, FRN 16;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+UNESCO-ILO-WHO-UNDP EDUCATION SYSTEM ASSISTANCE;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR;
 TAF:0,003,650; TAF%POP:00.07;
 VCPRI01:BORDER DISPUTE WITH UPP OVER AREA CONTAINING IMPORTANT
 MINERALS+PETROLEUM;
 VCPRI02:RETURN OF MALIAN NOMADS WHO LEFT FOR NEIGHBORING NATIONS TO
 ESCAPE DROUGHT+FAMINE;
 EVENTS:MLI-UPP BORDER CLASHES CONTINUE;

MALTA MLT 338 675
 HST:PM DOM MINTOFF;
 FOR:PM MINTOFF; FIN:DR. J. ABELA;
 AREA:0,000,122; POP:000,332,070;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 11, PETROL PRODUCTS 7, CHEMICALS 7, MEAT 4,
 CARS 4, UNK 37, ITA 17, GMW 5, -CLOTHING 29, TEXTILE YARN 10,
 RUBBER PRODUCTS 9, UNK 90, ITA 8, GMW 8;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+UNK, FRN ITA EQUIPMT + FINANCIAL AID TO EXPAND TELEX CABLE
 +TELEPHONE SERVICES;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:UNK;
 TROOPS+BASES:+UNK, +NATO;
 VCPRI01:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH UNK, CONTROVERSY OVER UNK NATO
 BASE RIGHTS + FINANCIAL COMPENSATION FOR MLT;

MAURITANIA MAU 435 675
 HST:PRS MOKHTAR OULD DADDAH;
 FOR:H.O. MOUKNASS; DEF:S.M. DIAGANA; INT:A.O.M. SALAH;
 FIN:D. SOUMARE;
 AREA:0,419,231; POP:001,230,000;
 BOR:ALG; BOR:MLI; BOR:SEN; BOR:SPANISH SAHARA;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:ARL; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN
 STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+SUGAR+HONEY 8, PETROL PRODUCTS 6.8, CARS 6.4, USA 11, UNK 7,
 FRN 4, -IRON ORE 83, FISH 7, COPPER ORE 4, FRN 21, UNK 16,
 BEL-LUX 13;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+SPN, +GMW, +CHN, +USA;
 MILITARY-AID:+FRN 1.2M;
 VCPRI01:MOR AND MAU CLAIM SPANISH SAHARA,SPN READY TO GIVE
 INDEPENDENCE TO SAHARA,MAU+MOR DISPUTE OWNERSHIP+RIGHTS IN
 SAHARA,POSSIBLE FIGHTING MAY RESULT;
 VCPRI02:DROUGHT LASTING FOR 5 YEARS HAS CRITICALLY AFFECTED

AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS, FAO ESTIMATES 10 YEARS OF FAVORABLE
 WEATHER CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR NORMALCY;
 VCPRI03:FAMINE CAUSED BY DROUGHT;
 VCPRI04:MOR CLAIMS ALL OF MAU FOR HISTORICAL REASONS;

MAURITIUS MAR 590 675
 HST:PM SIR SEEWOOSAGUR RAMGOOLAM;
 FOR:PM RAMGOOLAM; DEF:PM RAMGOOLAM; FIN:V. RINGADOO;
 AREA:0,000,720; POP:000,800,000;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OCAM;
 TRADE:+PETROL PRODUCTS 8, NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 7, RICE 6.7,
 UNK 22, SAF 8, FRN 7, -SUGAR 89, UNK 55, CAN 25, USA 6;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:UNK;
 VCPRI01:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI02:UNEMPLOYMENT;
 VCPRI03:OVER-POPULATION;
 VCPRI04:FREQUENT CYCLONES;
 EVENTS:FRN SEEKS NAVAL BASE IN MAR AFTER UNK EXIT, MAR GOVERNMENT
 TURNS DOWN UNK MP STONEHOUSE FOR A PASSPORT+MAR MINISTER OF HEALTH SAYS
 HE WILL BE GRANTED A PASSPORT IF HE IS CLEARED OF CHARGES CONTAINED IN
 THE WARRENT FOR HIS EXTRADITION FROM AUL;

MEXICO MEX 070 675
 HST:PRS LUIS ECHVERRIA ALVAREZ;
 FOR:E. O. RABASA; INT:M.M. PALENCIA; DEF:GEN H.C. DIAZ;
 FIN:J.L. PORTILLO;
 AREA:0,758,259; POP:052,640,000; GNP:0,039,450,000,000; GNPPC:0749;
 BOR:USA; BOR:GUA; BOR:BRITISH HONDURAS;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:LAFTA; ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS;
 AGREEMENTS:UNK SUGAR+MOLASSES TRADE;
 TRADE:+CAPITAL GOODS 44, TEXTILES+CHEMICALS+METALS 34, MOTOR VEHICLES 8,
 USA 61, GMW 9, -METAL ORES 9, COTTON 8, CHEMICALS 7, USA 73, JAP 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW EXPORT CREDITS-DIRECT INVESTMENTS-ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE,
 +USA;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:USA;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USA; TROOPS+BASES:+USA;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 1M;
 RESOURCES:5 ANTIMONY 5%(USA 68%,PAN 20%,CHT 12%), 10 MANGANESE
 1%(USA98%), 4 LEAD 4.6%(USA 32%,ITA 19%,NTH 10%), 5 SILVER
 12%(SWZ 39%,USA 32%), 6 ZINC 2.9%(USA 85%,JAP 14%), 7 COFFEE 3.8%,
 8 SUGAR 3%;
 TAF:0,082,000; TAF%POP:00.16; ME:00,423,000,000; ME%GNP:01.07;
 VCPRI01:TERRORISM FROM LEFT-WING GUERRILLAS;
 VCPRI02:BORDER CONTROL PROBLEMS WITH USA;
 VCPRI03:FOREIGN WORKERS,MEX MIGRANT WORKERS ENTER USA ILLEGALLY;
 VCPRI04:HEAVY SALINE WATER FLOWS INTO MEX FROM USA COLORADO RIVER
 RUINING MEX FARMLANDS;
 VCPRI05:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI06:USA QUOTA SYSTEM ON MEX AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS;

VCPRI07: DRUG CONTROL WITH USA;
 VCPRI08: TERRITORIAL WATERS DISPUTE WITH GUA;
 VCPRI09: DEVELOPMENT+MARKETING OF NEW FOUND MEX OIL, PREFERENTIAL
 TREATMENT CUSTOMERS DEBATED ESPECIALLY USA;
 VCPRI010: USA-MEX BORDER DISPUTES;
 EVENTS: MEX PROPOSES TO WORLD DEVELOPMENT BANKS THAT A REGIONAL
 MULTINATIONAL CORPORATION BE SET UP TO COMPETE AGAINST HUGE
 COMPANIES OF THE INDUSTRIALIZED WORLD;

MONACO MOC 221 675
 HST: PRINCE RAINIER III;
 FOR: A. SAINT-MLEUX; INT: MARC GORSSE; FIN: PIERRE NOTARI;
 AREA: 0,000,043; POP: 000,024,300;
 BOR: FRN;

MONGOLIA MON 712 675
 HST: CP SEC + CHRMN COUNCIL MINISTERS YU. TSEDENBAL;
 FOR: L. KINCHIN; FIN: TS. MOLOM; DEF: GEN B. DORJ;
 AREA: 0,604,000; POP: 001,320,000; GNP: 0,084,000,000,000; GNPPC: 0063;
 BOR: USR; BOR: CHN;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: COMECON;
 TRADE: +INDUSTRIAL CONSUMER GOODS 33, MACHINERY 26, FUELS+MINERALS+
 METALS 14, USR 62, CHN 23, CZE 5, -AGRICULTURAL RAW MATERIALS 58,
 FOODSTUFFS 20, USR 75, CZE 8, CHN 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +USR, -VTN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: USR; TROOP-TRAINING: +USR;
 TROOPS+BASES: +USR; MILITARY-AID: +USR, -VTN;
 TAF: 0,029,000; TAF%POP: 02.00; ME: 00,042,500,000; ME%GNP: 50.59;
 VCPRI01: DEPENDENCY ON USR;
 VCPRI02: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH CHN;
 VCPRI03: BORDER CLASHES WITH CHN;
 VCPRI04: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI05: MON MINORITIES IN CHN, CHARGES OF ILL-TREATMENT;
 VCPRI06: CHN CLAIMS TERRITORIAL OWNERSHIP ON MON;

MOROCCO MOR 600 675
 HST: KING HASSAN II; HST: PM AHMED OSMAN;
 FOR: A. LARAKI; INT: M.H. ECHIGUER; FIN: A. BENSLIMANE;
 DEF: KING HASSAN II;
 AREA: 0,172,834; POP: 015,830,000; GNP: 0,004,460,000,000; GNPPC: 0281;
 BOR: ALG; BOR: SPANISH SAHARA;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: OAU; ORG: ARL; ORG: MAGHREB PERMANENT CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE
 (ALG TUN); ORG: AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
 TRADE: +FRN 31, USA 14, GMW 8, MOTOR VEHICLES 6, PETROLEUM 5, SUGAR 5,
 WHEAT 4, TIMBER 2.8, -FRN 36, GMW 8, UNK 5, PHOSPHATES 23, CITRUS
 FRUITS 15, TOMATOES 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +USA USR BEL DEN AUS, +GMW EXPORT CREDITS, +FRN 8M ECONOMIC
 +TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE;
 TROOP-TRAINING: +FRN SPN; TROOPS+BASES: +USA 1000;
 MILITARY-AID: +USA 1.2M;

RESOURCES:8 LEAD 2.2%(FRN 62%,GMW 13%,HUN 6.4%), 3 PHOSPHATE ROCK;
 TAF:0,056,000; TAF%POP:00.35; ME:00,116,400,000; ME%GNP:02.61;
 VCPRI01:ARMED CONFRONTATION WITH SPN OVER CONTROL OF SPANISH
 SAHARA,MOR GUERRILLAS KIDNAPPED SPN SOLDIERS,SPN THREATS OF MILITARY
 REACTION;
 VCPRI02:MOR CLAIM TO PHOSPHATE-RICH SPANISH SAHARA DISPUTED BY MAU,
 AFTER SPN GIVES INDEPENDENCE TO SAHARA,CONTEST LIKELY
 BETWEEN MOR+MAU FOR CONTROL/INFLUENCE OVER SAHARA;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,OPPOSITION COUPS;
 VCPRI04:ALG BORDER DISPUTES;
 VCPRI05:UNEMPLOYMENT,WORKERS ENCOURAGED TO EMIGRATE;
 EVENTS:MOR DEMANDS SPN HAND OVER SPN ENCLAVES IN NORTH AFRICA, MOR
 RAIDERS HIJACK A TRUCKLOAD OF MERCHANDISE IN SPN SAHARA-KILLING A NATIVE
 MERCHANT, MOR SAHARAN GUERRILLAS TAKE TEN SPN MILITARY MEN PRISONER,
 MOR FORCES FIRE ROCKETS AT SPN ARMY HELICOPTERS, MOR DEPLOYS 25000 MEN
 ALONG SPN SAHARA BORDER, MOR CLAIMS IT MUST TAKE OVER SPN SAHARA WHEN
 SPN WITHDRAWS AS ITS "HISTORICAL+LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY", MOR KING HASSAN
 MEETS WITH SPN AMB IN MOR;

MUSCAT AND OMAN MOM 698 675
 HST:PM SULTAN SAYID QABUS BIN SAID;
 FOR:PM SAID; DEF:PM SAID; INT:SAYYID AL-SAID;
 AREA:0,082,000; POP:000,700,000; GNP:0,000,266,000,000; GNPPC:0380;
 BOR:SAU; BOR:UAE; BOR:SYE;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:IMF; ORG:IBRD;
 TRADE:+FOODSTUFFS, MOTOR VEHICLES, MACHINERY, UNK, GULF STATES, BUR,
 -OIL 99, JAP 34, MAL 14, NTH 11;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+SAU 12M, IRN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:UNK; TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK JOR;
 TROOPS+BASES:+UNK; MILITARY-AID:+IRN JOR SAU;
 TAF:0,009,600; TAF%POP:01.37; ME:00,077,500,000; ME%GNP:29.13;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL WAR WITH LEFTIST PFLOAG(POPULAR FRONT FOR LIBERATION
 OF OMAN + ARAB GULF);
 VCPRI02:HOSTILE RELATONS WITH SYE,SYE SUPPORT MOM PFLOAG REBELS;
 VCPRI03:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION,MAINTAIN CONTROL OF MOSENDAM
 PENINSULA WHICH JUTS INTO STRAIT OF HORMUJ THROUGH WHICH 2/3'S
 OF WORLD'S OIL EXPORTS PASS;
 VCPRI04:BORDER DISPUTE WITH SAU;

NAURU NAU 921 675
 HST:PRS HAMMER DEROBURT;
 FOR:PRS DEROBURT; FIN:JAMES BOP;
 AREA:0,000,008; POP:000,006,500;
 BOR:ISLAND;

NEPAL NEP 790 675
 HST:KING BIRENDRA BIR BIKRAM SHAH DEV; HST:PM NAGENDRA P. RIJAL;
 FOR:G.B. KARKI; INT:H.B. SHRESTHA;
 AREA:0,054,362; POP:011,470,000; GNP:0,000,800,000,000; GNPPC:0069;
 BOR:CHN; BOR:USR;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COLOMBO PLAN;
 AGREEMENTS:CHN ECONOMIC+TECHNICAL COOPERATION, CAM DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS
 ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 41, FOOD+LIVE ANIMALS 17, MINERALS+FUEL 10, IND 90,
 -FOOD+LIVE ANIMALS 60, RAW MATERIALS 25, MANUFACTURES 10, IND 90;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+IND USA USR UNK, +CHN 14M, +SWZ ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE+
 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+IND; MILITARY-AID:+UNK USA;
 TAF:0,025,500; TAF%POP:00.22; ME:00,006,400,000; ME%GNP:00.80;
 VCPRI01:ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE ON IND,AND ALL TRADE PASSES THROUGH IND;
 VCPRI02:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH IND OVER SKIKKIM;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,CONTROLLING KHAMPA TPIBESMEN PAID
 BY USA TO RAID CHN UNTIL RECENT DETENTE,NOW KAMPA TURN TO INTERNAL
 BANDITRY;
 VCPRI04:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION BETWEEN IND + CHN;
 EVENTS:CHN DELEGATION VISITS NEP+FINDS AGREEMENT ON ECONOMIC RELATIONS,
 DEPOSED PM KOIRALA SAYS CHN WILL OCCUPY NEP BY DEFAULT UNLESS IND
 INTERVENES BECAUSE PRO-COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IS INCREASING;

NETHERLANDS NTH 210 675
 HST:QUEEN JULIANA; HST:PM JOOP F. DEN UYL;
 FOR:M. VAN DEN STOEL; FIN:W.F. DUISENBERG; DEF:H. VREDELING;
 INT:W. DE GAAY FORTMAN;
 AREA:0,014,125; POP:013,371,000; GNP:0,044,800,000,000; GNPPC:3350;
 BOR:GMW; BOR:BEL;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:NATO; ORG:EEC; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:OECD; ORG:WEU;
 ORG:OAS OBSERVER; ORG:BENELUX(BEL LUX);
 AGREEMENTS:NTH RATIFIES NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 24, MANUFACTURES 20, MINERALS+
 FUELS+LUBRICANTS 13, EEC 54, USA 10, UNK 6, -CHEMICALS 13, PETROLEUM
 PRODUCTS 10, ELECTRICAL MACHINERY 8, EEC 63, UNK 7;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-INS IND PAK GHA NIG TUR KEN TAX UGA NIR TUN SUD COL
 PEP CAPITAL AID, -SURINAM+NTH ANTILLES TECHNICAL AID;
 DEFENSE-FACTS:NATO; TROOPS+BASES:+USA 2000;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA;
 RESOURCES:6 SYNTHETIC RUBBER 4%;
 TAF:0,112,200; TAF%POP:00.84; ME:01,244,000,000; ME%GNP:02.78;
 VCPRI01:DEFENSE SPENDING,RECENT DECISION TO PURCHASE USA JETS
 HEAVILY CRITICIZED BY POPULACE;
 VCPRI02:INFLATION;
 VCPRI03:DEPENDENCE ON ARAB OIL + ARAB'S OIL EMBARGO ON NTH FOR ITS
 PRO-ISR MID EAST POLICIES;
 VCPRI04:DEPENDENCY ON USA + NATO FOR SECURITY;
 VCPRI05:FUTURE OF EEC + FURTHER INTEGRATION MEASURES;
 VCPRI06:CONTROL OF OVERSEAS TERRITORIES;
 EVENTS:NTH POLICE CAPTURE MOLUCCAN MILITANTS PLANNING TO HOLD QUEEN
 JULIANA HOSTAGE UNTIL INS FREES SOUTH MOLUCCAN ISLANDS, THOUSANDS MARCH
 IN STREETS TO PROTEST PLANS OF NTH+DEN+NOR TO SPEND MILLIONS OF DOLLARS
 TO BUILD NEW FIGHTER JETS, CONTINUING CIVIL VIOLENCE BETWEEN POLICE+
 DEMONSTRATORS, NTH EVACUATES THEIR NATIONALS FROM VTS, NTH RATIFIES

NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY, NTH THREATENS TO WITHDRAW FROM NATO
IF IT OPENS ANY BASES IN SAF, NTH SENTENCES PLO HIJACKER;

NEW ZEALAND NEW 920 675

HST:PM W.E. ROWLING;

FIN:TIZARD; DEF:A.J. FAULKNER; INT:H.L. MAY; FOR:JA WALDING;

AREA:0,103,736; POP:002,961,869; GNP:0,008,500,000,000; GNPPC:2869;

BOR:ISLAND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:SEATO; ORG:OECD; ORG:ANZUS(USA AUL NEW); ORG:ASPAC(
AUL JAP KOS CHT PHI TAI VTS LAO); ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:SOUTH PACIFIC
COMMISSION(AUL FRN FIJ UNK USA NAU WSM);

AGREEMENTS:YUG THREE YEAR TRADE PACT;

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 35, MANUFACTURES 28, CHEMICALS 12,
UNK 29, AUL 22, JAP 11, -LAMBS+MOUTON 15, WOOL 16, BUTTER 11, UNK 32,
USA 17, AUL 9;

DEFENSE-PACTS:ANZUS,SEATO;

TAF:0,012,789; TAF%POP:00.43; ME:00,114,600,000; ME%GNP:01.35;

VCPRIO1:DEPENDENCE ON ARAB OIL;

VCPRIO2:PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT OF COMMONWEALTH;

VCPRIO3:INFLATION;

VCPRIO4:MAINTAINING TRADE MARKETS;

VCPRIO5:FRN NUCLEAR TESTS IN PACIFIC OCEAN;

EVENTS:NEW IS GOING TO PRESS ITS CASE FOR A NUCLEAR FREE ZONE IN THE
SOUTH PACIFIC DESPITE USA+AUL OPPOSITION, NEW ACTING PM TIZARD SAYS
THAT A START IS TO BE MADE SOON ON THE PLANS FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF
MOST OF NEW FORCES STILL IN SIN, NEW PM ROWLING SAYS THAT ANY REVERSAL
OF NEW'S EXPRESSED ATTITUDE TOWARDS APARTHEID WOULD DESTROY THE
RESPECT THAT IT HAD GAINED, NEW+EEC TALK ON UNK PLAN TO ENSURE BUTTER+
CHEESE SUPPLIES TO EEC AFTER 1977;

NICARAGUA NIC 093 675

HST:PRS CEN ANASTASIO SOMOZA DEBAYLE JR;

FOR:MONTIEL-ARGUELLO; INT:MARIN-ABAUNZA; FIN:GEN MONTIEL;

DEF:COL SANCHEZ;

AREA:0,053,938; POP:001,990,000; GNP:0,000,730,000,000; GNPPC:0366;

BOR:HON; BOR:COS;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:CACM(COS GUA ELS HON); ORG:ALLIANCE FOR
PROGRESS; ORG:ODECA(COS ELS GUA HON);

TRADE:+PHARMACEUTICALS 28, MACHINERY 27, FOODSTUFFS 12, USA 33,
GUA 9, JAP, -COTTON 23, COFFEE 25, SUGAR 20, USA 35, JAP 18, COS 13;
ECONOMIC-AID:+VEN LOANS TO FINANCE COFFEE BOYCOTT,+VEN AID+OIL+

INVESTMENT;

DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; MILITARY-AID:+USA 1.1M;

VCPRIO1:MAINTAIN STRICT CONTROL OVER INTERNAL POLITICAL PARTICIPATION
+ OPPOSITION;

VCPRIO2:TERRORIST CAMPAIGN AGAINST GOVT,COMMUNIST SUBVERSION
CHARGED;

VCPRIO3:LOW WORLD MARKET PRICES FOR NIC AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS;

VCPRIO4:MAINTAIN GOOD RELATIONS WITH USA DESPITE COFFEE
BOYCOTT(80% GOES TO USA);

NIGER NIR 436 675

HST:LT COL SEYNI KOUNTI; HST:PRS:DIORI HAMANI;
 FOR:B. SABO; FIN:M. ZAKARA;
 INT:D.Y. MAIGA; DEF:L. KAZIENDE;
 AREA:0,489,189; POP:004,210,000; GNP:0,000,489,000,000; GNPPC:0116;
 BOR:LBY; BOR:ALG; BOR:CHA; BOR:UPP; BOR:DAH; BOR:NIG; BOR:MLI;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:OCAM; ORG:COUNSEIL D'ENTENTE(DAH IVO TOG UPP);
 ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK; ORG:FRANC ZONE; ORG:ECONOMIC
 COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU
 NIG SIE TOG UPP MLI GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:GME DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS,ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN
 STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+COTTON FABRICS 16, ROAD VEHICLES 11, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS 9,
 FRN 46, GMW 8, USA 5, -PEANUTS 56, LIVESTOCK 16, PEANUT OIL 6,
 FRN 47, NIG 20, ITA 15;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+NTH CAPITAL AID;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:LBY, FRN DAH IVO, FRN;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN; TROOPS+BASES:+FRN 220 TROOPS+BASE;
 RESOURCES:6 URANIUM 2%;
 TAF:0,004,352; TAF%POP:00.10;
 VCPRIO1:DROUGHT;
 VCPRIO2:FAMINE;
 VCPRIO3:DEPENDENCY ON FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;
 VCPRIO4:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

NIGERIA NIG 475 675

HST:GEN YAKUBU GOWON;
 FIN:A.S. SHAGARI; FOR:O. ARIKPO; INT:A.K. SELEM; DEF:GEN GOWON;
 AREA:0,356,669; POP:058,020,000; GNP:0,007,600,000,000; GNPPC:0131;
 BOR:DAH; BOR:CAO; BOR:NIR; BOR:CHA;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:OAU; ORG:OPEC; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT
 BANK; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH
 GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG SIE NIR TOG UPP MLI GUI SEN GHA);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 45, VEHICLES 4, TEXTILES+FABRICS 39, UNK 32, USA 14,
 GMW 12, -CRUDE OIL 71, COCOA 12, UNK 22, USA 18, FRN 15;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW UNK, +NTH CAPITAL AID, +SWZ EXPORT CREDITS, +NOR
 EMERGENCY FOOD AID;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 17.4M;
 RESOURCES:9 PETROLEUM CRUDE 3%(UNK 23%,NTH 18%,USA 13%), 6 TIN
 CONCENTRATES 3.9%,(UNK 100%);
 TAF:0,157,000; TAF%POP:00.27; ME:00,351,800,000; ME%GNP:04.63;
 VCPRIO1:MAINTAIN INTERNAL POLITICAL STABILITY;
 VCPRIO2:REFUGEES, MALIAN NOMADS FLED TO NIG TO ESCAPE DROUGHT+FAMINE
 MALI DEMANDS THEIR RETURN, NIG REFUSES;
 VCPRIO3:MAINTAIN UNION OF NIG STATES, NO SECESSION;
 VCPRIO4:OVER-DEPENDENCE ON OIL REVENUES TO FINANCE STATE BUDGET;
 VCPRIO5:LOW AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY;
 VCPRIO6:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES,INTEGRATE
 STATE ETHNICS INTO FEDERAL NIG FEELING, EXPECIALLY IBO'S;

EVENTS:NIG JOURNALISTS PROTEST MILITARY LEADERS
ATTACKS ON THEM,NIG EXTERNAL AFFAIRS MINISTER SAYS
SAF ATTEMPTS TO WOO BLACK LEADERS INTO DETENTE TO
EXTEND OPPRESSION + MUST FAIL;

NORWAY NOR 385 675

HST:PM TRYGVE M. BRATTELI;

FOR:K. FRYDENLUND; DEF:A. FOSTERVOLL; FIN:P.A. KLEPPE;

AREA:0,125,181; POP:003,930,000; GNP:0,151,100,000,000; GNPPC:3842;

BOR:FIN; BOR:SWD; BOR:USR;

ORG:UNO; ORG:NATO; ORG:NORDIC COUNCIL(DEN ICE FIN SWD); ORG:OECD;

ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE;

AGREEMENTS:USR FISHERIES CO-OPERATION,VTS PRG DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION;

ECONOMIC-AID:-AFRICA 75%(NIG KEN TAZ UGA ETH), -ASIA 18%(IND KOS

INS), -TUR 40%;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 10, CHEMICALS 8, SWD 19, GMW 14, UNK 12,

-SHIPS 10, MACHINERY 10, ALUMINUM 10, UNK 19, SWD 17, GMW 15;

DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO; TROOPS+BASES:+NATO BASE, -UNO PEACEKEEPING FORCE
IN CYP; MILITARY-AID:+USA .3M;

TAF:0,035,400; TAF%POP:00.92; ME:00,414,000,000; ME%GNP:00.27;

VCPRIO1:DEFENSE SPENDING,RECENT DECISION TO BUY USA JETS

BRINGS POPULACE REACTIONS AGAINST MILITARY SPENDING AT TIME OF
TOO MUCH INFLATION;

VCPRIO2:PLANS TO EXTEND TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION LIMITS OFF THE

NORTHERN COAST TO 50 MILES FOR FISHING PURPOSES,UNK CONTESTS;

VCPRIO3:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH UNK OVER ILLEGAL UNK FISHING
SHIPS IN NOR WATERS+EEC ISSUE;

VCPRIO4:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION,VULNERABILITY OF EASTERN
BORDER;

VCPRIO5:NORTH SEA OIL DISCOVERY;

VCPRIO6:MAINTAIN NATIONAL CONTROL OVER NOR OIL,VERSUS CONSUMER NATIONS
ATTEMPTS TO SHARE OIL(USA);

VCPRIO7:LABOR IMMIGRATION CURBS;

VCPRIO8:INFLATIONS RATE 7.6%;

EVENTS:NOR WANTS TO BUY 72 USA YF-16 JET FIGHTERS TO REPLACE ITS
OBSOLETE FORCE-BUT WILL DO SO ONLY IF DEN+BEL+NTH DO SO ALSO, NOR
POLICE TIGHTEN SECURITY AFTER REPORTS THAT BAADER-HEINHOFF TERRORISTS
ENTER NOR;

PAKISTAN PAK 770 675

HST:PM ZULFIGAR ALI BHUTTO;

INT:QAYYUM KHAN; FIN:MUHAMMED HANIF; FOR:PM ALI BHUTTO; DEF:PM ALI
BHUTTO;

AREA:0,310,403; POP:064,892,000; GNP:0,008,000,000,000; GNPPC:0138;

BOR:IRN; BOR:AFG; BOR:IND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:CENTO; ORG:SEATO;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 16, IRON+STEEL 5, MANUFACTURES 4, OIL 7, USA 29,

GMW 11, UNK 11,-COTTON YARN 18, COTTON FABRICS 16, COTTON 14, HOK 12,

JAP 10, UNK 9;

ECONOMIC-AID:+SWD UNK NTH GMW USR CHN, +USR 200M, +USA 400000 TONS

OF LOW-PRICED GRAIN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:CENTO, SEATO;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA .2M, +USR TRUCKS+HELICOPTERS 10M, +FRN MIRAGE
 JETS+SUBS,+CHN 50M TANKS+AIRCRAFT, +IRN TUR INS;
 TROOP-TRAINING:-UAE;
 RESOURCES:10 CHROMIUM ORE 5%;
 TAF:0,422,000; TAF%POP:00.73; ME:00,652,300,000; ME%GNP:08.15;
 VCPRI01:PAK GOVERNMENT FEARS NORTHERN PROVINCES ESPECIALLY BALUCHISTAN
 ARE SEEKING SECESSION, EVIDENCES OF AFG TRAINING OF REBELS;
 VCPRI02:THREAT OF IND NUCLEAR DEVICE;
 VCPRI03:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH IND;
 VCPRI04:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH AFG,TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH AFG
 OVER BALUCHISTAN+NW PROVINCE,ALSO PROBLEM OF AFG MINORITIES
 IN PAK+CHARGES OF THEIR ILL-TREATMENT BY PAK;
 VCPRI05:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH IND OVER KASHMIR;
 VCPRI06:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,INCREASING VIOLENCE+
 ASSASSINATION OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, GUERRILLA
 MOVEMENTS;
 VCPRI07:HIGH COST OF IMPORTING ARAB OIL LOWERS PAK ECONOMIC +
 AGRICULTURAL + ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT POSSIBILITIES;
 VCPRI08:INCREASING MOVEMENT TOWARD 1 PARTY DICTATORSHIP,
 OPPOSITION PARTIES IN PARLIAMENT REFUSE TO ATTEND SESSIONS
 BECAUSE GOVT+BHUTTO HAVE PLACED TOO MANY RESTRICTIONS ON THEM;
 VCPRI09:USA ARMS BAN ON PAK;
 VCPRI10:STRAINED TO HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH BGD;
 VCPRI11:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-RELIGIOUS GROUP HOSTILITY,FREQUENT
 RIOTING +MILITARY HOSTILITY;
 EVENTS:PAK FOOD PRICES LEAP BY 50% DUE TO INTERNAL +
 EXTERNAL FACTORS,KASHMIR PRS OUSTED BY NO-CONFIDENCE
 VOTE,DETERIORATING PAK-AFG RELATIONS OVER AFG
 CLAIMS OF PAK REFUGEES IN AFG+PAK CLAIMS OF AFG ATTEMPTS TO
 ANNEX PAK TERRITORIES,PAK PM BHUTTO ACCEPTS SURRENDER OF 55
 GUERRILLA TRIBESMEN WARRING AGAINST GOVT FOR 2 YEARS,PAK PM
 BHUTTO REJECTS AFG CLAIMS THAT THERE ARE PAK REFUGEES IN AFG
 OTHER THAN CRIMINAL OR POLITICAL FUGITIVES,PAK PM BHUTTO SAYS
 A UNO FACT-FINDING MISSION IN BALUCHISTAN IS PREPOSTEROUS,PAK
 AGREES WITH IND TO STOP PROPAGANDA WAR AGAINST EACH OTHER;

PANAMA PAN 095 675

HST:GEN OMAR TORRIJOS HERRERA;
 FOR:J.A. TACK; FIN:M. SANCHEZ; INT:RICARDO A. RODRIGUEZ;
 AREA:0,029,208; POP:001,520,000; GNP:0,000,800,000,000; GNPPC:0561;
 BOR:COL; BOR:COS;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:UPEB(COL COS GUA HON);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 28, MANUFACTURES 20, MINERAL+ FUELS
 +LUBRICANTS , USA 39, VEN 19, PAN FREE ZONE 13, -BANANAS 56, REFINED
 PETROLEUM 21, SHRIMP 10, USA 62, GMW 16;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USA; TROOPS+BASES:+USA 10000 TROOPS+CANAL ZONE

HEADQUARTERS FOR USA SOUTHCOM; MILITARY-AID:+USA .4M;
 TAF:0,004,800; TAF%POP:00.34; ME:00,002,000,000; ME%GNP:00.25;
 VCPRI01:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USA OVER OWNERSHIP OF PANAMA CANAL;
 VCPRI02:OWNERSHIP OF PANAMA CANAL, TAX PURPOSES + NATIONAL SYMBOL;
 VCPRI03:NON-INTERFERENCE OF USA IN PAN + LATIN AMERICAN AFFAIRS;
 VCPRI04:ESTABLISHMENT OF LONG-RANGE STRATEGY FOR NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT
 WHICH EMPHASIZES CORRECTING IMBALANCES BETWEEN URBANIZED METROPOLITAN
 AREA NEAR CANAL + POORLY DEVELOPED INTERIOR REGIONS;

PARAGUAY PAR 150 675
 HST:PRS GEN ALFREDO STROESSNER;
 FOR:R.S. PASTOR; INT:S.A. MONTANARO; FIN:GEN C. BARRIENTOS;
 DEF:GEN M. SAMANIEGO;
 AREA:0,157,047; POP:002,580,000; GNP:0,000,708,000,000; GNPPC:0238;
 BOR:BOL; BOR:BRA; BOR:ARG;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:LAFTA;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 22, VEHICLES 13, USA 25, ARG 14, GMW 12, -MEAT 32,
 TIMBER 16, TOBACCO 7, ARG 27, USA 16, NTH 8;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USA 7M DEVELOPMENT AID;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USA MILITARY AIR MISSIONS, +ARG NAVAL MISSION, +BRA;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA .8M;
 TAF:0,023,400; TAF%POP:00.91; ME:00,019,000,000; ME%GNP:02.68;
 VCPRI01:DEPENDENCY ON ITS RIVER SYSTEM FOR FOREIGN COMMERCE WHICH IS
 CONTROLLED BY ARG;
 VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, ANTI-STROESSNER EXILES PURPORTEDLY
 PLAN INVASION;
 VCPRI03:FLUCTUATING WORLD PRICES FOR PAR AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI05:INFLATION,COST OF LIVING ROSE 60%;

PERU PER 135 675
 HST:PRS GEN JUAN VELASCO ALVARADO;
 FOR:BRIG GEN M. DE LA FLOR VALLE; INT:ARMY GEN P.R. PRADA;
 FIN:GEN GAVILANO; DEF:GEN E. MERCADO;
 AREA:0,496,222; POP:014,460,000; GNP:0,007,110,000,000; GNPPC:0491;
 BOR:ECU; BOR:COL; BOR:BRA; BOR:BOL; BOR:CHL;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:LAFTA; ORG:ANDEAN COMMON MARKET(BOL CHL COL ECU
 PER);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 40, CHEMICALS 20, METALS+MANUFACTURES 18, USA 29,
 GMW 12, JAP 10, -FISH MEAL 31, COPPER 19, SUGAR 8, USA 29, JAP 12,
 NTH 7;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+JAP OIL REFINERY+SHORT WAVE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM,+GMW
 EXPORT CREDITS 8M, +NTH CAPITAL AID, +SWZ DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS,
 +SWZ INVESTMENT, +USA TECHNICAL AGRICULTURAL EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT,
 +UNK CAN SAF SPN SWD MAJES RIVER IRRIGATION PROJECT, +RUM 50M MINES+
 MACHINE TOOL PRODUCTION;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+USR;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 1.9M;
 RESOURCES:7 COPPER 3%(JAP 50%,GMW 38%), 4 SILVER 13%(GME 76%,

BELLUX 7%);
 TAF:0,074,000; TAF%POP:00.51; ME:00,226,000,000; ME%GNP:03.18;
 VCPRI01:RECENT GULF OIL CO. BRIBERY SCANDAL CATALYZES GOVT
 NATIONALIZATION EFFORTS + ANTI-USA SENTIMENTS;
 VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,SOLIDIFY PUBLIC OPINION BEHIND THE
 GOVT SOCIAL DEMOCRACY OF FULL PARTICIPATION,RECENT STRIKES+
 DEMONSTRATIONS+LOOTING+CIVIL VIOLENCE;
 VCPRI03:PER CLAIMS TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION OF 200 MILE OFFSHORE LIMITS,
 USA FISHING DISPUTES;
 VCPRI04:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USA,ARRESTS OF USA FISHERMEN +
 NATIONALIZATIONS OF USA PETROLEUM COMPANY;
 VCPRI05:ECU BORDER DISPUTE;
 VCPRI06:AGRICULTURAL FAILURES,ANCHOVY BASE FOR FISHMEAL + FISHOIL
 POOR HARVEST;
 EVENTS:PER ANTI-USA AGITATION ENCOURAGES CONFISCATION OF A
 USA COMPANY-MARCONA MINING+CO-OPERATION IN THE DRIVE TO
 PROTECT NATURAL RESOURCES+RESPECT FOR NON-INTERVENTION BY OTHER
 STATES,PER MINERS ARGUE FOR CONFISCATION WITHOUT COMPENSATION
 WHEN AUDIT SHOWS COMPANY CHEATING,CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES
 RESTORED IN PER AFTER STATE OF EMERGENCY DECLARED ON FEB.
 5, PER EXPROPRIATES GULF OIL CORPORATION WITHOUT COMPENSATION DUE TO
 \$2.4M IN BRIBES OFFERED BY GULF TO OFFICIALS;

PHILIPPINES PHI 840 675
 HST:PRS FERDINAND MARCOS;
 FOR:C.P. ROMULO; FIN:C.E. VIRATA; DEF:J.P. ENRILE;
 AREA:0,115,707; POP:039,040,000; GNP:0,008,200,000,000; GNPPC:0210;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:SEATO; ORG:ASEAN(MAL SIN PHI INS TAI);
 AGREEMENTS:INS BORDER CO-OPERATION+PATROL,CAM+VTS DIPLOMATIC
 RECOGNITION;
 TRADE:+NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 19, MINERALS+FUELS+LUBRICANTS 12,
 TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 10, JAP 29, USA 25, GMW 7, UNK 5, -COCONUTS+
 PRODUCTS 23, SUGAR 20, TIMBER 19, COPPER 17, USA 40, JAP 35;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+JAP 75M(26.9M IN GRANTS, .9M TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE,
 47.2M IN EXPORT CREDITS), +USA 40M(CAPITAL ASST 17M, TECHNICAL
 ASST 8M, EXPORT CREDITS 15M), +USA 1B INVESTMENT+80M ASSISTANCE LOANS;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:SEATO,USA;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USA 18000 CLARK FIELD+SUBIC BAY+SOUTH ISLANDS;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 15.7M;
 RESOURCES:7 GOLD 1.5%, 8 COPPER 3%(JAP 96, USA 3);
 TAF:0,042,700; TAF%POP:00.10; ME:00,095,000,000; ME%GNP:01.15;
 VCPRI01:REASSESSMENT OF USA SECURITY ROLE + TROOPS + BASES
 IN PHI AFTER FALL OF VTS+CAM TO COMMUNISTS;
 VCPRI02:PRPOSED GOVERNMENTAL REORGANIZATION TO INCLUDE +
 TRANSFER MORE AUTHORITY TO MOSLEMS TO TRY TO END CIVIL WAR;
 VCPRI03:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,PRS MARCO'S DICTATORIAL RULE;
 VCPRI04:HUK(HUKBALAHAP) INSURGENCY,CENTRAL + NE LUZON;
 VCPRI05:40% INFLATION;
 VCPRI06:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-RELIGIOUS GROUPS HOSTILITY,

CHRISTIANS+MOSLEMS;

VCPRIO7:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH MAL OVER OWNERSHIP OF SABAH+SULU;
 EVENTS:PHI PRS MARCOS CALLS FOR REVIEW OF PHI-USA SECURITY
 RELATIONSHIP IN LIGHT OF VTS-USA CONFLICT,PHI PRS MARCOS
 BELIEVES USA BASES IN PHI A LIABILITY RATHER THAN AN ASSET
 SINCE PHI IS NOW USA FIRST LINE OF DEFENSE IN INDO-CHINA,
 MOSLEM LEADERS AGREE TO CEASEFIRE WITH PHI GOVT,PRS MARCOS
 AGREES TO INTEGRATE PHI MOSLEM FORCES INTO PHI MILITARY TO
 HELP RESOLVE REBELLION,AS PHI REASSESSES ITS RELATIONS WITH USA-
 IT SEEKS RELATIONS WITH VTN,PRS MARCOS SEES NO "EXTERNAL
 DANGERS" TO ASIAN STATES LYING OUTSIDE THE ASIAN MAINLAND+
 IS CONFIDENT THE INDO-CHINA WAR WILL NOT COME TO PHI,PRS
 MARCOS TRANSFERS AUTHORITY IN MUSLIM AREAS TO MUSLIMS IN GOVT+
 PRIVATE SECTORS+ORDERS REORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL GOVT TO
 PROVIDE TWO MUSLIM REGIONS IN SOUTH PHI IN NEGOTIATIONS WITH
 MUSLIM REBELS,PHI AGREES TO HOLD TALKS WITH INS ABOUT PEACE IN
 SOUTHERN PHI,4000 VTS REFUGEES MOVED FROM PHI TO GUAN+WAKE
 ISLANDS TO APPEASE PHI PROTESTS OF USE OF ITS SOIL FOR A POLITICAL
 EVACUATION,PHI+MAL+SIN+TAI+INS AGREE TO RECOGNIZE CAM+VTS BUT
 DO NOT AGREE ON ZONE OF 'NEUTRALITY' OR TREATY TO SOLVE
 INTERCOUNTRY DISPUTES IN FIRST MEETING OF ASEAN IN 30 YRS;

POLAND POL 290 675

HST:CP SEC EDWARD GIEREK; HST:PM P. JAROSZERICZ;
 FOR:S. OLSZOWSKI; DEF:W. JARUZELSKI; INT:S. KOWALCZYK; FIN:H. KISIEL;
 AREA:0,120,664; POP:033,070,000; GNP:0,044,500,000,000; GNPPC:1345;
 BOR:USR; BOR:CZE; BOR:GME;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:WARSAW PACT; ORG:COMECON;
 AGREEMENTS:CZE BORDER ADJUSTMENT;
 TRADE:+USR 35, GME 11, CZE 9, ROLLED IRON+STEEL PRODUCTS 3.4, CRUDE
 PETROLEUM 3.3, IRON ORE 2.4, COTTON 2.3, -USR 36, GME 8, CZE 7,
 COAL 11, SHIPS 4, COTTON 3, STEEL PRODUCTS 2.7;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:USR + OTHER WARSAW PACT NATIONS;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR; TROOPS+BASES:+USR;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR;
 RESOURCES:5 COAL 6.8%(USR 24%,ITA 9.7%,DEN 9.4%,FIN 9%),5 ZINC 4%
 (USR 42%,CZE 12%,ITA 7.6%), 10 SUGAR 2.5%;
 TAF:0,280,000; TAF%POP:00.84; ME:02,856,000,000; ME%GNP:06.42;
 VCPRIO1:SUBORDINATION TO + PENETRATION BY USR;
 VCPRIO2:POPULACE HOSTILITY TOWARDS USR;
 VCPRIO3:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN, EMPHASIS ON CONSUMER GOODS + HOUSING
 VERSUS HEAVY INDUSTRY BECAUSE OF POPULACE RIOTS + DISSATISFACTION;
 VCPRIO4:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH GMW;
 VCPRIO5:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, MAINLAND ROUTE FROM USR TO
 GERMANY + WEST EUROPE;
 VCPRIO6:TRADE COMPETITION WITH WESTERN EUROPE, AS TRADE LIBERALIZES
 BETWEEN EAST + WEST EUROPE, EAST EUROPE TEND TO PREFER WEST EUROPEAN
 PRODUCTS VERSUS POL MANUFACTURES;
 VCPRIO7:TERRITORIAL DISPUTES WITH GME OVER ODER-NEISSE BOUNDARY;
 VCPRIO8:TERRITORIAL LOSSES TO USR POST WWII;

EVENTS:POL WARNS GNM THEIR RELATIONS CANNOT BE NORMALIZED
UNTIL BONN PAYS COMPENSATION FOR PERSONS DISABLED IN NAZI
CONCENTRATION CAMPS,POL MINISTRY OF MINING+POWER RECEIVES
UNK NATIONAL COAL BOARD CHRMN;

PORTUGAL POR 235 675

HST:PRS GEN DA COSTA GOMES; HST:PM BRIG VASCO GONCALVES;
FOR:MARIO SOARES; DEF:S. RIBEIRO; FIN:DR JOSE DE SILVA LOPES;
AREA:0,035,510; POP:008,830,000; GNP:0,008,300,000,000; GNPPC:0940;
BOR:SPN;

ORG:UNO; ORG:NATO; ORG:EFTA; ORG:OECD;

AGREEMENTS:ALG BUT COP CYP UAR IVO MAU SEN TAZ ZAM DIPLOMATIC
RECOGNITION;

TRADE:+NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 12, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT 9, PETROLEUM+
PRODUCTS 6, GNM 16, UNK 14, ANG 10, USA 7, FRN 7, ITA 5, SPN 5,
-TEXTILE YARNS+FABRICS 28, CHEMICALS 8, MACHINERY 8, WINE 7, UNK 23,
ANG 14, USA 10, MOZ 7, GNM 6, SWD 6;

ECONOMIC-AID:-46.8M TO AFRICAN COLONIES,-ANG 14.3M, -MOZ 162.5M;

DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO,-ANG; TROOPS+BASES:+USA 1000,+NATO,-ANG;

MILITARY-AID:+USA 1.3M;

TAF:0,204,000; TAF%POP:02.31; ME:00,425,000,000; ME%GNP:05.12;

VCPRIO1:THREAT THAT POR WILL BECOME A FULL COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT,
POST ELECTION VICTORY FOR SOCIALISTS BUT AFM+COMMUNISTS

THWART SOCIALIST PARTICIPATION+SOCIALIST LEADERS THREATEN
WITHDRAWAL FROM COALITION;

VCPRIO2:POR ROLE IN WESTERN ALLIANCE NATO,ESPECIALLY
IN REGARD TO FUTURE OIL SHORTAGES+ARAB OIL POLICIES AGAINST WESTERN
POWERS, ALSO NATO'S REEVALUATION OF POR AS COMMUNISTS GAIN CONTROL
OF GOVERNMENT--NATO FEARS GIVING SECURITY SECRETS TO COMMUNISTS+USR;

VCPRIO3:THREAT OF CIVIL WAR,INCREASING VIOLENCE BETWEEN FACTIONS;

VCPRIO4:NATO+USA BASE ON AZORES, POR COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT MAY REFUSE
NATO+USA CONTINUED USE AS MILITARY BASE;

VCPRIO5:NEW GOVERNMENT POLICIES, INCREASING SOCIALIZATION+
NATIONALIZATION, SIGNS OF SOME POPULACE DISSATISFACTION;

VCPRIO6:EASE TRANSITION OF FORMER COLONIES INTO INDEPENDENCE,ESPECIALLY
IN FACE OF INCREASING THREAT OF CIVIL WAR+VIOLENCE IN MOZ+ANG,DILEMMA
OVER PROPER POR ROLE IN ANG CIVIL WAR;

VCPRIO7:IMPROVE FALTERING ECONOMY;

VCPRIO8:SAFEGUARD OTHER COLONIAL POSSESSIONS;

VCPRIO9:MAINTAIN CONTROLLED ENTRY INTO DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, POPULACE
OVERZEALOUS DESIRES FOR FREEDOMS+COMMUNIST PARTY ROLE;

EVENTS:SEN PRS VISITS,POR HANDS OVER POWER TO AN AFRICAN
DOMINATED TRANSITIONAL GOVT IN ANG WHICH WILL LEAD ANG TO
FULL INDEPENDENCE IN NOV 1975,2000 POR NATIONALS LEAVE MOZ
FOR LISBON,POR COMMUNIST PARTY DEMANDS CENSORSHIP OF FOREIGN

PRESS,THE TWO PARTIES OPPOSING THE AFM TOTALLY COLLAPSE
LEAVING THE ARMED FORCES MOVEMENT IN TOTAL CONTROL FOR THE
NEXT 5 YEAR TRANSITIONAL PERIOD,POR FEARS "ECONOMIC SABOTAGE"
BY EXTERNAL ANNOUNCEMENTS THAT POR IS NOT A GOOD FOREIGN
CAPITAL INVESTMENT,POR RAISES THE QUESTION OF A SECRET RIGHT-

WING MILITARY ORGANIZATION HIDING IN SPN TO CAUSE CHAOS IN
 POR WITH SPN AUTHORITIES-POR DOES NOT HOLD THE SPN GOVT
 RESPONSIBLE, POR AFM INTENDS TO ENFORCE SOCIALIST PROGRESS
 EVEN IF THE PEOPLE VOTE AGAINST IT, POR TRIES TO RETURN MACAO
 TO CHN TO PLACATE CHN ANGER AT WARMING RELATIONS BETWEEN POR+
 USR-BUT CHN REFUSES, POR NATIONALIZES TRANSPORT+ELECTRICITY+
 PETROL+CHEMICAL COMPANIES+INTRODUCES PRICE CONTROLS+FAIR-REACHING
 LAND REFORMS, IN FIRST NATIONAL ELECTION 92% OF POR POPULATION
 VOTE + SOCIALISTS EMERGE AS STRONGEST, POR SOCIALIST LEADER SAYS
 ELECTION RESULTS WERE A SEVERE BLOW TO THE LEFT-WING MILITARY
 LEADERS, POR GOVT SAYS ELECTION RESULTS WILL NOT EFFECT THE GOVT,
 POR DENIES USA USE OF AZORES BASE IN ANOTHER MIDEAST WAR,
 POR DOES NOT THINK MEMBERSHIP IN NATO IS INCONSISTENT WITH
 INDEPENDENCE FROM POWER BLOCS, OAU BAN ON DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS
 WITH POR LIFTED, POR FLIES FOOD TO ANG AS ANG CIVIL WAR GROWS,
 30000 SOCIALISTS MARCH THROUGH LISBON STREETS+200 TROOPS
 WITH MACHINE GUNS+ARMORED CARS LINE STREETS ON MAY DAY,
 SOCIALISTS IN MANY PARTS OF POR DEMONSTRATE AGAINST COMMUNISTS,
 SOCIALIST-COMMUNIST CLASH THREATENS COALITION GOVT, GOVT CLOSES
 LAST SOCIALIST NEWSPAPER+SOCIALISTS THREATEN TO BOYCOTT GOVERNMENT
 IF PAPER IS NOT RETURNED TO OWNERS, MINIMAL CO-OPERATION IS
 AGREED UPON BETWEEN THE SOCIALISTS+COMMUNISTS, CLOSURE OF
 RHO DIPLOMATIC MISSION IN POR, POR DECLARES MARTIAL LAW IN ANG
 TRYING TO AVERT A CIVIL WAR + ORDERS DISARMING OF CIVILIANS+
 BANS HEAVY WEAPONS+EXPELS ALL FOREIGNERS, TENSION IN ANG
 THREATENS TO CAUSE A SPLIT AMONG POR LEADERS OVER ROLE OF POR
 TROOPS IN ANG, POR SOCIALISTS PARTY REFUSES TO PARTICIPATE
 IN GOVT UNLESS COMMUNISTS ARE RESTRAINED, POR POLICE ARREST
 MORE THAN 100 MEMBERS OF MRPP--OUTLAWED MAOIST PARTY,
 POR REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL LAUNCHES ATTACK ON SOCIALIST
 PARTY+CALLS IN LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES FOR CONSULTATION,
 POR COMMUNIST PARTY ACCUSES SOCIALISTS OF USING "VAST
 AND HYSTERICAL ACTIVITY AGAINST THE DEMOCRATIC PROCESS",
 RADICAL AFM OFFICER TAKES OVER AIR FORCE + THREATENS TO
 CRUSH RIGHT-WING INFLUENCE IN HIS RANKS, LEFTISTS DEMONSTRATE
 AGAINST USA EMBASSY, MILITARY LEADERS MEET IN SPECIAL
 ASSEMBLY TO DISCUSS BYPASSING POLITICAL PARTIES, 40000
 SOCIALISTS MARCH TO PROTEST DRIFT TOWARD "COMMUNIST DICTATORSHIP",
 EEC VOTES TO AID POR, POR SOCIALISTS SUSPEND THEIR BOYCOTT+
 MILITARY REGIME ALLOWS CIVILIAN OFFICIALS TO DISCUSS
 ISSUES, MILITARY GOVT AGREES TO DISTORTIONS IN POLITICAL
 STRUCTURE+CONCEDES TO SOCIALISTS PLAYING A GREATER ROLE;

QATAR QAT 696 675

HST:AMIR SHEIKH HAMAD AL-THANI;

FOR:SUHAIM BIN HAMAD AL THANI;

AREA:0,006,000; POP:000,170,000; GNP:0,000,280,000,000; GNPPC:1647;

BOR:SAU;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAPEC; ORG:OPEC;

AGREEMENTS:CAO DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS,UAE+UAR+SAU INDUSTRIAL

COMBINE;
 TRADE:+UNK 37, JAP 10, USA 10, -CRUDE OIL 99, SAU 57, UAE 22, IRN 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+AUS;
 TAF:0,002,200; TAF%POP:01.29;
 VCPRI01:OIL BOOM HAS ATTRACTED TOO MANY FOREIGN WORKERS+
 ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS FROM IND+PAK+IRN;
 VCPRI02:MAINTAIN OPEC UNIFIED PRICING + SUPPLY POLICIES;
 VCPRI03:THREAT OF USA MILITARY INVASION TO SECURE OIL SUPPLIES;
 VCPRI04:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, QATAR PENINSULA EXTENDS INTO
 PERSIAN GULF;

RHODESIA RHO 352 675

HST:PRS CLIFFORD WALTER DUPONT; HST:PM IAN SMITH;
 FIN:J.J. WRATHAL; FOR:JOHN HOWMAN; DEF:JOHN HOWMAN;
 INT:L.B. SMITH;
 AREA:0,150,333; POP:005,690,000; GNP:0,001,570,000,000; GNPPC:0269;
 BOR:ZAM; BOR:MOZ; BOR:SAF; BOR:BOT;
 TRADE:+UNK 30, SAF 23, USA 7, -TOBACCO 51, ASBESTOS 12, MACHINERY 9,
 ZAM 29, UNK 20, SAF 11;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+SAF;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:INFORMAL COMMITMENTS FROM SAF;
 TROOPS+BASES:+SAF SECURITY FORCES;
 ME:00,041,100,000; ME%GNP:02.62
 VCPRI01:EVENTUAL RHO WHITE ENCLAVE SURROUNDED BY BLACK AFRICAN NATIONS;
 VCPRI02:TERRORISM WAR WITH BLACK AFRICAN NATIONALISTS;
 VCPRI03:CONTINUED SAF POLITICAL + ECONOMIC + MILITARY SUPPORT;
 VCPRI04:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH ZAM;
 VCPRI05:UNO ECONOMIC SANCTIONS ON RHO;
 VCPRI06:POR GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO POR AFRICAN TERRITORIES;
 VCPRI07:BORDER CLOSURE+CLASHES WITH ZAM;
 EVENTS:SAF GOVT SAYS A WITHDRAWAL OF SAF PARAMILITARY FORCES
 FROM RHO IS DEPENDENT ON A CEASEFIRE BECOMING EFFECTIVE,
 ZAM FM STATES SAF PM VORSTER PROMISED TO WITHDRAW SAF
 FORCES FROM RHO BY THE END OF MAY,SPECIAL RHO COURT RULES REV.
 SITHOLE SHOULD BE KEPT IN DETENTION,RHO GOVT RELEASES REV
 SITHOLE TO ATTEND OAU MEETING,RHO PM TELLS RHO WHITES THEY MUST
 PREPARE FOR CHANGES AS AFRICANS ARE COMING FORWARD TO TAKE A
 POLITICAL LEAD,SPORADIC BLACK-WHITE VIOLENCE+TERRORISM CONTINUES
 IN RHO,REV SITHOLE WILL NOT RETURN TO RHO FROM OAU MEETING TO
 FACE REIMPRISONMENT,RHO BORDER WAR WITH BLACK GUERRILLAS
 CONTINUES,RHO BLACK LEADERS WILL NOT RESUME TALKS UNTIL RHO
 GOVT FULFILLS STIPULATIONS PROMISED LAST DECEMBER,COMMONWEALTH
 LEADERS SAY BLACK-WHITE RACE WAR CERTAIN UNLESS RHO PM SMITH
 AGREES TO BLACK MAJORITY GOVT,RHO ACCUSES ANC OF DELAYING
 SETTLEMENT TO LET OUTSIDE PRESSURES FORCE RHO INTO HASTY
 DECISIONS,RHO PM SMITH ISSUES ULTIMATUM TO AFRICAN LEADERS
 TO AGREE TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE OR DISCUSSIONS WILL
 BE CALLED OFF;

RUMANIA RUM 360 675

HST:PRS NICOLAE CEAUSESCU;
 FOR:G. MACOVESCU; FIN:F. DUMITRESCU;
 INT:EMIL BOBU; DEF:ION COMAN;
 AREA:0,091,699; POP:020,770,000; GNP:0,021,400,000,000; GNPPC:1030;
 BOR:USR; BOR:BUL; BOR:YUG; BOR:HUN;
 TRADE:+USR 22, GMW 9, GME 7, -USR 29, GMW 9, CZE 7, MACHINERY 23,
 FOODSTUFFS 12, RAW MINERALS+METALS 13;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-UAR 100M LOAN,+WORLD BANK 60M LOAN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:WARSAW PACT;
 TAF:0,200,000; TAF%POP:00.98; ME:00,840,000,000; ME%GNP:03.93;
 VCPRI01:MAINTAIN SOVEREIGNTY + ACHIEVE GREATER INDEPENDENCE FROM
 USR;
 VCPRI02:DEVELOP ECONOMY TO INDUSTRIAL BASE VERSUS COMECON+USR DESIRES
 FOR AGRICULTURAL+RAW MATERIALS BASE;
 VCPRI03:OFFICIAL PRIORITY GIVEN TO BUILDING NATIONAL ARMIES,+ELIMINATING
 FOREIGN TROOPS(USR) FROM RUM+OTHER EAST EUROPEAN NATIONS;
 VCPRI04:EXPAND FOREIGN TRADE WITH WEST;
 VCPRI05:MAINTAIN INTERNAL STABILITY+SOCIALIST CONTROL, INTERNAL
 CONTROL PREREQUISITE FOR USR-ALLOWED INDEPENDENT FOREIGN POLICIES;
 VCPRI06:REMAIN NEUTRAL IN SINO-SOVIET DISPUTE;
 VCPRI07:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH HUN OVER TRANSYLVANIA;
 VCPRI08:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH USR;
 EVENTS:RUM COMMUNIST PARTY PROPOSES THAT THE MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS
 OF NATO AND THE WARSAW PACT BE DISBANDED AS A FIRST STEP
 TOWARD ABOLISHING ALLIANCES,RUM RECEIVES UNK DM MASON,
 RUM RECEIVES TAZ PRS;

RWANDA RWA 517 675

HST:MAJ GEN HABYALIMANA JUVENAL;
 FOR:LT COL N. ALOYS; FIN:N. JEAN-CHRYSOSTOME; DEF:M.H. JUVENAL;
 AREA:0,010,166; POP:003,900,000; GNP:0,000,071,233,000; GNPPC:0018;
 BOR:UGA; BOR:TAZ; BOR:COP; BOR:BUI;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:OCAM; ORG:EEC ASSOCIATE;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 25, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT 14, TEXTILE YARN+
 FABRICS 10, BELLUX 29, UGA 8, KEN 6, -COFFEE 50, TIN 20, BELLUX 29,
 UGA 8, KEN 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+BEL 7.6M(3.1 FINANCIAL+4.5 TECHNICAL ASST);
 TROOP-TRAINING:+BEL;
 TROOPS+BASES:+BEL 30 INSTRUCTORS;
 TAF:0,002,750; TAF%POP:00.07;
 VCPRI01:PURPORTED CHN COMMUNIST SUBVERSION;
 VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP HOSTILITIES,86% HUTUS+13%TUTSIS;
 VCPRI03:MAINTAIN BEL AID;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED+STAGNANT ECONOMY;
 VCPRI05:POPULATION BOOM;
 EVENTS:RWA PRS HABYALIMANA HOSTS UGA PRS AMIN;

SAN MARINO SAN 331 675

HST:CO-REGENTS FRANCINI + PRIMO BUGLI;
 FOR:GIAN LUIGI BERTI; CHANCELLOR:RAFFAELE GIARDI;

AREA:0,000,024; POP:000,020,000;
 BOR:ITA;
 ORG:ICJ; ORG:UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURED CONSUMER GOODS, ITA, -POSTAGE STAMPS, BARLEY,
 WINE, CATTLE, STONE, ITA;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+ITA BUDGET SUBSIDY;
 TAF:0,000,180 CEREMONIAL; TAF%POP:00.90;
 VCPRI01:MAINTAIN CLOSE TIES WITH ITA;

SAUDI ARABIA SAU 670 675
 HST:KING KHALID BIN ABDUL AZIZ;
 DEF:PRINCE SULTAN B.A. AZIZ; INT:PRINCE FAHAD B.A. AZIZ;
 FOR:S. M. I. MASSOUD; PETROL:AHMED YAMMANI; FIN:PRINCE MOUSAED B.A.
 RAHMAN;
 AREA:0,870,000; POP:008,000,000; GNP:0,005,200,000,000; GNPPC:0650;
 BOR:JOR; BOR:IRQ; BOR:KUW; BOR:BAH; BOR:QAT; BOR:YEM; BOR:SYE;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAPEC; ORG:OPEC;
 AGREEMENTS:JAP MUTUAL ECONOMIC+TECHNICAL COOPERATION WHICH
 CALLS FOR STEPPED UP JAP INVESTMENT IN SAU,ITA ECONOMIC CO-OP,
 UAR+UAE+QAT INDUSTRIAL COMBINE;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 36, FOODSTUFFS 26, BUILDING MATERIALS
 11, USA 14, LEB 9, JAP 8, -CRUDE OIL 78, PETROL PRODUCTS 16, JAP 21,
 ITA 11, NTH 9;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-UAR 1B, -PAK 10M EARTHQUAKE AID, -SYR PLO, -JOR 51.6M;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USA +UNK +FRN,+USA 26,000 TROOPS OF SAU NATIONAL GUARD;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USA;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA .5M, -MOM 12M, -PLO;
 RESOURCES:5 PETROLEUM CRUDE 9%;
 TAF:0,042,500; TAF%POP:00.53; ME:01,082,200,000; ME%GNP:20.81;
 VCPRI01:UNITY+DEVELOPMENT+ADVANCEMENT OF ARAB NATIONS;
 VCPRI02:ARAB-ISR WAR,CONTINUED POLITICAL + ECONOMIC SUPPORT OF MORE
 MODERATE ARAB+PLO CAUSE;
 VCPRI03:OIL CARTEL SOLIDARITY ON PRICING+SUPPLY;
 VCPRI04:MAINTAIN MODERATION INFLUENCE VIS-A-VIS MILITANT ARABS
 IN WAR + OIL PRICING;
 VCPRI05:SAU DESIRE TO LESSEN USR INFLUENCE IN ARAB WORLD;
 VCPRI06:THREAT OF USA MILITARY INTERVENTION IN ARAB OIL FIELDS TO
 ENSURE OIL SUPPLIES;
 VCPRI07:BORDER DISPUTES WITH YEM SYE IRQ;
 VCPRI08:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH IRN OVER PERSIAN GULF ISLANDS;
 VCPRI09:RAISE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF ARAB NATIONS, SAU LARGE FINANCIER
 OF ARABS ESPECIALLY UAR;
 EVENTS:SAU NATIONAL GUARD IS MOVED INTO THE OIL-PRODUCING REGIONS TO
 STRENGTHEN PLANS FOR DESTROYING KEY OIL INSTALLATIONS IN EVENT OF USA
 INVASION, SAU KING KHALID PUSHES AHEAD DECENTRALIZATION OF GOVERNMENT+
 DEVELOPMENT OF SHAWRA-A 60-MEMBER CONSULTATIVE COUNCIL TO FORM A MORE
 COLLECTIVE FORM OF LEADERSHIP, FOLLOWING KING FAISAL'S DEATH PRINCE
 FAHAD-INTERIOR MINISTER-EMERGED AS SECOND IN COMMAND-A MEMBER OF THE
 SUDIERY(SONS OF KING ABDUL-AZIZ) WHO PLAY A PROMINENT ROLE IN SAU
 POLITICS-THE THIRD MAN IN COMMAND EMERGED AS PRINCE ABDULLAH-ALSO A

MEMBER OF THE ABDUL-AZIZ FAMILY-BUT OF THE POWER GROUP OPPOSING THE
 SUDIERY, SAU KING KHALED STATES THERE WILL BE A BUILD-UP OF ARMED
 FORCES, SAU OIL MINISTER SAYS LONG-TERM AGREEMENTS COULD BE REACHED WITH
 THE USA TO EXCHANGE OIL FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPERTISE, SAU KING KHALED TAKES
 NEXT STEP IN MIDDLE EAST NEGOTIATIONS TO RECONCILE PRS ASSAD OF SYR+
 PRS SADAT OF UAR, ARAB SUMMIT IN SAU FINDS AGREEMENT ON OBJECTIVES FOR
 GENEVA CONFERENCE, SAU+IRN CALL FOR WITHDRAWAL OF ISR FROM ARAB LANDS+
 COOPERATION BETWEEN SAU+IRN TO REALIZE THE PROSPERITY+STABILITY OF THE
 REGION, SAU+UNK TALK ON STRENGTHENING RELATIONS;

SENEGAL SEN 433 675

HST:PRS LEOPOLD SENGHOR;

FOR:ASSANE SECK; DEF:AMADEU SALI; INT:JEAN COLLIN; FIN:BABACAR BA;
 AREA:0,027,699; POP:002,630,000; GNP:0,000,860,000,000; GNPPC:0326;

BOR:MAU; BOR:MLI; BOR:QAT; BOR:GUINEA BISSAU;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OCAN; ORG:OAU; ORG:CEAO(IVO MLI MAU NIG UPP DAH);

ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK; ORG:FRANC ZONE; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR

SIE TOG UPP MAL GUI SEN GHA);

AGREEMTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;

TRADE:+MACHINERY 11, SUGAR 6, RICE 6, PETROL PRODUCTS 6, FRN 47,

USA 6, GMW 6, -PEANUT OIL 21, PHOSPHATES 12, PEANUT OIL CAKE 9,

FRN 52, IVO 7, MAU 6;

ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN EEC USA, +CHN RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS;

DEFENSE-PACTS:GAM;

TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN; TROOPS+BASES:+FRN 2000;

MILITARY-AID:+FRN USA;

TAF:0,005,900; TAF%POP:00.22; IE:00,018,000,000; IE%GNP:02.09;

VCPRIO1:FAVORABLE EEC RELATIONS;

VCPRIO2:FAMINE;

VCPRIO3:DROUGHT;

VCPRIO4:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

VCPRIO5:DEPENDENCY ON FRN AS FORMER COLONY;

VCPRIO6:POPULATION BOOM;

VCPRIO7:PROPOSED POLITICAL UNION WITH GAM, SEN ALMOST COMPLETELY
 SURROUNDS GAM;

SIERRA LEONE SIE 451 675

HST:PRS SIAKA P. STEVENS;

FOR:DESMOND LUKE; FIN:C.A. CAMARA-TAYLOR; DEF:PRS STEVENS;

AREA:0,027,699; POP:002,630,000; GNP:0,000,340,000,000; GNPPC:0129;

BOR:GUINEA-BISSAU; BOR:LBR;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST

AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP

MAL GUI SEN GHA);

AGREEMTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;

TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 26, MACHINERY 25, FOOD 17, UNK 29, JAP 10, USA 7,

-DIAMONDS 59, IRON ORE 14, PALM KERNELS 7, UNK 62, NTH 8, JAP 6;

ECONOMIC-AID:+HUN;

TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK ISR;
 MILITARY-AID:+UNK MILITARY EQUIPMENT;
 TAF:0,002,200; TAF%POP:00.08; ME:00,003,400,000; ME%GNP:01.00;
 VCPRI01:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS FROM 2 PRINCIPAL TRIBES;
 VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION AND HOSTILITIES;
 VCPRI03:DEVELOP MINERAL WEALTH OF DIAMONDS, BAUXITE, TITANIUM OXIDE;
 VCPRI04:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION OF EXCELLENT HARBOR IN WEST
 AFRICAN BULGE;

SINGAPORE SIN 830 675
 HST:PRS B.H. SHEARES; HST:PM LEE KUAN YEW;
 FOR:S. RAJARATNAM; DEF:GOH KENG SWEE; FIN:HOH SUI SEN; INT:CHUA SIAN
 CHIN;
 AREA:0,000,226; POP:002,150,000; GNP:0,001,800,000,000; GNPPC:0837;
 BOR:ISLAND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:ASEAN(INS MAL PHI TAI);
 AGREEMTS:CAN DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 21, MANUFACTURES 15, MINERAL FUELS
 11, FOOD 9, JAP 20, MAL 17, USA 13, -PETROL PRODUCTS 21, RUBBER 18,
 MACHINERY 10, MAL 23, USA 12, VTS 7;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:5 POWER DEFENSE ACT OF 1971 UNK NEW AUL MAL;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+AUL UNK ISR; TROOPS+BASES:+AUL NEW UNK;
 MILITARY-AID:+UNK ISR;
 TAF:0,016,000; TAF%POP:00.74; ME:00,163,800,000; ME%GNP:09.10;
 VCPRI01:THREAT OF RENEWED COMMUNIST INSURGENCY IN AREA AS A
 RESULT OF FALL OF VTS+CAN TO COMMUNISTS;
 VCPRI02:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, STRAIT OF MALACCA;
 VCPRI03:ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON FOREIGN TRADE;
 VCPRI04:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-GROUP DISSENSION+HOSTILITIES, MALAYS CHINESE
 INDIANS PAKISTANIS CEYLONES EURASIANS;
 EVENTS:SIN PM GOH KENG-SWEE SAYS COMMUNIST-INSURGENCY WILL
 PROBABLY INCREASE IN SE ASIA AS A RESULT OF FALL OF VTS+CAN
 TO THE COMMUNISTS-BUT HE DOES NOT BELIEVE EACH COUNTRY WILL
 QUICKLY FALL AS IN THE DOMINO THEORY,SIN+TAI+MAL+INS+PHI
 AGREE TO RECOGNIZE CAN+VTS BUT DO NOT AGREE ON ZONE OF
 "NEUTRALITY" OR TREATY TO SOLVE INTERCOUNTRY DISPUTES,
 SIN WILL NOT ACCEPT VTS REFUGEES,SIN+INS DRAFT A JOINT
 STRATEGIC PLAN FOR REINFORCED+UNITED NAVAL PATROLS FOR
 PREVENTION OF EXPECTED INCREASE IN SMUGGLING OF ARMS FOR
 COMMUNIST INSURGENTS IN SE ASIA;

SOMALIA SOM 520 675
 HST:PRS MAJ GEN MOHAMED SIAD BARRE;
 FOR:O.A. QALIB; DEF:MAJ GEN M.A. SAMATER; INT:Y. NUR HASSAN;
 FIN:M.Y. WEIRAI;
 AREA:0,246,201; POP:002,940,000; GNP:0,000,182,000,000; GNPPC:0062;
 BOR:KEN; BOR:ETH; BOR:AFARS; BOR:ISSAS;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAU; ORG:EEC ASSOCIATE; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT
 BANK;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 21, CEREALS+PRODUCTS 20, YARN+FABRICS+CLOTHING 7,

ITA 29, GMW 9, USA 8, -LIVESTOCK 50, BANANAS 26, HIDES+SKINS 7,
 SAU 52, ITA 26, YEM 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USR;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR 4000 TECHNICIANS+ADVISORS,+SUD OFFICERS + CADETS;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USR COMMUNICATIONS BASE FOR NAVAL ACTIVITIES;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR JETS, +UAR TORPEDO BOATS TRAINING AIRCRAFT +
 SMALL ARMS;
 TAF:0,017,300; TAF%POP:00.58; ME:00,011,400,000; ME%GNP:06.26;
 VCPRI01:GROWING USR PENETRATION OF SOM, POSSIBLE SATELLITIZATION
 OF SOM,USA HINTS AT USR MISSILE BASE ON SOM;
 VCPRI02:STRATEGIC LOCATION AT HORN OF AFRICA;
 VCPRI03:DEVELOPMENT OF LARGE DEPOSITS OF EASILY ACCESSIBLE URANIUM;
 VCPRI04:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI05:NATIONALIST SOMALI DESIRE TO UNITE ALL SOMALIS OUTSIDE THE
 REPUBLIC OF SOMALIA;
 VCPRI06:ETH-SOM BORDER DISPUTE;
 EVENTS:SOM FM ATTACKS FRN CONSOLIDATING ITS COLONIALIST ROLE IN FRN SOM;

SOUTH AFRICA SAF 560 675
 HST:PM B.J. VORSTER; HST:PRS J.J. FOUCHE;
 FOR:H. MULLER; DEF:P.W. BOTHA; INT:C.P. MULDER; FIN:N. DIEDERICH;
 AREA:0,371,982; POP:022,990,000; GNP:0,021,400,000,000; GNPPC:0930;
 BOR:BOT; BOR:RHO; BOR:MOZ;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMS UNION(LES SWA BOT);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 23, TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 17,
 TEXTILES 8, MINERAL PRODUCTS 7, UNK 23, USA 16, GMW 14, -DIAMONDS 11,
 FRUITS+VEGETABLES 11, METAL ORES 6, UNK 27, JAP 12, USA 8;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:INFORMAL PACT WITH RHO;
 TROOPS+BASES:+UNK NAVAL BASE,+USA SPACE TRACKING STATIONS, -RHO SECURITY
 FORCES AGAINST BLACK AFRICAN TERRORISTS;
 MILITARY-AID:+GMW NUCLEAR TECHNICAL AID, -RHO ARMS;
 RESOURCES:3 URANIUM 20%, 8 COAL 3%(NTH 29%,JAP 28%,ITA 18%),
 1 ANTIMONY ORE 22%(UNK 41%,USA 39%), 1 GOLD 78%, 2 MANGANESE
 ORE 16%(JAP 34%,NTH 24%,FRN 17%), 8 NICKEL ORE 2%(UNK 75%), 2 CHROMIUM
 ORE 25%(USA 35%,JAP 26%,GMW 15%), 10 COPPER 2%(JAP 89%,UNK 8%);
 TAF:0,109,300; TAF%POP:00.47; ME:00,497,700,000; ME%GNP:02.33;
 VCPRI01:MAINTAIN PRESENT WHITE GOVERNMENT AS LEGITIMATE REPRESENTATIVE
 OF SOUTH AFRICAN PEOPLE+STOP EXCLUSION FROM INTERNATIONAL ORGS;
 VCPRI02:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS,BLACK AFRICAN NATIONALIST GUERRILLAS
 + ANTI-APARTHEID;
 VCPRI03:INCREASING FOREIGN WORKER+BLACK INTER-TRIBAL FIGHTING+STRIKES;
 VCPRI04:FUTURE SAF WHITE ENCLAVE SURROUNDED BY BLACK AFRICAN NATIONS;
 VCPRI05:MILITARY CLASHES WITH BLACK AFRICAN NATIONALIST GUERRILLAS;
 VCPRI06:BORDER CONTROL PROBLEMS,BLACK AFRICAN GUERRILLAS FROM
 NEIGHBORING NATIONS;
 VCPRI07:SUPPORT RHO WHITE GOVT WHILE IMPRESSING NEED FOR MODUS
 VIVENDI WITH BLACKS;
 VCPRI08:FOR GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO AFRICAN TERRITORIES;
 VCPRI010:MAINTAIN+IMPROVE RELATIONS WITH USA + WESTERN EUROPEANS
 FOR ECONOMIC+POLITICAL SUPPORT;

VCPRI09:FUTURE OF SW AFRICA-NAMIBIA;
 VCPRI011:DEVELOP MODUS VIVENDI IN ECONOMIC-POLITICAL RELATIONS WITH
 BLACK AFRICAN NATIONS;
 VCPRI012:FUTURE OF SIMONSTOWN NAVAL BASE, UNK WITHDREW+SAF OFFERS IT TO
 ALLIES BUT SO FAR NO ONE NATION IS WILLING TO SHARE BASE WITH SAF+
 SUPPORT DEFENSE COSTS, NTH THREATENS IT WILL WITHDRAW FROM NATO IF NATO
 TAKES UP OPTION ON SIMONSTOWN BASE AND SHARES IT WITH SAF;
 EVENTS:SAF GOVT SAYS A WITHDRAWAL OF SAF PARAMILITARY FROM RHO IS
 DEPENDENT ON A CEASEFIRE BECOMING EFFECTIVE,SAF PM VORSTER REPORTEDLY
 TELLS ZAM FM SAF WILL WITHDRAW FROM RHO BY THE END OF MAY,SAF FM DENIES
 SUGGESTIONS THAT SAF HAS INTERFERED IN INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RHO,SAF
 DEFENSE SPENDING DOUBLES IN 2 YRS,SAF COLOURED LABOR PARTY BOYCOTTS
 SWEARING IN OF NEW STATE PRS DIEDRICKS AS A PROTEST AGAINST SEGREGATED
 SEATING,OAS MEETS TO DISCUSS SAF-BLACK AFRICAN DETENTE -BLACK LEADERS
 ARE PRESENTLY DIVIDED ON ENDORSING OR DENOUNCING IT,SAF PM VORSTER SAYS
 ALTHOUGH BLACK AFRICA HAS DECIDED DETENTE IS IMPOSSIBLE-CONTACT IS STILL
 PERMISSIBLE,COMMONWEALTH LEADERS BRAND SAF GRIP ON SW AFRICA-NAMIBIA
 AS ILLEGAL OCCUPATION,SAF PM VORSTER REJECTS UN SUPERVISION OF SW
 AFRICA'S FUTURE BUT WILL DISCUSS IT WITH UNO OR OAS,THE PROGRESSIVE
 AND REFORM PARTIES MERGE TO OFFER A JOINT PROGRAM OF NON-RACIAL
 ALTERNATIVE TO APARTHEID WHICH IS BASED ON A FEDERAL SYSTEM OF SELF
 GOVERNING STATES BASED ON TERRITORY RATHER THAN RACE DIVISIONS,SAF ARMY
 PATROL ON SW AFRICAN NORTHERN BORDER COMES UNDER FIRE FROM ANG,
 SAF AGREES IN PRINCIPLE TO RELINQUISH CONTROL OVER NAMIBIA+ TO ACCEPT
 AFRICAN MAJORITY RULE IN RHO,SAF SAYS NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN RHO+ANC WILL
 HAVE TO TAKE PLACE,SAF PM VORSTER SAYS SAF THREE MAIN AIMS ARE TO END
 ESCALATION OF VIOLENCE+NORMALIZE RELATIONS WITH AFRICAN COUNTRIES+
 STIMULATE DEVELOPMENT IN AFRICA,SAF DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN UNO LAW
 OF THE SEA CONFERENCE DUE TO ITS POLICY TO WITHDRAW FROM SEVERAL
 INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS SO AS NOT TO UPSET DELICATE BALANCE OF
 RELATIONS WITH BLACK AFRICA,SAF RECEIVES RHO PM SMITH,SAF PROTESTS
 DUMPING OF POISON GAS NEAR SAF WATERS,SAF+FRN HAVE TALKS CALLED
 'A BREAKTHROUGH' IN SAF-FRN RELATIONS LEADING TO INCREASED ECONOMIC
 + TECHNICAL CO-OPERATION;

SPAIN SPN 230 675
 HST:GEN FRANCISCO FRANCO BAHAMONDE; HST:PRS CARLOS A. NAVARRO;
 FOR:P.C. MAURI; DEF:F.C. GALLEGOS; FIN:A.B. IRIMO;
 INT:J.G. HERNANDEZ;
 AREA:0,195,988; POP:034,490,000; GNP:0,046,200,000,000; GNPPC:1339;
 BOR:POR; BOR:FRN; BOR:AND;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OECD; ORG:OAS OBSERVER;
 AGREEMENTS:UNK SOCIAL SECURITY;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+GMW USA;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:POR; TROOP-TRAINING:+USA;
 TROOPS+BASES:+USA 10000 TROOPS+NAVAL+AIR BASES;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 10.9M;
 RESOURCES:9 URANIUM .3%, 4 MERCURY 17%;
 TAF:0,301,000; TAF%POP:00.87; ME:00,691,000,000; ME%GNP:01.50;
 VCPRI01:BASQUE CIVIL WAR, INCREASING VIOLENCE, RIGHT-WING BACKLASH

AGAINST BASQUES, CHARGES OF SPN GOVT TORTURE OF BASQUES;
 VCPRI02: INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, BASQUE SEPARATISTS+DOMESTIC
 OPPOSITION TO GEN FRANCO'S AUTHORITARIAN GOVERNMENT, INCREASING+
 WIDESPREAD PROTESTS+DISSENSION;
 VCPRI03: RECENT MILITARY ACTION IN SPN SAHARA, MOR TERRORISTS+TROOPS
 CAPTURED SPN TROOPS, MUTUAL THREATS OF WAR, SPN DECISION TO RELINQUISH
 CONTROL OF SAHARA QUICKLY VIA REFERENDUM;
 VCPRI04: STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION, NATO+USA DESIRE FOR NAVAL
 BASES WITH ACCESS TO ATLANTIC+MEDITERRANEAN;
 VCPRI05: POR REVOLUTION+ITS CHANGE TO A DEMOCRATIC, POSSIBLY COMMUNIST
 GOVERNMENT;
 VCPRI06: STRAINED RELATIONS WITH FRN OVER BASQUE TERRORISTS;
 VCPRI07: CONTINUE IMPROVEMENT OF RELATIONS WITH WESTERN EUROPE WITH
 OBJECTIVE OF ECONOMIC BENEFITS;
 VCPRI08: SPANISH SAHARA, DISPUTED OWNERSHIP BY MOR + MAU;
 VCPRI09: SECURE GIBRALTAR FROM UNK;
 EVENTS: SPN MAKES IT CLEAR THE STAY OF POR GEN SPINOLA IS TEMPORARY, POR
 WILL CONTACT SPN AUTHORITIES ABOUT A SECRET RIGHT-WING MILITARY ORGANI-
 ZATION HIDING IN SPN WITH PLANS TO CREATE CHAOS IN POR BUT POR DOES NOT
 HOLD SPN GOVT RESPONSIBLE, SPN SERVED NOTICE THAT IT WILL MAKE NO DEALS
 WITH SUBVERSIVE POLITICAL GROUPS (BASQUES) OR THE COMMUNIST PARTY,
 NICOLAS FRANCO-NEPHEW OF BEN FRANCO JOINS NATIONWIDE PROTEST AGAINST
 LACK OF POLITICAL FREEDOM, BASQUES KILL SPN POLICEMAN IN BILBAO,
 MEMBER OF SPN PARLIAMENT URGES FRANCO TO EXPEL USA TROOPS+END NEGOTIA-
 TIONS FOR CONTINUING USA BASES IN SPN, STATE OF EMERGENCY DECLARED IN
 TWO NORTHERN SPN BASQUE PROVINCES, 60 ARRESTED IN MAY DAY PROTEST-POLICE
 SECURITY TIGHTENED-INTERNATIONAL TRADE UNION CONFEDERATION PROTESTS
 TO SPN PM, BASQUES BLOW UP TELEVISION REPEATER STATION-INCIDENT NOT
 REPORTED IN SPN PRESS, MORE NEWSPAPER REPORTS THAT GEN FRANCO WILL TURN
 OVER POWER TO PRINCE JUAN CARLOS, RIGHT-WING REACTION TO BASQUES
 TERRORISTS RESULT IN RIGHTISTS TERRORISM ON BASQUE BUSINESSES IN BILBAO,
 SPN INDUSTRIAL WORKERS ARE GRANTED RIGHT TO STRIKE UNDER STRICTLY
 CONTROLLED CIRCUMSTANCES, SPN GUN BATTLE BETWEEN SPN POLICE+BASQUE
 ACTIVISTS IN GUERNICA, SPN GEN FRANCO TELLS MOR KING HUSSAN TO USE HIS
 INFLUENCES TO FREE TEN SPN SOLDIERS CAPTURED BY SAHARAN GUERRILLAS,
 GOVERNOR OF SPN SAHARA SAYS SPN ARMY IS READY TO REPEL ANY MOR
 AGGRESSION+DISMISSES 200 NATIVE RECRUITS AS MOR PRESSES ITS CLAIM TO
 SPN SAHARA, SPN IS NOW READY TO WITHDRAW FROM SPN SAHARA+NOT DELAY THE
 PROCESS OF SELF-DETERMINATION UNDER THE PRESSURE OF THE ARABS+NATIVE
 DISSIDENTS, EVACUATION OF SPN MILITARY DEPENDENTS QUICKENS AS SPN
 ANTICIPATES A BATTLE IN SPN SAHARA, RIGHTISTS POLICE DEMONSTRATE IN
 MADRID+DEMAND RESIGNATION OF PRM NAVARRO CHARGING THAT HE CANNOT CONTROL
 BASQUE SEPARATISM;

SUDAN SUD 625 675

HST: MAJ GEN MOHAMED GAFFAR AL NIMERY;
 DEF: MAJ GEN NIMERY; FOR: G.H. AHMED; INT: MAJ GEN M.E.B. AHMED;
 FIN: M. BIHAIRI;
 AREA: 0,967,500; POP: 016,490,000; GNP: 0,001,900,000,000; GNPPC: 0115;
 BOR: UAR; BOR: ETH; BOR: UGA; BOR: KEN; BOR: COP; BOR: CEN; BOR: CHA; BOR: LBY;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAU; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;
 TRADE:+TEXTILES 23, MACHINERY+VEHICLES 20, SUGAR 7, PETROL PRODUCTS 6,
 IND 17, UNK 12, USR 7, -COTTON 61, PEANUTS 8, GUMARABIC 7, USR 15,
 IND 11, CHN 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+SWD NTH ITA;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR ADVISORS, -SOM OFFICERS/CADETS;
 TROOPS+BASES:-SUEZ CANAL 2000;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR CZE YUG,-ERITREAN REBELS;
 RESOURCES:10 COTTON LINT;
 TAF:0,038,600; TAF%POP:00.23; ME:00,114,100,000; ME%GNP:06.01;
 VCPRI01:ETH-ERITREAN CIVIL WAR, SUD SUPPORTS ERITREAN REBELS POLITICALLY
 +WITH ARMS, ERITREAN REFUGEES FLEEING INTO SUD;
 VCPRI02:MULTIPLE ETHNIC + RELIGIOUS GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES;
 VCPRI03:MAINTENANCE OF SOLID TIES WITH BOTH ARAB + BLACK AFRICAN
 NATIONS;
 VCPRI04:MILITANT POSITION IN ARAB-ISRAELI WAR;
 VCPRI05:MILITANT PRO-FLO SUPPORT;
 VCPRI06:CONTROL OVER THE NILE TRIBUTARIES FOR IRRIGATION PURPOSES;
 VCPRI07:FINANCIAL REHABILITATION THROUGH FOREIGN INVESTMENT,ESPECIALLY
 IN AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS;
 EVENTS:SUD PRS NINEIRY ARRIVES IN IRQ FOR VISIT TO DISCUSS
 100M POUND JOINT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM + A CONTRACT
 FOR IRQ OIL TO BE SUPPLIED FOR SUD,SUD OFFERS PEACE
 PLAN TO ETH CONSISTING OF CEASEFIRE+AMNESTY+PEACETALKS;

SWAZILAND SWA 572 675
 HST:PM PRINCE M. DLAMINI;
 FOR:PM PRINCE DLAMINI; FIN:R.P. STEPHENS;
 AREA:0,006,704; POP:000,430,000; GNP:0,000,110,000,000; GNPPC:0255;
 BOR:SAF; BOR:MOZ;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMS UNION(LES SAF BOT);
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 26, CHEMICALS 11, FOOD 8, FUELS+
 OILS+FATS 8, BEVERAGES+TOBACCO 5, -SUGAR 24, IRON ORE 22, WOOD PULP 19,
 UNK 19, JAP 18, SAF 16;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+SWD;
 RESOURCES:5 ASBESTOS;
 TAF:0,000,600; TAF%POP:00.13; ME:00,001,057,529; ME%GNP:00.96;
 VCPRI01:POLITICAL + ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY ON SAF, NECESSITATES NON-SUPPORT
 OF BLACK AFRICAN LIBERATION GUERRILLAS;
 VCPRI02:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, ALMOST COMPLETELY
 SURROUNDED BY SAF;
 VCPRI03:ECONOMIC FUTURE LIES IN DEVELOPING MINERAL WEALTH ESPECIALLY
 ASBESTOS;
 VCPRI04:NEED FOR LAND REFORM, 40% OWNED BY EUROPEANS OR EURO-AFRICANS;
 VCPRI05:FOREIGN WORKERS, SWA WORKERS GO TO SAF;

SWEDEN SWD 380 675
 HST:KING CARL XVI GUSTAF; HST:PM OLOF PALME;
 FOR:S. ANDERSSON; FIN:G. STRANG; DEF:E. HOLMQUIST;
 AREA:0,173,655; POP:008,143,000; GNP:0,042,300,000,000; GNPPC:5194;

BOR:NOR; BOR:FIN;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:EFTA; ORG:GATT; ORG:OECD; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:NORDIC
 COUNCIL(DEN ICE FIN NOR);
 AGREEMENTS:VTS PRG DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 22, MANUFACTURES 16, CHEMICALS+
 DYES+EXPLOSIVES 5, GNM 19, UNK 14, USA 8, DEN 8, NOR 6, FIN 5,
 -MACHINERY 26, MOTOR VEHICLES 10, PAPER 8, IRON+STEEL 8, WOOD PULP 7,
 UNK 14, GNM 11, NOR 10, DEN 10, USA 7, FIN 6, FRN 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-ETH KEN SUD TAZ TUN 20M, -IND PAK 14M, -BOT LES SWA
 ZAM LBY, -VTS 12M KRONER RELIEF AID;
 MILITARY-AID:-ETH;
 RESOURCES:5 IRON ORE 5%, 7 LEAD ORE 2.3%(GNM 86%,BELLUX 13%),
 10 SILVER 1.3%, 8 URANIUM .3%;
 TAF:0,750,000; TAF%POP:69.20; IE:01,154,000,000; IE%GNP:02.73;
 VCPRI01:DEPENDENCY ON ARAB OIL, HIGH IMPORT COSTS CREATING ECONOMIC
 CRISIS,PLANS TO DEVELOP NUCLEAR POWER ENERGY;
 VCPRI02:DOMESTIC DISSATISFACTION WITH HIGH TAXES+LOW SOCIAL BENEFIT
 RETURNS;
 VCPRI03:TERRITORIAL LIMITS,FISHING SHIP VIOLATIONS;
 VCPRI04:AVOID SUPERPOWER DOMINATION;
 VCPRI05:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION+LONG COASTLINE TO GUARD WITH
 SPARSE POPULATION ON FIN BORDER;
 VCPRI06:MAINTAIN OWN DEFENSE CAPABILITIES;
 VCPRI07:LEADERSHIP OF SMALL NATIONS + NEUTRALISM;
 VCPRI08:MAINTAIN OWN NEUTRALITY;
 VCPRI09:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USA,STRONG CRITICISM OF USA ACTIONS
 IN VIETNAM;
 EVENTS:SWD REAFFIRMS ITS NEUTRALITY AFTER A CHALLENGE WHEN IT
 AGREED TO DELIVER NATO JET PARTS EVEN IN WARTIME, BAADER-
 MEINHOF TERRORISTS BLOW UP GNM EMBASSY IN SWD + KILL 2
 GNM DIPLOMATS TO DEMAND RELEASE OF THE TERRORISTS IN
 GME JAILS, SWD EXPELS 4 TERRORISTS INVOLVED IN GNM
 EMBASSY ASSAULT, UNIDENTIFIED SUBMARINE REPORTED IN SWD
 WATERS WAS CHASED + BOMBED, SWD ANNOUNCES PLANS TO
 BECOME LARGEST NUCLEAR POWER CONSUMER IN THE WORLD,
 SWD ACKNOWLEDGES LETTER FROM UNK MP STONEHOUSE;

SWITZERLAND SWZ 225 675

HST:PRS PIERRE GRABER;
 FOR:PRS PIERRE GRABER;
 AREA:0,015,941; POP:006,420,000; GNP:0,030,600,000,000; GNPPC:4766;
 BOR:FRN; BOR:GNM; BOR:AUS; BOR:LIC; BOR:ITA;
 ORG:EFTA FINANCIAL ASSOC; ORG:OECD; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG:UNO
 SPECIALIZED AGENCIES;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY 16, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS 15, METALS 11, TEXTILES+
 CLOTHES 11, EEC 59(GNM 30, FRN 13, ITA 10), UNK 8, USA 7, AUS 5,
 -MACHINERY 30, CHEMICALS 22, WATCHES+CLOCKS 11, TEXTILES+FABRICS 9,
 EEC 38(GNM 15, ITA 9, FRN 9), USA 9, UNK 7, AUS 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-TUR 3M,-IND 2.5M,-CHL PER COP TAZ NEP RWA DAH CAO
 TECHNICAL ASST, -IRN NIG CHL COL ECU IND PAK EXPORT CREDITS, -BRA

ARG PER 61% INVESTMENTS;
 TAF:0,600,000; TAF%POP:09.34; ME:00,461,000,000; ME%GNP:01.51;
 VCPRI01:INFLATION+INCREASING ECONOMIC CRISIS;
 VCPRI02:FOREIGN WORKERS,1/3 WORK FORCE FROM ITA;
 VCPRI03:FUTURE ECONOMIC PROSPERITY + RELATIONSHIP TO EEC;
 VCPRI04:INCREASING CIVIL VIOLENCE FROM MILITANT
 JURA SEPARATISTS;
 VCPRI05:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION,HIGH MOUNTAINS SAFEGUARD SWZ
 FROM TRADITIONAL ATTACK;
 EVENTS: SWZ+EEC CONFLICT OVER SWZ CHARGES OF ECONOMIC
 ESPIONAGE WHEN SWZ EXECUTIVE GIVES INFORMATION TO
 EEC IN SWZ-EEC AGREEMENT, SWZ AUTHORITIES RECEIVE
 EVIDENCE OF A EUROPEAN-WIDE NETWORK THAT HAS STOLEN
 ARMS FROM SWZ ARMS DEPOTS,SWZ POLICE FIGHT 6 HR.
 BATTLE WITH 800 MILITANT JURA SEPARATISTS WHO WANT
 SEPARATION FROM BERNE CANTON, SWZ AIRLINE DECLINES
 VTS REQUEST TO SEND AN AIRCRAFT TO CARRY OUT GOLD + OTHER ASSETS
 FROM SAIGON;

SYRIA SYR 652 675
 HST:PRS HAFEZ AL-ASSAD; HST:PM NAHHOUD AYOUBI;
 FOR:A.H. KHAUDAM; DEF:MAJ GEN M. TLASS; INT:ALI ZAZA;
 FIN:N. NURALLAH;
 AREA:0,072,234; POP:006,680,000; GNP:0,001,930,000,000; GNPPC:0288;
 BOR:JOR; BOR:LEB; BOR:ISR; BOR:TUR; BOR:IRQ;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OPEC; ORG:OAPEC;
 TRADE:+MACHINERY+ELECTRICAL EQUIPMT 18, BASE METALS+MANUFACTURES 14,
 COTTON TEXTILES 9, FOODS+BEVERAGES+TOBACCO 8, LEB 9, ITA 7, USA 7,
 GNM 6, USR 6, IRQ 6, -COTTON 42, CRUDE OIL 24, ITA 28, USR 15, LEB 8;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+USR,+USA 25H;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+USR; TROOPS+BASES:+USR;
 MILITARY-AID:+USR;
 TAF:0,120,050; TAF%POP:01.79;
 VCPRI01:ACTIVE THREAT OF RENEWED ARAB-ISR WAR;
 VCPRI02:ARAB-ISR WAR,MAINTAIN MILITANT POLICIES ON NEGOTIATIONS;
 VCPRI03:REGAIN LAND LOST TO ISR;
 VCPRI04:SUPPORT CONSTRUCTION OF PALESTINIAN STATE;
 VCPRI05:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH UAR, UNILATERAL DISENGAGEMENT+PEACE
 WITH ISR GREATLY CRITICIZED BY SYR;
 VCPRI06:SYR-IRQ DISPUTE OVER EUPHRATES RIVER, SYR CONSTRICTING
 WATER FLOW INTO IRQ,IRQ PROTESTS SYR IS DESTROYING IRQ AGRICULTURE;
 VCPRI07:USR IN STRAINED POSITION BETWEEN SYR + IRQ BECAUSE OF USR
 DAM BUILT ON SYR LENGTH OF EUPHRATES RIVER, THE DAM HAS BECOME A
 SIDE-ISSUE IN INTER-BAATHIST IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT BETWEEN IRQ +
 SYR, USR AIDS BOTH NATIONS, IRQ CALLS ON USR TO "TAKE RESPONSIBILITY"
 FOR DAMAGE DONE BY DAM, + SYR CALLS ON USR TO SUPPRESS IRQ;
 VCPRI08:MAINTAIN OIL CARTEL UNIFIED PRICING+SUPPLY POLICIES;
 VCPRI09:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USA, SYR SUPPORT OF ELF+PLO+
 OPPOSITION TO USA KISSINGER'S PARTIAL AGREEMENTS STRATEGY;
 VCPRI010:AVOID DEPENDENCY ON + PENETRATION BY USR;

VCPR1011:THREAT OF USA INVASION TO GUARANTEE OIL SUPPLIES;
 EVENTS:SYR UNLIKELY TO EXTEND MANDATE TO UNEF WITHOUT PROGRESS
 ON ISR WITHDRAWALS BEFORE END OF APRIL, SYR PRS ASSAD TALKS
 PRIVATELY WITH SAU+ALG+UAR HST'S ABOUT SAU POST-FAISAL ERA,
 SYR+IRQ DISPUTE OVER SYR DAM BUILT ON EUPHRATES RIVER CRITICALLY
 ENDANGERING IRQ AGRICULTURE+LIVESTOCK, SYR CONDEMNS IRQ-IRN
 AGREEMENT OVER SHATT-EL-ARAB WATERWAY AS "COLLUSION WITH IMPERI-
 ALISM", DURING ARAB SUMMIT IN SAU SYR+UAR HEAL DIPLOMATIC RIFT
 AND AGREE TO FORM A COMMITTEE TO COORDINATE WAR+PEACE STRATEGY +
 IN ALL FUTURE UAR NEGOTIATIONS WITH ISR SYR WILL BE INVOLVED,
 SYR AGREES TO EXTEND UNEF MANDATE ON GOLAN HEIGHTS UNTIL JULY 30,
 SYR+IRQ SETTLE DISPUTE OVER SHARING EUPHRATES WATER AT ARL MEETING
 BUT SYR LATER WALKS OUT, SYR RECEIVES USR FM GROMYKO TO DISCUSS
 MIDDLE EAST PEACE TALKS AND CALLS FOR GENEVA CONFERENCE, SYR PRS
 ASSAD APPROVES USA FM KISSINGER'S NEGOTIATIONS WITH ISR ON ISR
 WITHDRAWAL FROM GOLAN HEIGHTS, SYR CLOSES ITS AIRSPACE TO IRQ +
 ORDERS ITS OWN AIRCRAFT NOT TO FLY OVER IRQ IN PROTEST AGAINST
 THE TREATMENT OF EMPLOYEES AT SYR-ARAB AIRLINES;

TANZANIA TAZ 510 675

HST:PRS JULIUS NYERERE;

FOR:J.S. MALECELA; FIN:C.O. NSUYA; INT:S.A. MASWANYA;

AREA:0,363,708; POP:014,000,000; GNP:0,001,100,000,000; GNPPC:0078;

BOR:KEN; BOR:RWA; BOR:UGA; BOR:TAI; BOR:ZAM;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY(KEN UGA); ORG:COMMONWEALTH;

ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;

AGREEMENTS:UNK COMPENSATION FOR NATIONALIZED UNK-OWNED PROPERTY;

TRADE:+IRON+STEEL 10, CRUDE PETROLEUM 7.7, COTTON FABRICS 9,
 NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 13, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT 12, FOOD 6, CHN 25,
 UNK 20, GSW 7, JAP 6, IRN 6, ITA 5, -COFFEE 17, COTTON 14, DIAMONDS 12,

SISAL 7, UNK 24, ZAM 10, IND 8, USA 8, HOK 7, CHN 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+DEN GRANTS 2.3M, +NOR .41M(CAPITAL ASST .16M, TECHNICAL
 ASST .25M), +SWD 3.3M(CAPITAL ASST 1.9M, TECHNICAL ASST 1.4M), +SWZ
 TECHNICAL ASST, +USA, +CHN RAILROAD BUILDING PROJECTS, +SYR COAL+
 IRON MINING DEVELOPMENT, +UNK RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, +UNK 28.55M,
 +CHN 71.3M, +WORLD BANK 30M, +IDA 61M;

TROOP-TRAINING:+ISR CAN GSW CHN AIRCRAFT TRAINING, +NTH NAVAL
 TRAINING, +CHN SAILOR OFFICER PILOT TECHNICIAN TRAINING;

TROOPS+BASES:+CHN NAVAL BASE; MILITARY-AID:+CHN POLICE+EQUIPMENT,
 -OAU LIBERATION COUNCIL; ARM-SALES:+CHN MIG 19 JET;

TAF:0,011,600; TAF%POP:00.08; ME:00,035,400,000; ME%GNP:03.22;

VCPR101:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH UGA, ANTI-AMIN REBEL BASE + UGA DESIRES
 ROUTE TO SEA THROUGH TAZ;

VCPR102:TERRORISM, UGA-TAZ BORDER TERRORISM, ALSO ZAIRE GUERRILLA
 TERRORISTS KIDNAPPED USA STUDENTS FROM SCIENTIFIC STUDY CENTER IN TAZ,
 TAZ GOV'T REJECTS RANSOM DEMAND;

VCPR103:FOOD SHORTAGE, FAMINE;

VCPR104:ROAD TRAFFIC DISPUTE WITH KEN,TAZ BANNED HEAVY TRAFFIC ON TAZ
 ROADS BETWEEN ZAM+KEN, TAZ CHARGES KEN TRUCKS DESTROYING TAZ ROADS,
 KEN RETALIATION;

VCPRI05: MULTIPLE ETHNIC-RELIGIOUS DIFFERENCES + HOSTILITIES, MOSLEMS + CHRISTIANS;
 VCPRI06: SANCTUARY FOR BLACK AFRICAN GUERRILLAS;
 VCPRI07: STRAINED RELATIONS WITH ZAM, EAC+TAZ REFUSE LENIENT TRADE CHARGES FOR ZAM COPPER EXPORTS THROUGH DAR ES SALAAM PORT;
 VCPRI08: MAJOR AFRICAN SEAPORT DAR ES SALAAM;
 EVENTS: TAZ WARNS CITIZENS AGAINST ATTACK FROM "NEIGHBORING COUNTRY" ASSUMED TO BE UGA SINCE UGA PRS AMIN HAS THREATENED TO INVADE TAZ, TAZ THREATENS TO SHOOT DOWN ANY TRESPASSING AIRCRAFT AIMING THREAT AT UGA, UGA-TAZ BORDER TENSIONS RISE AS UGA ALLEGES TAZ TRIES TO KIDNAP 4 UGA CITIZENS, UGA PRS AMIN THREATENS TO DESTROY TAZ IF OAU SUMMIT IS PREVENTED FROM BEING HELD IN KAMPALA THIS JULY BY TAZ PRS, TAZ HOSTS ANC ZIM LEADERS, TAZ PRS NYEKERE OFFERS TO HAND MILITARY TRAINING CAMPS IN SOUTH TAZ OVER TO THE ANC ZIM IF THEY DECIDE TO RESUME THE ARMED STRUGGLE, TAZ PRS VISITS RUM;

THAILAND TAI 800 675

HST: KING BHUMIBOL ADULYADEJ; HST: PM KUVIT PRAMOJ;
 FOR: MAJ-GEN C. CHOONHAUAN; DEF: MAJ-GEN P. ADIREKSARN;
 FIN: B. ROJANASTIEN; INT: B. THONGSWASKI;
 AREA: 0,200,148; POP: 036,290,000; GNP: 0,007,300,000,000; GNP%PC: 0201;
 BOR: BUR; BOR: LAO; BOR: CAM; BOR: MAL;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: SEATO; ORG: ASPAC; ORG: ASEAN;
 AGREEMENTS: MAL JOINT MILITARY ANTI-COMMUNIST INSURGENCY MEASURES, CAM DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS TREATY, KON DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS TREATY, CHN NORMALIZATION OF RELATIONS AND DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS TREATY;
 TRADE: +MACHINERY 34, MANUFACTURES 22, CHEMICALS 14, JAP 38, USA 14, GNM 8, -RICE 17, CORN 13, RUBBER 11, JAP 25, USA 13, NTH 8;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +DEN AUL AUS USA;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: SEATO, USA; TROOP-TRAINING: +USA;
 TROOPS+BASES: +USA 26000 TROOPS + AIRBASES;
 MILITARY-AID: +USA; ARM-SALES: +USA F-5E JET, +NEW 1.3M;
 RESOURCES: 6 ANTIMONY ORE 3%, 3 TIN CONCENTRATES 11%, 6 RICE 4.4%, 3 NATURAL RUBBER;
 TAF: 0,180,000; TAF%POP: 00.49; ME: 00,281,700,000; ME%GNP: 03.86;
 VCPRI01: RENEWED THREAT OF COMMUNIST INSURGENCY AS RESULT OF PRO-COMMUNIST GOVERNMENTS IN SOUTH VIETNAM AND CAMBODIA AND LAOS, THAILAND NEIGHBORS PRESSING FOR THAI OUSTING OF USA MILITARY PRESENCE + CONCESSIONS TO NEW COMMUNIST GOVERNMENTS;
 VCPRI02: OUST USA MILITARY PRESENCE--26000 TROOPS+BASES;
 VCPRI03: INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS DUE TO COMMUNIST-SUPPORTED INSURGENCY IN NORTHEAST TAI+ALONG MAL BORDER+TO LARGE HETEROGENOUS FOREIGN POPULATIONS;
 VCPRI04: GOVERNMENT INSTABILITY, RECENT CHANGE TO DEMOCRATIC PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM, PROBLEM OF MAINTAINING CONFIDENCE IN RULING COALITION;
 VCPRI05: DEVELOP STRONG + DIVERSIFIED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI06: MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES, LARGE FOREIGN MINORITIES PRESENT, EG, CHINESE;

VCPRI07:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH BUR,ANTI-BUR GOVT REBELS
 SANCTUARIES IN TAI;
 EVENTS:TAI GOVT FEARS RELATIONS WITH THE NEW COMMUNIST GOVTS IN
 CAM+VTS DUE TO ITS CLOSE ALLIANCE WITH USA + TAI STRONG ANTI-
 COMMUNIST MILITARY, TAI GOVT FACES THE THREAT OF THE CAM COMMUNISTS
 SUPPLYING THE TAI COMMUNIST INSURGENTS ALONG THEIR 200 MILE BORDER,
 DESPITE GOVT POLICY TO EXPEL USA FORCES FROM TAI - COMMUNIST
 INSURGENCY THREAT AND ANTI-COMMUNIST MILITARY DISCOURAGE ACTUAL
 EXPULSION, TAI CLOSES BORDER TO CAM, TAI AND CAM KHMER ROUGE
 EXCHANGE FIRE WHEN CAM TROOPS CROSS 200 YARDS INTO TAI, TAI ASKS
 USA TO CEASE WITHDRAWAL OF AIRCRAFT GIVEN TO VTS FORCES WHO
 ABANDONED THEM IN TAI - VTS SAYS THEY MUST ALL BE RETURNED TO VTS
 PRG BUT USA SAYS THEY ARE LEGALLY USA PROPERTY, TAI+USA ANNOUNCE
 MASSIVE 28% USA TROOP WITHDRAWAL SOON FROM TAI, COMMUNIST INSURGENTS
 KILL 10 TAI OFFICIALS NEAR BUR BORDER, TAI PROTESTS USE BY USA FOR
 BASE IN SE ASIAN ACTIVITIES, 2000 TAI DEMONSTRATORS DEMAND
 EXPULSION OF ALL VIETNAMESE IN TAI AND ATTACK VIETNAMESE-OWNED
 SHOPS, TAI PROTESTS USA LANDING 1100 MARINES IN TAI DURING CAM
 MAYAGUEZ RESCUE + USA ACKNOWLEDGES THEIR DEMAND FOR WITHDRAWAL BUT
 DOES NOT DEFINITELY PROMISE NOT TO DO IT AGAIN, FM'S OF TAI+MAL+
 SIN+INS+PHI AGREE TO RECOGNIZE GOVTS OF CAM+VTS BUT DISAGREE ON A
 ZONE OF "NEUTRALITY" FREE OF SUPERPOWER INTERFERENCE OR A TREATY OF
 AMITY TO HANDLE INTER-COUNTRY DISPUTES, TAI RECALLS AMB TO USA FOR
 FULL REVIEW OF ALL TREATIES WITH USA, VTS DELEGATION ARRIVES IN TAI
 TO RECLAIM 120 AIRCRAFT FLOWN FROM VTS TO TAI DURING CLOSE OF WAR -
 BUT THE USA HAS ALREADY REMOVED ALL BUT 20 PLANES, TAI EXPRESSES
 CONCERN OVER ITS OWN SECURITY IF VTN SHOULD TAKE OVER VTS SINCE TAI
 SENT 12000 TROOPS TO FIGHT AGAINST VTN, TAI SENDS 1000 TROOPS TO ITS
 BORDERS TO PREVENT A FURTHER FLOW OF WEAPONS+REFUGEES INTO TAI;

TUGO TUG 461 675

HST:PRS GEN ETIENE EYADEMA;
 DEF:PRS EYADEMA; FOR:J. HUNLEDE; INT:J.O. BAGNAH; FIN:E. KODJO;
 AREA:0,021,853; POP:002,090,000; GNP:0,000,267,000,000; GNPPC:0127;
 BOR:UPP; BOR:DAH; BOR:GHA;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK; ORG:FRANC ZONE; ORG:OCAM;
 ORG:OAU; ORG:COUNSEIL DE L'ENTENTE(UPP NIR IVO DAH);
 ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI IVO LBR
 MAU NIR NIG SIE UPP NLI GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMENTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+MANUFACTURES 33, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 22, WOVEN COTTON
 FABRICS 14, FRN 34, UNK 12, GMW 9, -PHOSPHATES 35, COCOA 31, COFFEE 18,
 FRN 31, NTH 26, GMW 13;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN USA GMW;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:FRN;
 TAF:0,002,850; TAF%POP:00.13; ME:00,003,500,000; ME%GNP:01.31;
 VCPRI01:POTENTIAL INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, ETHNIC DIVISIONS
 EXIST BETWEEN DOMINANT COASTAL TRIBES + NORTHERN TRIBES;
 VCPRI02:NEED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF IRON ORE, LIMESTONE + BAUXITE
 DEPOSITS FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH;

TRINIDAD-TOBAGO TRI 052 675

HST:PM ERIC WILLIAMS;

FIN:G.H. CHAMBERS; DEF:B.L.B. PITT; FOR:PM ERIC WILLIAMS;

AREA:0,001,979; POP:001,040,000; GNP:0,000,925,000,000; GNPPC:0889;

BOR:ISLANDS;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:CARIBBEAN COMMON MARKET; ORG:OAS;

ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS; ORG:FRANC ZONE;

TRADE:+MINERAL FUELS+LUBRICANTS 48, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 18,

MANUFACTURES 14, USA 17, SAU 15, LIB 13, -PETROL PRODUCTS 7,

CRUDE OIL 7, SUGAR 6, USA 41, SWE 10, UNK 9;

DEFENSE-PACT:OAS; TROOP-TRAINING:+UNK;

MILITARY-AID:+UNK;

TAF:0,001,125; TAF%POP:00.10; ME:00,003,000,000; ME%GNP:00.32;

VCPRI01:KEEP CARIBBEAN ZONE FREE AND OPEN TO TRADE AND MINERAL
EXPLOITATION;

VCPRI02:INFLATION;

VCPRI03:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

VCPRI04:POPULATION BOOM + HIGH DENSITY;

VCPRI05:UNEMPLOYMENT;

EVENTS:TRI PM WILLIAMS WARNS RECOLONIZATION OF CARIBBEAN IS BEING
ATTEMPTED BY VEN+BRA+MEX+COL, TRI PM VISITS USR;

TUNISIA TUN 616 675

HST:PRS H.E. HABIB BOURGUIBA;

FOR:HABIB CHATT; INT:T. BEL-KHODJA; DEF:H. KHEFACHA; FIN:M. FITOURI;

AREA:0,063,378; POP:005,380,000; GNP:0,002,800,000,000; GNPPC:0520;

BOR:ALG; BOR:LBY;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK; ORG:OAU; ORG:MAGHREB
COMMITTEE(ALG MOR);

TRADE:+NON-ELECTRIC MACHINERY 12, CEREALS 11, IRON+STEEL 7, TRANSPORT

EQUIPMENT 6, FRN 36, USA 15, ITA 9, -CRUDE OIL 25, OLIVE OIL 21,

PHOSPHATES 19, ITA 19, FRN 19, GNM 13;

ECONOMIC-AID:+BEL AUS SWD NTH;

MILITARY-AID:+USA 5.4M; ARM-SALES:+FRN PATROL BOATS+S-S MISSILES;

TAF:0,024,000; TAF%POP:00.44; ME:00,024,300,000; ME%GNP:00.87;

VCPRI01:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH LBY, TUN POPULACE REJECTED PROPOSAL FOR
"LIMITED MAGREB" UNION WITH LBY;VCPRI02:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH MILITANT ARAB NEIGHBORS LBY ALG,
IDEOLOGICAL + SUBVERSIVE ATTACKS;

VCPRI03:STIMULATE FALTERING ECONOMY FROM UNEMPLOYMENT + FOREIGN DEBT;

VCPRI04:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, ON MEDITERRANEAN, IMPORTANT NAVAL
FACILITIES;VCPRI05:MAINTAIN GOOD RELATIONS WITH USA + WESTERN EUROPE FOR ECONOMIC
BENEFITS;

EVENTS:TUN PM NOUJRA VISITS CHN;

TURKEY TUR 640 675

HST:PM SULEYMAN DEMIREL;

FOR:IHSAN SABRI CAGLAYANGIL; DEF:FERIT HELEN; FIN:YILAZ ERGENEKON;

INT: HUKADDER OZEKIN;
 AREA: 0, 301, 302; POP: 037, 500, 000; GNP: 0, 015, 800, 000, 000; GNPPC: 0421;
 BOR: SUL; BOR: GRC; BOR: USR; BOR: SYR; BOR: IRQ; BOR: IRN;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: CENTO; ORG: NATO; ORG: COUNCIL OF EUROPE; ORG: OECD;
 TRADE: +MACHINERY 27, BASE METALS 15, CHEMICALS 15, MINERAL PRODUCTS 11,
 GRW 18, USA 12, ITA 11, -COTTON 30, HAZELNUTS 12, TOBACCO 10, GRW 19,
 USA 10, SWZ 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +GRW SWZ NTH, + USA (OPIUM POPPY REPLACEMENT REVENUES);
 DEFENSE-PACTS: CENTO NATO; TROOP-TRAINING: +USA;
 TROOPS+BASES: +USA 7000 TROOPS + 26 BASES;
 MILITARY-AID: +USA 116.6m, +GRW 30m;
 RESOURCES: 3 CHROMIUM ORE 12.6% (USA 19%, FRN 16%, NOR 11%), 7 WHEAT 4%;
 TAF: 0, 455, 000; TAF%POP: 01.21; IE: 00, 774, 000, 000; IE%GNP: 04.90;
 VCPRI01: RECONSIDERATION OF DEFENSE ARRANGEMENTS WITH USA+OBLIGATIONS
 TO NATO, THREAT TO END NATO BASE RIGHTS IN TUR;
 VCPRI02: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH GRC;
 VCPRI03: STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USA, USA CUTTING OF MILITARY AID
 TO TUR BECAUSE OF CYP INVASION + OPIUM POPPY GROWING;
 VCPRI04: INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, INCREASING SPLIT + CIVIL
 VIOLENCE BETWEEN RIGHT + LEFT-WING EXTREMIST GROUPS;
 VCPRI05: STRONG COMMITMENT TO TURKISH CYPRIOTS, THREAT OF RENEWED WAR
 WITH GRC OVER CYP;
 VCPRI06: GOVERNMENT LEADERSHIP CRISIS, CABINET + PM INSTABILITY
 DUE TO NON-MAJORITY COALITION STATUS;
 VCPRI07: STRENGTHEN + DIVERSIFY ECONOMY, SHIFT PREVIOUS ECONOMIC
 ORIENTATION FROM EEC + USA TOWARDS MIDDLE EAST ARABS ESPECIALLY LBY;
 VCPRI08: STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION ON RED+MEDITERRANEAN SEA,
 USA+NATO DESIRES AS BASE;
 VCPRI09: FOREIGN WORKERS, TUR WORKERS GO TO WESTERN EUROPE-HOSTILE
 RECEPTION+IMMIGRATION CURBS WITH UNEMPLOYMENT+INFLATION;
 VCPRI10: TUR BORDER CLOSURE WITH IRQ BECAUSE OF KURDISH FIGHTING;
 VCPRI11: TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH GRC OVER AEGEAN SEABED EXPLORATION
 RIGHTS;
 VCPRI12: BORDER DISPUTES WITH IRQ+GRC LATENT;
 EVENTS: TUR RESTRICTS IMPORTS FROM UNK BUT SAYS THIS WOULD BE ENDED
 IF UNK AGREES TO LIFT ITS QUOTAS ON TUR COTTON YARN, TUR PROTESTS
 CONTINUED GRC MILITARIZATION, TUR WITHDRAWS 1000 TROOPS FROM CYP,
 TUR + GRC NATIONAL GUARD ON CYP EXCHANGE HEAVY MACHINE-GUN FIRE,
 TUR PM DEMIREL PROPOSES 2-ZONE FEDERAL SYSTEM FOR CYP + REAPPRAISAL
 OF USA RELATIONS + SHARING CONTINENTAL SHELF IN AEGEAN SEA WITH
 GRC + OPPOSING REMILITARIZING ISLANDS OFF TUR COAST + EXTENSION OF
 GRC TERRITORIAL WATERS TO 12 MILES + INCREASING ADVANTAGES OF EEC
 ASSOCIATION AROUND EEC REDUCTIONS IN AGREEMENTS WITH THIRD WORLD
 + STAYING IN NATO+CENTO+RCD + NO CHANGES IN FOREIGN POLICY + STRONG
 ANTI-COMMUNISM POLICIES, TUR PROTESTS TO WESTERN POWERS THAT GRC
 IS HEAVILY MILITARIZING DODECANESE ISLANDS OFF TUR COAST, TUR PM
 DEMIREL SAYS TUR WILL REVIEW ITS PARTICIPATION IN NATO IF USA DOES
 NOT LIFT ARMS BAN WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME, TUR EXTENDS DEADLINE
 FOR CLOSING USA BASES BY 3 WEEKS, 4 TUR RIGHT-WING POLITICAL PARTIES
 ESTABLISH A UNION CALLED NATIONALIST FRONT, TUR DELAYS CYP SETTLE-

MENT FOR PACKAGE DEAL OF TUR WITHDRAWAL FROM CYP FOR GRC OILFIELDS, TUR FM SAYS TUR MAY LOOK TO LBY FOR DEFENSE NEEDS IF USA DOES NOT LIFT ARMS EMBARGO, TUR DENIES VIOLATION OF GRC AIRSPACE + CLAIMS GRC IS ARMING AEGEAN ISLANDS TO KEEP TUR FROM FLYING OVER THE AEGEAN, TUR+GRC FM'S MEET TO DISCUSS BILATERAL PROBLEMS + PREPARE FOR MEETING OF PM'S;

UGANDA UGA 500 675

HST:PRS GEN ALBAJJI IDI AMIN DADA;

DEF:PRS GEN AMIN; INT:A.C.K. OBETH OFUMBI; FOR:PRS GEN IDI AMIN;

FIN:E.B. WAKHWEYA;

AREA:0,091,134; POP:010,460,000; GNP:0,001,440,000,000; GNPPC:0137;

BOR:KEN; BOR:TAZ; BOR:COP; BOR:SUD;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK;

ORG:EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY(KEN TAZ);

TRADE:+MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 34, METALS 6.2, IRON+STEEL 5,

PAPER 3.9, COTTON FABRICS 1.3, UNK 32, JAP 13, GMW 10,

-COFFEE 58, COTTON 21, COPPER 8, UNK 24, USA 22, JAP 11;

ECONOMIC-AID:+NOR .62M(CAPITAL ASST .10M,TECHNICAL ASST .52M);

MILITARY-AID:+CZE LIGHT WEAPONS AIRCRAFT, +CHN, +USR TANKS

AMMUNITION TRANSPORT VEHICLES AIRCRAFT, +USR SA MISSILES+MIG 21 JETS;

TROOP-TRAINING:+USR PILOT TRAINING; TROOPS+BASES:+200 SUD ARMY

MERCENARIES;

TAF:0,012,600; TAF%POP:00.12; HE:00,031,200,000; HE%GNP:02.17;

VCPRI01:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH TAZ + KEN, UGA DESIRES ACCESS TO

SEA THROUGH KEN OR TAZ, UGA CHARGES KEN+TAZ WITH INVASION PLOTS,

BORDER TERRORISM INCREASING;

VCPRI02:BORDER DISPUTE WITH TAZ;

VCPRI03:DETERIORATED RELATIONS WITH UNK, DEPORTATION OF COMMONWEALTH

ASIANS CREATED PROBLEMS FOR IMMIGRATION OF THESE ASIANS TO UNK;

VCPRI03:THREAT OF MILITARY COUP;

VCPRI04:BAGANDAN SEPARATIST MOVEMENT;

VCPRI05:ECONOMIC STAGNATION, INCREASING SMUGGLING+BLACK MARKET PROBLEMS;

VCPRI06:MULTIPLE ETHNIC+TRIBAL GROUP HOSTILITIES + DISSENSION;

VCPRI07:AFRICANIZATION PROGRAM,EXCLUDE + DEPORT ASIANS;

VCPRI08:BORDER TROUBLES FROM REFUGEES FROM SUD RWA COP;

VCPRI09:STAGNANT ECONOMY, LOSS OF MIDDLE CLASS THROUGH AFRICANIZA-
TION PROGRAM;

VCPRI010:DETERIORATING INFRASTRUCTURE DUE TO EXPULSION OF ASIANS;

EVENTS:UGA AUTHORIZES DEATH FOR ECONOMIC CRIMES INCLUDING SMUGGLING

+ EMBEZZLEMENT AFTER NATIONALIZING ASIAN BUSINESSES AND AN OUTBREAK

OF TRIBAL RAIDING IN SOME AREAS, 200 SUD MERCENARIES IN UGA ARMY

WILL BE SENT TO USR FOR TRAINING AS PILOTS OF MIG FIGHTER-BOMBERS,

UGA-TAZ BORDER TENSIONS RISE WHEN UGA ALLEGES TAZ TROOPS TRY TO

CAPTURE 4 UGA CITIZENS, UGA MAKES ARRANGEMENTS FOR PAYING COMPENSATION

TO UNK COMPANIES + NATIONALS WHOSE PROPERTY WAS TAKEN DURING THE 1972+

1973 "ECONOMIC WAR", UGA THREATENS TO HALT ALL PAYMENTS TO THE EAST

AFRICAN COMMUNITY, UGA PRS AMIN VISITS RWANDA, UGA PRS AMIN THREATENS

TO DESTROY TAZ IF PRS NYERERE SUCCEEDS IN STOPPING THE OAU SUMMIT FROM

FROM BEING HELD IN KAMPALA IN JULY, UGA PRS AMIN SUGGESTS HIS COUNTRY

COULD BECOME HEADQUARTERS OF UNK COMMONWEALTH, UGA BANS ALL FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS;

UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS USR 365 675

HST:CP SEC L.L. BREZHNEV; HST:PRM A.N. KOSYGIN;

FOR:A.A. GROMYKO; DEF:A.A. GRECHKO; INT:N.A. SHCHELOKOV;

FIN:V.F. GABUZOV;

AREA:8,647,172; POP:250,000,000; GNP:0,439,000,000,000; GNPPC:1756;

BOR:NOR; BOR:FIN; BOR:POL; BOR:CZE; BOR:HUN; BOR:RUM; BOR:TUR; BOR:IRN;

BOR:AFG; BOR:CHN; BOR:MON; BOR:KON;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COMECON; ORG:WARSAW PACT;

AGREEMENTS:GBI ECONOMIC+SCIENTIFIC+TECHNICAL CO-OPERATION,IRN

ECONOMIC \$3B,NOR FISHERIES,USA 12 MILE OFFSHORE TERRITORY,

FRN CO-OPERATION,USA+UNK BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS,HUN CREDIT,

YUG NUCLEAR ENERGY CO-OPERATION+SHIPS+MARINE EQUIPMENT,IRQ

PEACEFUL NUCLEAR ENERGY,LBY SEA+AIR BASES+\$1B ARMS DEAL;

TRADE:+GME 15, POL 11,CZE 11, MACHINERY EQUIPMENT 34, ROLLED STOCK,

PAPER,-GME 14,POL 10,CZE 10,MACHINERY 22,IRON+STEEL 10,

CRUDE OIL 9;

DEFENSE-PACTS:WARSAW PACT, BILATERAL TREATIES WITH ALL COMMUNIST NATIONS;

TROOP-TRAINING:-ALG CUB VTN MON SUD IRQ SYR YEM;

TROOPS+BASES:-15000 TROOPS+MILITARY PERSONNEL IN CUB,-SUB BASE IN CUB,

ARMY DIVISIONS GME 20,POL 2,CZE 5,MON 2,-IRQ,-SYR,-SOM,-LBY;

MILITARY-AID:-UAR EQUIPMT+ADVISORS,-IRQ SURFACE-TO-SURFACE MISSILES, -SYR,-SOM;

ARM-SALES:-LBY \$1B;

RESOURCES:3 NICKEL 17%(NTH 76%,CHN 40%), 2 PETROIEUM CRUDE 15%(ITA 11.8%,CZE 11%,GME 9.7%), 3 SILVER 13%, 1 FERRO ALLOYS(CZE 30%,RUM 25%,HUN 9%), 1 CRUDE STEEL, 4 ANTIMONY ORE 10%(BUL), 4 BAUXITE 7%, 2 COAL 20%(GME 16%,JAP 16%,CZE 12%), 2 COPPER 15%(CZE 35%,HUN 12%,RUM 3%),1 IRON 25%,(POL 30%,CZE 27%,RUM 11%), 1 CHROMIUM ORE 26%(USA 33%,SWD 12%,JAP 12%), 1 MANGANESE ORE 31%(POL 30%,GME 14%,CZE 12%), 2 ZINC;

TAF:3,425,000: TAF%POP:01.37; ME:61,900,000,000; ME%GNP:14.10;

VCPRIO1:MAINTAIN+EXPAND USR INFLUENCE + LEADERSHIP IN ARAB BLOC;

VCPRIO2:USR IN AMBIGUOUS POSITION IN IRQ-SYR CONFLICT OVER USR DAM BUILT ON SYR LENGTH OF EUPHRATES RIVER-DAM HAS BECOME SIDE ISSUE IN INTER-BAATHIST IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT WHICH MANIFESTS IN PLOTS AGAINST EACH OTHER+PURGING OF "ENEMY"SYMPATHIZERS FROM EACH GOVT-USR AIDS BOTH NATIONS AND BOTH ARE FOCAL POINTS OF USR INVOLVEMENT IN THE MIDEAST-IRQ CALLS ON USR TO "TAKE RESPONSIBILITY" FOR DAMAGE DONE BY DAM IN IRQ+SYR CALLS ON USR TO SUPPRESS IRQ;

VCPRIO3:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH UAR,ECONOMIC DEBT REPAYMENT PROBLEMS, WEAPONS SUPPLY,+USR AID+INCREASING FRIENDSHIP WITH LBY;

VCPRIO4:THREAT OF JAP-CHN DETENTE+ECONOMIC COOPERATION EXCLUDING USR;

VCPRIO5:USA INTERFERENCE IN USR DOMESTIC AFFAIRS, ESPECIALLY DESIRES FOR FREER JEWISH EMIGRATION;

VCPRIO6:INTERNAL POPULACE DISSENSION FOR MORE LIBERAL POLICIES +REGIONAL AUTONOMY;

VCPRI07: LEADERSHIP CHALLENGE IN NEW LIBERATED AREAS OF SE ASIA+
 KON VERSUS CHINA'S LEADERSHIP BID FOR THESE AREAS;
 VCPRI08: MAINTAIN COHESION+USR LEADERSHIP OF EAST EUROPEAN BLOC;
 VCPRI09: JEWISH EMIGRATION;
 VCPRI010: USA ARMS RACE;
 VCPRI011: DESIRE FOR BETTER TRADE+SCIENTIFIC-TECHNICAL EXCHANGES WITH
 WEST WITHOUT INTERNAL LIBERALIZATION EFFECTS;
 VCPRI012: DESIRE FOR USR MILITARY BASES+PORT RIGHTS FOR NAVAL EXPANSION,
 USA+NATO ACTIVELY OPPOSE USR EXPANSION;
 VCPRI013: CHN BORDER DISPUTES+CLASHES;
 VCPRI014: CHN IDEOLOGICAL DISPUTE;
 VCPRI015: EXPENSIVE SUPPORT OF CUB+VTN;
 VCPRI016: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH ALB;
 EVENTS: USR HAS TURNED DOWN REQUESTS BY KURD REBELS FOR ASYLUM, USR TASS
 CRITICIZES USA SUGGESTIONS THAT COMMUNIST TAKEOVERS IN INDO-CHINA
 REPRESENT A FAILURE OF DETENTE, USR HAS ANNOUNCED THAT IT WILL SEND
 FOOD+MEDICINE TO VCG-CONTROLLED AREAS OF VTS, USR POLICE CRACKDOWN
 ON SOVIET BRANCH OF AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL-A HUMAN RIGHTS ORGANIZATION,
 UAR FM VISITS USR TO DISCUSS GENEVA CONFERENCE AND PLO PARTICIPATION,
 USR SAYS IT WILL BACK ISR EXISTENCE IF IT WITHDRAWS FROM OCCUPIED
 ARAB TERRITORIES, PLO YASSIR ARAFAT WILL VISIT USR IN APRIL TO
 CO-ORDINATE A DRIVE FOR PLO REPRESENTATION IN GENEVA, USR EMBROILED
 IN IRQ-SYR BAATHISTS CONFLICT OVER USR DAM ON EUHRATES, CP LEADER
 BREZHNEV SAYS THE END OF VIETNAM IS NEW OPPORTUNITY FOR USA-USR
 DETENTE-BUT IT WILL NOT STOP USR FROM SUPPLYING OTHER WARS OF
 LIBERATION, USR GROMYKO MEETS WITH USA KISSINGER TO TALK ON NUCLEAR
 ARMS LIMITATION, USR SPACE EXPERTS ARRIVE AT KENNEDY SPACE CENTER
 USA FOR WORK ON JOINT SPACE FLIGHT, USR AGREES TO UAR REQUEST
 TO CLEAR MINES FROM PORT SAID, USR FM GROMYKO TALKS WITH UAR
 OFFICIALS ON USR-UAR RELATIONS, USR GROMYKO TALKS WITH SYR PRS
 ASSAD ON PEACE MOVES, USR DELEGATION TO SINO-SOVIET BORDER
 NEGOTIATIONS RETURNS TO PEKING AFTER 6 MO. ABSENCE, USR HOSTS
 UNK PM WILSON+MANY CHANNELS OF RELATIONS ARE OPENED, USR DM
 VISITS IND TO REVIEW IND-USR DEFENSE CO-OPERATIONS, USR BLOCK
 PROPOSES USA+USR SHOULD REDUCE FORCES IN CENTRAL EUROPE BY
 10000, USR RECEIVES FRN PM CHIRAC TO DISCUSS EUROPEAN SECURITY
 CONFERENCE + USR FRN TRADE, USR CONGRATULATES PRINCE SIHANOUK
 ON CAM SUCCESS, USR TRADE UNION LEADER SHELEPIN VISITS UNK TO
 TALK WITH UNK TUC LEADERS, USR NOTE TO UNO CLAIMS EAST BERLIN HAS BECOME
 AN INTEGRAL PART OF GME AND IS NO LONGER SUBJECT TO FOUR-POWER
 CONTROL, UNK+USA+FRN WARN USR THAT STRICT ADHERENCE TO FOUR
 POWER STATUS OF BERLIN MUST BE MAINTAINED, USR EFFORTS TO FORM
 FIRM BASE FOR GENEVA PEACE TALKS END IN FAILURE AS NATIONS
 POSITIONS ARE TOO HARD, USR COMPLAINS TO UNK OVER ANTI-SOVIET
 DEMONSTRATIONS IN UNK, USR URGES ISR TO DENOUNCE USA STEP-BY-STEP
 APPROACH TO MIDEAST SETTLEMENT, USR OFFERS TO PROVIDE ROCKETS
 FOR EUROPEAN + THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES TO LAUNCH SATELLITES, USR
 PM KOSYGIN VISITS LBY, USR STATES THAT UNK+FRN+USA HAVE NO RIGHTS
 IN BERLIN, USR DEMANDS USE OF FORMER USA MILITARY BASES IN VIETNAM
 IN RETURN FOR USR AID IN THE WAR, USR ACCUSES WESTERN ALLIANCE

WITH CHN AGAINST USR;

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES UAE 675 675

HST:PRS SHAIKH ZAYYID BIN SULTAN; HST:PM SHAIKH MAKUM BIN RASHID;
FIN:HAMDAN BIN RASHID AL-MAKUM; INT:NUBARAK BIN MUHAMMED AL-NHAYYAN;
DEF:MUHAMMAD BIN RASHID AL-MAKUM; FOR:AHMAD KHALIFAH ASUWAID;
AREA:0,032,278; POP:000,325,000;
BOR:QAT; BOR:MOM; BOR:SAU;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OPEC;

AGREEMENTS:UAE FEDERATION AGREEMENTS TO STRENGTHEN + CENTRALIZE UAE;
TRADE:+HOUSEHOLD GOODS 15,FOODSTUFFS 12, BUILDING MATERIALS 14,
GARMENTS 17, MACHINERY 17,OIL FIELD MATERIALS 12, JAP 13, USA 8, UNK 8,
-CRUDE OIL, FOODSTUFFS 38, HOUSEHOLD GOODS 26, IRN 47, MOM 13, QAT 11;
ECONOMIC-AID:+UNK 65,000 TO TRUCIAL COASTAL DEVELOPMENT FUND AND HEALTH
PROJECTS, +KUW GRANTS(SCHOOLS + CLINICS)THROUGH GUPAC, +SAU COASTAL
ROADS,-BGD 70M;

TROOP-TRAINING:+PAK;

MILITARY-AID:+PAK AF TRAINING+TECHNICAL AID;

VCPRIO1:ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION FROM IRN-PAK-IND DUE TO OIL BOOM IN UAE;

VCPRIO2:SUBVERSION AND EXTERNALLY LOCATED "LIBERATION" MOVEMENT
ATTACKS(MAIN GROUP:NFLAG-NATIONAL FRONT FOR LIBERATION OF ARAB GULF);

VCPRIO3:SAU BORDER DISPUTE AND TERRITORIAL CLAIMS;

EVENTS:UAE FEDERATION STRENGTHENED WITH AGREEMENTS TO ESTABLISH
A FEDERAL ARMY+CONTROL ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION+CO-ORDINATE OIL POLICY;

UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC,EGYPT UAR 651 675

HST:PRS ANWAR SADAT;

DEF:A. ISMAIL; INT:M. SALEM; FIN:A.F. IBRAHIM; FOR:I. FAHMY;
AREA:0,386,100; POP:034,839,000; GNP:0,006,430,000,000; GNP:0184;

BOR:ISR; BOR:LBY; BOR:SUD;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL; ORG:OAPEC;

AGREEMENTS:CAO DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS,UAR+SAU+QAT INDUSTRIAL COMBINE;

TRADE:+USR 12, IND 8, GNM 8, FRN 7, ITA 7, USA 6,
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY+APPARATUS 13.6, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS 13.4, CEREALS+
MILLING PRODUCTS 13.2, WOOD+HIDES+RUBBER 9, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT 7.9,
IRON+STEEL 7.9, MINERAL PRODUCTS 7.3, -USR 37, GNM 6, IND 6, CZE 5,
COTTON 45, COTTON YARN 11, RICE 10;

ECONOMIC-AID:+SAU KUW LBY,+IRN 650000 TONS OF OIL;

TROOP-TRAINING:+USR; TROOPS+BASES:+USR TRAINING+ADVISORY MISSION IN UAR,
+USR AIR BASES+20000 COMBAT TROOPS; MILITARY-AID:+USR 4.5B;

ARM-SALES:+42 ANGLO-FRN SA341 GAZELLE HELICOPTERS;

TAF:0,314,000; TAF%POP:00.90; ME:02,295,000,000; ME%GNP:35.69;

VCPRIO1:ARAB-ISR WAR, ACTIVE THREAT TO BREAK OUT AGAIN;

VCPRIO2:STYMIED ARAB-ISR PEACE NEGOTIATIONS, GENEVA CONFERENCE NOT
EXPECTED TO SOLVE DIFFERENCES, LACK OF SETTLEMENT INCREASES RENEWED
WAR THREAT;

VCPRIO3:DETERIORATION OF RELATIONS WITH LBY, UAR CHARGES

LBY SUBVERSION FOR MORE MILITANT POLICIES;

VCPRIO4:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH SYR, UAR CHARGES SUBVERSION
FOR MORE MILITANT POLICIES, SYR OPPOSES UAR SEPARATE PEACE

SETTLEMENT WITH ISR;

VCPRIO5:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH USR,UAR DEBT REPAYMENT PROBLEMS,
WEAPONS SALES,+USR INCREASING FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH LBY;
VCPRIO6:INFLATION, INCREASING POPULACE DISSATISFACTION+PROTESTS, HUGE
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROBLEMS, REASON FOR OPENING SUEZ CANAL IS
TO GET USAGE TAX, SADAT'S MAJOR WEAKNESS IS IN ECONOMIC AREA;
VCPRIO7:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH PLO,PLO AGAINST UAR

SEPARATE PEACE SETTLEMENT WITH ISR;

VCPRIO8:TERRITORIAL LOSSES TO ISR DURING PAST WARS, UAR DEMANDS THESE
MUST BE RETURNED BEFORE PEACE IS POSSIBLE;

VCPRIO9:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, VULNERABLE POPULATION CENTERS,
ASWAN DAM+SUEZ CANAL;

VCPRIO10:AVOID DEPENDENCY ON+PENETRATION BY USR, ARMAMENT DELIVERIES
WITHOUT USR PENETRATION,HUGE WAR DEBT TO USR;

VCPRIO11:STRENGTHEN+DIVERSIFY ECONOMY, ESPECIALLY THROUGH AID FROM
OTHER ARABS-SAU,+WEST-USA;

EVENTS:UAR PRS SADAT HAS THREATENED TO OPPOSE RENEWAL OF THE
MANDATE OF THE UN EMERGENCY FORCE IN THE SINAI AT THE END OF
APRIL UNLESS THERE IS PROGRESS TOWARD AN ISR WITHDRAWAL,UAR
PRS SADAT HAS BEEN INVOLVED IN PRIVATE TALKS WITH SYR PRS
ASSAD+ALG PRS BOUMEDIENNE+SAU KING KHALED BELIEVED TO BE LEADING
TO AN ARAB SUMMIT FOR A POST-FAISAL ERA,UAR TRIES TO CLANDESTINE
COMMUNISTS FOR SUBVERSIVE IDEAS AND THE USE OF ANTI GOVT
FORCE,UAR SAYS USA STEP-BY-STEP DIPLOMACY FAILURE HAS BROUGHT
THE MIDEAST TO 'DIP POINT' + MISUNDERSTANDING ON ISR RETURN OF
OCCUPIED LANDS FOR UAR POLITICAL+PEACE CONCESSIONS,

UAR CABINET RESIGNS + PRS SADAT ASKS MANDOUH SALEM TO FORM A
NEW GOVT, UAR-LBY RELATIONS STRAINED TO CRUCIAL POINT WITH LBY
THREATENING TO SEVER RELATIONS+TAKE ACTION AGAINST EGYPTIANS

IN LBY AFTER UAR RECEIVED ABUSIVE NOTE FROM LBY GOVT,UAR PRS
SADAT ANNOUNCED OPENING OF SUEZ CANAL IN JUNE+EXTENSION OF UN
PEACEKEEPING MANDATE IN SINAI FOR 3 MONTHS,UAR SUGGESTS THAT

ISR-BOUND CARGO WILL BE ALLOWED THROUGH SUEZ CANAL ONLY IF
ISR WITHDRAWS FROM POSITIONS THEY HOLD 10-15 MI FROM CANAL,

UAR PRS SADAT REQUESTS USA+USR RECONVENE GENEVA CONFERENCE
BUT HOLDS OPEN POSSIBILITY OF BI-LATERAL RELATIONS ALSO,

UAR BEGINS INTENSIVE CONSULTATIONS WITH OTHER ARAB STATES
IN PREPARATION FOR GENEVA, UAR PRS SADAT INVITES UNK+FRN+YUG+IND

TO PARTICIPATE IN GENEVA CONFERENCE TO HELP DEPOLARIZE USR&USA
PARTICIPATION,INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS TRIES TO GET ISR+SYR+

UAR TO MAKE HIGH-POPULATION AREAS BOMB+MISSILE FREE ZONES
+ISR AGREES BUT UAR WARNS THAT IT WILL STRIKE INTO THE 'DEPTHS

OF ISR' IF SUEZ IS ATTACKED,UAR SADAT WARNS THAT HIS COUNTRY
IS PREPARING TO LIBERATE OCCUPIED ARAB LANDS+ESTABLISH A

HOME FOR THE PALESTINIANS THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS OR WAR,UAR PRS
SADAT SAYS USA MUST SAY IF IT WANTS ISR TO WITHDRAW FROM

OCCUPIED TERRITORIES,UAR+ISR AGREE TO EXTEND UN FORCES MANDATE
BUT ISR WANTS A 6 MO EXTENSION+UAR WANTS 3 MONTHS,UNSC VOTES FOR

A 3 MONTH EXTENSION OF MANDATE IN SINAI,UAR FM VISITS USR TO
DISCUSS GENEVA CONFERENCE+PARTICIPATION OF THE PLO,UAR+SYR

HAVING HEALED THEIR DIPLOMATIC RIFT AGREE TO ESTABLISH COMMITTEE TO CO-ORDINATE WAR-AND-PEACE STRATEGIES AT ARAB SUMMIT IN SAU+ FUTURE UAR NEGOTIATIONS WITH ISR WILL INCLUDE SYR,UAR ACCUSES LBY OF BUILDING FORCES ON BORDER TO MOUNT AN INVASION,COMPLETE BREAK IN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS THREATENED BETWEEN UAR+LBY, UAR SAYS USA MUST INFLUENCE ISR BECAUSE UAR WILL NOT RETURN TO A NO-WAR-NO-PEACE SITUATION,SADAT SAYS ISR HAS REFUSED TO RESCHEDULE PAYMENT FOR UAR'S \$4-7B DEBT+UAR WILL ASK USA FOR AID,SADAT TOURS 4 MIDEAST NATIONS TO SOLIDIFY ARAB STAND BEFORE GENEVA,UAR SADAT VISITS FRN PRS D'ESTAING+FINDS AGREEMENT ON WORLD PROBLEMS+EMPHASIZES EUROPE+FRN'S PILOT ROLE IN MIDEAST SETTLEMENT,UAR REQUESTS ISR REMOVE MINES FROM PORT SAID+ISR AGREES,UAR RECEIVES ISR FN FOR TALKS ON ISR-UAR RELATIONS WHICH ARE SAID TO BE IMPROVING,UAR APPEALS TO ETH TO END BLOOD SHED IN ERITREA,UAR SAYS IT WILL NOT RETURN TO GENEVA UNTIL IT HAS REGAINED ALL ARMS LOST IN THE 73 WAR,UAR PASSES FOR UNK+ FRN TO HAVE ROLE IN THE PEACE TALKS,UAR PROTESTS ISR REFUSAL TO ALLOW RED CROSS TO FLOOD-STRICKEN ARABS IN SINAI,UAR PRS SADAT SAYS MIDEAST IS EXPLOSIVE BUT HE IS NOT YET PREPARING FOR WAR BUT CONCENTRATING ON PEACE,SADAT SAYS MIDEAST WAR WOULD BRING OIL BOYCOTT,UAR POLICE UNCOVER A PLOT TO OVERTHROW SADAT'S GOVT,LBY AGREES TO HALT ITS PROPAGANDA WAR AGAINST UAR,EEC DELEGATION ARRIVES IN CAIRO TO HAVE ARAB DIALOGUE AFTER ARAB PROTEST OF ISR-EEC AGREEMENT,UAR+ITA TALK ON EXPANDING CO-OPERATION;

UNITED KINGDOM UNK 200 675

HST:QUEEN ELIZABETH II; HST:PM J. HAROLD WILSON;

FIN:DENIS W. HEALEY; DEF:ROY MASON; FOR:LEONARD JAMES;

AREA:0,093,025; POP:055,300,000; GNP:0,115,000,000,000; GNPPC:2079; BOR:ISLAND;

ORG:UNO; ORG:NATO; ORG:EEC; ORG:OECD; ORG:SEATO; ORG:S.PACIFIC COMMISSION; ORG:WEU; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:CENTO; ORG:COUNCIL OF EUROPE;

AGREEMENTS:VTS+CAN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS,IRN SHIPBUILDING+\$1032 TRADE,ISR 5YEAR EXTENSION OF CREDIT TO ISR,MEX SUGAR+MOLASSES, USA+ISR BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS,SPN SOCIAL SECURITY; TRADE:+MANUFACTURED GOODS 21, MACHINERY/TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 20, FOOD/LIVE ANIMALS 17, CRUDE MATERIAL--EXCEPT FUEL 11,EEC 33,COMMONWEALTH 18, EFTA 15, -MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 38, MANUFACTURES 27, CHEMICALS 10, EEC 32, GMW 18; ECONOMIC-AID:-428M OFFICIAL AID WORLDWIDE, EUROPE 7%, AFRICA 41%, AMERICAS 8%, ASIA 42%, OCEANIA 3.5%, COMMONWEALTH 94%, LOANS TO UAR IND TAZ,-COMMONWEALTH 512.4M,-PAK 10.12M,INS 18.63M,-TUR 5.75M,-GIBRALTAR 17.6M+TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE,+IRN 1.2B,-KEN SOFT LOAN,-IND 48M,-VTS REFUGEES 1,800,000M; DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO, SEATO, GMW, CENTO; TROOPS+BASES:+USA AIR/NAVAL BASES,-GMW GIBRALTAR CYP; MILITARY-AID:-GMW,-ROM; RESOURCES:4 COAL 7%(GMW 40%, FRN 16%, NTH 11%),5 NATURAL GAS,8 ALUMINUM,

5 SYNTHETIC RUBBER, 7 CEMENT;
 TAF:0,361,500; TAF%POP:00.65; ME:06,175,000,000; ME%GNP:05.37;
 VCPRI01:ECONOMIC CRISIS, HUGE BALANCE-OF PAYMENTS DEFICITS;
 VCPRI02:FUTURE PARTICIPATION IN EEC, UNK DESIRES RENEGOTIATION OF
 MEMBERSHIP TERMS + REFERENDUM;
 VCPRI03:INFLATION 21%;
 VCPRI04:IRA TERRORISM;
 VCPRI05:NORTHERN IRELAND CRISIS;
 VCPRI06:DEPENDENCE ON ARAB OIL;
 VCPRI07:RHO INDEPENDENCE ISSUE, ILLEGAL DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE+
 UNK ECONOMIC SANCTIONS;
 VCPRI08:CYP CRISES, UNK MILITARY BASES ON CYP+ROLE OF MEDIATOR;
 VCPRI09:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH FRN OVER EEC RENEGOTIATIONS, CHANNEL
 TUNNEL PROJECT CUTOFF+TERRITORIAL DISPUTE OVER UNK-FRN TERRITORIAL
 LIMITS IN ENGLISH CHANNEL WHERE POSSIBLE OIL DEPOSITS ARE;
 VCPRI10:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH UGA,MUTUAL EXPULSIONS+REDUCTIONS
 OF EMBASSY STAFFS;
 VCPRI11:GIBRALTAR,UNK EXERCISES CONTROL, SPN CLAIMS GIBRALTAR,+
 GIBRALTARIANS DESIRE SOVEREIGNTY,+GIBRALTAR IS BECOMING STRATEGICALLY
 IMPORTANT TO NATO DUE TO OPENING OF SUEZ CANAL+POR POSSIBLE ENDING OF
 NATO USE OF AZORES+POR FACILITIES;
 VCPRI12:NORTH SEA OIL RESERVES, EXPLOITATION+DEVELOPMENT;
 VCPRI13:CURRENCY INSTABILITY;
 VCPRI14:ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION INTO UNK FROM COMMONWEALTH;
 VCPRI15:ICELAND FISHING CONFLICT, ICE CLAIMS 50-MILE OFFSHORE LIMITS
 +WILL NOT ALLOW UNK TRAWLERS INSIDE;
 VCPRI16:MAINTAIN STRATEGIC SIMONSTOWN NAVAL BASE IN SAF
 DESPITE DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH SAF;
 VCPRI17:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH GUA OVER BELIZE(FORMER BRITISH
 HONDURAS), GUA CLAIMS BELIZE+THREATENS TO INVADE IF ITS TERRITORIAL
 DEMANDS ARE NOT MET BY UNK;
 VCPRI18:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH IRE OVER NORTHERN IRELAND CRISIS;
 VCPRI19:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH PAK OVER IMMIGRANTS;
 EVENTS:UNK PM WILSON AND FM CALLAGHAN THREATEN TO RESIGN IF LABOUR
 PARTY CAMPAIGNS AGAINST UNK MEMBERSHIP IN THE EEC,UNK ENDS ARMY
 OFFICERS "BLACK PROPAGANDA" IN ULSTER AGAINST EXTREMISTS+
 THEIR SUPPORTERS, UNK FISHERMEN BLOCK SEAPORTS TO PROTEST
 CHEAP FISH IMPORTS IN SCOTLAND + NORTHERN UNK + MAY SPREAD TO
 SOUTHERN UNK,UNK CALLS ON EUROPEAN PARTNERS TO TAKE A STAND
 AGAINST USING INTERNATIONAL SPORT AS A POLITICAL WEAPON,
 UNK WARNS THAT UNLESS LAW OF THE SEA CONFERENCE REACHES AGREEMENT
 SOON NATIONS MAY RESORT TO SEA-GRABBING + FISHING WARS,UNK
 REFUSES TO SELL LBY \$1.4B OF ARMS SO AS NOT TO UPSET ARMS BALANCE
 IN MIDEAST,LABOUR PARTY VOTES 2-TO-1 TO WITHDRAW FROM EEC,
 UNK WILL CONTINUE MILITARY AID TO MOM TO QUELL DHOFAR REBELS,
 PM WILSON PROPOSES NEW ECONOMIC DEAL TO HEAL RIFT BETWEEN
 RICH+POOR STATES,UNK PLANS TO ADMIT LESS THAN 1000 REFUGEES
 FROM VTS,UNK PM WILSON SAYS UNK IS FACING WORSE FINANCIAL CRISIS
 SINCE 1931 AS STERLING PLUNGES TO ITS LOWEST LEVEL - GROWING
 UNEMPLOYMENT+ 21% INFLATION,UNK PM+USA PRS DISCUSS ENERGY+

NORTH SEA OIL,UNK AGREES TO RAISE SUGAR PRICE OFFER TO COMMON-WEALTH COUNTRIES,UNK SIGNS LOME AGREEMENT ON TRADE+AID+COOPERATION LINKS WITH 46 DEVELOPING NATIONS,UNK PROTESTS ETH NATIONALIZATION OF FOREIGN COMPANIES WITHOUT COMPENSATION,UNK FM VISITS POR SOCIALIST LEADER SOARES ON EAST-WEST RELATIONS + POR ROLE IN NATO, UNK REGARDS GRC-CYP GOVT AS LEGAL+TUR-CYP DENKTASH AS VICE PRESIDENT OF TUR-CYP COMMUNITY+UNK TALKS WITH TUR ABOUT WITHDRAWING TROOPS FROM MUCH OF CYP,UNK MINISTER OF STATE MEETS WITH EMIR OF QATAR ON MORE TECHNICAL COOPERATION + WITH EMIR OF KUWAIT,UNK+USR SIGN MANY DOCUMENTS TO STRENGTHEN COOPERATION, UNK+GUA RESUME DISCUSSIONS ON BELIZE AFTER 3 YRS BREAK,UNK+FRN SET UP TRIBUNAL TO MEDIATE DISPUTE ON CONTINENTAL SHELF,UNK WILL RECEIVE ANY EMISSARIES FROM SAF+ANC,UNK COMPLAINS OF A USR TRAWLER HARASSING A NORTH SEA GAS PLATFORM,UNK DM SAYS UNK WILL MAINTAIN ITS TROOP STRENGTH IN EUROPE,UNK IMPORTS OF COTTON FROM DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO INCREASE 25%,UNK+ IND TALK ON AID+TRADE+ECONOMIC-TECHNICAL-SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION+ USA PRESENCE IN INDIAN OCEAN,UNK NATIONALS EVACUATE CAM,UNK+ USA+USR ARE ADAMANT FOR TOTAL FREEDOM OF NAVIGATION THROUGH STRAITS AT UNO LAW OF THE SEA CONFERENCE,USR TRADE UNION LEADER VISITS UNK TUC LEADERS DESPITE PROTESTS+DEMONSTRATIONS BY UNK PEOPLE,UNK PUBLISHES AN ORDER FORBIDDING ALL SHIPS TO PASS WITHIN 500 METERS OF OIL PRODUCTION PLATFORMS EXCEPT IN EMERGENCIES,UNK COAL BOARD CHAIRMAN VISITS POL MINISTER OF MINING+ POWER, UNK GOVT EMPHASIZES THAT POLITICS ARE INVOLVED IN THE PRODUCTION OF THE CONCORDE AS WELL AS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS+A BAN BY NEW YORK USA AIRPORT COULD LEAD TO CALLS FOR RETALIATORY ACTION, UNK GOVT DENIES THAT THERE HAS BEEN GOVT TO GOVT PROPOSALS FOR UNK TO SUPPLY ARMS TO LBY +PM WILSON PEREMPTORILY DISMISSED THE POTENTIAL ORDERS FROM CONSIDERATION, UNK HOSTS ISR FM ALLON FOR TALKS ON MIDDLE EAST, UNK DEF MASON BEGINS TALKS WITH SAU DEF ABDUL-AZIZ ON COOPERATION BETWEEN THEIR TWO COUNTRIES+WAYS TO STRENGTHEN IT, UNK GOVT AGREES TO GIVE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT GREATER SAY OVER FUTURE COMMUNITY EXPENDITURE, UNK EVACUATES STAFF+150 NATIONALS IN VTS, UNK CONTINUES MILITARY ASSISTANCE FOR MOM WAR AGAINST LEFTIST GUERRILLAS, UNK RECOGNIZES CAM, UNK+GMW+USA GOVT SECURITY AGENCIES WARN OIL+SHIPPING COMPANIES TO BE ON ALERT FOR ARAB TERRORIST GROUP PLANNING TO HIJACK A TANKER IN PERSIAN GULF, UNK SPOKESMAN MAKES IT CLEAR THAT VCG PRG LEADERS VISIT DOES NOT IMPLY RECOGNITION BY UNK OF PRG, UNK TRADE UNION DELEGATION HOLDS TALKS WITH CUB DEPUTY PRM, UNK PROPOSES TO RECOGNIZE VTS VCG GOVT AS SOON AS ITS POSITION IS SATISFACTORILY CLARIFIED, UNK+MOZ-FRE AGREE TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS AS SOON AS FRE BECOMES INDEPENDENT, UNK RECOGNIZES VTS VCG, UNK BLOCKS EEC SCHEME TO MONITOR COAL STOCKS FOR ELECTRIC POWER STATIONS, UNK AGREES ON EEC FARM PRICES, UNK WITHDRAWS OPPOSITION TO REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND, UNK SAYS GOVT MUST RESIGN IF EEC REFERENDUM IS "NO", UNK APPROVES OF NEW PROPOSALS FOR POORER EEC STATES TO NOT PAY UNFAIR CONTRIBUTIONS TO EEC BUDGET, UNK+EEC AGREE ON TWO MAJOR ISSUES IN DUBLIN-UNK CONTRIBUTION TO BUDGET+NEW DAIRY EXPORTS, UNK MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE PEART WILL CALL FOR RENEGOTIATION OF EEC FISHING LIMITS LATE IN APRIL, UNK PM WILSON SAYS IT WILL BE ECONOMICALLY

BETTER FOR UNK TO STAY IN EEC, UNK PM WILSON SAYS UNK WOULD BE IN FAVOR OF SPN JOINING NATO AFTER DEMOCRACY BECOMES A REALITY IN SPN, UNK LODGES PROTEST AGAINST TUR ON TREATMENT OF BRITONS IN CYP, UNK DEF UNDERSECRETARY SAYS EVERY WEEK USR RECONNAISSANCE AIRCRAFT ARE STOPPED+TURNED BACK AS THEY ENTER UNK AIRSPACE IN THE VICINITY OF THE NORTH SEA OIL INSTALLATION;

UNITED STATES USA 002 675
 HST:PRS GERALD FORD; HST:VP NELSON ROCKEFELLER;
 FIN:W.E. SIMON; INT:R. MORTON; FOR:HENRY KISSINGER;
 DEF:J.R. SCHLESINGER;
 AREA:3,615,122; POP:209,717,000; GNP:1,151,800,000,000; GNPPC:5492;
 BOR:CAN; BOR:MEX;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAS; ORG:SEATO; ORG:NATO; ORG:ANZUS; ORG:OECD;
 ORG:ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS;
 AGREEMENTS:JOR 200 ANTI-AIRCRAFT MISSILES+TANK REBUILDING
 PLANT \$100M, IRN \$15B EXPORTS OVER 5 YRS, USR REVOLVING
 CREDIT+12 M. OFFSHORE LIMIT, USR+UNK BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS, CAN+USA
 RENEW DEFENSE ARRANGMENTS FOR 5 YEARS;
 TRADE:+JAP 16, GMW 7, UNK 5, METALS+MANUFACTURES 10, MOTOR VEHICLES 10,
 PETROLEUM+PRODUCTS 7, -JAP 9, GMW 5, UNK 5, ELECTRICAL APPARATUS 7,
 GRAINS 7, AIRCRAFT+PARTS 6;
 ECONOMIC-AID:-3605M WORLDWIDE, EUR 4.2%(SPN, TUR), AFRICA 8%(MOR, TUN),
 ASIA 60%(IND, INS, IRN, KOS, PAK, PHI, TAI, VTS), AMERICAS 24%(BRA, CHL, COL,
 DOM, MEX), -SYR 25M, -PHI 80M, -INS 24.7M;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:NATO, SEATO, CENTO, OAS, ANZUS, JAP KOS CHT,
 AGREEMENT FOR MUTUAL DEFENSE ASSISTANCE FRN LAO;
 TROOP-TRAINING:+BEL, -ISR JOR KOS CHT IRN PHI IEB SAU CAN MEX
 JAP CUB PAN NOR NOR AZORES ICE, -SAU 26000+ADVISORS, -MOM, -LEB;
 TROOPS+BASES:-KOS TAI GRC TUR GMW UNK ITA SPN ICE;
 MILITARY-AID:-CHT 37.9, INS 4, KOS 216.3, PHI 15.7, GRC 30.2,
 IRN 15.2, JOR 1, TUR 116.6, POR 1.3, SPN 10.9, COP 3.1, ETH 11.2,
 MOR 1.2, TUN 5.4, ARG 2.4, BOL 1.2, BRA 4.3, CHL 2, COL 3.9;
 ARM-SALES:-JOR 200 ANTI AIRCRAFT MISSILES+ TANK REBUILDING
 PLANT 100M, -KUW SUPPORT FACILITIES+MISSILE LAUNCHING PADS
 \$20M;
 RESOURCES:1 COPPER 21.5%(JAP 18%, ITA 16%, GMW 16%), 2 IRON ORE 11%
 (CAN 75%, JAP 24%), 2 SILVER 14%, 1 URANIUM 60%, 1 ZINC (DOMESTIC
 CONSUMPTION), 3 GOLD 3.7%, 9 ANTIMONY ORE 1%(DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION),
 1 CRUDE PETROLEUM PROCESSING 19%, 1 COAL 23%(CAN 32.5%, JAP 32%),
 1 SYNTHETIC RUBBER 44%, 4 SUGAR 8%, 2 WHEAT 12%;
 TAF:2,225,900; TAF%POP:01.06; ME:68,446,000,000; ME%GNP:05.94;
 VCPRI01:REASSESSMENT OF USA FOREIGN POLICY ROLE IN SE ASIA
 AFTER FALL OF VTS+CAN+LAOS GOVT TO COMMUNISTS, E.G.,
 COMMITMENTS TO KOS + ROLE IN TAI;
 VCPRI02:THREAT OF RENEWED MIDDLE EAST WAR, APPARENT FAILURE
 OF FM KISSINGER'S PEACE EFFORTS, REASSESSMENT OF USA MIDEAST POLICY
 POSSIBLY AWAY FROM STRONG SUPPORT OF ISR, SEEN AS TACTIC
 TO PRESSURE ISR INTO CONCESSIONS FOR MIDEAST PEACE
 SETTLEMENT;

VCPRIO3: MAINTENANCE OF NATO, RELIABILITY OF USA COMMITMENTS,
POR ROLE AS NEW LEFTIST GOVT, GRC-TUR HOSTILITY TO NATO,
ITA ECONOMIC CUTS DUE TO FINANCIAL CRISIS;
VCPRIO5: INCREASINGLY STRAINED RELATIONS WITH LAO, NEW PRO-COMMUNIST
PATHET-LAO HARRASSMENT OF USA OFFICIALS IN LAO+DEMAND FOR THEIR
REMOVAL, LAOS LEGALIZES POPPY CULTIVATIONS;
VCPRIO6: INCREASINGLY STRAINED RELATIONS WITH TAI, TAI GOVT DEMANDS
REMOVAL OF USA TROOPS+BASES IMMEDIATELY, TAI MUST ACCOMODATE TO
COMMUNIST NEIGHBORS, TAI PROTESTS USE OF TAI BASES FOR USA ANTI-CAM
OPERATION "MAYAGUEZ";
VCPRIO7: RECESSION;
VCPRIO8: UNEMPLOYMENT;
VCPRIO9: INFLATION;
VCPRIO10: THREAT OF POR BECOMING A COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT+ITS IMPLICATIONS
FOR NATO SUCH AS THE POSSIBLE LOSS OF THE STRATEGICALLY IMPORTANT
AZORES;
VCPRIO11: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH GRC, GRC THREAT TO END USA
BASE RIGHTS;
VCPRIO12: DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN OIL IMPORTS;
VCPRIO13: MAINTAIN SECURITY+SURVIVAL OF ISR;
VCPRIO14: SOUTH EAST ASIAN REFUGEES;
VCPRIO15: THREAT TO INVADE MIDEAST OIL FIELDS IF ARAB OIL BOYCOTT
STRANGLES WEST EUROPE+USA;
VCPRIO16: DETENTE WITH USR;
VCPRIO17: INCREASE USA INFLUENCE IN ARAB NATIONS;
VCPRIO18: MILITARY CAPABILITIES SUPERIORITY+ARMS RACE WITH USR;
VCPRIO19: DETENTE WITH CHN;
VCPRIO20: NUCLEAR CAPABILITY PROLIFERATION AMONG NATIONS;
VCPRIO21: STRAINED RELATIONS WITH WEST EUROPE, NON-COOPERATION ON
IMPORTANT ISSUES SUCH AS OIL POLICIES;
VCPRIO22: STRAINED RELATIONS WITH JAP, NON-COOPERATION ON IMPORTANT
ISSUES SUCH AS OIL POLICIES;
VCPRIO23: MAINTAIN OPEN BERLIN ACCESS ROUTES;
VCPRIO24: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH MEX;
VCPRIO25: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH CAN;
VCPRIO26: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH LATIN AMERICA;
VCPRIO27: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH CUBA, NON-RECOGNITION+ECONOMIC
SANCTIONS;
VCPRIO29: ACCESS TO PANAMA CANAL;
EVENTS: USA PRES FORD COMES INTO CONFLICT WITH CONGRESS
OVER HIS HIGH REQUESTED AID FIGURES FOR VTS, USA CLARIFIES
ITS POSITION ON EXPORTING URANIUM+NUCLEAR MATERIALS-
IT HAS NOT IMPOSED A BAN ON SHIPMENT, USA DM WARNS THAT
"REACTION OF THE USA MIGHT BE FAR MORE SEVERE THIS TIME
THAN LAST" IF THERE IS ANOTHER ARAB OIL EMBARGO, USA SAYS
IT IS "RELUCTANT" TO ENTER INTO ANY NEW ARMS DEALS WITH
ISR WHILE THE REASSESSMENT OF USA MIDEAST POLICY IS
UNDERWAY, USA KISSINGER+ISR OFFICIALS STUDY POSSIBILITY
OF "PROXIMITY TALKS" BETWEEN ISR+UAR BEFORE GENEVA
CONFERENCE, USA SEN MC GOVERN TELLS ISR PRESS THAT AN

INDEPENDENT PALESTINIAN STATE SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED AS PART OF MIDEAST PEACE SETTLEMENT, USR-GRC TALKS IN ATHENS ON MILITARY BASES AND GRC RETURN TO NATO, USA PRS FORD CALLS ON CONGRESS TO LIFT ARMS EMBARGO ON TUR, PRS FORD URGES CONGRESS TO REVISE USA TRADE BILL ARTICLE WHICH WOULD EXCLUDE ECU VEN NIG IND FROM TRADE PREFERENCES AS OPEC MEMBERS, EEC ENERGY COMMISSIONER STATES EEC WILL PROTEST USA DECISION TO STOP EXPORTING ENRICHED URANIUM TO THE EEC, USA ENERGY CHIEF ZARB WARNS OF ELECTRICITY SHORTAGE IN 5 YRS UNLESS POWER PLANTS ARE QUICKLY BUILT, USA PROTESTS ATTACK ON USA EMBASSY IN GRC BY 100000 DEMONSTRATING YOUTHS TO GRC GOVT, USA GOVT SAYS WORLD WIDE OIL GLUT HAS NOT LOWERED OIL PRICES, USA EXPECTS TALKS WITH POR ON USA AZORES BASES WILL BE MORE ACTIVE NOW THAT POR ELECTIONS ARE OVER, USA TAKES VTS+CAM REFUGEES TO USA+GUAM+PHI, USA SEN JACKSON ACCUSES NIXON ADMINISTRATION OF "SECRET AGREEMENTS" WITH VTS GOVT--USA GOVT DENIES, USA AUTHORIZES 327M AID FOR VTS, USA KISSINGER THINKS THERE WILL BE WIDESPREAD KILLING IN PHNOM PENH CAM UNDER KHMER ROUGE GOVT TO RID COUNTRY OF POLITICAL OPPONENTS, USA+GRC AGREE TO LIMIT USA MILITARY PRESENCE IN GRC, USA TO PAY MORE ATTENTION TO LATIN AMERICA-ESPECIALLY WITH RISING INTEREST IN RAW MATERIAL PROTECTION THERE, USA BUSINESS HAS NEW TRADE LAW PROMISING SANCTIONS AGAINST JOINT MOVES TO RAISE THE PRICE OF RAW MATERIALS AND AGAINST NATIONALIZATION WITHOUT COMPENSATION, USA CLAIMS OWNERSHIP OF AIRCRAFT ABANDONED BY FLEEING VTS PILOTS IN TAI DESPITE TAI REQUEST TO END WITHDRAWAL +VTS+VTN DEMANDS TO RETURN THEM TO PRG, USA STRONG OPPOSITION TO VTS REFUGEES DUE TO HIGH UNEMPLOYMENT IN USA, USA+TAI OFFICIALS ANNOUNCE MASSIVE TROOP WITHDRAWALS FROM TAI SOON(28% IN 2 MO), USA OFFICIALS SAY NEW CAM GOVT HAS EXECUTED THOUSANDS, JAP WILL ALLOW USA USE OF JAP FOR NUCLEAR BASE IN EMERGENCIES FOR JAP OR KOS, USA BEGINS REVIEW OF MILITARY POSITION IN THE WORLD, USA GOVT SAYS COST OF RELOCATING 150000 VTS REFUGEES COULD BE 605M, USA KISSINGER WILL MEET WITH USR GROMYKO FOR NUCLEAR ARMS LIMITATION TALKS, A PRIVATE RESEARCH GROUP--INDO CHINA RESOURCE CENTER CHARGES USA WITH FABRICATING STORIES OF COMMUNIST REPRISALS AGAINST VIETNAMESE, USA OFFICIALS ENCOURAGE CONGRESS TO RAISE MILITARY SPENDING TO KOS+DM SCHLESINGER SAYS USA WILL INTERVENE MILITARILY IF KON INVADES KOS, CAM CAPTURES USA MERCHANT VESSEL MAYAGUEZ+CREW OF 39--USA RESCUES BY SINKING 3 CAM VESSELS+LANDS MARINES ON CAM ISLAND--CAM RETURNS CREW, USA OFFICIALS SAYS USA WOULD CONSIDER USING TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN A WAR ON THE KOREAN PENINSULA, USA KISSINGER SAYS USR'S READINESS TO EXPLOIT EXPANSIONISM IN 'WARS OF LIBERATION' IS A HEAVY WEIGHT ON DETENTE, USA KISSINGER SAYS USA WILL RESIST CARTEL CONTROLS OVER VITAL RAW MATERIALS, USA+CAN RENEW

DEFENSE AGREEMENT FOR 5 YRS, AT NATO SUMMIT PRS FORD OFFERS
 6 POINT PLAN FOR STRENGTHENING ALLIANCE, USA PRS FORD
 WARNS FRN+GRC THAT THE INTEGRITY OF NATO COULD BE
 PRESERVED ONLY ON THE BASIS OF UNQUALIFIED PARTICIPATION,
 USA PRS FORD TELLS POR PM THAT A POR COMMUNIST GOVT
 WOULD NOT BE COMPATIBLE WITH NATO MEMBERSHIP, USA PRS
 FORD ASSURES EUROPE THAT NATO REMAINS THE CORNERSTONE OF
 USA FOREIGN POLICY, 75 USA SENATORS SEND PRS FORD A LETTER
 WHICH DEMANDS CONTINUED SUPPORT FOR ISR+ THAT THIS IS THE
 BASIS OF CURRENT MIDEAST REASSESSMENT, USA KISSINGER SAYS
 MAYAGUEZ AFFAIR WILL SHOW THE WORLD "THERE ARE LIMITS
 BEYOND WHICH THE USA CANNOT BE PUSHED", USA DECLARES GENERAL
 EMBARGO AGAINST VTS+CAM, USA SENATE INVESTIGATIONS OF
 GULF OIL REVEAL POLITICAL FUNDS SECRETLY CHanneled TO
 KOS BOL ITA+ TO ARAB PUBLIC RELATIONS CAMPAIGN IN USA-
 BUT GULF SAYS DONATIONS WERE MADE UNDER EXTREME PRESSURE,
 USA WILLING TO COMPROMISE WITH USR ON KEY ISSUES THREATENING
 THE EFFORTS TO WRITE A NEW TREATY LIMITING OFFENSIVE
 NUCLEAR WEAPONS, USA ALLOTS \$455M MORE AID FOR VTS REFUGEES
 RESETTLEMENT, CO-ORDINATOR OF VTS REFUGEES CAMPS PROGRAMS
 SAYS PROGRAM WILL LEAD TO "INDIAN RESERVATION" SITUATION-
 BUT USA SAYS VTS-UN NEGOTIATIONS FOR RETURN OF REFUGEES
 IS PROCEEDING FAVORABLY, USA VOLUNTEERS PART OF HAI REQUEST
 FOR FOOD AID SUPPLIES FOR 350000 DURING HAI FOOD DISASTER,
 ISA DROPS OBJECTION TO DISCUSSING OTHER COMMODITIES AT
 MEETING OF OIL PRODUCERS+CONSUMERS, PENTAGON ANNOUNCES
 3300 PERSON CUT IN USA FORCES ABROAD, USA-USR-UNK ADAMANT
 FOR FREEDOM OF NAVIGATION THROUGH STRAITS IN UNO LAW OF THE
 SEA CONFERENCE, USA FORMER DM LAIRD PRAISES SAF EFFORTS IN
 DETENTE, USA SHOWS INTEREST IN LIFTING OAS BAN ON CUB;

UPPER VOLTA UPP 439 675
 HST:PRS GEN SANGOLE LAMIZANA;
 FOR:COM. SEYE ZERBO; DEF:COL. BABA SY; INT:JEAN BLA ZAGRE;
 FIN:LT COL. M.T. GARANGO;
 AREA:0,105,869; POP:005,610,000; GNP:0,000,281,000,000; GNPPC:0050;
 BOR:MLI; BOR:NIR; BOR:IVO; BOR:GHA; BOR:TOG; BOR:DAH;
 ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK; ORG:CEAO; ORG:FRANC
 ZONE; ORG:OCAM; ORG:COUNSEIL DE L'ENTENTE(DAH IVO NIG TOG UPP);
 ORG:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES(DAH GAM GBI
 IVO LBR MAU NIG NIR SIE TOG UPP MAL GUI SEN GHA);
 AGREEMTS:ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES ESTABLISHED;
 TRADE:+METAL PRODUCTS 52, FOOD+BEVERAGES+TOBACCO 22, PETROL 8.4,
 COTTON+TEXTILES+CLOTHING 7.6, FRN 44, IVO 11, GMW 5, -LIVESTOCK 36,
 OILSEEDS 22, COTTON 19, IVO 38, FRN 22, GHA 10;
 ECONOMIC-AID:+FRN;
 DEFENSE-PACTS:FRN; TROOP-TRAINING:+FRN, +ISR POLICE;
 MILITARY-AID:+USA 114000;
 TAF:0,003,050; TAF%POP:00.05; ME:00,003,000,000; ME%GNP:01.06;
 VCPRI01:BORDER DISPUTE+CLASHES WITH MLI WHERE IMPORTANT MINERAL+

PETROLEUM DEPOSITS MAY BE;
 VCPRI02: INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS;
 VCPRI03: DEPENDENCY ON IVO FOR ECONOMIC SURVIVAL;
 VCPRI04: FOREIGN WORKERS, 1/3 UPP WORKERS GO TO IVO;
 VCPRI05: DROUGHT;
 VCPRI06: FAMINE;
 VCPRI07: DEPENDENCY ON FORMER COLONIAL POWER FRN;
 VCPRI08: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 VCPRI09: POPULATION BOOM;
 EVENTS: HLI-UPP BORDER CLASHES;

URUGUAY URU 165 675
 HST: PRS JUAN BORDABERRY;
 FOR: J.C. BLANCO; INT: COL. H.L. BRUM; FIN: A.V. VILLEGAS;
 DEF: W. RAVENNA;
 AREA: 0,072,172; POP: 002,960,000; GNP: 0,002,360,000,000; GNPPC: 0797;
 BOR: BRA; BOR: ARG;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: OAS; ORG: LAFTA; ORG: ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS;
 AGREEMENTS: BRA 50M TONS WHEAT;
 TRADE: +RAW MATERIALS 45, FUELS+LUBRICANTS 15.8, MACHINERY 6.2,
 MOTOR VEHICLES 5.9, BRA 16, ARG 14, USA 10, -MEAT 34, WOOL 31, HIDES+
 SKINS 10, GMW 12, BRA 12, ITA 11;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: OAS; MILITARY-AID: +USA 1.7M;
 TAF: 0,043,000; TAF%POP: 01.82; ME: 00,068,000,000; ME%GNP: 02.88;
 VCPRI01: INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, MILITARY JUNTA RULE;
 VCPRI02: GUERRILLAS + TERRORISM, TUPAMAROS;
 VCPRI03: INFLATION;
 EVENTS: URU PRS BORDABERRY FACES PRESSURE FROM ARMED FORCES
 TO RESCIND HIS FIRING OF MEAT BOARD CHAIRMAN, URU MILITARY HOLD
 16 TERRORISTS APPARENTLY RENEWING ANTI-COMMUNIST EFFORTS BY
 GOVT;

VENEZUELA VEN 101 675
 HST: PRS CARLOS ANDRES PEREZ;
 INT: L.P. ORTIZ; FOR: E.S. ARISTQUIETA; DEF: GEN H.L. TORRES;
 FIN: H. HURTADO;
 AREA: 0,352,148; POP: 010,970,000; GNP: 0,011,970,000,000; GNPPC: 1091;
 BOR: GUY; BOR: BRA; BOR: COL;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: OAS; ORG: ANDEAN COMMON MARKET; ORG: ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS;
 ORG: LAFTA; ORG: OPEC;
 TRADE: +USA 47, GMW 9, JAP 9, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 48,
 MANUFACTURES 18, CHEMICALS 11, FOODSTUFFS 9, -USA 35, NTH ANTILLES 19,
 CAN 11, CRUDE OIL + PETROL PRODUCTS 92, IRON ORE 5;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +USA 96M EXPORT-IMPORT BANK LOANS, -COS NIC HON ELS PAN
 GUA LOANS TO FINANCE COFFEE BOYCOTT;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: +OAS; TROOPS+BASES: +USA;
 MILITARY-AID: +USA .8M;
 RESOURCES: 9 IRON ORE 2.9%(USA 90%), 3 PETROLEUM CRUDE 12%(USA 15%, CAN
 12%, TRI 7%, UNK 5%);
 TAF: 0,049,500; TAF%POP: 00.45; ME: 00,337,000,000; ME%GNP: 02.81;

VCPRI01: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH USA, USA INTERVENTION IN LATIN AMERICA + VEN INTERNAL AFFAIRS, OIL POLICIES TO OPEC, COFFEE BOYCOTT;
 VCPRI02: DISTRIBUTE NATIONAL REVENUES FROM OIL EVENLY TO ACHIEVE SOCIAL+ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT + SOCIAL CLASS EQUALIZATION;
 VCPRI03: FORMULATE OIL POLICY, BALANCE BETWEEN USA PRESSURES + VEN LONG-RANGE ECONOMIC+SOCIAL NEEDS, ADJUSTMENTS WITH ARAB-DOMINATED OPEC POLICIES;
 VCPRI04: DISPUTE WITH COL OVER OIL RIGHTS IN GULF OF VENEZUELA;
 VCPRI05: BORDER DISPUTE WITH GUY;
 VCPRI06: USE RAW MATERIAL WEALTH OF OIL + IRON FOR DOMESTIC INVESTMENT RATHER THAN FOR EXPORT;
 VCPRI07: CHANGE ECONOMIC STRUCTURE TO PREVENT INCREASING RURAL TO URBAN MIGRATION + INCREASING DISPARITIES BETWEEN FEW RICH AND MANY POOR;
 VCPRI08: THREAT OF FUTURE POPULACE REVOLUTION + ALLEGIANCE TO SOCIALIST COMMUNIST IDEOLOGY IF PRESENT ECONOMIC DISPARITIES CONTINUE;
 EVENTS: VEN OIL INDUSTRY WILL BE NATIONALIZED IN 60 DAYS WITH PARTIAL COMPENSATION, VEN RECEIVES SHAH OF IRN, VEN+BRA+IRN+ALG PROTEST
 IDEA OF CONTACT GROUP PROPOSED BY USA FOR WORLD ENERGY CONFERENCE, VEN PRS PEREZ DISCLAIMS ANY INTENTION OF USING OIL AS AN INSTRUMENT OF CONFRONTATION WITH INDUSTRIALIZED NATIONS;

VIETNAM NORTH VTN 816 675

HST: PM PHAM VAN DONG; HST: PRS TON DUC THANG;
 DEF: VO NGUYEN; FOR: NGUYEN DUY TRINH;
 AREA: 0,127,241; POP: 041,339,000; GNP: 0,002,350,000,000; GNPPC: 0056;
 BOR: CHN; BOR: LAO; BOR: VTS;
 TRADE: +USR 51, GME 12, CZE 10, -USR 50, JAP 12, CZE 11;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +USR 945M, +CHN 300M, +EASTERN EUROPE 655M;
 DEFENSE-PACTS: USR CHN + OTHER COMMUNIST NATIONS;
 TROOPS+BASES: +USR 1000 MILITARY ADVISORS;
 MILITARY-AID: +USR 300M, +CHN 225M, +MON, +CZE;
 TAF: 0,578,000; TAF%POP: 01.39; ME: 00,584,000,000; ME%GNP: 24.90;
 VCPRI01: SUPPORT NEW COMMUNIST GOVT IN VTS+WORK TOWARD EVENTUAL REUNIFICATION;
 VCPRI02: CONTINUE USR CHN+ OTHER COMMUNIST NATIONS SUPPORT;
 VCPRI03: WEAKENING OF VTN ECONOMY+MANPOWER DUE TO REBUILDING VTS;
 VCPRI04: QUESTION OF WAR POW'S, VTS VTN + USA LISTS + EXCHANGES;
 EVENTS: VTN CONTINUES SOUTHERN INVASION OF VTS, UN RELIEF AID FOR OCCUPIED AREAS OF VTS ARRIVE IN HANOI + MOVES SOUTH, VTN REFUSES TO NEGOTIATE CEASEFIRE UNLESS PRS THEIU RESIGNS+USA WITHDRAWS AID+GOVT OF NATIONAL RECONCILIATION IS FORMED, VTN BELIEVES PRS THEIU'S RESIGNATION "WILL NOT CHANGE THINGS FUNDAMENTALLY" AND CONTINUED FIGHTING SEEMS INEVITABLE - VTN SAYS USA MILITARY+THEIU GOVT MUST GO, VTS SURRENDERS UNCONDITIONALLY TO VTN+VCG, VTN CURTAILS RELIGIOUS ACTIVITY OF ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH, VTN+VCG DEMAND RETURN OF ALL GOLD+REFUGEES+SHIPS+AIRCRAFT THAT FLEEING VTS PILOTS TOOK DURING CLOSE OF WAR + THAT USA ALSO CLAIMS AS MILITARY AID, VTN OPENS BORDER TO VTS + INTRODUCES PROGRAM OF RECONSTRUCTION, VTN PARLIAMENTARY LEADER SAYS THAT "OUR COUNTRY WILL DEFINITELY BE UNITED-NORTH AND SOUTH VIETNAMESE

PEOPLE WILL BE UNDER ONE ROOF" BUT VTS+VTN AGREE THAT POLITICAL REUNIFICATION IS AT LEAST 5 YRS AWAY;

VIETNAM SOUTH VTS 817 675

HST:PRF HUYNH TAN PHAT;

FOR:NGUYEN THI BINH; DEF:TRAN VAN TRA;

AREA:0,065,948; POP:019,299,000; GNP:0,002,500,000,000; GNPPC:0129;

BOR:CAN; BOR:VTN;

ORG:UNO; ORG:COLOMBO PLAN; ORG:ASPAC(JAP HAI PHI CHT AUL NEW KOS LAO);

AGREEMENTS:IND SWD FIN NOR AUL TAI UNK JAP DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;

TRADE:+NEW 32, AUL 16, USA 14, MACHINERY 9, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS 9, RICE 7, -NEW 47, NTH 18, GNV 13, COPPER 40, COCOA 31, BANANAS 16;

ECONOMIC-AID:+VTN USR CHN;

MILITARY-AID:+USR CHN VTN;

VCPRIO1:CONSOLIDATION OF NEW COMMUNIST GOVT, ESTABLISH NEW POLITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE;

VCPRIO2:REBUILDING OF VTS ECONOMY + AGRICULTURE AFTER YEARS OF WAR;

VCPRIO3:ECONOMIC CRISIS, INFLATION, SHORTAGES OF FOOD, TRADE DEFICITS;

VCPRIO4:BUILD POPULACE ALLEGIANCE TO + CONFIDENCE IN VTS GOVT+

RE-ESTABLISH GOVT CONTROL;

VCPRIO5:ESTABLISH SUPPORT+ AID FROM EXTERNAL SOURCES WITHOUT LOSING INDEPENDENCE;

VCPRIO6:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH CHN + INS OVER PARACEL+SPRATLY ISLANDS;

VCPRIO7:DISPUTE WITH TAI OVER MILITARY EQUIPMENT FLEEING VTS PILOTS TOOK TO TAI, USA REMOVED IT, BUT VTS DEMANDS ITS RETURN BEFORE ESTABLISHING DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS;

VCPRIO8:DISPUTE WITH CAN OVER CONTINENTAL SHELF BORDER WITH OIL DEPOSITS;

EVENTS:VTS PM TRAN THIEU KHIEM RESIGNS WITH ENTIRE CABINET, VTS SENATE VOTES FOR "GOVT OF NATIONAL UNION" TO END WAR, USA TAKES ACTION TO

EVACUATE USA NATIONALS+ENDANGERED VIETNAMESE, PLOT TO OVERTHROW VTS

GOVT INTERNALLY DISCOVERED, UNK NATIONALS ADVISED TO EVACUATE UNK

EMBASSY IN VTS, SAIGON UNDER LIMITED ATTACK BY VTN, PM NGUYEN BA CAN

HAS FORMED A "WAR GOVT OF UNION" TO CO-OPERATE WITH THEIU'S GOVT,

SAIGON PREPARES TO SURRENDER UNCONDITIONALLY, VTN REFUSES TO NEGOTIATE

CEASEFIRE UNLESS PRS THEIU RESIGNS+USA WITHDRAWS+GOVT OF NATIONAL

RECONCILIATION IS FORMED, PRG DENIES USA CONTENTION OF 'BLOODY REPRISALS'

AGAINST VTS GOVT OFFICIALS, USA AIRLIFTS THOUSANDS OF VTS ORPHANS+

REFUGEES TO USA, VTS PRS THEIU RESIGNS TO CLEAR WAY FOR NEGOTIATIONS

+ IS REPLACED BY TRAN VAN HUONG TEMPORARILY, ATTEMPTS TO FORM A GOVT

THE COMMUNISTS WILL DEAL WITH SNAGS WHEN GEN DUONG VAN MINH REFUSES

PM - BUT WANTS FULL PRS, PRS TRAN OFFERS TO RESIGN + LEAVE GOVT TO

GEN MINH, VTS PRS MINH ASKS TO NEGOTIATE A PEACE PACT + CEASEFIRE WITH

THE VCG, VTS PRS MINH ASKS THE USA TO CLOSE ITS VTS MISSION IMMEDIATELY,

VTS SURRENDERS UNCONDITIONALLY TO VTS+PRG AND COMMUNIST TANKS POUR

INTO SAIGON, VTS NOW COMPLETELY CONTROLLED BY VCG, THE PRG ADOPTS

UNALIGNED STANCE--WILL ACCEPT ALL ECONOMIC+TECHNICAL AID --NATION

WIDE AMNESTY--DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH ALL NATIONS--RESPECTS

FOREIGNERS+PROPERTY, FORMER VTS OFFICIAL RELEASES LETTER OF FULL

SUPPORT FROM USA PRS NIXON TO THEIU, SAIGON VTS RADIO ANNOUNCES NATIONALIZATION OF ALL FARMS+BUSINESSES+FACTORIES -- MINH IS RELEASED+ASKED TO JOIN TO HELP REBUILD VTS--MILITARY COMMITTEE TO PROVIDE SECURITY AND NORMALIZE CITY,VTS+CAM DECIDE TO RESOLVE DISPUTE OVER BORDER IN CONTINENTAL SHELF BEFORE OIL EXPLORATION, GOVT SAYS FOREIGN JOURNALISTS ARE GUARANTEED SAFETY+'FAVORABLE CONDITIONS',VTS+VTN DEMAND RETURN OF REFUGEES+GOLD+AIRCRAFT+SHIPS TAKEN BY FLEEING VTS PEOPLE+WHICH THE USA ALSO CLAIMS, VTS EXPRESSES WILLINGNESS TO OPEN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH USA--BUT USA MUST MAKE FIRST MOVE,VTN+VTS AGREE THAT POLITICAL REUNIFICATION IS AT LEAST 5 YRS AWAY,SAIGON IS OFFICIALLY NAMED HO CHI MINH CITY, FRN+PRG RAISE THEIR RESPECTIVE MISSIONS TO EMBASSY STATUS,VTS SENDS DELEGATION TO TAI TO RECLAIM WAR PLANES--BUT USA HAS ALREADY RECLAIMED MOST OF THEM,USA DECLARES GENERAL TRADE EMBARGO AGAINST VTS,USR DEMANDS USE OF FORMER USA MILITARY BASES FOR HELP DURING THE WAR;

WESTERN SAMOA WSM 990 675

HST:KING MALIETOA TANUMAFILI II; HST:PM FIAME M. MULINU'U II;

FIN:SAM SAILI;

AREA:0,001,113; POP:000,150,000; GNP:0,000,038,000,000; GNPPC:0253;

BOR:ISLANDS;

ORG:WHO; ORG:ESCAPE; ORG:IMF; ORG:IBRD;

TRADE:+FOOD PRODUCTS 25, MANUFACTURES 20, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 14, NEW 28, JAP 11, UNK 10, -COPRA, COCOA, BANANAS, NEW 31, GMW 25, NTH 20;

ECONOMIC-AID:+USA \$00000;

VCPRIO1:CHRONIC + GROWING TRADE IMBALANCE;

VCPRIO2:UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;

YEMEN NORTH YEM 678 675

HST:COL IBRAHIM EL HANDEI; HST:PM HASSAN MAKKI;

FOR:A. AL-ASNAJ; INT:BRIG GEN H. BAIDAR; FIN:A.L. ALTHAWR;

DEF:COL HANDEI;

AREA:0,075,000; POP:006,500,000; GNP:0,000,550,000,000; GNPPC:0084;

BOR:SYE; BOR:SAU;

ORG:UNO; ORG:ARL;

TRADE:+FOODSTUFFS 36, MANUFACTURES 21, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMT 16, SYE 23, AUL 12, USR 12, -COFFEE 51, KAT 28, SALT 9, SYE 52, USR 32, JAP 12;

ECONOMIC-AID:+SAU;

TROOP-TRAINING:+UAR;

TAF:0,030,000; TAF%POP:00.46; ME:00,013,000,000; ME%GNP:02.36;

VCPRIO1:INTERNAL SECURITY PROBLEMS, SEGMENTS OF YEM POPULATION DO NOT WANT UNION WITH SYE + RESORT TO TERRORISM TO CREATE HOSTILE RELATIONS BETWEEN SYE + YEM;

VCPRIO2:TERRORISM;

VCPRIO3:MULTIPLE ETHNIC-TRIBAL GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES;

VCPRIO4:PROPOSED UNION WITH SYE;

VCPRIO5:DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH SYE;

VCPRI06: BORDER DISPUTES WITH SYE;
 VCPRI07: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY, DEPENDENT ON IMPORTS;
 VCPRI08: SAU HOSTILE TO IDEA OF SYE + YEM UNION, THEREFORE SUPPOSEDLY
 SUPPORTS YEM TERRORISTS;

YEMEN SOUTH SYE 681 675
 HST: SALEM ROBAYE ALI; HST: PM A.A. ABDEL GHANI;
 FOR: A. AL ASNAG; INT: COL. Y. MOUTAWAKEL; FIN: MAL JINAID;
 DEF: A.N. HASSANI;
 AREA: 0,112,000; POP: 001,510,000; GNP: 0,000,140,000,000; GNPPC: 0093;
 BOR: YEM; BOR: SAU; BOR: MOM;
 ORG: OAU; ORG: UNO; ORG: ARL; ORG: IMF; ORG: IBRD;
 TRADE: +PETROL PRODUCTS 49, TEXTILES 17, CEREALS 16, IRN 18, KUW 13,
 JAP 11, -PETROL PRODUCTS 75, UNK 25, JAP 14, TAI 9;
 ECONOMIC-AID: +USR, +CHN 55M;
 TROOP-TRAINING: +USR TECHNICIANS+INSTRUCTORS;
 TROOPS+BASES: +CHN MILITARY MISSION;
 MILITARY-AID: +USR;
 TAF: 0,009,500; TAF%POP: 00.63; ME: 00,015,500,000; ME%GNP: 11.07;
 VCPRI01: STRATEGIC LOCATION OF PORT OF ADEN AT SOUTHERN EXIT OF RED SEA;
 VCPRI02: HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH MOM, SYE SUPPORTS POPULAR FRONT FOR
 LIBERATION OF OMAN;
 VCPRI03: GOVERNMENT ELITE INSTABILITY DUE TO SEVERE INTERNAL SECURITY
 PROBLEMS AND UNCOOPERATIVENESS WITH NEIGHBOR NATIONS;
 VCPRI04: UNDEVELOPED ECONOMY;
 EVENTS: SYE GOVT AGREES TO ADEN BEING SCENE OF LIBERATION OF FRN
 AMB TO SOM;

YUGOSLAVIA YUG 345 675
 HST: PRS JOSIP BROZ TITO; HST: PRM D. BIJEDIC;
 FOR: M. MINIC; DEF: N. LJUBICIC; FIN: M. CENOVIC; INT: F. HRLJEVIC;
 AREA: 0,098,766; POP: 020,900,000; GNP: 0,020,500,000,000; GNPPC: 0980;
 BOR: ITA; BOR: AUS; BOR: HUN; BOR: RUM; BOR: BUL; BOR: GRC; BOR: ALB;
 ORG: UNO; ORG: EEC; ORG: OECD; ORG: DANUBE COMMISSION; ORG: IBA(AUL GUI GUY
 JAM SIE SURINAM);
 AGREEMENTS: NEW 3 YR TRADE PACT, USR NUCLEAR ENERGY+SHIPS+MARINE EQUIPT;
 TRADE: +MACHINERY+TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT 31, MANUFACTURES 30, CHEMICALS 11,
 GMW 19, ITA 12, USR 9, -MACHINERY 13, NON-FERROUS METALS 10, TRANSPORT
 EQUIPMT 8, USR 15, ITA 12, GMW 12;
 RESOURCES: 7 ANTIMONY ORE 3%(GMW 30%, POL 21%, ITA 18%), 5 LEAD ORE 3.6%
 (RUM 48%, GRC 48%, UNK 3%), 10 ZINC ORE 1.8%(BUL 81%, BEL 9%, FRN 3%),
 6 MERCURY 6.7%(USA 34%, USR 19%, GMW 16%);
 TAF: 0,264,000; TAF%POP: 01.26; ME: 00,626,000,000; ME%GNP: 03.05;
 VCPRI01: GOVERNMENT REASSERTING CENSORSHIP+TIGHTER AUTHORITARIAN CONTROLS
 DUE TO INCREASING PUBLIC CRITICISM+DISSENSION;
 VCPRI02: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH AUS, CHARGES OF AUS DISCRIMINATION
 AGAINST YUG MINORITIES LIVING IN AUS;
 VCPRI03: MULTIPLE ETHNIC GROUP DISSENSION + HOSTILITIES, 6 ETHNIC
 REPUBLICS + 2 AUTONOMOUS PROVINCES, TRADITIONAL SERB-CROATIAN STRUGGLE
 FOR POWER LIKELY AFTER TITO;

VCPRI04:CROATIAN SEPARATIST + TERRORIST MOVEMENT;
 VCPRI05:WARSAW PACT PLAN TO INVADE YUG AFTER TITO'S DEATH IF YUG IS TORN
 BY CIVIL VIOLENCE+ETHNIC DISSENSION;
 VCPRI06: DETERIORATED RELATIONS WITH USR + SOME EAST EUROPEAN NATIONS;
 VCPRI07:BORDER DISPUTE WITH ITA OVER TRIESTE;
 VCPRI08:ECONOMIC DECENTRALIZATION IS CONTRIBUTING TO REGIONAL + ETHNIC
 RIVALRIES;
 VCPRI09:MAINTAIN MARKET SOCIALISM ECONOMY THROUGH INCREASED WESTERN
 TRADE EVEN THOUGH THIS RESULTS IN LARGE TRADE DEFICITS;
 VCPRI10:VULNERABLE BORDER WITH WARSAW PACT NATIONS;
 VCPRI11:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH ALB, ALB SUPPORTS CROATIAN
 SEPARATISTS;
 VCPRI12:BORDER DISPUTE WITH ALB;
 VCPRI13:TERRITORIAL DISPUTE WITH BUL OVER MACEDONIA;
 VCPRI14:FOREIGN WORKERS, LARGE AMOUNT OF YUG WORKERS GO TO WESTERN
 EUROPE, HOSTILE RECEPTION;
 VCPRI15:MAINTAIN NON-ALIGNED INTERNATIONAL POSITION;
 EVENTS:YUG ACCUSES AUS OF FAILING TO FULFILL ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE
 TREATY WHICH FORMALLY RESTORED AUS INDEPENDENCE BY TOLERATING ACTIVITIES
 (NAZI) HOSTILE TO YUG,YUG PRS TITO URGES NON-ALIGNED NATIONS SHOULD
 HELP THOSE HIT WORSE BY THE ECONOMIC CRISIS+PROTEST THE USE OF FORCE
 TO SETTLE IT,YUG SENDS PROTEST NOTE TO FRN CONDEMNING ATTEMPT ON LIFE
 OF VICE-CONSUL IN LYONS,YUG DECIDES TO BOYCOTT EUROPEAN COMMUNISTS
 SUMMIT LATER THIS YEAR;

ZAMBIA ZAM 551 675

HST:PRS KENNETH KAUNDA; HST:PM M.M. CHONA;

FIN:A.B. CHIKWANDA; FOR:V. MWAANGA; INT:A. MILNER;

DEF:PRS KAUNDA;

AREA:0,290,586; POP:004,420,000; GNP:0,001,001,680,000; GNPPC:0381;

BOR:COP; BOR:TAZ; BOR:MAW; BOR:MOZ; BOR:RHO; BOR:BOT; BOR:ANG;

ORG:UNO; ORG:OAU; ORG:COMMONWEALTH; ORG:IMF;

TRADE:+UNK 23, JAP 18, ITA 13, MACHINERY+TRANSPORT 40, BASIC
 MANUFACTURES 21, FOOD-BEVERAGE-TOBACCO 12, -JAP 23, GMW 12, COPPER 94,
 ZINC 2.37, LEAD .94;

ECONOMIC-AID:+ITA 13M, +UNK 26M, +SWD, +UNK REPAYMENT TO ZAM LOSS
 DUE TO BORDER CLOSURE WITH RHO;

TROOP-TRAINING:+CAN UNK IRE ISR;

RESOURCES:4 COPPER 10.5%(UNK 23%, JAP 18%, ITA 13%);

TAF:0,006,000; TAF%POP:00.13; ME:00,020,000,000; ME%GNP:01.20;

VCPRI01:HOSTILE RELATIONS WITH RHO, MILITARY BORDER CLASHES + RHO
 THREATENS TO ENTER ZAM FOR MILITARY REPRISALS AGAINST BLACK AFRICAN
 TERRORISTS;

VCPRI02:BORDER CLOSURE WITH RHO;

VCPRI03:STRAINED RELATIONS WITH TAZ, TAZ CLOSED ROAD TRAFFIC
 BETWEEN ZAM+KEN BECAUSE HEAVY TRUCKS WITH ZAM COPPER ON WAY TO KEN
 SEAPORTS DESTROYED TAZ ROADS;

VCPRI04:STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHIC POSITION, LAND ROUTE FOR BLACK AFRICAN
 GUERRILLAS TO SOUTHERN WHITE AREAS, LANDLOCKED-TRANSPORTATION ROUTES
 TO SEA NEEDED FOR EXPORT OF ZAM COPPER;

VCPR105: LAND ROUTE + SANCTUARY FOR BLACK AFRICAN LIBERATION GUERRILLAS;

VCPR106: DETERIORATING RELATIONS WITH EAC - TAZ KEN UGA, EAC IMPOSED MASSIVE EXTRA PORT CHARGES ON ZAM GOODS + ABOLISHED LOW STORAGE RATES, ZAM NEEDED EAC PORTS BECAUSE RHO ROUTES TO SEA CLOSED;

EVENTS: ZAM PRS KAUNDA TELLS USA PRS FORD THAT SAF IS ARMED FOR MILITARY CONFLICT+USA MUST END SUPPORT FOR WHITE GOVT, MORE BODIES OF RHO AFRICAN NATIONALS DISCOVERED IN ZAM--MANY MORE HAVE PROBABLY BEEN MURDERED, ZANU SUPPORTERS SUSPECTED OF MURDERS SINCE MERGING OF ZANU+ANC--TO WHICH THEY OBJECT, ZAM PRS KAUNDA SAYS RHO ANC MUST PIN DOWN RHO PM SMITH AT THE CONFERENCE TABLE OR THE BATTLEFIELD, ZAM PRS TALKS WITH RHO ZIMBABWE, ZAM PRS SAYS IF ROAD TO PEACEFUL CHANGE IS BLOCKED BY SAF--ZAM WILL SUPPORT WAR WITH THE REST OF BLACK AFRICA, ZAM OUTLAW'S THREE RHO AFRICAN NATIONALIST LIBERATION MOVEMENTS WHICH USED TO USE ZAM AS A BASE, ZAM PRS VISITS USA AND CALLS ON USA TO SUPPORT BLACK AFRICA'S ATTEMPT TO ACHIEVE MAJORITY RULE IN SAF BUT DISMISSES A REPORT QUOTING HIM AS SAYING ACHIEVMENT OF MAJORITY RULE IN RHO WOULD TAKE 10 YRS, ZAM PRS CONFERS WITH POR PRS;

ANNEX B: INTERNATIONAL EVENT FLOW INDICATORS

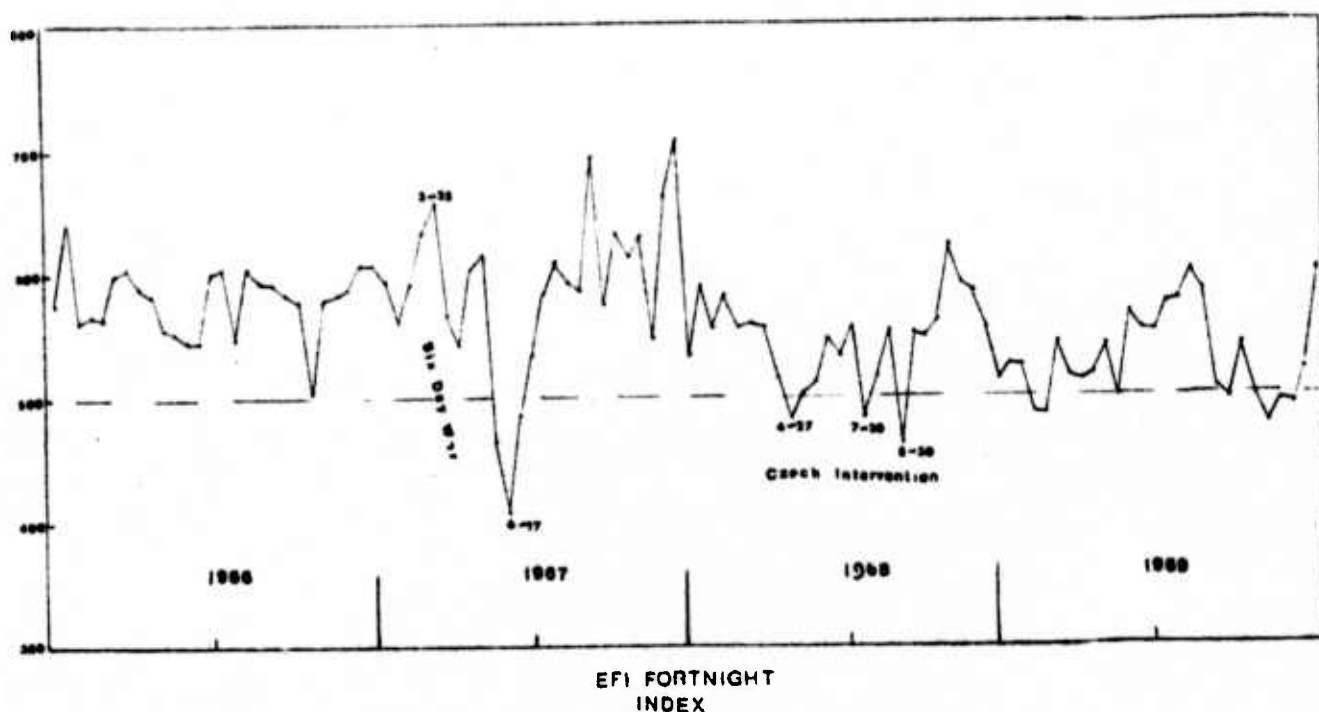
International Event Flow Indicators, identified generally as EFI's, are a family of computations made on the quantities of the substreams of international events. A time series of data, the EFI's break apart the total flow of reported public actions of national governments in international politics into sequences of particular types of events, into sequences of particular initiator-recipient actions, or into sequences involving combinations of types of events and initiator-recipient combinations. Thus, there are several hundred possible EFI displays that can be mobilized to trace the action systems of international affairs. EFI values are always calculated from numerical data and are not numerical forms of intuitive scaled judgments.

At its most general, an EFI display is global with the purpose of providing an overall estimate of the current state of the international political system. At its most specific, an EFI display will show the actions and responses of a pair of countries for a short time span and with a focus on a particular episode or affair.

The visual character of EFI is to be noted. Charts have a seismic appearance and generally are interpreted in terms of tracing trends and variations from normal states of affairs. They usually reflect variations and alternations in the tensions and relaxations of affairs in the international environment and refer to the coming and going of violent conflict. The single recorded public event is the unit of measurement. The indicators are constructed most commonly from two qualities noted in the stream of action: the numbers of events per period of observation and the kinds of actions taken in the playing out of an affair or episode. Like any index, the EFI produces its meaning "by the orderly loss of information."

To identify the kind of data condensation accomplished by an EFI chart, we show here a complex index referring to the whole reported event flow derived from the NEW YORK TIMES between 1906 and 1969 and, in particular, to the displacing effects of the Six Day War in 1967 and the Czech Intervention in 1968 on the global event flow. As an illustration, the chart shows how some "early warning" effects appear in both these cases. In the coming of the Six Day War, one sees in retrospect that the "downtrend" after 3/25/67 might have telegraphed the onset of crisis. The Czech case is different in that the downtrend signifying

Increased tension and activity is not a smooth descent but that after 4/27/68 the variations in the "danger zone" of the 500 index level offer a different sort of early warning. No general paradigms or models having been discovered to forecast which dynamic sequence is in operation in the international event flow at a specified time, we are forced to turn to summarizations of past experiences such as these illustrated in the EFI for interim early warning knowledge. Thus EFI usually stand intermediate between forecast approaches that are intuitively discerned on the basis of experience and hunch (at the other extreme).



Various Event Flow Indicators are derived from underlying chronological files of international events data. The recovery and display of selected passages of data from the chronologies are accomplished in two different forms. The first is a printing of brief descriptive statements produced by the computer according to request. Two examples are shown below, one from each of the two main chronologies for THE TIMES of London and the NEW YORK TIMES. The listing called TOL EVENT FILE FOR MARCH 1975 THE MIDDLE EAST is parallel to that from the NEW YORK TIMES chronology called here NEW YORK TIMES EVENT FILE FOR MARCH 1975 THE MIDDLE EAST.

The second form of data recovery and displays "sums" the numbers of reported acts contained in the chronological

file. The example of a WEISUM5 run appears below in table form under the title NEW YORK TIMES ON THE MIDDLE EAST. The table shows, for example, that the United States "issued" more events week by week and in total for the March-June time period than the other countries. Weisum tables are used commonly for further statistical manipulation and in the creation of special indicators.

TOL EVENT FILE FOR MARCH 1975

THE MIDDLE EAST

(Sample Run: WEISCAN)

750303 651 132 002 010

UAR GOVT COMPLAINS TO THE USA ABOUT ISR ALLEGED
REFUSAL TO ALLOW THE RED CROSS TO CARRY FOOD AND FIRST
AID TO ARABS IN FLOOD-STRICKEN AREAS OF THE SINAI DESERT

750303 651 121 666 010

UAR GOVT ACCUSES ISR OF REFUSING TO ALLOW THE RED CROSS
TO CARRY FOOD AND FIRST AID TO ARABS IN FLOOD-STRICKEN
AREAS OF THE SINAI DESERT

750303 002 053 651 010

USA AMB PROMISES TO TAKE UP THE MATTER OF ALLEGED ISR REFUSAL
TO ALLOW RED CROSS TO CARRY FOOD AND FIRST AID TO ARABS IN
FLOOD-STRICKEN AREAS OF THE SINAI DESERT AND ENSURE
DELIVERY OF THE SUPPLIES

750304 651 101 666 010

UAR SAYS THAT UNDER A PROPOSED AGREEMENT, EGYPT WOULD
UNDERTAKE NOT TO ENGAGE IN MILITARY OPERATIONS FOR TWO
YEARS

750306 365 101 002 000

USR BLOCK PROPOSES THAT THE USA AND RUSSIA EACH SHOULD
MAKE FIRST-STAGE TROOP REDUCTIONS OF 10,000 IN CENTRAL
EUROPE, NOMINALLY THIS YEAR

750306 002 101 365 200

USA BANK OF AMERICA PRS A.W. CLAUSEN OFFERS TO ARRANGE A
\$500M REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY FOR THE USR TO USE FOR THE
PURCHASE OF UNITED STATES GOODS

750307 651 121 666 010

UAR AUTHORITIES PUT AN EGYPTIAN ON TRIAL BEFORE THE
SUPREME MILITARY COURT ON CHARGES OF SPYING FOR ISR

750307 651 101 002 010

UAR PRS SADAT PROPOSES A USA GUARANTEE OF THE NEXT
PEACE STEPS BASED ON PLEDGES OF NON-BELLIGERENCY FROM
BOTH EGYPT AND ISRAEL

750309 651 023 002 010

UAR PRS SADAT SAYS USA SEC ST KISSINGER'S LATEST MISSION
WOULD BE LIKELY TO BE LONG AND DIFFICULT, BUT IT IS VITAL

THAT HE SHOULD SUCCEED BECAUSE IT IS NECESSARY TO DEFUSE
THE BOMB AND TO RESTART THE PEACE PROCESS

750309 002 031 651 010
USA SEC ST DR KISSINGER DISCUSSES PROPOSALS FOR PEACE WITH
UAR PRS SADAT AS ALTERNATIVES TO THE ISRAELI DEMAND FOR AN
UNCONDITIONAL DECLARATION OF NON-BELLIGERENCY

750309 651 031 002 010
UAR PRS SADAT AND USA SEC ST DR KISSINGER DISCUSS PROPOSALS
FOR PEACE AS ALTERNATIVES TO THE ISRAELI DEMAND FOR AN
UNCONDITIONAL DECLARATION OF NON-BELLIGERENCY

750309 651 112 666 010
UAR REJECTS ISR DEMAND FOR AN END TO BELLIGERENCY AS
A CONDITION FOR AN ISRAELI WITHDRAWAL FROM THE SINAI
OILFIELDS AND STRATEGIC PASSES

750309 652 031 002 010
SYR PRS ASSAD MEETS WITH USA SEC ST KISSINGER
WHO ATTEMPTS TO TEMPER ASSAD'S OPPOSITION TO A FURTHER
ISRAEL-EGYPTIAN DISENGAGEMENT IN SINAI

750309 002 031 652 010
USA SEC ST KISSINGER MEETS WITH SYR PRS ASSAD AND
ATTEMPTS TO TEMPER ASSAD'S OPPOSITION TO A FURTHER
ISRAEL-EGYPTIAN DISENGAGEMENT IN SINAI

750309 002 031 666 010
USA SEC ST KISSINGER REPORTS TO ISR LEADERS ON HIS TALKS
WITH EGYPTIAN AND SYRIAN LEADERS

750309 666 031 002 010
ISR LEADERS MEET WITH USA SEC ST KISSINGER FOR HIS REPORTS
ON TALKS WITH EGYPTIAN AND SYRIAN LEADERS

750310 002 031 666 010
USA SEC ST KISSINGER MEETS WITH ISR PM RABIN, FM ALLON
AND DM PERES FOR A 90-MINUTE BREAKFAST MEETING
SECRET MEETINGS

750310 666 031 002 010
ISR PM RABIN, FM ALLON AND DM PERES MEET WITH USA SEC ST
KISSINGER FOR A 90-MINUTE BREAKFAST MEETING

750310 651 042 002 010
UAR PRS SADAT DECLARES THAT HIS CONFIDENCE IN USA SEC
ST KISSINGER'S LATEST MISSION IS SUCH THAT HE GIVES IT
80 TO 90 PERCENT CHANCE OF SUCCESS

750311 002 081 365 000

USA AND USR AGREE THAT TERRITORIAL LIMITS SHOULD BE EXTENDED TO 12 MILES OFFSHORE AND THAT A FURTHER 188 MILES SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED AS PART OF THE COASTAL STATES' ECONOMIC ZONE

750311 365 081 002 000

USR AND USA AGREE THAT TERRITORIAL LIMITS SHOULD BE EXTENDED TO 12 MILES OFFSHORE AND THAT A FURTHER 188 MILES SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED AS PART OF THE COASTAL STATES' ECONOMIC ZONE

750313 651 141 666 010

UAR PRS SADAT DENIES THAT THERE HAS BEEN ANY MOVEMENT ON THE PART OF THE EGYPTIAN ARMY AS ALLEGED BY ISR

750314 002 031 666 010

USA SEC ST KISSINGER MEETS WITH ISR NEGOTIATING TEAM FOR THREE HOURS ON HIS RETURN FROM ASWAN

750314 666 031 002 010

ISR NEGOTIATING TEAM MEETS WITH USA SEC ST KISSINGER FOR THREE HOURS ON HIS RETURN FROM ASWAN

750314 651 101 666 010

UAR FM ISMAIL FAHMI SAYS THAT THE FORMATION OF AN EGYPTIAN-ISRAELI WATCHDOG MILITARY COMMISSION UNDER UNO AUSPICES IS UNDER CONSIDERATION AS PART OF THE MECHANISM OF A POSSIBLE SECOND DISENGAGEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES

750314 651 111 666 010

UAR FM ISMAIL FAHMI RULES OUT THE POSSIBILITY OF JOINT EGYPTIAN-ISRAEL PATROLS TO POLICE THE DEMILITARIZED ZONES

750316 666 101 651 010

ISR GOVT PROPOSES A LIMITED SECOND PHASE SETTLEMENT TO UAR PROVIDING FOR AN ISR WITHDRAWAL OF 20 TO 30 MILES IN SINAI IN CONSIDERATION FOR SOME EGYPTIAN MANIFESTATION OF A TREND TOWARDS PEACE

750317 002 031 666 010

USA SEC ST KISSINGER MEETS WITH ISR LEADERS FOR TALKS ON THE MIDDLE EAST BUT DOES NOT OBTAIN THE CONCESSIONS HE SOUGHT

750317 666 031 002 010

ISR LEADERS MEET WITH USA SEC ST KISSINGER FOR TALKS ON THE MIDDLE EAST BUT HE DOES NOT OBTAIN THE CONCESSIONS HE SOUGHT

750317 002 031 651 010
USA SEC ST KISSINGER MEETS WITH UAR PRS SADAT AND HIS
SENIOR MINISTERS TO GIVE HIM THE LATEST ISRAEL IDEAS ON
A NEW SINAI DISENGAGEMENT

750317 651 031 002 010
UAR PRS SADAT AND HIS SENIOR MINISTERS MEET WITH USA SEC
ST KISSINGER AND HE GIVES SADAT THE LATEST ISRAEL IDEAS ON
A NEW SINAI DISENGAGEMENT

750318 651 111 666 010
UAR TOTALLY REJECTS A SET OF ISR DEMANDS FOR "ELEMENTS OF
NON-BELLIGERENCY"

750318 365 064 002 200
USR GRANTS A VISA TO VICTORIA FEODOROVA TO VISIT HER FATHER
IN AMERICA USA WHO HAD BEEN EXPELLED WHEN HIS LOVE AFFAIR WITH
HER MOTHER, A SOVIET ACTRESS, BECAME KNOWN IN THE 1930'S

750318 651 025 666 010
UAR PRS SADAT POINTS OUT THAT HE IS NOT WILLING TO TAKE STEPS
WHICH WOULD AMOUNT TO THE BEGINNINGS OF A SEPARATE PEACE WITH
ISR; EVEN SUCH MATTERS AS AN END TO ECONOMIC BOYCOTT CANNOT BE
AGREED TO BY EGYPT SINCE IT IS A PAN-ARAB AFFAIR

750318 002 031 666 010
USA SEC ST KISSINGER FLIES BACK TO ISR AND HAS A 2 HOUR AND
45 MINUTE MEETING WITH ISRAELI LEADERS

750318 666 031 002 010
ISR LEADERS HAVE A 2 HOUR AND 45 MINUTE MEETING WITH USA
SEC ST KISSINGER

750319 651 025 666 010
UAR GIVES AN IMPLICIT PROMISE THAT IT WILL NOT USE FORCE
AGAINST ISR AS LONG AS ANY NEW TROOP DISENGAGEMENT AGREEMENT
IS IN FORCE

750323 651 023 002 010
UAR FM ISMAIL FAHMI SAYS THAT USA STEP-BY-STEP
DIPLOMACY IS NOW DEAD AND THE BREAKDOWN HAS BROUGHT
THE MIDDLE EAST TO A "DIM POINT" AND A NEW MILITARY
CONFLICT CANNOT BE EXCLUDED

750323 666 023 666 010
ISR PATROL CROSSES INTO LEB TERRITORY AND ARE PREVENTED
FROM ENTERING LEB TERRITORY BY ARMY FORCES

750324 666 121 651 010

ISR PM RABIN ACCUSES UAR OF MAKING EXORBITANT DEMANDS AND
CAUSING THE COLLAPSE OF DR KISSINGER'S PEACE MISSION WITH THE
AIM OF FACILITATING ITS WAR DEPLOYMENT

750330 002 181 365 200
USA MEMBERS OF THE JEWISH DEFENSE LEAGUE THROW RED PAINT
AT THE USR MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND CHANT
ANTI-SOVIET SLOGANS

750331 002 031 666 010
USA SEC ST KISSINGER MEETS WITH ISR OFFICIALS TO STUDY THE
POSSIBILITY OF "PROXIMITY TALKS" BETWEEN EGYPT AND ISRAEL TO
GET A NEW SINAI AGREEMENT

750331 666 031 002 010
ISR OFFICIALS MEET WITH USA SEC ST KISSINGER TO STUDY THE
POSSIBILITY OF "PROXIMITY TALKS" BETWEEN EGYPT AND ISRAEL TO
GET A NEW SINAI AGREEMENT

NUMBER OF RECORDS FOUND: 43
WEIS CODE SCAN COMPLETE ***** END OF JOB

NEW YORK TIMES EVENT FILE FOR MARCH 1975

THE MIDDLE EAST

(Sample Run: WEISCAN)

750303 002 031 651 010
USA AMB TO UAR MEETS W UAR FM FAHMY

750303 651 031 002 010
USA AMB TO UAR MEETS W UAR FM FAHMY

750303 651 132 002 010
UAR FM FAHMY PROTESTS TO USA AMB OVER ISR REFUSAL TO
ALLOW RED CROSS TO TRANSPORT AID INTO SINAI

750307 002 032 651 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS UAR

750307 651 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS UAR

750308 002 031 651 010
USA SST KISSINGER MEETS W UAR PRS SADAT IN ASWAN, UAR

750308 651 031 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER MEETS W UAR PRS SADAT IN ASWAN, UAR

750309 002 032 666 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR TO CONFER W ISR LDRS ON
UAR DISENGAGEMENT PROPOSALS

750309 666 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR TO CONFER W ISR LDRS ON
UAR DISENGAGEMENT PROPOSALS

750309 002 032 652 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS SYR PRS ASSAD IN SYR

750309 652 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS SYR PRS ASSAD IN SYR

750310 002 031 666 010
USA SST KISSINGER MEETS W ISR LDRS IN ISR

750310 666 031 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER MEETS W ISR LDRS IN ISR

750311 002 032 666 010

USA SST KISSINGER ARRIVES IN ISR AFTER VISIT TO TUR

750311 666 033 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER ARRIVES IN ISR AFTER VISIT TO TUR

750312 002 032 651 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS UAR

750312 651 033 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS UAR

750314 002 032 666 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR FOR DISCUSSIONS W ISR
LDRS

750314 666 033 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR FOR DISCUSSIONS W ISR
LDRS

750315 002 032 652 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS SYR PRS ASSAD, BUT FAILS TO
PERSUADE HIM NOT TO OPPOSE UAR-ISR SINAI AGRMT

750315 652 033 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS SYR PRS ASSAD, BUT FAILS TO
PERSUADE HIM NOT TO OPPOSE UAR-ISR SINAI AGRMT

750315 002 112 652 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS SYR PRS ASSAD, BUT FAILS TO
PERSUADE HIM NOT TO OPPOSE UAR-ISR SINAI AGRMT

750315 652 112 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS SYR PRS ASSAD, BUT FAILS TO
PERSUADE HIM NOT TO OPPOSE UAR-ISR SINAI AGRMT

750316 002 032 666 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR FOR TALKS W ISR LDRS

750316 666 033 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR FOR TALKS W ISR LDRS

750316 666 025 002 010

ISR GOVT AUTHORIZES CONTINUING NEGOTIATIONS W UAR
THROUGH USA SST KISSINGER

750316 002 101 365 190

USA PROPOSES DRAFT TREATY TO USR TO ENCOMPASS USA-USR
VLADIVOSTOCK AGRMT

750317 002 032 651 010

USA SST KISSINGER BRINGS LATEST ISR PROPOSAL TO UAR PRS
SADAT AFTER TALKS IN ISR

750317 651 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER BRINGS LATEST ISR PROPOSAL TO UAR PRS
SADAT AFTER TALKS IN ISR

750318 002 032 666 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR & MEETS W ISR LDERS

750318 666 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR & MEETS W ISR LDERS

750320 002 032 651 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS UAR W ISR PROPOSAL ON NEW SINAI
AGREEMENT

750320 651 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS UAR W ISR PROPOSAL ON NEW SINAI
AGREEMENT

750321 002 032 666 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR & MEETS W ISR LDERS

750321 666 033 002 010
USA SST KISSINGER VISITS ISR & MEETS W ISR LDERS

750322 651 112 666 010
USA SST KISSINGER ANNOUNCES THAT UAR & ISR HAD FAILED
TO REACH NEW AGRMT & THAT HE IS SUSPENDING HIS PEACE
TALKS

750322 666 112 651 010
USA SST KISSINGER ANNOUNCES THAT UAR & ISR HAD FAILED
TO REACH NEW AGRMT & THAT HE IS SUSPENDING HIS PEACE
TALKS

750322 002 191 666 010
USA SST KISSINGER ANNOUNCES THAT UAR & ISR HAD FAILED
TO REACH NEW AGRMT & THAT HE IS SUSPENDING HIS PEACE
TALKS

750322 002 191 651 010
USA SST KISSINGER ANNOUNCES THAT UAR & ISR HAD FAILED
TO REACH NEW AGRMT & THAT HE IS SUSPENDING HIS PEACE
TALKS

750322 651 121 666 010
UAR BLAMES ISR FOR FAILURE TO REACH NEW DISENGAGEMENT
AGRMT & CALLS FOR GENEVA CONF TO BE RECONVENED

IMMEDIATELY

750322 002 031 666 010

USA SST KISSINGER HOLDS FINAL MTG W ISR LDRS

750322 666 031 002 010

USA SST KISSINGER HOLDS FINAL MTG W ISR LDRS

750323 651 112 002 010

UAR GOVT TELLS USA SST KISSINGER NOT TO STOP IN UAR
ON WAY BACK TO USA AFTER FAILURE OF PEACE MISSION

750323 002 023 666 010

USA SST KISSINGER SAYS THIS IS A SAD DAY FOR ISR,
WHICH "NEEDS & WANTS PEACE SO BADLY"

750327 002 121 666 010

USA PRS FORD SAYS CHANCES FOR MIDEAST PEACE WOULD HAVE
BEEN BETTER IF ISR HAD BEEN MORE FLEXIBLE IN RECENT
UAR-ISR NEGOTIATIONS

750327 002 031 651 010

USA VP ROCKEFELLER ASSURES UAR PRS SADAT & SAU KING
KHALID THAT USA STRIVES FOR JUST & LASTING
PEACE IN MIDEAST

750327 651 031 002 010

USA VP ROCKEFELLER ASSURES UAR PRS SADAT & SAU KING
KHALID THAT USA STRIVES FOR JUST & LASTING
PEACE IN MIDEAST

750327 002 054 651 010

USA VP ROCKEFELLER ASSURES UAR PRS SADAT & SAU KING
KHALID THAT USA STRIVES FOR JUST & LASTING
PEACE IN MIDEAST

750329 666 041 651 010

ISR GOVT WELCOMES UAR PLANS TO REOPEN SUEZ CANAL

750330 651 112 666 010

UAR SAYS ISR SHIPS & SHIPS BOUND FOR ISR WILL NOT BE
ALLOWED TO USE SUEZ CANAL

750330 666 121 651 010

ISR PRM RABIN SAYS UAR PRS SADAT'S DECISION TO EXTEND
UNO PEACE FORCE IN SINAI 3 MONTHS INSTEAD OF SIX IS
NEGATIVE MOVE IN QUEST FOR PEACE

750331 002 025 666 010

USA SOD SCHLESINGER SAYS USA WOULD BE RELUCTANT TO ENTER

INTO NEW ARMS AGRMT W ISR WHILE REASSESSMENT OF USA
MIDEAST POLICY IS BEING CONDUCTED

750331 651 025 666 010

UAR GOVT SAYS UAR WILL ALLOW ISR-BOUND SHIPS TO USE
SUEZ CANAL IF FURTHER WITHDRAWAL OF ISR FORCES 10 TO 15
MILES FROM CANAL NOW, IS AGREED UPON

NUMBER OF RECORDS FOUND: 53
WEIS CODE SCAN COMPLETE ***** END OF JOB

NEW YORK TIMES ON THE MIDDLE EAST

MARCH - JUNE 1975

(Sample Run - WEISUM5)

Frequency Table

WEEK	U.S.A. 002	U.S.S.R. 365	ISRAEL 666	EGYPT 651	SYRIA 652
750308	3	0	0	4	0
750315	8	0	4	1	3
750322	9	0	6	4	0
750329	4	0	1	2	0
750405	2	2	1	3	0
750412	3	2	2	2	0
750426	4	5	2	4	3
750503	1	1	0	0	0
750510	0	1	0	0	0
750517	5	3	2	0	0
750524	4	3	0	1	1
750531	2	0	0	3	0
750607	6	2	4	4	0
750614	5	3	7	0	1
750621	5	2	2	1	3
750628	3	2	5	4	1
750705	0	4	1	0	0

Row Marginals

WEEK	N	%
750308	7	3.8
750315	16	8.7
750322	19	10.3
750329	7	3.8
750405	13	7.1
750412	9	4.9
750419	3	1.6
750426	18	9.8
750503	2	1.1
750510	1	0.5
750517	10	5.4
750524	9	4.9
750531	5	2.7
750607	16	8.7
750614	16	8.7

750621	13	7.1
750628	15	8.2
750705	5	2.7

Column Marginals

Actor	N	%
002 (U.S.A.)	64	34.8
365 (U.S.S.R.)	32	17.4
666 (Israel)	37	20.1
651 (Egypt)	39	21.2
652 (Syria)	12	6.5

ANNEX C: CURRENT THREATS NEWS FILE AND CODING SCHEME

Annex C contains the first issue of the Current Threats News File, a recent issue, and the Current Threats Coding Scheme. This file is a bi-weekly computerized record of the most recent national and international threats, drawn from three news sources--NEW YORK TIMES, LOS ANGELES TIMES, and THE TIMES of London. The events selected range from internal domestic threats to international environmental threats; threat-reducing events are also included and coded. The coding scheme has been designed to facilitate analysis of the effects produced by events, the symbolisms of threat carried along with the event stream. A computerized program is being developed to permit the selective retrieval and analysis of the descriptive texts and their respective codes.

Current Threats Coding Schema

The following questions are designed to differentiate subjective psychological perceptions of, reactions to, and categorizations of current news reports dealing with threatening situations. The coder is to read each news report item carefully, then answer each of the 11 questions below on the basis of the news item's relations to the general threat situation of which it is a part.

1. Does the news item convey or suggest to you that there is a threat in the situation?

1=yes, continue to code,

2=no, if no then stop coding this news item and go to the next item,

3=the item is a threat reducing action, but continue to code the threat situation and this event's effect upon it.

2. Threat Image:

One possible definition of a threat is a situation in which undesired consequences are foreseen. In general terms, what unwanted consequences or damage do you project in this threat situation:

1=injury and damage, hurt directed to a "body" directly and violently, such as military action or the threat of armed attack.

2=internal intrusion or subversion or penetration, internal sabotage and other types of internal aggression.

3=constraint on movement, won't allow growth or change, holds, captures, ties down, besieged, encircled.

4=depriving, starving, cutting off, dying for lack of, shut off from essentials required to maintain life, isolating, excluding, such as an oil embargo.

3. Threat Type:

1=issued

explicit and verbal threat issued from an explicit identifiable threatener to an explicit and identifiable threatenee. For example, Uganda Amin's quoted threat, "I will personally lead an invasion of South Africa."

2=situational, engineered

Here the threateners are present and identifiable, they participate in and advance the threat situation, and they could remove the threat, but it is not an explicit verbal statement of threat rather it is discernible by the news item and general threat situation.

3=systemic

Here the specific threatener is not identifiable, nobody

intends to threaten but the threat exists just the same, people blame the system for the threat, its environmental and/or circumstantial in nature, such as smog and pollution.

4. Who is the threatener?

Decide on one actor even if the situation is reciprocal; for example, actor A threatens actor B, and simultaneously actor B threatens actor A. But who in the news item is the more active, more apparent, more responsible actor?

Use WEIS numeric actor codes for country/actor threatener,

If the threatener is the system use 999,

If the threateners are multiple actors within a region, use WEIS numeric region codes,

If the threateners are multiple actors with no established WEIS code use 998 (unidentified multi-lateral group),

If the news item is internal use that nation's code as threatener and threatenees.

If you cannot differentiate threateners and threatenees in a threat situation, double code the news item. For example, in bilateral military battles or a potential war situation, the two parties involved would be both threateners and threatenees. Therefore code the single event twice, once with nation A as threatener and nation B as threatenees, and second with nation B as threatener and nation A as threatenees.

5. Who is threatened?

Decide on one actor even if logic says there is more than one threatened, if possible. Who is the main target brought to mind in the news item?

Use WEIS numeric actor codes for country/actor threatenees,

If the threatenees is the system (everybody) use 999,

If the threatenees are multiple actors within a region or an organization, use WEIS numeric region or organization codes,

If the threatenees are multiple actors with no established WEIS code use 998 (multi-lateral group).

Judgmental Scales: Ordinal Codes

6. Threat Urgency and Immediacy:

How urgent is the approaching trouble of the threat situation? Do you believe it is fast and on the move, will results show soon, is there a sense of urgency to counter-act the threat?

11=remote and very distant problem, no real need to act now,

21=less remote problem, but low need to act now,

31=average sense of urgency, some need to act now,

41=quite urgent problem, definite need to act now,

51=extremely urgent and immediate problem, immediate need to act decisively.

7. Threat Status and Progress:

In your judgment, how does this news item affect the general threat situation?

- 02=never heard of this news event type before, therefore I have no basis for comparison,
- 12=the general threat situation is receding or declining as a result of this news item,
- 22=the threat situation is about the same as it has been, no real change,
- 32=the threat situation is getting worse or more severe or more threatening as a result of this news item.

8. USA Threat Severity:

If the situation involves "USA national interests, security, welfare, or defense" in your opinion, then how severe do you believe this threat situation is to USA national interests?

- 03=not applicable, it does not affect the USA,
- 13=very low severity,
- 23=low severity,
- 33=average or medium severity,
- 43=quite severe,
- 53=extremely severe.

9. Threat Emphathy:

If the focus of the threat is not on "we, us, ours, USA" but is recognized as directed to others, scale here for how bad or severe or threatening you believe this situation is for others.

- 04=not applicable, its us or the USA,
- 14=the threat is very low, very remote, no need to act now,
- 24=low severity, less remote, low need to act now,
- 34=average severity, some need to act now,
- 44=quite severe, need to act now,
- 54=extremely severe threat, immediate need to act decisively.

10. Threat Ambient:

The following list of issue codes constitutes initial choices to describe kinds of threat circumstances. The main idea is to indicate limited general coding for what the threat is about.

- 100=Domestic ambient without international spillover, for example, the Northern Ireland crisis because it is considered internal to Britain.
- 200=Domestic ambient with international spillover, for example, the Portuguese situation because these domestic events are of immense concern to other nations and will have significant effects upon other nations.

International Ambients**300=Armaments**

301=proliferation, sales, aid of weaponry.

302=control, bans and embargos.

303=development, testing and new models.

304=race.

310=Military Balance

311=alliances, such as breakups.

312=troops and bases, such as expansions or cutoffs.

313=budget and defense spending.

314=influence and informal commitments.

315=aid, such as cutoffs.

320=Military Hostilities

(includes breakouts of, renewed hostilities, and spread to third parties)

330=Peace Negotiations and Agreements

(includes stalemates in, sabotage of, and breaking of peace attempts)

340=Terrorism

(includes kidnappings, torture, assassination, hijackings)

350=Anti-Regime Movements

(includes external support of anti-regime efforts)

360=Economic Access

361=trade, such as embargos and bans and cutoffs.

362=aid, such as cutoffs in loans and credits.

370=Economic Destabilization

(includes inflation, recession, unemployment, devaluations)

380=Diplomatic Access

381=diplomatic recognition and non-recognition, closing of missions.

382=expulsions, treatment of officials and citizens, asylum.

383=IGO participation, such as membership, expulsion, sanctions.

390=Detente**400=Territorial Jurisdiction**

401=sovereignty and legitimate control over.

402=border and territorial limits violations.
403=nationalizations.

410=Natural Resource Access
(includes embargos and cutoffs of natural resources such as oil)

420=Environment
421=pollution.
422=radiation.
423=environmental warfare.
424=weather.

430=Population
431=emigration.
432=minorities.
433=famine and starvation.
434=health and epidemics.
435=aid.

440=Drug Traffic
441=control.
442=proliferation and flow of.

11. Personal Reaction:
After reading the news item and coding its relation to the general threat situation, how do you react personally, are you:
15=indifferent.
25=encouraged, pleased.
35=discouraged.

CURRENT THREATS NEWS FILE: BI-WEEKLY SURVEY OF WORLD NEWS

March 1, 1975 - March 15, 1975

THREAT RECOGNITION AND ANALYSIS PROJECT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Comments And Suggestions Are Requested

Please Contact TR&A At Extension 7160

March 1, 1975

Oil Supply and Pricing: To reconcile conflicting Presidential and Democratic Congressional energy and economic programs, USA President Ford may agree to postpone a second-step increase in oil import tariffs. This would postpone the second \$1 per barrel levy on imported oil.

Argentina Terrorism: In Argentina Friday night, leftist guerrillas executed kidnapped American consular agent John Patrick Egan after the Argentinian government said it would not negotiate with them for the release of imprisoned guerrillas.

USA Foreign Aid: The USA Senate on a voice vote eliminated all foreign aid funds from a temporary financing bill out of exasperation with delayed action on regular appropriations. As a result the Agency for International Development is in limbo with no spending authority.

Oil Supply and Pricing: A potential 45 billion barrels of oil may lie under the ice of the Antarctic according to the Commander of the Navy's Antarctic Support Force, Captain Van Reeth. Under terms of the Antarctic Treaty signed in 1961, any nation of the 30 signatory nations can exploit the oil.

Genetic Engineering: Scientists restrict risky genetic engineering. They agree to impose strict controls on viruses and bacteria that might possibly incur a mass epidemic.

Nuclear Weapons: Plutonium in certain amounts has been declared extremely dangerous as it could be used for home-made atom bombs. USA Representative Les Aspin of WISC introduces legislation that would severely limit commercial use.

Egypt-PLO Deteriorating Relations: Egyptian President Sadat rebuffs the statement made by the PLO claiming any partial settlement on the Sinai front would amount to a bartering of occupied Arab territory for the entire Palestinian cause. Sadat wants to know on "what grounds such baseless utterances were made".

Cuba Embargo: The USA Ambassador to the OAS indicates the economic and political embargo against Cuba may be lifted this spring by the Organization of American States, as a result of changes in voting requirements from a two-thirds to a simple majority needed to pass resolutions. The USA supports such voting changes.

Cambodia Military Action: Khmer Rouge forces overrun two government positions within 4 miles of Phnom Penh's Ponchentong airport putting insurgents within easy artillery reach of American planes landing there.

March 2, 1975

Cambodia Conflict: Cambodian President Lon Nol pleads for more American aid, and hints strongly that he would

step down if his presence stands in the way of peace.
Oil Supply and Pricing : The Persian Gulf emirate of Abu Dhabi says it will lower oil prices about 55 cents a barrel to get oil companies to increase production so it can meet aid promises to poorer countries. The OPEC meeting in Vienna authorized this first price reduction last week.

West Berlin Terrorism: The major opposition candidate for mayor of West Berlin, Peter Lorenz, is under a death threat from his anarchist kidnappers unless six anarchists are freed from jail. Two of the jailed anarchists refuse freedom under the scheme.

Cuba Embargo: USA Secretary of State Kissinger says the USA is prepared to explore ways for an early halt to the OAS embargo of Cuba as a prelude to returning to normal relations. Kissinger states "we see no virtue in perpetual antagonism between the USA and Cuba", but..."fundamental change cannot come unless Cuba demonstrates a willingness to assume mutual obligations".

Middle East Conflict: USA and British authorities say American U-2 spy planes are monitoring the movements of Arab and Israeli forces to help preserve the Middle East Peace. The planes are based on British air bases on Cyprus.

South Korea Internal Dissension: South Korean government prohibits political activities of government critics in anticipation of an anti-government campaign.

March 3, 1975

Oil Supply and Pricing: Algerian Foreign Minister Bouteflika, announces to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries that the West is carrying out a carefully orchestrated campaign to blame the oil exporters for an economic crisis which the industrialized nations themselves are responsible. He urges the OPEC to refuse oil payments in dollars in favor of a uniform Arab currency.

Israel Economic Boycott: Arab organization for boycott of Israel warns West German Volkswagen and Audi NSU it must sever ties with Israel within three months or be blacklisted in Arab Nations.

Lebanon Civil Violence: Lebanese fishermen clash with government troops and local police in a protest against the government's granting of exclusive fishing rights along the Mediterranean coast to Proteine--a private Lebanese company. The fishermen claim this will bankrupt them.

Cambodia Conflict: Khmer Rouge communique says 7 members of the "traitorous clique" including President Lon Nol and Premier Long Boret must die. The rest of the army and government would have the right to join the United

Front. It calls upon soldiers to turn their guns against the administration.

Cambodia Conflict: Cambodian exiled Prince Norodom Sihanouk says his government is prepared to reconcile with the USA but on condition that it "no longer involve itself with the Phnom Penh regime and let Cambodians take care of their own affairs."

March 4, 1975

USA Military Aid to Cambodia: Eight members of USA Congress return from fact-finding trip to Indochina and reach a majority agreement that USA military aid should continue through June and \$75 million should be approved for emergency food aid. Civilian deaths from starvation are increasing at an alarming rate.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: The Egyptian newspaper Al Ahram indicates that Egypt is so sure of reaching agreement on a second-stage Israeli withdrawal from the Sinai Desert that it is trying to obtain international guarantees for an overall Middle East settlement.

Environmental Threat: The Environmental Protection Agency proposes lifting the supersonic transport jet ban. The recommendations would have to be approved by the FAA. Environmentalists contend that SST's would damage the ozone layer; however, a recent Department of Transportation study rejects this contention.

South Africa Civil Violence: One of the worst tribal clashes in South Africa's history leaves 28 African miners dead after fighting broke out between Basato and Xhosa tribesmen at the Northfield coal mine in Glencoe.

North Korea-South Korea Conflict: The UN command in Seoul accuses North Korea of bringing the two Koreas to the brink of confrontation after a collision between a Communist boat and a South Korean Naval vessel in the Yellow Sea. During the incident, North Korea violated South Korea airspace 11 times.

Oil Supply and Pricing: The first summit conference of OPEC begins with five of the thirteen states' leaders absent. The absent representatives, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Indonesia, Nigeria, and Libya belie earlier declarations of solidarity.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: USA President Ford, in a meeting with Israeli President Katzir "took the occasion to reaffirm America's commitment to Israel's security and well-being, as well as our determination to assist in efforts to bring about further progress toward a Middle East settlement".

Cambodia Military Action: Khmer Rouge forces fire Chinese-made rockets into two crowded sections of Phnom Penh and its nearby airfield killing at least 19 persons.

Thailand-USA Relations: Thailand's new government calls for

the withdrawal of all American forces stationed in the country within 18 months unless a critical military situation exists then. There are about 25,000 USA military personnel in Thailand.

Arms Limitations: USA President Ford says that despite progress in negotiations between the USA and USSR, the danger of the arms race continues to grow as more countries develop nuclear weapons. He says "the USA will continue to seek practical steps to avert this danger, while providing the benefits of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes".

Soviet Penetration of Somalia: The British Institute for the Study of Conflict reports Somalia, key to the Northwest Indian Ocean and the Red Sea, is gradually becoming a Soviet Satellite. Soviet influence is pervasive in the Somali armed forces and in nearly all sectors of administration.

Argentina Internal Dissension: Argentine farmers call a 24 hour strike to protest low prices for agricultural products and high taxes.

Britain Internal Dissension: London dockers continue their strike, bringing the entire port to a standstill.

Ethiopia Civil War: Ethiopian troops and Eritrean guerrillas violently clash near Dorfou.

March 5, 1975

Oil Supply and Pricing: Algerian President Boumedienne at conference of 8 OPEC nations, warns industrialized nations they will have to accept lower standards of living in the future. He warns the forthcoming producer-consumer dialogue will fail unless the West changes its approach. And he charges USA efforts to establish the International Energy Agency are "aimed at nothing less than bringing about confrontation".

Oil Supply and Pricing: USA President Ford in a compromise move with Congress, delays for 2 months imposition of further oil import fees.

NATO-Portugal Relations: USA Senator Carl Curtis says Portugal's reliability as a NATO ally is threatened by rising communist influence.

USA-Panama Canal Sovereignty: 37 USA Senators call for the retention of "undiluted USA sovereignty" over the Panama Canal Zone. President Ford and Secretary of State Kissinger and the Panama government's plan is for surrender of American jurisdiction over the zone to Panama and a gradual increase in Panamanian operation and defense of the canal.

Argentina Terrorism: Guerrillas explode bombs in the northern city of Tucuman, killing at least 4 persons including a kidnap victim.

Cambodia Military Action: Khmer Rouge forces shell

Ponchentong airport and Phnom Penh.

Cambodia Evacuation: USA helicopter carrier with 1500 marines is ordered into the Gulf of Thailand to evacuate the 400 American citizens from Phnom Penh if the city falls to the Khmer Rouge.

Cambodia Evacuation: British, American, Australian, and French embassies warn their nationals to leave Cambodia in view of the uncertain situation and the vulnerability of Ponchentong airport.

Black Africa-South Africa Conflict: African National Council calls off further constitutional talks with the Rhodesian government after today's arrest and detention of Rev. Sithole, executive member of ZANU (Zimbabwe African National Union). Rev. Sithole is accused of planning assassinations of certain of his opponents for ANC leadership.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: Reportedly Israel has abandoned search for small-scale interim agreement with Egypt and is working out conditions for making important concessions in Sinai such as yielding the Giddi and Mitla passes and Abu Rudeis oilfields.

Spain Internal Dissension: 1000 striking dockworkers paralyze northern Spanish port of Bilbao in protest against dismissal of colleagues who had demanded better working conditions.

South Africa Internal Dissension: 1000 black miners strike at gold mine near Carltonville South Africa, in the western Transvaal following a tribal fight last night.

Pakistan Internal Dissension: Pakistan army seizes large quantities of arms in raids in 7 cities of Baluchistan and arrests 44 people who confessed to receiving guerrilla warfare training by Afghanistan army officers.

Ethiopia Nationalizations: Ethiopian government nationalizes all agricultural land and collective farms will be created. This policy is designed to end the present feudal system of land tenure. However strong and violent public resistance is expected.

Oil Supply and Pricing: Algerian President Boumedienne at OPEC meeting attributes world financial crisis to industrialized nations "living above their means" and not to rising oil prices. He criticizes the International Energy Agency as a cover for USA power and warns cuts in OPEC oil production might be necessary in light of declining world demand for oil.

March 6, 1975

Middle East Terrorism: Al Fatah terrorists of the PLO seize control of the Savoy Hotel in Tel Aviv Israel and demand the release of 10 Arab prisoners from Israeli jails. Israeli troops storm the hotel in

which at least 30 hostages are being held by the terrorists. 6 Arab terrorists are killed and an unknown number of the hostages.

Oil Supply and Pricing: The OPEC summit in Algiers puts off policy proposals that would have tied the price of oil to the inflationary rise in prices of imports, and a proposal to establish a fund to help Third World countries pay for their oil or to help industrial nations with balance-of-payments difficulties.

Turkey-USA Relations: USA Ambassador to Turkey, William Macomber, urges Senators in the Foreign Relations Committee to support legislation rescinding the cutoff of military aid to Turkey. He says the aid cutoff is not encouraging a Greek-Turkish settlement on Cyprus, and has enraged Turkey.

Cambodia Military Action: Cambodian rebel artillery shelling of Ponchentong airport hits an American plane as it lands with loads of rice and munitions as a part of the emergency airlift. The airlift is cancelled for the rest of the day.

Cambodia Conflict: USA President Ford says "the Cambodians are running out of time . . . and the USA should not pull the plug by denying it aid to defend itself".

Oil Supply and Pricing: Kuwait nationalizes the remaining 40% stake of British Petroleum and Gulf Oil Company in the Kuwait Oil Company.

Earthquake: A light earthquake shakes Caracas Venezuela but there are no casualties nor severe damages.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: Israel Defense Minister Peres says Israel is not willing to accept an Egyptian pledge of non-belligerency if it were made to the USA rather than directly to Israel.

Cambodia Peace Negotiations: USA Secretary of State Kissinger says there is very little hope of any peace negotiations now in Cambodia because "the USA must negotiate from strength and there is no strength".

Cod War: Iceland announces plans to strengthen its small fleet and air force in case the cod war resumes. Iceland plans to extend its fishing limits to 200 miles later this year.

British Defense Cuts: NATO asks Britain to change its latest proposals to cut defense spending. NATO is particularly worried by the Labour government's plan to reduce British strength in Malta and Cyprus.

Portugal Internal Dissension: One of Portugal's governing parties, the centre-left Popular Democrats (PPD) says the wave of physical violence threatens the freedom and honesty of next month's elections.

Middle East Conflict: Israel announces that Jewish settlers will be moving by July into the West Bank area of Naale

Adumin which is being developed as an extra industrial zone.

West German Terrorism: Chancellor Schmidt warns his countrymen to expect more terrorist abductions and "it may be necessary for us again to bear grave decisions jointly, because the decisions of the past few days do not suffice as a guideline".

Cyprus Civil Violence: An explosion at the office of Bishop Chrysanthos of Limassol, a supporter of President Makarios, gives rise to fears of a possible confrontation between the President and the EOKA-B underground working for enosis with Greece.

Black Africa-South Africa Conflict: Rhodesian settlement issue is in complete disarray after Rhodesia arrests and confines Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole. ANC spokesman Dr. Edson Sithole says the Rhodesian government has ruined the whole issue of black-white talks, "no ANC leader could continue talking to the government without exposing himself as a moderate and in support of the government's action".

Black Africa-South Africa Conflict: Zambia President Kaunda says if the road to peaceful change is closed in South Africa then Zambia and the rest of Africa will have no choice but to support the armed struggle waged by liberation movements.

March 7, 1975

Iran-Iraq Border Dispute: Iraq agrees in principle to make concessions on its territorial claims in the Shatt al-Arab waterway which provides river access to Iran's largest refinery at Abadan, in return for Iran closing its borders to "infiltration of a subversive character" particularly Kurdish infiltration.

Middle East Terrorism: USA Secretary of State Kissinger condemns PLO terrorist raid on Tel Aviv hotel as "a random and senseless act which does not forward the cause of peace", and pledges to continue peace efforts.

Egypt-PLO Deteriorating Relations: Egypt regards recent clearly planned and executed PLO attack on Israeli hotel as sign that the PLO may be embarking on a new and violent campaign to destroy peace efforts. Egyptian officials warn the attack points up the urgent need for disengagement.

Oil Supply and Pricing: OPEC conference agrees to an international conference of industrialized and developing nations to negotiate stabilization of oil prices. But this conference must include other topics for negotiation such as raw material cartels and financing. Also the pricing of petroleum must be linked to objective criteria such as the price of manufactures, rate of inflation, terms of transfer of goods and technology for the devel-

opment of OPEC nations.

Cambodia Military Action: Cambodian and Khmer Rouge forces clash as Cambodia launches crucial operations to recapture positions 6 miles west of Phnom Penh's airport.

Cambodia Conflict: Prince Norodom Sihanouk fears the USA and South Vietnam armies will launch an invasion of Phnom Penh if his Khmer Rouge rebels overrun the city, under the pretext of defending Americans there.

Philippine Civil War: A civilian defense force captures weapons and kills 12 Moslem secessionists in clashes in the southern Philippines.

Ecuador-USA Fishing Dispute: Ecuador arrests 18 USA crewmen of an American tuna boat being held in Salinas Ecuador.

Thailand Internal Dissension: Thailand's 4-day old government falls in a confidence vote on the subject of maintaining USA troops in Thailand. Premier Pramoj is expected to resign.

India Internal Dissension: Between 50- and 100,000 march in Delhi India to protest official corruption and maladministration.

China Internal Policy: China launches an urgent campaign to correct "wrong trends and corruption" in agriculture focusing on the growing of cash crops to the exclusion of food production.

Middle East Terrorism: Israeli Prime Minister Rabin hints at retaliation against Arab terrorists for their raid on Tel Aviv. However, Rabin also states that the latest peace mission will not be jeopardized by the incident.

USA Military Aid to Cambodia: USA President Ford says "there is no hope for Cambodia unless it gets the \$222 million in emergency aid in order to survive communist aggression until fighting is blunted by the rainy season".

Cuba Embargo: Colombia resumes diplomatic relations with Cuba after a 14 year break. Foreign Minister Leivano says, "In order to clear the cold war out of the continent and to strengthen the inter-american system".

March 8, 1975

Cambodia Conflict: Cambodian army's most serious problem is lack of men, not ammunition. Government units are down to 50% of their original strength.

Cambodia Military Action: The Cambodian government's position worsens as Khmer Rouge forces break through government lines to the north of Phnom Penh and threaten to take Prek Phneou which is 7 miles north of Phnom Penh.

USA Military Aid to Cambodia: Prospects for USA Congressional approval of emergency military aid for Cambodia is rated poor by Republicans and Democrats.

Kenya Civil Violence: A wave of violence rocks Kenya which includes the derailment and explosion of a freight

train causing the death of 26 persons, a bus bombing, crops burned, cattle mutilated and various other bomb threats in Nairobi. The bombings are said to be the work of the Maskini (Poor People's) Liberation Organization.

Lebanon Civil Violence: Left-wing demonstrators, breaking windows and shooting into the air, march in protest against the death of Mr. Saad, a well-known politician in the southern port of Sidon. The area has been the site of violent clashes and demonstrations between fishermen and police.

Oil Supply and Pricing: The major oil consumers of the International Energy Agency agree on a draft plan that would stimulate use of new energy resources and protect them from any sudden crash in oil prices.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: Egyptian President Sadat is confident that he can provide USA Secretary of State Kissinger with an acceptable formula to meet Israel's security preconditions for another withdrawal in Sinai.

March 9, 1975

Middle East Terrorism: The lone PLO terrorist survivor says his group was told to say their orders were from Egypt although they were trained and supplied in Syria. The aim was to disrupt any peace agreement between Egypt and Israel.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: USA Secretary of State Kissinger receives from Egyptian President Sadat the preliminary outline of political proposals that could lead to a major disengagement between Egypt and Israel.

Oil Supply and Pricing: Saudi Arabia has cut its crude oil production to 6.5 million barrels a day, down 23.5% from its 1974 levels of production. The cut is a sign that the Saudis, although refusing to agree to a formal production quota agreement within the OPEC, are going along with a production cutback to help keep up the price of oil in the face of decreasing demand.

Middle East Conflict: Syria President Assad offers to unify Syria's political and military commands with that of the Palestine resistance movement, in order to show continued support and commitment to the Palestinian cause.

Portugal Civil Violence: Bloody clashes follow the breakup of a Popular Democratic Party rally by extreme leftists. Government military forces take command of the city of Setubal.

March 10, 1975

Cambodia Internal Dissension: A campaign to oust President Lon Nol gathers momentum that may pressure him into stepping down. Criticism mounts from the legislature and high civilian and military officials.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: Syrian President Assad

refuses to support USA Secretary of State Kissinger's attempts to negotiate a separate Middle East peace settlement between Israel and Egypt, saying "We are against separate partial agreements".

Ireland Civil Violence: A fire-bomb attack is launched on a fishing fleet in the Republic of Ireland by the Protestant organization, the Ulster Defense Association.

Portugal Internal Dissension: The Popular Democratic Party accuses its communist partners in Portugal's coalition government of being involved in weekend violence that wrecked a PDP rally and killed several people.

Argentina Terrorism: Two Argentine federal policemen are killed by a guerrilla attack on a highway police post.

Philippine Civil War: Government battalions launch an attack against Moslem insurgents massing on the north-east corner of Basilan Island, 500 miles south of Manila.

Vietnam Military Action: North Vietnamese and Viet Cong troops attack a key provincial capital in the Central Highlands, Ban Me Thuot, 155 miles northeast of Saigon.

Natural Gas Shortages: A computer at MIT programmed to analyze the way the USA produces and burns natural gas has projected there could be a 30% shortage by 1980. The large shortage will occur if the Federal Power Commission continues its policy of allowing only small yearly increases in gas prices.

March 11, 1975

Vietnam Military Action: Communist forces overrun three district capitals and threaten to seize other cities and bases in the heaviest coordinated attacks in South Vietnam since 1972. Communist forces have carried out at least 69 ground attacks and 120 shelling barrages.

Cambodia Military Action: Khmer Rouge launch their heaviest shelling of Ponchentong airport firing 56 rockets.

Cambodia Conflict: USA CIA director Colby gives a deeply pessimistic view of the Cambodian government's ability to survive the siege around Phnom Penh.

USA Foreign Aid: USA House of Representatives Appropriations Committee approves a foreign aid bill of \$3.5 billion, \$2.5 billion below the Administration's request, and containing no military aid for Cambodia.

Cyprus Peace Negotiations: USA Secretary of State Kissinger interrupts his peace mission to the Middle East temporarily, to fly to Ankara Turkey in hopes of achieving a diplomatic breakthrough in the Cyprus crisis.

Oil Supply and Pricing: Algeria has lowered the price of its low sulfur crude oil by 21 cents a barrel, from \$11.96 to \$11.75, sources in Dubai report.

Food Crisis: The head of the New World Food Council says the USA and other food-exporting nations can feed the

world's hungry for 10 years more, then the poor nations will have to fend for themselves. He states, "the gap between what they will need and what they can produce is estimated at 85 million tons by 1985. Even if the present exporters could produce that much, it would be impossible to transport it to the areas in need".

March 12, 1975

Portugal Attempted Coup: Right-wing rebel forces led by former President Spínola bombed an army barracks and paratroops seize Lisbon's civilian airport, which Portuguese President Costa Gomes describes as "a counter-revolutionary adventure". However the rebellion fizzles as the paratroops fail to receive support from other military units. Brigadier Carvalho, head of military security forces, hints that the USA was involved in the revolt and says the Portuguese government can no longer guarantee the safety of USA Ambassador Carlucci. USA State Department Spokesman Funseth says "I categorically deny the USA was in any way involved in the revolt".

Iraq Civil War: The Kurdish forces of General Barzani vow to continue their revolt against the Iraqi army. Iran stops sending military supplies to the Kurds following an Iran-Iraq agreement to settle border disputes.

Cyprus Peace Negotiations: Turkish Foreign Minister Esendal says USA Secretary of State Kissinger helped Greece and Turkey to agree on an early resumption of talks on the future of Cyprus. However, the Greek Cypriot delegation to the UN denies that any agreement to resume talks has been reached.

Earthquake: An earthquake shakes the central Philippines registering between 3 and 4 on the Rossi Forel scale of 9. Several persons were injured.

Cambodia Military Action: Khmer Rouge rockets attack Ponchentong airport.

Cambodia Internal Dissension: President Lon Nol shuffles his cabinet and dismisses Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces, General Fernandez. General Sakhan will replace General Fernandez as Chief of Staff. The changes were made to bolster the regime in face of the current military offensive.

Vietnam Military Action: According to USA officials, elements of at least one North Vietnamese reserve infantry division appear to have moved across the demilitarized zone into South Vietnam. Major fighting in the Central Highlands continues in the northern provinces. Five district capitals are lost and at least eight others are under attack.

Rhodesia Chrome Ban: USA Senator McGee urges Congress to

reimpose the UN embargo on Rhodesian chrome imports, because "the USA economic future is inextricably tied to relations with black Africa and the developing countries".

March 13, 1975

Cambodia Military Action: Khmer Rouge are reported to not be "pressing their advantage" around Phnom Penh, but resisting Cambodian ineffectual efforts while awaiting the crucial USA military aid decision.

USA Military Aid: USA Democratic House Caucus rejects further military assistance to Cambodia or South Vietnam in current fiscal year.

UN Cyprus Resolution: UN issues weak resolution merely expressing "regret" over Turkish unilateral action of February 13 as it may obstruct further negotiations.

PLO Terrorism: PLO military chief Zouheir Mohsen threatens to extend terrorism on Israeli strategic targets throughout Israel, Japan, and the USA.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: Egyptian President Sadat says there is at least an 80% chance that Egypt and Israel will reach an interim peace agreement.

Vietnam Military Action: Third day of heavy fighting in the provincial capital of Ban Me Thuot continues. Experts say if South Vietnam cannot reopen its highways soon, airlifts will be mandatory, straining an Air Force already hurt by USA aid cutoffs.

Britain-USSR Relations: An ex-RAF pilot is charged with violating British Official Secrets Act by leaking secret information to Soviet Consulate officials, thereby dampening recent Britain-USSR warming of relations.

USA Anti-War Dissension: Leading Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish leaders protest in Washington D.C. against further aid to Indochina.

Philippine Civil War: Government forces again repel attacking Moslem rebels on Mindanao. Sporadic rebel attacks are also reported on Basilan Island.

March 14, 1975

USA Military Aid to Cambodia: The USA Administration's attempt to obtain emergency military aid for Cambodia suffers setbacks in the USA Congress as the House Foreign Relations Committee votes against any more military aid to the Lon Nol government.

Portugal Attempted Coup Aftermath: The triumphant leftist faction in Portugal's military regime moves to neutralize the economic and political base by bringing in a communist-front group into the cabinet to take over economic management. The six civilian members of Portugal's Council of State resign, leaving the top constitutional advisory body entirely in the hands of the military.

Mexico Internal Dissension: Mexican students seize schools, hijack buses and stage demonstrations to call attention to grievances.

Brazil Internal Dissension: A military tribunal in Sao Paulo sentences 23 persons to jail for trying to revive the banned Communist Party.

Earthquake: A violent and prolonged earthquake strikes central Chile, killing 2 and injuring 6 persons.

Ethiopia Civil War: Ethiopian warplanes pound suspected guerrilla strongholds north of the Eritrean capital of Asmara. The Ethiopian government reports the capture of Tadesse Bera, a former police general who took to the bush last month to organize armed resistance against the military regime.

Cyprus Peace Negotiations: Greek and Turkish Cypriot delegates meet in New York with USA Undersecretary Urquhart to discuss resuming the Cyprus peace talks.

Turkey Governmental Crisis: Turkey's six-month political crisis deepens as Premier Sadi Irmak fails to form a national coalition government that can win parliament's support.

Middle East Peace Negotiations: USA Secretary of State Kissinger and Egyptian President Sadat report their talks for a new peace agreement has progressed to a stage where all sides are ready to discuss concrete steps toward a disengagement. Sadat stresses the peaceful steps Israel must take not only on the Egyptian-Israeli front, but also the Israeli-occupied Golan Heights area of Syria and the West Bank of the Jordan River.

Iraq Civil War: Kurdish representatives in Tehran Iran announce that a cease-fire had been agreed to by Kurdish rebel forces and the Iraqi army. The Kurds, however, accuse Iraq of ignoring the cease-fire agreement and are continuing to attack them.

Cambodia Military Action: Rebel gunners blow up an ammunition dump at Phnom Penh's airport, disrupting the USA airlift. Government forces strike back with napalm and bombing raids in a major new offensive to ease pressure on the airport.

Vietnam Military Action: The Saigon High Command says the biggest Communist offensive since 1972 has spread to the Mekong Delta, and the government orders nationwide mobilization placing every male between 17 and 43 on military call.

Earthquake: Chinese reports indicate entire villages were destroyed in the massive earthquake that hit Liasning province February 4, and that densely populated areas were damaged.

Philippine Civil War: Philippine government forces,

supported by air strikes and naval artillery, capture a key Moslem rebel stronghold on the rubber rich island of Basilan.

Thailand-USA Deteriorating Relations: Thailand's parliament chooses Kukvit Pramoj as Prime Minister soon after he calls for the immediate pullout of all American troops from Thailand.

CURRENT THREATS NEWS FILE: BI-WEEKLY SURVEY OF WORLD NEWS

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THREAT RECOGNITION AND ANALYSIS PROJECT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS RESEARCH INSTITUTE

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September 1, 1975

Middle East Peace Negotiations: (1)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger's latest Middle East peace effort seems certain of success as the Israeli leadership accepts a new Sinai agreement with Egypt. The main lines of agreement call for Israeli troops to pull back from the central Sinai passes and the Abu Rhodels oil fields, in return for a series of Egyptian concessions, public and private, which amount to a defacto step towards normal relations. The Israelis also win a series of USA commitments to a substantially higher level of military and economic aid - at least \$2.4 billion and probably more, - and several new political commitments.(LAT);

Middle East Conflict: (2)

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine claims its commandos have executed a number of hostages they took in a raid on an Israeli border settlement, Kfar Giladi, after Israel refused demands for releasing prisoners. In Tel Aviv, an Israeli army spokesman laughed at the report, "Nothing of the sort occurred...maybe the raid and taking of hostages are what they planned to do, but it didn't come."(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (3)

The northern military "rebellion" against pro-Communist General Goncalves apparently fizzles when all dissident garrisons return to normal command channels. The bewildering change of posture from defiance to the appointment of Goncalves as armed forces chief of staff after he relinquishes the premiership is symbolic of the bluff and counter-bluff by rival military factions seeking control of the Portuguese revolution for the past two months. An anti-Communist officer explains that the decision to end the rebellion and accept for the time being, the leadership of pro-Goncalves Brigadier General Corracho, commander of the northern regime, is a gesture of "passive resistance."(LAT);

Portugal Economic Crisis: (4)

The new Portuguese government will inherit a series of measures intended to shore up a failing capitalist economy - measures that General Goncalves pushed through just before his ouster as Premier. Faced with a business and financial crisis that appears to worsen every day, the out-going cabinet seeks desperately to restore confidence by defining the fields in which private capital can operate, encouraging foreign investment and protecting small investors and depositors. The most important decree limits private enterprise to small and medium-sized businesses and farms. The measures will probably be honored by the new Cabinet, in which some who helped draw

them up are expected to keep their posts.(NYT);

Angola Civil War: (5)

A mysterious, unidentified military force is reportedly advancing up a southern Angolan highway toward a major provincial capital. Reports indicate there are some 800 to 1,000 men in the column, which apparently originated in South African-ruled South-West Africa - (Namibia), and it is heading north toward Sa Da Bonderia, the third largest city in Angola. Officials of the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) which controls this capital, claim the force includes South African troops, helicopters and armored cars. But Portuguese military sources state that the unit is apparently composed of white mercenaries, not necessarily connected with South African forces.(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (6)

Twice-kidnapped British executive Charles Agnew Lockwood is rescued unharmed by police in Buenos Aires after a gunfight with Marxist terrorists in which four guerrillas were killed and a policeman was injured. It is not known if any ransom has been paid.(LAT);

Corsica Internal Dissension: (7)

A general strike to protest police handling of a new outbreak of autonomist violence in Corsica threatens to paralyze the entire island. The 24 hour walkout is aimed at turning Corsica, crowded with tourists, into an "isola morta" - a dead island. Leading Corsican unions, political groups and professional organizations call the strike in the name of the island's Committee Against Repression, a body representing moderate and leftist opinion.(LAT);

International Monetary Fund Development: (8)

USA Secretary of the Treasury Simon reports that agreement has been reached on two major issues affecting the International Monetary Fund - - voting strength within the fund will be realigned, but the USA will maintain 20% voting power, sufficient to veto any major actions of the 127-member organization it disagrees with and one-sixth of the fund's gold holdings, 25 tons, will be sold, and the proceeds will be used to create a special lending fund for the world's poorest nations.(LAT);

USA Arm Sales to Jordan: (9)

King Hussein of Jordan writes to USA Congressional leaders threatening to turn to Russia for military aid if the USA does not meet Jordan's defense needs. Congress recently turned down a Jordanian request for 14 Hawk batteries.(NYT);

September 2, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (10)

Israel and Egypt initial a new accord on separation of forces in the Sinai. USA Secretary of State Kissinger signs a separate document with Israeli Prime Minister Rabin, entitled simply "proposal" setting forth the deployment of 200 American technicians to assist and supervise 250 Egyptian and Israeli technicians in warning posts in the Mitla and Giddi passes. Within a few days Israeli and Egyptian representatives are to meet in Geneva to sign the document formally.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (11)

The Egyptians initial the new Sinai disengagement agreement with self-congratulations and praise for the Americans - but not a conciliatory word for the Israelis. An unforgiving attitude toward Israel continues to dominate the power level of the Egyptian government. Ihsan Abdel Koddous, chairman of the semiofficial newspaper Al AHRAM, reflects the attitude when he writes "This new agreement will not change the general position between us and Israel. For we are in a state of armed truce (under the first disengagement arranged by USA Secretary of State Kissinger 18 months ago) and we continue to be so now." He adds that continuing political and military preparations and caution must be maintained.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (12)

USA President Ford warns of serious consequences if Congress refuses to approve deployment of American electronic experts to monitor the new Egyptian-Israeli Sinai agreement. Failure to send the technicians "would have a very serious impact," and the presence of Americans "is a vital ingredient in assuring both Egypt and Israel that the agreement will be upheld," Ford explains. Adding that some legitimate questions would be raised about the first USA peacekeeping role in the Mideast and that "I anticipate some criticism," Ford states "But if it had not been achieved, the alternatives would be turmoil, increased tension and obviously a greater chance of war."(LAT);

Middle East Peace Negotiations: (13)

United Nations Secretary General Waldheim welcomes the initialing of a new interim agreement between Egypt and Israel and calls on all parties to maintain the momentum of Middle East negotiations thereby opening the way to the next steps towards a comprehensive settlement and establishment of a just and durable peace in the Middle East, as called for by the Security Council.(LAT);

Libya Condemnation of Middle East Peace Agreement: (14)

Libyan President Quaddafi, marking the sixth anniversary of his Islamic-Socialist revolution, condemns the Israeli-Egyptian peace pact and vows "unlimited support" to the Palestinians. "The Palestinian revolution will continue despite any agreement that might come. The Libyan Arab Republic will give its unlimited support to restore usurped land to Palestinians. The conflict is historical. It never was settled by an agreement and never will be," Quaddafi declares.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (15)

Portugal's air force chief, General Gose Antonio Morais da Silva, joins the army commander in denouncing the appointment of Communist-backed former Premier Goncalves as the country's new armed forces commander in chief. "A revolution made by 80% of the Portuguese people cannot be transformed into a dictatorship of 20% over the remaining 80%," he declares.(LAT);

Angola Civil War: (16)

Two hundred Portuguese military policemen in battledress march in front of the Presidential Palace in protest against being shipped to Angola. Hundreds of Portuguese refugees from Angola block traffic and occupy the Bank of Angola to protest the government's refusal to let them bring in money from the former Portuguese colony. The refugees are allowed to take only the equivalent of \$200 with them from Angola.(NYT);

Timor Civil War: (17)

Australia is believed to have moved closer to an understanding with Portugal on steps to restore order in Portuguese Timor, following talks in Canberra between Prime Minister Whitlam and Antonio de Santos, Portugal's special envoy.(NYT);

Ecuador Attempted Coup: (18)

The army chief of staff leads about 100 soldiers and several tanks in an unsuccessful revolt against President Rodriguez Lara and his anti-inflation measures, then surrenders. The rebel leaders are being held in a theater near the presidential palace their troops had stormed earlier in the day, routing the palace guard. Witnesses say at least a dozen people have been killed and 50 more wounded. General Roul Gonzalez, the leader of the attempted coup, acknowledges to newsmen that he had been unable to "consolidate" his position when other military units failed to rally to his side. President Rodriguez returns to the presidential palace, from the southern city of Riobamba and imposes a curfew on the city.(LAT);

Corsica Separatist Movement: (19)

A death threat against French President d'Estaing climaxes a general strike by the people of Corsica that paralyzes the island in protest against the police and French government. A letter, sent to a Paris radio station supposedly by the outlawed autonomist movement, Action for the Rebirth of Corsica, threatens the President's life if arrested ARC leader Edmond Simeoni is sentenced to death. Autonomist leaders, however, call the letter a fake.(LAT);

USA Arms Theft: (20)

The Irish Republican Army has stolen weapons from USA military bases in the USA and abroad for shipment to Northern Ireland, according to a Defense Department report. The alleged theft is reported in a previously classified document, which states that the IRA, along with other extremist groups, has stolen a total of 6,900 weapons and 1.2 million rounds of ammunition between 1971 and 1974. The report also states that the IRA is trying to recruit members of the USA Marine Corps who are qualified with machine guns and communications equipment.(LAT);

Spain Internal Politics: (21)

The Franco government of Spain lifts a ban preventing long-time pretender to the throne, Don Juan de Bourbon y Battenberg, from setting foot in Spain. Franco had officially named Don Juan's son, Juan Carlos to succeed him as chief of state and Spain's next King which Don Juan has now apparently accepted and is to be allowed back in Spain.(LAT);

USA Economic Aid Proposal: (22)

The USA tells the opening session of a United Nations special assembly on development that the current economic crisis must unite the world - not divide it - or all will fail. The USA proposal centers around a \$10 billion United Nations loan to protect the developing nations of the Third World from fluctuations in prices of raw materials. Also promised are bigger USA contributions to existing international development funds plus a \$200 million pledge to a new agricultural self-help fund and a commitment of 6 million tons of grain to ease this years food shortages.(LAT);

International Monetary Fund Appeal: (23)

The big three of the world economic order - the USA, Germany and Japan - must do more to stimulate their economies and help in the world recession according to the director of the International Monetary Fund. Gohannes Witteveen warns that the recent rate of improvement in some economies, including the USA, may not be enough to offset continuing recession in the rest of the world. Witteveen favors additional fiscal

measures, such as tax cuts and increased governmental spending, to push the economies of some nations to more rapid growth. USA Secretary of the Treasury Simon, and West German Finance Minister Hans Apel both state that their countries are doing enough.(LAT);

Bougainville Unilateral Independence: (24)

The tiny island of Bougainville in the South Pacific declares unilateral independence from Papua-New Guinea and renames itself the North Solomons. Michael Somare, Chief Minister of Papua-New Guinea, declares that neither Australia, which governs Papua-New Guinea as a United Nations trust, nor the United Nations will recognize Bougainville as a sovereign state.(NYT);

September 3, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (25)

Despite misgivings by some members, Congress appears disposed to give fairly quick approval to the stationing of American civilian technicians in the Sinai Peninsula. But as the House and Senate prepare to reconvene after their month-long recess, there are demands that Secretary of State Kissinger disclose all of the details of the agreement that he negotiated with Israel and Egypt. Meanwhile, the White House indicates it has gone to unusual lengths in advance to smooth the way for Congressional approval of whatever Middle East pact Kissinger was able to obtain. While expressing confidence that the provision involving civilian technicians would be approved "easily" by Congress, Press Secretary Nessen states that President Ford would consider himself bound by a Congressional rejection of it.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (26)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger wins a measured Saudi Arabian endorsement of the Israeli-Egyptian interim peace agreement, then heads his traveling State Department to Jordan and Syria for more post-agreement consultations. Saudi Arabia's support for the agreement brings relief to both the USA officials who felt that in a pinch King Khaled would back the more radical peace demands of Syria rather than the more moderate Egyptians and to the Egyptians, who feared that Saudi Arabia's growing influence in the Arab world might be used against them.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (27)

Israel's ruling Labor Party and two smaller parties give their approval to the Egyptian-Israeli nonaggression agreement, virtually assuring passage by parliament. Their action should provide for 69 or 70 votes in the 120-seat parliament when it takes an all-or-nothing vote. Israeli Prime Minister Rabin

tells the Labor Party's central committee that the agreement arranged by USA Secretary of State Kissinger could lead to "greater normalizing-action" of Egyptian-Israeli relations.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (28)

Egypt intends to press for further recovery of its Israeli-occupied Sinai territory soon after the newly initialed Sinai disengagement accord is implemented. Egyptian officials believe the test of Israeli sincerity to live in peace with all its Arab neighbors will be its ready compliance with the terms to continue - in the Sinai and elsewhere - a steady withdrawal to its 1967 borders. It is not immediately known what form the pressure for further withdrawals would take, but such pressure appears to be Egyptian policy.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (29)

Egyptian President Sadat announces that he will fly to Washington next month for talks with USA President Ford to follow up yesterday's conclusion of a second-stage Egyptian-Israeli disengagement agreement in the Sinai. Sadat praises President Ford and Secretary of State Kissinger for the roles they played in bringing about the new agreement and adds that he is determined to press for other peace steps on other fronts, notably in Syria.(NYT);

Middle East Military Action: (30)

Israeli warplanes attack a suspected Arab guerrilla base in southern Lebanon in the fourth strike across the border. Arab gunners earlier in the day fire several shells into Israeli territory from Lebanon but cause neither casualties nor damage.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (31)

President Gomes puts off plans to swear in the pro-Communist ex-Premier Goncalves as chief of Portugal's armed forces in face of mounting opposition to the appointment. The last-minute deferrment of the ceremony comes after earlier plans to install a new government under Admiral Pinheiro de Azevedo also failed to materialize. The developments occur as defiant air force and army officers meet outside Lisbon to discuss ways of ousting the military's pro-Communist faction from power.(LAT);

Angola Civil War: (32)

The USA will send two charter aircraft to help evacuate Portuguese refugees from Angola. USA State Department spokesman Robert Funseth, explains that the two planes, will begin flying by the end of this week to help bring out the

estimated 270,000 Europeans eager to leave the West African country. The planes will carry about 200 refugees daily to Portugal and the cost will run about \$5 million for the air-lift.(LAT);

North Korea Seizure of Japan Fishing Boat: (33)

A North Korean patrol boat fires on and seizes a Japanese fishing boat in the northern Yellow Sea, killing two persons and injuring two others. The 50-ton Shosei Maru is attacked by a North Korean vessel while operating in an area about 100 miles east of Dairen, in southern Manchuria. The Japanese Foreign Minister asks both China and North Korea to investigate since the boat is seized near the border area between the two countries.(LAT);

South-West Africa Constitutional Conference: (34)

The South-West Africa constitutional conference deadlocks over an argument about the admission to the talks of an American constitutional lawyer, brought in by the Herero tribal leader, Lemens Kapuuo, to act as advisor on plans for an independent South-West Africa. The conference was set up by the South African government, which currently administers South-West Africa.(LAT);

China Criticism of USA and USSR: (35)

China attacks the USA and the USSR as enemies of the developing Third World nations and is particularly scathing in its denunciation of Russia. In a speech to a special United Nations assembly on development, Li Chiang, Peking's minister of foreign trade, spurns the conciliatory current that flowed from the USA presentation to the opening session declaring "The two superpowers are the biggest international exploiters and oppressors today and they are the source of a new world war," adding, "In quite a number of places, no sooner has one imperialism been compelled to withdraw than the other imperialism under the banner of socialism seizes the opportunity to squeeze its way in."(LAT);

USA Economic Policy Statement: (36)

The Ford Administration rejects suggestions from foreign leaders that the USA help rescue other nations from the current recession by rapidly heating up the American economy with new tax cuts and federal spending. "No country can expect the actions of others to resolve its problems," President Ford tells delegates from 125 nations at the joint annual meetings of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank. In blunter language, USA Secretary of the Treasury states he is concerned that the USA may have already "done too much" to spur domestic recovery, thereby risking renewed inflation.(LAT);

Iran Denouncement of USA Economic Offers: (37)

Iran, stung by USA criticisms of the oil-producing countries, gives a skeptical response in the General Assembly of the United Nations to USA Secretary of State Kissinger's new proposals for bridging the economic gap between rich and poor nations. "Proposals may appear brilliant on paper but when and how they are implemented, that is the question," Jamshitt Amouzegar, Iranian Minister of the Interior tells the special session on economic matters.(NYT);

Aftermath of Ecuador Attempted Coup: (38)

General Gonzalez Alvera, leader of a brief but bloody revolt against Ecuador's military government, seeks diplomatic asylum in the Chilean Embassy. It had been reported that Gonzalez and other planners of the rebellion had been arrested and were being held in Ecuador. The Chilean Foreign Ministry does not say how Gonzalez managed to reach the country.(LAT);

September 4, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (39)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger consults with leaders of Jordan and Syria on his way back to Washington, and in both places Kissinger finds something less than enthusiasm for the interim Sinai accord. In Jordan, King Hussein is described as moderately favorable and in Syria, President Assad is described as noncommittal. But within hours after Kissinger had left Damascus for the USA, Syria condemns the new Egyptian - Israeli agreement as a "setback to the march of Arab struggle." An official statement of the ruling Baath Party leadership says the agreement fails to mention other Arab countries and the Palestinian cause "and brought in the USA as a party to the Middle East conflict."(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (40)

Republican and Democratic Congressional leaders support President Ford's proposal to send a detachment of American civilians to the Mideast to monitor the Sinai agreement between Israel and Egypt. Leadership backing for the Administration's proposal - a key to the pact - is tendered despite fears about stationing Americans in the volatile area. The only outspoken holdout is Senate Majority Leader Mansfield who insists repeatedly that he opposes the stationing of 150 to 200 Americans in the Sinai.(LAT);

USA Commitments to Israel: (41)

Israel's parliament gives a solid but cheerless endorsement to the interim peace agreement. In debate, Prime Minister Rabin assures the Knesset that "conditions have been assured for a

considerable increase in the Israeli defense forces strength in weapons of war, in quantity and in new quality." It is the Rabin government's first public indication of the extent of USA pledges to boost Israeli military might, made in an effort to make the agreement acceptable to Jerusalem.(LAT);

PLO Condemnation of Middle East Peace Agreement: (42)

Palestinian refugees in all 15 camps in Lebanon stage a one-day strike to protest the new agreement between Israel and Egypt. Shops, cafes and movie houses are closed. Banners denouncing the accord as "high treason" span the streets in the camps, which house more than 250,000 Palestinians. Guerrillas briefly block the highway between Beirut and its airport to demonstrate their rejection of the pact. The Palestinians condemn the agreement because it does not recognize their right to their own state on the West Bank of the Jordan River. Palestinian commandos and left-wing supporters also charge that the agreement takes Egypt out of the battle with Israel, breaks Arab solidarity and gives the USA a foothold in the Sinai.(LAT);

Arab Boycott: (43)

The Arab League's boycott committee adds 14 foreign companies to its blacklist, including USA Rockwell International Corporation and General Telephone and Electronics, but lifts its ban on Arab dealings with 19 other companies. The companies blacklisted include British, Swiss, and Japanese firms, and Romania's Tarom Airways, as well as the two USA firms.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (44)

The Portuguese military is locked in a political showdown as anti-Communist officers seek to prevent deposed Premier Goncalves from taking command of the country's armed forces. The target of the political pressures is the 240-man Armed Forces Movement General Assembly, which ostensibly has the basic responsibility of guiding Portugal's 16-month-old revolution along the path to socialism. The anti-Communist tactic is to win an indefinite postponement of a crucial General Assembly meeting set for Friday, at which Goncalves probably will be confirmed as the new chief of staff of the armed forces.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (45)

Former Portuguese President Spinoza arrives in Paris from Brazil for a visit thought to be part of his plans for a political comeback. The journey follows several press interviews given by Spinoza in which he called for the overthrow of the present left-wing regime in Portugal and described President Gomes as "a pathetic opportunist."(LAT);

Angola Civil War: (46)

Angry and intimidated, the Portuguese are leaving Angola in much larger numbers than predicted. It was thought earlier that perhaps 300,000 of the 500,000 Portuguese in Angola might leave by the time a black, independent government takes over November 11. Now it appears the number will exceed 400,000.(LAT);

Ethiopia Civil War: (47)

Renewed fighting in northern Ethiopia between government troops and separatist rebels takes hundreds of lives and sparks fears of full-scale warfare. The rebel Eritrean Liberation Front states that more than 2,000 government soldiers have been killed in recent fighting and accuses the government troops of executing hundreds of guerrilla sympathizers.(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (48)

An Argentine police chief and an unidentified army sergeant are killed in two terrorist attacks in La Plata. Chief Vergee, head of La Plata's investigation brigade, is killed when terrorists fire on his car and the sergeant dies about 15 minutes later when Marxist guerrillas open fire on an army truck.(LAT);

USSR Emigration Policy: (49)

World Jewish leaders, meeting in Paris, accuse the Soviet Union of discriminating against Soviet Jews despite its agreement at the Helsinki summit a month ago to respect human rights. The leaders claim they will hold a conference in Brussels next February to put pressure on Soviet authorities to give Jews full religious and cultural freedom and the right to emigrate at will.(LAT);

Czechoslovakia Border Violation: (50)

The West German government rejects a protest from Czechoslovakia over an illegal flight into Czechoslovakia by an American civilian pilot to bring East German refugees to the West. A note delivered to the Czechoslovak government says Bonn has no responsibility for the flights since an American had been involved and it was neither possible nor to be expected that private aircraft be supervised in border areas.(LAT);

Aftermath of Ecuador Attempted Coup: (51)

Chile's military government grants asylum to the leader of the abortive coup in Ecuador, General Gonzalez. Gonzalez and an aide had taken refuge in the Chilean Embassy in Quito after the unsuccessful attempt to overthrow Ecuador's president,

Guillermo Rodriguez Lora.(LAT);

Aftermath of Peru Coup: (52)

Political exiles may return to Peru and news media closed by the old regime receive permission to reopen under a decree issued by the new military rulers. The decree allows dozens of deported politicians, professionals and newsmen to return from exile decreed by President Velasco before he was ousted last Friday.(LAT);

USA Arms Sales Reduction Request: (53)

Former USA Secretary of Defense Laird says that the Nixon administration tried to discuss limiting the arms race on the Korean peninsula with the USSR. Laird urges that such initiatives be given greater priority in the future. The former Defense Secretary adds that the overall issue of the sales of arms, not only to the two Koreas but to the rest of the world, is "one of the questions developed nations must address very soon."(LAT);

September 5, 1975

Egypt-USSR Deteriorating Relations: (54)

Israel and Egypt sign the USA-sponsored Sinai pact in a brief ceremony in Geneva boycotted by the Soviet Union and which is overshadowed by a slashing attack on Russia by Egyptian President Sadat, who says the Soviet boycott at Geneva and messages it sent to Syria are a "flagrant provocation and attempt to divide the Arab front." He also accuses the USSR of providing Syria, and the Palestinians with false information that Cairo is selling its rights in the new Sinai agreement.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (55)

Maintaining that "stagnation and stalemate" are eliminated from Middle East peace negotiations, USA President Ford declares a new atmosphere has been created that will continue the momentum toward a lasting Arab-Israeli settlement. President Ford states that there is near unanimous approval among congressional leaders for USA civilian technicians to man early warning stations in the Sinai, and he again warns that failure to achieve the new step toward peace would present an "exceedingly high" risk for another Mideast war.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (56)

The Ford Administration appears to make substantial progress in its drive for quick congressional approval of stationing USA technicians in the Sinai Desert to monitor the new Egyptian-Israeli agreement. After a White House briefing by

President Ford and Secretary of State Kissinger, congressional leaders say action probably can be completed in two or three weeks. Except for Senate Majority Leader Mansfield, who opposes deeper USA involvement in the Middle East, the leaders indicate or express support of the plan for use of USA monitors.(LAT);

USA-USSR Grain Deal: (57)

USA Secretary of Agriculture, Butz, while defending massive grain sales to Russia as being in the national interest, states that further sales will be delayed until USA maritime unions agree to handle the shipments. Butz, facing criticism from several Senators, tells the Senate Agriculture Committee he will not dispute statements that AFL-CIO President Meany and maritime unions have assumed virtual control over whether any additional grain sales will be made to the USSR.(LAT);

Nuclear Arms Race: (58)

China's missile program slows down, but the USA and the USSR continue to sharpen their nuclear strike forces despite detente, the Institute for Strategic Studies reports. "China continued her nuclear program more slowly than earlier projections have indicated," the Institute states, explaining that an unspecified number of intermediate-range ballistic missiles in the 1,750 mile category were added by Peking during the year but the multistage intercontinental ballistic missile (ICBM) with a range of 3,500 miles is still not deployed and there has been no full-range test of China's planned 8,000 mile ICBM, although both have been under development for years. Meanwhile the USA added 550 Minutemen missiles and three ICBM's, each with multiple warheads, and deployed Poseidon missiles with multiple warheads in 25 submarines. And the USSR added 40 ICBM'S to its stockpile and deployed a new family of more accurate, large-payload ICBM's identified as the SS-17, SS-18 and SS-19. Also a new arms race is under way in the oil-producing countries, with Iran and Saudi Arabia each tripling their military budgets in the last year.(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (59)

Gunmen shoot and wound an Argentine executive of a Ford Motor Company subsidiary in Cordoba. The victim is identified as Leonardo Castelli, a labor relations chief for Transax, a vehicle spare parts factory run by Ford.(LAT);

France Deteriorating Economy: (60)

President d'Estaing announces a massive \$7 billion pump-priming operation to create jobs and get the economy moving because of France's worst recession in decades. Along with the massive new spending program, the Bank of France

drops its basic lending rate from 9.5% to 8%. The government program will turn a projected slight surplus in France's 1975-76 budget into a deficit of about \$12 billion. The program is to be financed entirely by treasury borrowing and there will be no increases in taxes. "We are going through the worst shock the world economy has known in 45 years," d'Estaing states, adding, "These measures are being taken once and for all. By next year, the new budget will be in balance."(LAT);

Denmark Deteriorating Economy: (61)

Prime Minister Anker Joergensen of Denmark meets with opposition leaders in a final attempt to reach agreement on controversial economic measures and avoid the country's third general election in less than two years. The measures, to pump about \$850 million into the economy, are proposed by Joergensen's minority Social Democratic government as a means of reducing the 5.5% rate of unemployment.(LAT);

September 6, 1975

Middle East Peace Negotiations: (62)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger predicts that he will achieve an "understanding" with Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko that will overcome any Soviet objections to the Sinai disengagement agreement, including the deployment of USA technicians there. Kissinger states "I do believe that at the end of an extended conversation with Gromyko we will reach an understanding about the relationship between the United Nations activities in the Sinai and the really rather small USA activities which are not part of the United Nations mandate." The USSR is displeased that the provision on the USA civilian technicians had been agreed to without the Russians having been consulted.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (63)

Portuguese moderates win a major victory when they force deposed pro-Communist Premier Goncalves from the ruling Armed Forces Revolutionary Council and prevent him from becoming chief of staff. The moves climax a storm of opposition to Goncalves which has edged Portugal towards civil war. The showdown comes at a meeting of the Armed Forces General Assembly and a communique signed by President Gomes, issued at the end of the meeting, says Goncalves has been dropped from the 28-man Revolutionary Council. Another announcement states Goncalves has "declined" the nomination as chief of staff.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (64)

British Prime Minister Wilson accuses the Soviet Union of giving 4 million pounds a month - about \$8.4 million - to

Portugal's Communist Party. The figure, he claims, comes from reliable sources. Wilson, who is meeting fellow Socialist leaders in London to discuss aid for Socialists in Portugal, flatly rejects Soviet charges that the West is interfering in Lisbon's internal affairs. "We are not interfering," he tells reporters, "And we don't want anyone else to interfere either."(LAT);

Angola Civil War: (65)

The South African government states that Portugal agrees to take over the job of safeguarding workers and equipment at a water pump station at the Ruacana hydroelectric project in Angola. In a statement issued in Pretoria, South Africa "shall as soon as possible suspend measures, and in cooperation with the Portuguese commander withdraw the personnel concerned." Sources in Johannesburg report that South African authorities have acknowledged sending a 30-man patrol 20 miles into Angola to protect the pumping station in Calugue but there is no indication that there is any connection between this force and the patrol in Ruacana.(LAT);

USA-USSR Grain Boycott: (66)

A federal judge signs a 90-day injunction ordering longshoremen in New Orleans to load ships with grain purchased by the USSR and forbidding the longshoremen's union from trying any evasive tactics. USA District Judge Rubin's injunction comes after Thomas Gleason, president of the International Longshoremen's Association, told newsmen that an injunction might be met by "stickouts". "There is more than one way to skin a cat on these injunctions," Gleason adds.(LAT);

Sudan Attempted Coup: (67)

Forces loyal to President Jaafar Numeiri crush a rebellion led by an obscure army officer who is wounded and arrested after a tank-led assault on the state radio station. Vice President Mohammed Ahmed first states that the leader of the coup, identified as Major Osman, "was silenced forever," but later, the Sudanese news agency reports that Osman "was wounded and is receiving treatment at the military hospital in Omdurman." The casualties from nearly two hours of fighting that swirled around the station and presidential palace are not immediately known. President Numeiri, who declares that the situation is under control, describes the attempted coup as a "trivial act by officers who couldn't even control a village."(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (68)

Eight persons die in three separate incidents in a new escalation of political violence that hits Argentina. Five bullet-ridden bodies are found near the city of La Plata, an

army officer and a soldier are killed by left-wing guerrillas in northern Tucuman province and a passerby dies when guerrillas attack a sports complex near Buenos Aires. The latest violence increases the number of terrorist deaths from both the right and left to at least 382 since January 1.(LAT);

Cambodia Foreign Aid Policy: (69)

Cambodia's Vice Premier, Ieng Sary, in the first United Nations speech from his country since the Communists seized power in April, declares that his government will accept aid without strings from friendly countries. Sary states that the destructiveness of the war has left immense postwar problems, but his government is striving to make Cambodia a modern agricultural and industrial state.(LAT);

September 7, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (70)

Israeli Prime Minister Rabin, warning that detente did not extend to the Middle East, forecasts a Russian attempt to undermine the Israeli-Egyptian interim peace agreement. He states that the USA and the USSR are engaged in a fight for influence in the Middle East because of the USA dominance in arranging the pact between Israel and Egypt. "I assume that the Russians will attempt to undermine the agreement - by means of Libya, the Palestine Liberation Organization and any extremist element in the Arab world," Rabin declares.(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (71)

Palestinian guerrilla chief Yasser Arafat warns that the USA will pay "an exorbitant price" - similar to that in Indochina - for sending technicians to man early warning stations between Egyptian and Israeli lines in the Sinai. Arafat accuses the USA of attempting to establish a foothold in the Middle East in order to make up for its losses in Vietnam, Cambodia and Portugal, and informs the USA "that the Arab region is not for sale by international auction." (LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (72)

The caretaker government of deposed Premier Goncalves resigns. The government decides to quit immediately after meeting to consider the political situation and President Gomes accepts the resignation. Vice Admiral Pinheiro de Azevedo, designated to replace Goncalves nine days ago, has not yet formed a new government. The meeting also reorganizes the inner circle of the ruling Revolutionary Council from 30 to 24 members ousting Goncalves among others, to make the Council more moderate in its makeup.(LAT);

Timor Civil Violence: (73)

The leftist nationalist movement on Portuguese Timor claims its troops have seized control of virtually all of the colony and propose independence talks with Portuguese government officials in Canberra September 20.(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (74)

The bullet-riddled bodies of three more leftists are found in Argentina, bringing to 31 the number of people killed in a week of right-wing violence.(LAT);

Cambodia Internal Politics: (75)

Prince Norodom Sihanouk of Cambodia will leave Peking soon and "return in glory" to Phnom Penh, according to a broadcast from China. Sihanouk has lived in Peking for five years and has not returned to Phnom Penh since the Communist victory in April.(LAT);

Turkey Natural Disaster: (76)

A strong earthquake kills at least 1,000 people in a wide area of eastern Turkey, the governor of Diyarbakir province reports. Local officials believe the death toll could go much higher when rescue teams reach remote mountaintop villages. Rescue workers report the noontime quake toppled buildings and touched off fires along the Anatolian Fault. Army helicopters drop tents, medicine kits and blankets to victims and ferry survivors to hospitals. The quake, which measured 6.8 on the Richter scale is the 13th to strike along the fault which has taken 35,000 lives since 1939.(LAT);

September 8, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (77)

The newspaper of Yasser Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organization, AL THAWRA, attacks the planned deployment of 200 USA civilian technicians in the Sinai and urges Arab citizens to shoot them. "The Palestinian revolution...regards the USA military presence in the Sinai as an enemy target that should be shot by every struggler and every nationalist in our nation." The paper describes the stationing of American technicians in the Sinai as a "dual occupation" of Egypt by both the USA and Israel, adding "We are confident that the first shot (at USA technicians) will be fired by an Egyptian soldier."(LAT);

Lebanon Civil Violence: (78)

Police report the massacre of at least 12 passengers aboard a bus ambushed in the Maronite Christian village of Zghorta, the hometown of Lebanese President Suleiman Franjeh. The murders come during another day of fighting between rival political factions in Lebanon. Twenty-nine people are reported killed

and 73 wounded in the day's battles.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (79)

Portugal's army chief says that political parties are not capable of leading the country out of its long-running political crisis. General Carlos Fabiao states that the way out of the crisis "will take place with the development of base organizations since parties don't seem to be able to come to any understanding." Fabiao's remark comes after the cabinet of former Premier Goncalves quits to protest the victory of military moderates over the pro-Goncalves forces in the armed forces assembly.(LAT);

Angola Civil War: (80)

An American sponsored airlift of Portuguese fleeing embattled southern Angola begins today. The USA is paying more than \$5 million for the charter of two commercial airliners which will fly a refugee shuttle between Nova Lisba and Lisbon.(LAT);

Timor Civil War: (81)

A leader of the left-wing Fretilin independence movement in strife-torn Portuguese Timor states that his organization is willing to begin talks with Portuguese envoys in Australia later this month. The movement also states that it is ready to release Portuguese held in Timor.(LAT);

Black Africa-Rhodesia Conflict: (82)

The executive body of the African National Council announces plans for leadership elections September 27-28, a move interpreted as a victory for moderates willing to settle for eventual, instead of immediate, black rule in Rhodesia. Moderates could smooth the way toward a constitutional settlement between the white-minority Rhodesian government of Prime Minister Smith and the nation's black majority.(LAT);

West Germany Anti-Apartheid Demonstrations: (83)

Anti-apartheid demonstrators greet South African Foreign Minister Muller with Nazi salutes when he arrives in Bonn for an unofficial visit. The demonstrators carry banners describing Muller as a Nazi and protesting alleged West German arms deliveries to South Africa.(LAT);

Libya Annexation of Chad: (84)

The SUNDAY TIMES OF LONDON reports that Libya has annexed part of northern Chad in order to get at uranium it believes to be there. The newspaper publishes a map showing the annexed area slicing as much as 60 miles from Chad territory along the 660-mile border, thereby eliminating the section of Chad jutting into Libya. Libyan sources describe the annexation as an effort to restore Libya's historical borders, which the

French and British moved north 25 years ago when they were the dominant colonial powers in the area. The annexation links with Libyan leader Colonel Quaddafi's announcement that Libya is preparing to become a nuclear state.(LAT);

Iceland Territorial Limits Violation: (85)

An Icelandic coast guard vessel cuts the hauling ropes of a West German fishing trawler in a flareup of the "cod war" between the two countries. The coast guard states that the trawler is fishing illegally 34 nautical miles off Iceland's southwest coast. Iceland claims a 50-mile fishing limit, which the West Germans have refused to recognize.(LAT);

Philippines Arms Development: (86)

The Philippines test-fire four "Bong Bong" rockets in what the government says is a successful experiment in the local production of ballistic missiles. President Marcos, who witnesses the test, states that other homebuilt weapons are also being tested because the defense of the country cannot be left to alliances with other countries.(LAT);

International Monetary Fund Criticism: (87)

The Soviet party daily PRAVDA scorns the decision by the International Monetary Fund to devote some of its gold to helping poor countries as an attempt by capitalist powers to avoid reforming their relations with the Third World.(LAT);

Puerto Rico Independence Movement: (88)

A stepped-up international campaign to free Puerto Rico from "Yankee imperialism" is the objective of a three-day conference being held in Havana. Speakers at the conference demand that the United Nations take up the case of Puerto Rico and condemn the USA for maintaining the Caribbean island in the status of a colony.(LAT);

Bolivia Economic Crisis: (89)

The recession of the industrialized countries has plunged Bolivia, a landlocked nation that lives by the export of minerals, into an extreme crisis. Mining Minister Colonel Colaya says 1975 mining exports have suffered a 30% decline while the cost of extracting minerals has tripled.(LAT);

September 9, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (90)

The Ford Administration begins revealing to Congress the secret clauses of the Sinai accord and the real price the USA may have to pay as mediator of the Israeli-Egyptian agreement. The most important of the secret documents is the so-called memorandum of agreement between Israel and the USA.its full

import is believed to amount to a formalized near-alliance between the two nations. Senate concern about the USA role as Middle East peacekeeper centers around a growing conviction that Israel's military shopping list will be a multibillion-dollar aid commitment, lasting well into the 1980's and the parallel conviction that an enhanced USA-Israel relationship could in future years limit American options in the Middle East, and in a future war, make a superpower confrontation with the USSR more probable than before.(LAT);

Lebanon Civil Violence: (91)

The port city of Tripoli, Lebanon's second largest, is in a state of virtual anarchy as Christian and Moslem militiamen battle in the streets and the sectarian fighting spreads to nearby villages. At least 31 persons have been reported killed in Tripoli, but police say an exact count is impossible "because of the intensity of the fighting." Internal security forces are unable to cope with the situation and sources call it "complete chaos and rebellion" with bombs exploding every couple of minutes.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (92)

Pro-Communist General Goncalves and his cabinet agree to remain in office as a caretaker government until Thursday, when Premier-designate Jose Pinheiro do Azevedo is expected to announce his new administration. Goncalves agrees to President Gomes' request that he resume the premiership temporarily in order "to make a positive contribution to a solution of the political crisis."(LAT);

USSR Capture of Japan Fishing Boat: (93)

Soviet patrol boats apparently strafe and capture a 99-ton Japanese fishing boat with nine crewmen off the southern tip of the island of Sakhalin, according to the Japanese Maritime Safety Agency. The Japanese boat radios that "Russian boats gunned at it and were going to inspect it on board," then goes off the air. The agency states that it has no further information.(LAT);

USA-USSR Grain Deal: (94)

Longshoremen appeal a federal injunction forcing them to load grain aboard Russian ships, claiming that the order violates their freedom of political expression. Federal judges in Galveston, Texas, and in New Orleans had ordered the International Longshoremen's Association to load the grain after union members boycotted the ships, saying that the grain sales would cause food prices to sky-rocket as they did after the 1972 sale. The ILA asks the Court of Appeals to intervene because "grave invasions of personal rights, statutory rights, and constitutional privileges are raised by the order."(LAT);

Aftermath of Sudan Attempted Coup: (95)

Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri, who put down an attempted coup last week, announces the indefinite closing of the University of Khartoum where he says security agents have discovered "antigovernment instigators, guns and ammunition." Numeiri also promises a purge in the civil service. In a nationwide speech the President blames the attempted coup on Sudanese living in Libya but stresses that he is not "accusing or insinuating" that the Libyan leader, Colonel Quaddafi, is responsible for the incident.(LAT);

Aftermath of Ecuador Attempted Coup: (96)

Ecuador President Rodriguez reorganizes his cabinet one week after he crushed a revolt by about 100 soldiers led by the army chief of staff. The new cabinet has nine portfolios held by military officers and two civilian ministers.(LAT);

Colombia Terrorism: (97)

The inspector general of Colombia's army is assassinated in Bogota by leftist terrorists. The victim, General Quinones, had been conducting a strong campaign against the terrorists.(LAT);

Puerto Rico Independence Movement: (98)

The USA Conference of Mayors cancels the visit of 14 mayors to China next week, charging that Peking introduced a political element into the conference by objecting to the inclusion of the mayor of San Juan, Puerto Rico. Mayor Barcelo favors USA statehood for Puerto Rico and Peking backs the island's independence movement.(LAT);

September 10, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (99)

In his first extended public discussion of the Sinai accord, USA Secretary of state Kissinger assures the USSR that the latest American success in the Middle East need not damage detente nor Soviet interests. At the same time, Kissinger addresses the main domestic critics of the new Israeli-Egyptian agreement and promises anew that all confidential USA "undertakings" to either party will be made public. But he reserves the right to keep certain parts of the agreement secret. Kissinger also promises that the USA is seeking no "unilateral advantage" in future Middle East deals and that he and his aides "are debating now certain procedural questions about the Soviet role in the recent negotiations-rather than a unilateral advantage gained by the United States at the expense of the Soviet Union."(LAT);

Middle East Peace Agreement: (100)

Egyptian and Israeli military delegations begin talks in Geneva with a two-week deadline to reach agreement on ways of implementing terms of the new Sinai interim agreement. General Siilasvuo of Finland, commander of the United Nations peacekeeping force in the Middle East, warns the two sides that the talks would be difficult and perseverance would be needed to finish by the deadline. The working group must agree on the withdrawal of Israeli forces from 3,500 square miles in the Sinai Desert, the handing over of the Abu Rodeis oil fields and the installation of American technicians to man electronic surveillance equipment between the Egyptian and Israeli forces.(LAT);

Israel Cooperation Proposal: (101)

Israel offers to share its technological skills and the fruits of its peaceful research and development programs with its Arab neighbors "without strings and without reference to political differences." In a speech to the special United Nations session on development and economic cooperation, Israel's Ambassador Herzog proposes a broad program of regional cooperation in the Middle East. He states that his government would permit the free passage of goods through Israeli ports for its Arab neighbors, and later Israeli sources say this means that the facilities of Haifa would be available for use by Jordan and also possibly Saudi Arabia.(LAT);

Lebanon Civil Violence: (102)

The Lebanese government appears ready to have the army intervene in factional fighting around the northern port of Tripoli, according to political sources. But the sources emphasize that the government, which is holding an emergency session, has appealed to both sides for restraint. The fighting slowed considerably last Tuesday night after another day of violence, but a new flareup today will almost certainly force the government to resort to the army.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (103)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger describes the recent decline of Communist strength in Portugal as encouraging. "The United States supports the emergence of a pluralist system there, reflecting the people's views as they were expressed in the election to the constitutional assembly," he states, adding that the future level of USA aid to Portugal will be influenced by the strength of the Communists.(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (104)

A policeman is gunned down in La Plata, Argentina and two bullet-riddled bodies are discovered in Cordova. The killings

raise the known terrorist death toll to 393 since January 1.(LAT);

Aftermath of Turkey Earthquake: (105)

Turkish soldiers and volunteers rescue seven persons from rubble of towns and villages flattened in Saturday's earthquake that killed more than 2,500 persons, but relief operations are hampered by aftershocks. Officials report that they are short of supplies and that the final death toll could reach 3,000.(LAT);

USA-USSR Grain Deal: (106)

USA President Ford says he will send a diplomatic team to the USSR to try to negotiate a long-term agreement on sales of grain to Moscow. As a result, after a White House meeting with President Ford, union officials led by AFL-CIO President Meany agree to suspend interference with grain shipments to Russia, at least until mid-October, when the progress of negotiations can be assessed. The USA negotiators will seek firm commitments from the Russians that they will avoid disrupting American grain and prices with sudden purchases, will purchase only minimum amounts every year, and will allow at least one-third of all shipments to be carried in American vessels.(LAT);

USA Military Development: (107)

The Pentagon asks Congress to approve a special airborne anti-tank unit to counter superior Warsaw Pact tank forces in Europe. The Pentagon also calls for an extension in the time former active duty men must spend in the reserves to create a backup of 150,000 soldiers needed following a mobilization.(LAT);

Norway-USSR Sovereignty Dispute: (108)

The Soviet airline Aeroflot inaugurates what must be one of the most infrequent "scheduled" air routes in the world - once-a-month to Spitsbergen, the northernmost inhabited place on earth. The service also must be one of the most politically motivated. The Kremlin's primary aim is to maintain and enhance the Soviet presence on Spitsbergen and eventually to gain some authority over the Arctic island that has been under Norwegian sovereignty for 50 years. Spitsbergen is of great strategic military importance for the Soviet navy and huge oil deposits are believed to lie under waters around the island.(LAT);

Chile Internal Politics: (109)

Chile's Roman Catholic leaders call on the country's military government to seek greater equity and justice in its administration. In a 34-page document, the Chilean episcopate criticizes certain economic policies which "are causing an

immense amount of suffering."(LAT);

September 11, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (110)

Israeli and Egyptian negotiators in Geneva hold detailed discussions on how Israel will withdraw its forces from the eastern coast of the Gulf of Suez under their new interim Sinai peace agreement. Meanwhile, Israeli Prime Minister Rabin, states that his country is prepared to negotiate an overall peace settlement with all of its Arab neighbors but has made no decision on whether to work toward an interim Golan accord with Syria.(LAT);

Lebanon Civil Violence: (111)

The Lebanese government announces that it will move troops into the tense region around Tripoli, which has been the scene of fighting for the past 10 days. After three days of emergency cabinet meetings, Prime Minister Karami declares that an attempt will be made to put a reported two battalions of regular forces between warring Moslems from Tripoli and Christian militants from nearby Zghorta. No attempt will be made to use the regular army forces against the armed militia on either side, Karami explains.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (112)

Thousands of extreme leftists from 33 military units around the country converge on the northern industrial town of Porto and shout their opposition to the nation's military leaders. "Get the fascists out of the barracks!" the crowd shouts. The demonstration comes after an announcement by the Revolutionary Council imposing censorship in military news.(LAT);

Portugal Terrorism: (113)

Bombs explode in the Spanish Embassy, the Sheraton Hotel and near the Spanish Iberia Airline office in Lisbon. A group calling itself Internationalist Revolutionary Solidarity issues a statement claiming it has sabotaged the embassy as part of a campaign to free two Basques awaiting execution in Spain on charges of murdering a civil guard. No injuries are reported.(LAT);

Philippines-USA Military Relations: (114)

President Marcos states that the Philippines would like to end if possible, all forms of military dependence upon the USA. That is the reason the Philippine government is renegotiating the existing military treaties, including the military base pact, with the USA, Marcos tells military officials in a speech highlighting armed forces "Loyalty Day."(LAT);

Timor Civil War: (115)

Pro-indonesian forces in Portuguese Timor are ready to launch guerrilla warfare against the left-wing FRETILIN movement, which has claimed victory in the civil war there. The Pro-Indonesia Apodeti Party, which is not reported to have taken part in much of the month-long fighting, controls most of the interior of the territory.(LAT);

Chile Terrorism: (116)

A bomb concealed in a giftwrapped book explodes in the offices of a pro-government Santiago newspaper as Chile's military junta prepares to celebrate its second anniversary. A group called the "Popular Resistance Movement" is blamed for the bombing that injures the editor of the paper.(LAT);

Spain Internal Dissension: (117)

Suspected Basque separatists bomb a railway tunnel and try to blow up the main Madrid-to-France highway in the strife-torn Basque region of northern Spain. The incidents are apparently connected with a wave of protests against death sentences given to two Basque separatist militants. Tens of thousands of industrial workers have been on strike and one demonstrator is killed and several others injured in street clashes with police.(LAT);

France-Italy Economic Threats: (118)

France is threatening to ban or tax Italian wine and Italy is threatening to do the same to French cheese and meat after talks between the two countries break down. The Italian agriculture minister says it will take France to the Common Market Court of Justice for violating community rules if import controls on Italian wine are imposed.(LAT);

Diego Garcia Forced Evacuation: (119)

Britain denies allegations that it forcibly removed more than 1,000 inhabitants from the Indian Ocean island of Diego Garcia to make way for a USA naval base there. USA Senator Kennedy, who has called on Congress to reopen debate on the island base leased by the USA from Britain, declares that he is deeply disturbed by newspaper reports that up to 1,400 people living on Diego Garcia were forcibly removed and are now living in abject poverty on Mauritius, about 1,000 miles to the south.(LAT);

China Oil Discovery: (120)

The People's Republic of China, discovers three new fields which have remained unknown to the West. The fields are named Chilling, Chiuyisan and Wuchi, according to Choom-ho Park and Alan Cohen, of Harvard's East Asian legal studies program, writing in the fall issue of FOREIGN POLICY. The article

places China's oil reserves at from 2.7 billion tons confirmed to 70 billion tons possible.(LAT);

September 12, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (121)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger briefs Senators on the new Sinai accord, and commitment of USA technicians to monitor the peace seems assured. But Congressional leaders move cautiously to develop assurances that the technicians will not involve the USA in war.(LAT);

Middle East Military Action: (122)

Israeli warplanes strafe and rocket a Palestinian refugee camp in southern Lebanon killing two persons and wounding five. Lebanon officials state that the attack is on the Borgholieh camp, eight miles north of the port city of Tyre, and that it is the third Israeli air raid on the teeming settlement in the past two weeks.(LAT);

Arab Boycott: (123)

The Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith charges the USA Department of Commerce with aiding Arab nations that boycott both Jewish-owned businesses and firms that support Israel. The League, in a federal court suit, alleges that the department has been circulating offers for Arab business opportunities to American firms that contain restricting provisions against persons or companies supporting Israel.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (124)

The Communist and Popular Democratic Parties refuse to meet, blocking an attempt by Portuguese Premier-designate Azevedo to form a new cabinet. The ruling Revolutionary Council meets in the presidential palace to discuss possible ways out of the crisis.(LAT);

Argentina Internal Politics: (125)

Argentine President Peron will take a 45-day leave of absence to recover from a state of exhaustion. She will delegate power to Senate President Italo A. Luder, who is next in line for the Presidency because Argentina currently has no Vice President.(LAT);

USA-USSR Grain Sales: (126)

The USA Department of Agriculture revises slightly downward its forecast of a record USA grain harvest. But the prediction indicates that ample grain will be produced to permit further sales to the USSR. Meanwhile, a three-man USA delegation arrives in Moscow to discuss a long-term agreement covering

grain sales to the Soviet Union. Officials say it could take up to six months to work out the details.(LAT);

Diego Garcia Forced Evacuation: (127)

The USA Senate votes to demand a full report from President Ford on the alleged forced removal of up to 1,400 residents from the British-owned island of Diego Garcia to make way for USA naval facilities.(LAT);

EEC Appeal to Ethiopia: (128)

European Common Market leaders appeal to Ethiopia's military rulers to reprieve 12 women relatives of the late Emperor Haile Selassie who are reported to be facing execution today.(LAT);

Chile Internal Politics: (129)

Chile's President Pinochet announces a slight relaxation in the provisions of virtual martial law in effect in Chile, but he declares that restrictions of individual rights will continue. He states that the state of siege clamped down on the country after the coup two years ago will be down-graded from a state of "internal defense" to a state of "internal security." Persons convicted of security law violations will now be able to appeal to higher courts.(LAT);

September 13, 1975

Middle East Peace Agreement: (130)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger states that Congress should have the same right as the President to withdraw USA technicians monitoring the Israeli-Egyptian Sinai accord. Kissinger tells the House Armed Services Committee that the Administration is willing to have written into implementing legislation two provisions sought by some members of Congress. One will require the President to withdraw Americans if actual hostilities breaks out and the other will provide that Congress can order withdrawal by concurrent resolution, not requiring presidential approval.(LAT);

Lebanon Civil Violence: (131)

Rival Moslem and Christian political factions trade mortar fire in northern Lebanon, killing at least two persons. The mortar fire is reported at Tripoli and in the Christian village of Majdlaya. Army troops in a buffer zone between Tripoli and the neighboring Christian villages do not intervene in the new fighting.(LAT);

Egypt-Palestine Deteriorating Relations: (132)

Egypt, apparently angered by a fierce Palestinian guerrilla campaign against the new Sinai agreement with Israel, takes

over the voice of Palestine radio station in Cairo and fires its Palestinian staff. The action brings veiled threats of violence by the Fatah guerrilla organization. The action comes after the radio station refuses to stop attacking the USA as fiercely as before.(LAT);

World Group Condemnation of Israel: (133)

The International Parliamentary Union, representing lawmakers from 75 nations, votes by more than 2 to 1 to condemn Israel and demand its immediate withdrawal from all occupied Arab land. The Arab states, the Communist bloc and most nonaligned countries vote for the resolution, which is sponsored by the Arabs. The resolution condemns "repression by Israel within the occupied Arab territories, its violation of the human rights of the populations, its violations of the Geneva conventions and of all principles of international law."(LAT);

USA Arms Embargo to Turkey: (134)

The top two officials of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization military alliance state that the USA embargo on arms shipments to Turkey will soon end. At the same time, the officials - Secretary General Luns and the military chief, General Haig Jr. - concede that the effect of the six-month-old ban on American shipments to the Turks has damaged the ability of the alliance to defend itself. General Luns, the political chief of NATO, bases his confidence on a recent visit to Washington where he had warned officials about "the deteriorating situation on NATO's southern flank."(LAT);

Libya-Turkey Arms Deal: (135)

Libya gives Turkey seven USA-built F-5 jet fighters as part of a \$33.6 million military aid package. Turkey already has several F-5s among its air force of 300 planes, but the USA embargo on the delivery of USA built war material to Turkey leaves them short of parts, which are included in the Libyan aid. The USA is investigating the deal because the embargo expressly prohibits the delivery of any USA armaments to Turkey.(LAT);

Argentina Terrorism: (136)

Army gunners fire three 90-mm cannon shells into a suburban hideout, killing three terrorists. The body of a kidnapped oil executive shot in the head is found nearby. Police call for army help after a nightlong battle with guerrillas.(LAT);

Ethiopia Execution Denial: (137)

The Ethiopian government categorically denies reports that it is about to execute members of the royal families and indirectly attacks the USA and Britain for issuing public appeals on their behalf. A statement issued by the Provisional

Military Government states that there is "no basis for such rumors and reports" and that there would be no executing without trial in Ethiopia. The USA has warned Ethiopia of "serious consequences" for American-Ethiopian relations should the former royal family be executed.(LAT);

India Internal Politics: (138)

Ruldip Nayar, one of India's leading journalists, is released from jail after being detained for seven weeks under the country's internal security laws. The release comes three days before the Delhi high court was to rule on a petition from his wife challenging his arrest as illegal and unlawful. The impending court decision was an important test case for hundreds of others detained under the same law.(LAT);

France Kidnapping: (139)

The French government announces that it is ready to pay \$2.3 million in ransom for a kidnapped French woman held by Moslem rebels in northern Chad for 16 months. The Toulou tribe rebels demand half the ransom in weapons and declare they will kill Francoise Claustre September 23 if their conditions are not met.(LAT);

September 14, 1975

Lebanon Civil Violence: (140)

An army-backed truce between two rival religious factions takes hold in northern Lebanon. Troops in the buffer zones separating the Moslems in Tripoli and Christian militiamen in the nearby town of Zghorta spend a peaceful day after an overnight clash. Moslem factions call for a general strike to protest the intervention of troops in the Tripoli-Zghorta fighting.(LAT);

USA Arm Sales to Israel: (141)

Israel expects to receive the first deliveries of the American F-15 fighter plane by the end of the year. National radio in Tel Aviv denies reports from the USA magazine AVIATION WEEK that Israel might cancel its orders. Israel will also be getting large numbers of the F-16 fighter in one or two years.(LAT);

Ethiopia Guerrilla Aggression towards the USA: (142)

Unidentified forces attack a USA naval communications base in Ethiopia and all eight persons assigned there including two Americans - are missing. In Damascus, Syria, an Ethiopian rebel group - the Eritrean Liberation Front - claims responsibility for the attack and warns that there will be more raids on USA installations. The facility, located about 10 miles southwest of Asmara, is a satellite of the large USA

Kagnew communications base near Asmara. Two Americans were kidnapped from Kagnew in an earlier attack and are still not freed.(LAT);

Portugal Governmental Crisis: (143)

Premier-designate Azevedo promises to defend public order and democratic freedoms but admits "some difficulty" in forming a new government. Azevedo hopes to announce his ministers this week. The new cabinet is expected to include a number of military men and members of the three leading parties - the Socialists, Popular Democrats and Communists.(LAT);

Timor Civil War: (144)

Indonesian Foreign Minister Malik declares that his country is "prepared to take any action" if the civil war in Portuguese Timor threatens Indonesia's security. "We are waiting for Portugal to announce and admit that it has no authority on Timor anymore, then we may move in to help," he explains. Malik is to meet with Indonesian President Suharto to discuss Portuguese Timor.(LAT);

Turkish-Cyprus Independence: (145)

Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash states that he will declare the Turkish-held north of the island independent unless negotiations on a settlement are resumed quickly and unless he is allowed to address the United Nations.(LAT);

Spain Terrorism: (146)

A military court in Madrid imposes the death penalty on three members of an extreme leftist group and jails two others for killing a Madrid policeman. The court also agrees to hear appeals from two other guerrillas, from the Basque area, who have been sentenced to death for killing a policeman in that area last year.(LAT);

Argentina Internal Politics: (147)

President Peron turns over the presidential power to her constitutional successor, Senate President Italo Luder, and begins a vacation scheduled to last 33 days. "I'm not sick. There is a lot of speculation, but I'm only going on a little rest," the President explains. An official statement indicates that she will return to work on October 17, but it is rumored that she will not come back to finish the 19 months left on her term.(LAT);

Colombia Drug Traffic: (148)

President Alfonso Lopez accuses the USA of turning Columbia into a drug smugglers' den and claims that not since the opium wars between Britain and China in the last century has Western "greed" been responsible for so much corruption. In a

communiqué, Lopez states that the USA government is unable to "prevent its criminals from turning our fatherland into their field of action." Columbia is a principal staging point for the flow of cocaine from Bolivia, Paraguay and Brazil to the USA.(LAT);

USA-USSR GRain Deal: (149)

Soviet-American negotiations under way in Moscow on a possible long-term grain purchase deal focus attention on the most tangible and obvious failure of Soviet communism - it still can't grow enough grain to feed its people. All signs indicate that the Russians are seriously interested in an agreement that will commit them to buying USA grain regularly rather than erratically, and this interest must be taken as Soviet acknowledgement that for years to come it will remain an importer of grain. The Soviet agricultural failure is blamed on nature - the extreme climate variations and short growing season - and the low productivity of the Russian farmer.(LAT);

China Foreign Policy Shift: (150)

China makes a major shift in foreign policy by giving implicit approval to dialogue between black Africa and white southern Africa. Such dialogue, it explains, should be used by black African leaders as a weapon for revolutionary African cause. Previously, China has condemned dialogue as one of the faces of "reactionary double tactics" followed by white leaders.(LAT);

China Aid to Cambodia: (151)

China will lend Cambodia \$1 billion to help repair the ravages of war, according to a Japanese report from Peking. Quoting informed sources in the Chinese capital, the business paper NIHON KEIZAI states that the loan will be interest-free and the loan will be repayable in five or six years.(LAT);

USA Citizens in South Vietnam: (152)

South Vietnam denies it would ever use Americans left behind in the country as hostages to extract political concessions from the USA. USA State Department spokesman Robert Anderson says the USA has no reason to believe South Vietnam will adopt such a policy, but that it will take "an extremely dim view" if it does. South Vietnam stresses the protection of "all foreigners in South Vietnam who make an honest living and respect the independence and sovereignty of Vietnam."(LAT);

September 15, 1975

Lebanon Civil Violence: (153)

Sectarian warfare between Moslems and Christians spreads to the streets of Beirut suburbs, and police report six persons

killed and more than 25 wounded in fierce mortar and machine-gun battles. Security forces try to intervene in the fighting, but it rages on unabated in three eastern suburbs. Premier Karami announces that left-wing leaders agree to cancel a general strike called to protect the intervention of the army fighting in the north.(LAT);

Middle East Conflict: (154)

Israel begins observing Yom Kippur, the holiest day in the Jewish year, with its troops and border police on alert along the frontiers and throughout the country to repel any Arab guerrilla attacks. Many of Israel's 100,000 civilian guards are on duty outside synagogues protecting worshippers on the solemn day of Atonement.(LAT);

USA Arm Sale to Turkey: (155)

USA Secretary of State Kissinger, trying to win congressional support for a controversial deal to sell missiles to Jordan, offers new assurances that the weapons will not be used offensively against Israel. Congressional aides report that Kissinger telephones several Senators to give his personal assurance that the 14 Hawk missile batteries the Administration wants to sell King Hussein would only be used to defend Jordan.(LAT);

Spain Terrorism: (156)

Suspected leftist guerrillas kill a policeman in Barcelona in a new out-break of political violence. He is the 10th policeman killed in Spain this year and the first since the government enacted a law making the death penalty mandatory in the murder of policemen.(LAT);

Ethiopia Guerrilla Aggression Towards the USA: (157)

Ethiopia security forces search Eritrea province for two Americans and six Ethiopians abducted by raiders who attacked a USA Naval station near Asmara. The Ethiopian government says that nine Ethiopian civilians have been killed and 23 injured in the raid, believed to have been carried out by rebels seeking Eritrean independence.(LAT);

Amnesty International Report: (158)

The Soviet Union, South Africa, Spain and Uganda are violating human rights, torturing and executing political prisoners "on a disturbing scale," Amnesty International charges. The London-based organization, dedicated to the release of all political prisoners in the world, claims in its annual report that 107 countries violate human rights to some extent, including the USA. The organization calls on all governments to abolish capital punishment.(LAT);

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ANNEX D: INTERNATIONAL COMMITMENT STUDY

Annex D , that follows, contains an example of the International Commitment file. The subfile provided lists United States international military commitments to 136 nations for the year 1968. The scores shown are average standard-scores derived from a six variable index. A conceptual framework and operational definition for the commitment measurement have already been provided (Martin, January 1975 and June 1975). Similar files will be included in the final analysis for seven actor nations--United States, United Kingdom, France, West Germany, Japan, Soviet Union, and China--and for seven annual time periods--1968 through 1974.

United States International Military Commitments - 1968

136 Target Nations

(Average Standard Scores, Six Variable Analysis)

South Vietnam	3.135	Panama	.032
Canada	2.318	Venezuela	.030
West Germany	2.255	New Zealand	.030
Israel	1.493	Ecuador	.027
Brazil	1.493	Nicaragua	.020
United Kingdom	1.450	Bolivia	.017
South Korea	1.107	Uruguay	.015
India	1.066	Indonesia	-.007
Netherlands	.912	Guatemala	-.013
Iran	.878	Honduras	-.014
Japan	.877	Costa Rica	-.014
Italy	.824	Haiti	-.025
Turkey	.793	Paraguay	-.020
Norway	.782	Spain	-.060
Pakistan	.779	Burma	-.080
Thailand	.772	Malaysia	-.108
Belgium	.734	Sweden	-.114
Luxembourg	.689	Yugoslavia	-.126
France	.664	Switzerland	-.133
Greece	.600	Saudia Arabia	-.133
Portugal	.594	Libya	-.160
Philippines	.577	Morocco	-.180
Iceland	.574	Ghana	-.182
Argentina	.557	Sri Lanka	-.189
Denmark	.547	Somalia	-.196
Jordan	.492	Zaire	-.204
Columbia	.489	Singapore	-.222
China, Taiwan	.448	Nigeria	-.263
Mexico	.314	Algeria	-.267
El Salvador	.212	Poland	-.293
Australia	.104	Lebanon	-.302
Chile	.137	Egypt	-.303
Dominican Republic	.104	Zambia	-.305
Peru	.062	Austria	-.305
Trinidad-Tobago	.036	Tunisia	-.306

Barbados	-.309	Equitorial Guinea	-.387
Laos	-.310	Syria	-.387
Senegal	-.310	Cyprus	-.387
Cambodia	-.311	Bulgaria	-.388
South Africa	-.318	Mauritania	-.388
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Dahomey	-.350	North Korea	-.388
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Ivory Coast	-.379	Swaziland	-.388
Uganda	-.383	Botswana	-.388
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Czechoslovakia	-.384	Rwanda	-.388
East Germany	-.385	Tanzania	-.388
Rumania	-.386	Congo	-.388
Burundi	-.386	Chad	-.388
Gabon	-.386	Cameroun	-.388
Iraq	-.386	Upper Volta	-.388
Sierra Leone	-.387	Niger	-.388
Hungary	-.387	Mali	-.388
Central African Republic	-.387	Monaco	-.388